

# Bohemia Nugget

Bohemia Nugget Pub. Co.

COTTAGE GROVE, OREGON.

## EVENTS OF THE DAY

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week, Presented in Condensed Form, Most Likely to Prove Interesting.

Kuropatkin may retreat further north.

The capture of Kaichon will permit of the Japanese armies combining.

F. C. Robertson, of Washington, made the speech placing Ex-Senator Turner in nomination for vice president on the Democratic ticket.

Six of the 19 passengers on the ill-fated steamer Norge, who landed on the Faroe islands, were in such an exhausted condition that they were unable to speak.

William Clark Crittenden, a student of the University of California, has been selected as the first Rhodes scholar at Oxford to represent California. Seven candidates passed a successful examination. Massachusetts is the only state where as many men succeeded in passing the qualifying examination, eight having been successful there.

Topoka believes that the worst of the flood is over.

After severe fighting General Oku has occupied Kaiping.

The Democratic platform as adopted contains no financial plank.

The Japanese have captured 10 guns and 50 prisoners near Kaichon.

The British fleet has left Wei Hai Wei hurriedly under sealed orders.

Cholera is spreading rapidly in Northern Persia. There are 300 dying daily.

Good weather again prevails in Manchuria and there is probability of heavy fighting.

In a short but severe engagement at Hong the Russians were driven off with a loss of 300.

The Japanese are advancing along their entire front between the coast and the Chintan valley.

Dr. Swallow, candidate for president on the Prohibition ticket has invited Bryan to join that party.

Alaska Indians, jealous of white man's property, started a fire that destroyed the village of Point Gravina.

A division of the Baltic squadron will sail from Cronstadt July 29 under sealed orders. Complete mystery surrounds her destination.

Japanese generals are proving themselves great strategists.

A Japanese gunboat struck a mine off Tallen Wan bay and was lost.

Russia objects to the presence of a British gunboat at Nin Chwang.

The Democratic national convention denied a vote to the Philippine delegates.

The czar fears a revolution in Russian Poland and a state of siege will be proclaimed.

The Russian war office admits that a battle of consequence has taken place near Liao Yang, but has no advice as to the outcome.

A waterpout, accompanied by a terrific wind, passed through Clinton, O. T., killing six persons and injuring several others.

Japanese and Russian ships have engaged in a battle in the Korean straits and it is believed two or three of the former have been lost.

The correspondent of a Paris paper says he saw at Kronstadt the American built submarine boat Protector. He states that he was also shown two other submarines of American manufacture.

A San Francisco man may start a \$300,000 cement factory in Portland.

Russian officials claim that the heavy rains in Manchuria will do much toward giving them the upper hand.

One man was killed, another fatally injured and a score of others slightly injured in a collision on the Reading railroad at a suburb of Philadelphia.

A train wreck on the railroad from Colorado Springs to Cripple Creek resulted in the death of two passengers and the injury of 15 others.

Russians report success in several small engagements near Mo Ting pass.

It is said many Koreans are preparing to rise on the appearance of the Russians.

There are 627 persons missing from the Danish steamer Norge, which foundered off the coast of Scotland. All hope has been given up for them.

A Philadelphia millionaire has been held to the grand jury as responsible for the death of three persons killed in a building in which he failed to provide fire escapes.

Hayti has severely punished the guards who stoned the German and French ministers recently. The president, in a formal audience, also apologized to both ministers.

Admiral Togo reports the blowing up of a Russian guardship and torpedo boat destroyer.

The rainy season will greatly hamper operations in Manchuria, the whole of that country seeming to have turned into a marsh.

The Japanese are said to be advancing in two divisions on Liao Yang.

The Vladivostok squadron is faster than the Japanese fleet sent against it and can continue to raid the coast until the Japs send fleet ships after it.

Kuropatkin has decided to withdraw to Haicheng.

The Japanese have landed another army of 10,000 men.

The Vladivostok squadron sank a steamer and sailing vessel at Gensan, Corea.

## WATERS ARE RECEIVING.

Suburbs of Kansas City Can Now Expect Relief.

Kansas City, July 12.—Flood waters at Armourdale, Argentine and Lower Kansas City, Kan., on the raging Kaw and west to Manhattan, half way across Kansas, have fallen steadily since late yesterday, and today continued to recede. In Armourdale, however, the water stood over six feet deep in the lowest places. At the stockyards the fall was slow and conditions were still bad. Most of the pens were flooded and it will not be possible to handle receipts for another day. The railroads are receiving, and today every line west and south operated some trains in and out of Kansas City, although with little regard for schedule.

The relief committee of Kansas City, Kan., which is caring for 6,000 or 7,000 homeless in the suburbs of that city, have decided that no outside aid is needed, except that granted by the war department. Two thousand rations were sent from Fort Leavenworth today, and additional food supplies will be sent each day as needed.

Many persons are returning to their homes in the higher parts of the flood district as the water recedes, but will be many days before the great majority of the flooded houses are inhabitable.

## SHY OF OFFICIALS.

Why Hitchcock Delays in Oregon, Washington Indian Cases.

Washington, July 12.—Notwithstanding the fact that additional charges are being received at the interior department regarding employees of Indian schools and reservations in Oregon and Washington no investigation has yet been made, owing to the shortage of inspection officials. All the inspectors save one are busy in the Indian Territory. It develops that this inspector is inactive by order of Secretary Hitchcock; otherwise there would not be an inspector available for duty in the northwest. Last August Inspector Arthur M. Tinker, of Massachusetts, was recommended by Hitchcock for dismissal, and the president was about to carry out the recommendation when Senator Lodge interposed an objection. At Lodge's request the president declined to dismiss Tinker, but Hitchcock told the president he had no confidence whatever in the man and would not entrust him with any government work.

Tinker refused to resign, and Lodge stuck by him with the result that the committee drawing his full salary—\$2,500 per year—although he has done nothing for nearly a year. He is now at his home in Massachusetts.

## DAVIS HIS MATE.

Ex-Senator From West Virginia on Ticket With Parker.

St. Louis, July 11.—Ex-Senator Henry G. Davis, of West Virginia, was yesterday morning nominated for vice president by the Democratic national convention, which adjourned sine die at 1:31.

Others in the race were ex-Senator Turner, of Washington, Congressman Williams, of Illinois, and ex-Senator Harris, of Kansas. Mr. Davis won easily on the first ballot. Ex-Senator Turner, the choice of the West, was only third in the race. The vote stood:

Davis, 654; Williams, 105; Turner, 100; Harris, 58.

Port Arthur Holding Its Fire.

St. Petersburg, July 12.—Official reports from General Stoessel, commander of the Russian military forces at Port Arthur, confirm the reports of the attempt of the four Japanese torpedo boat destroyers to enter the harbor of Port Arthur June 27, but do not confirm the Chicago report of heavy Japanese operations of July 4 and 5. Japanese operations at Port Arthur, and do not mention the alleged sinking of a Russian guardship June 27, as reported from Tokyo. General Stoessel says that up to the time his reports were forwarded a single fortress battery had fired a shot at the besiegers on the land side, and that the railroad was then running 12 miles beyond the perimeter of the fort.

Guards and Bandits Clash.

St. Petersburg, July 12.—The war ministry today received a dispatch from General Kuropatkin's chief of staff reporting a couple of unimportant affairs between frontier guards and small parties of Chinese bandits near Port Arthur, and adding that the troops forming the garrison are in excellent spirits. Skirmishes occur daily. The Russians captured 50 Japanese scouts on July 1 and the chief of police recently captured 240 head of cattle. There is an abundance of ammunition at Port Arthur.

Strickfarm in Philippines.

San Francisco, July 12.—The government is taking practical steps toward the establishment of a stock-breeding farm in the Philippines. Two hundred horses and mules have been carefully selected at the Presidio from the East. They will be corralled at the post, and reinforced from time to time by other animals of good breed until August 25, when they will be shipped. It is the intention of the war department to undertake the breeding and raising of its own animals in the islands.

China to Pay Etzel Heirs.

Washington, July 12.—Minister Conger has called the state department that the Chinese government after making a thorough investigation of the incident, has ordered the punishment of the officer and soldiers who fired on and killed Louis Etzel, the newspaper correspondent. In addition it has undertaken to pay an indemnity of \$25,000 (Mexican), which sum will be turned over by the state department to the estate.

Predict Downfall of Port Arthur.

Tientsin, July 12.—German military experts here are of the opinion that the Russian position at Liao Yang and Haicheng are untenable against a three sided Japanese attack. They expect that General Kuropatkin will withdraw, and they predict the downfall of Port Arthur.

## PARKER IS CHOICE

DEMOCRATS NOMINATE HIM ON THE FIRST BALLOT.

Result is Obtained After an Entire Night Consumed in Speeches—Vice Presidency in Doubt—Middle West Man Wanted—Turner, of Washington, Has Many Friends.

Convention Hall, St. Louis, July 9.—Parker has been nominated for president. On the completion of the first ballot he received a total of 658 votes. Before the vote was announced Idaho changed her six votes, giving him 664 votes. West Virginia added three votes, giving him the 667 votes or two-thirds necessary.

Washington changed from Hearst to Parker.

This was followed by a motion from Champ Clark to make the nomination of Parker unanimous. A monstrous American flag was unfurled from the dome of the building. The band struck up "The Star Spangled Banner."

Great uncertainty still exists concerning the vice presidential nomination. The same candidates who have heretofore been mentioned are still mentioned, and some are being pushed with a great deal of earnestness. No one man has yet been singled out by the leaders and large delegations to be supported for the second place. There seems to be a desire to select a man from Illinois, Indiana or Ohio if possible.

Continued efforts have been made to secure the consent of Marshall Field, of Chicago, to allow the use of his name, but he has given an absolute refusal. The Western men have secured quite a large number of delegations to support ex-Senator George Turner, of Washington.

OKU STRATEGIST.

Japanese General is Advancing His Army With Little Loss.

Tokyo, July 11.—Late telegrams from General Kuroki's headquarters at the front show that the rates have not stopped the working out of the Japanese plans, either in the interior of Manchuria or at Port Arthur. The final assault on the fortress is thought to be very near, although there is much work to be done in the way of constructing siege batteries. The Russians have abandoned the outer positions, after a great deal of fighting, and have strengthened their main defenses.

Japanese correspondents allowed to send dispatches reveal the skill with which the generals maneuvered their columns so as to capture the mountain passes between the Yula and the Liao valleys without heavy loss and without risking the least temporary confusion in their extended line of battle. General Oku's forces pressed northward and west until they cleared the lofty ridge east of Kaiping. This deprived Kuropatkin's men in the defiles of their mountain shields, and compelled the withdrawal of their supports to check Oku's army. Thereupon the armies of Feng Wang Cheng and Takushan, availing themselves of such flanking opportunities as local conditions allowed, forced the enemy out of their strongholds down upon the plain of Liao Yang.

FLOOD UP TO WAVES.

Conditions in Suburbs of Kansas City are Very Serious.

Kansas City, July 11.—Flood conditions in Kansas off the Kaw watershed are still serious, the streams of Adair, Ottawa, Emporia and Wichita still being high and continuing to rise at some points.

At Riverside, hundreds of employees of packing houses and West Bottoms factories were driven from their homes, and tonight only the tops of their houses are visible above the surface of the water. Scores of houses have been washed away. Looking southwest and northwest from Riverside, the view is a dismal one.

Czar Feels Revolution.

Vienna, July 11.—A report received here through diplomatic channels from Warsaw states that the governor of that city has notified the czar that if an outbreak against the Russian government is to be prevented a state of siege should be at once proclaimed throughout Russian Poland. He declares that he has positive evidence that the revolutionary leaders are about ready to start an uprising, and recommends that additional troops be placed at his disposal to keep the people under control.

Has All Faith in Germany.

Tokyo, July 11.—An official statement issued here today declares that the Japanese government is confident that Germany will maintain neutrality. The Kiochen incident is not regarded seriously by the government or the people. During the recent activity of the Russian Port Arthur and Vladivostok squadrons, it was suggested that some neutral Chinese port, disarm and claim protection and Kaichon was named as one of their possible havens.

Has Three American Submarines.

Paris, July 11.—Cabling from St. Petersburg, a well-known correspondent states that having been authorized to visit the naval station at Kronstadt, he had the opportunity to see there the submarine torpedo boat Protector on the deck of a Norwegian steamer there. The correspondent further states that he was also shown there two other submarines of American manufacture being prepared for shipment to the Far East.

Floating Hospital Off for Far East.

Odesa, July 11.—The volunteer fleet transport Orel, one of the six largest from here this afternoon, after having fitted out as a floating hospital. She flies the flag of the Red Cross society, and it is officially announced that she carries a large cargo of flour, barley, tobacco, foodstuffs and wine.

## FLY FROM FLOOD.

Kansas People Deserting Their Homes—Damage Will Reach Thousands.

Kansas City, Mo., July 9.—The Kaw overflowed its banks near the Missouri Pacific bridge at 11 o'clock tonight, and the water is now creeping over the west bottoms, or wholesale district. The water has approached within two blocks of the Union station, and will reach the Union station before daylight. The Armourdale district of Kansas City, Kan., has been deserted, its inhabitants having been driven from their homes by the overflow of the river for the second time in 13 months.

Mayor Gilbert, of Kansas City, Kan., is using all the means at his command to care for the thousands of homeless people driven from the flood-stricken district. Tonight he sent the following telegram to the secretary of war:

"Ten thousand people have been driven from their homes in Kansas City, Kan., by flood. I earnestly request that you direct commander at Fort Leavenworth to issue rations as we may need."

Tonight, all Kansas streams are high and thousands of acres of rich farming lands have already been inundated, causing losses to crops that will doubtless run into the hundreds of thousands of dollars.

Farmers at a dozen different points have been forced to flee from their homes, driving their cattle before them and taking horses and what household goods that could be gathered hurriedly.

By tomorrow noon the Kaw will have risen two feet and a half higher than at present and will begin to subside rapidly. The Missouri river at Kansas City, although up from the overflow of the Kaw at this point, is still in no danger of causing any serious damage, and after a further rise of 18 inches, Observer Cooper predicts, the stream will begin to fall tomorrow.

Across from Kansas City, the Missouri has flooded Harlan, a sparsely-settled place but none of the manufacturing concerns along the stream has suffered.

CANNERYMEN ALL PLEASED.

International Conference Results in Mutual Understanding.

Vancouver, B. C., July 9.—The first international conference between the cannerymen of Puget Sound and the Fraser river was held here today, and was productive of eminently satisfactory results. All the principal operators were in attendance. It was agreed that for mutual protection a patrol boat be placed on each side of the boundary line by the respective associations or governments, with a view of co-operating to prevent thefts of fish or gear and bring the guilty parties to punishment.

The matter of hatcheries was laid over until the next meeting, to be taken up with the minister of marine and fisheries when he visits the coast. The question of a joint close time during the packing season was referred to a committee. It was further agreed that no British Columbia cannery shall buy fish at Puget sound, and no Puget sound cannery shall buy fish in Canadian waters, except through the authorized representatives of the respective canneries and the independent trap operators.

It was reported that the first trap installed in Canadian waters this season under the new regulations was working to perfection.

JAPANESE PUZZLE RUSSIANS.

They Appear to Be Trying to Enter by All Doors.

Liao Yang, July 8.—Reports have been received here of the appearance of Japanese outposts on the roads leading to Munkden.

On the other hand, the Japanese have withdrawn from the passes taken June 26 and 27, and their advance from Lien Shan Kwan has ceased.

The Russian Eastern corps has moved forward to Khasan and Honan, which the Russians had evacuated and recaptured.

The tactics of the Japanese are difficult to understand. They seem to be trying to enter by all doors. Probably the armies commanded by Generals Kuroki and Oku are combining to operate against Ta Teb Kiao and Haicheng in order to gain possession of the railroad and enable them to advance to Liao Yang.

America Asks Her Object.

London, July 9.—The Associated Press learns from a high British source that exchanges of views are taking place between America and Great Britain with respect to Tibet. Being a dependency of China, the fate of Tibet is of considerable importance, especially to America; not that Americans have interests of value in that country, but because of its acquisition by any other power would mean a violation of the principle of the integrity of China, which is the key note of Secretary Hay's Far Eastern policy.

Grain Set on Fire.

Stockton, Cal., July 9.—A disastrous grain fire swept Victoria Island yesterday and today and is still burning, but it is believed that it will be extinguished by tomorrow. The fire was started by a harvester of the Victoria Island Company. Two hundred acres of barley have been harvested, but the remainder was destroyed. The damage consists not alone in the destruction of the grain, but in setting fire to part of the island, it being necessary to flood the land to put out the fire.

Much of North Topeka Flooded.

Topeka, Kan., July 9.—The Kansas River is 20 feet 3 inches above low water mark and rising at the rate of three inches an hour. The north end of the Rock Island railway bridge has been partly wrecked and Rock Island trains are now being run over the Santa Fe bridge. Director Jennings, of the government weather bureau, does not expect a dangerous flood unless there are heavy rains further west tonight.

Declared President of Colombia.

Washington, July 9.—Mr. Snyder, United States Charge at Bogota, has cabled to the state department that General Reyes was declared elected president of Colombia today.

## HAPPENINGS HERE IN OREGON

PESTS DESTROY ALFALFA.

Great Damage Done in Morrow County by Grasshoppers.

Heppner—Grasshoppers by the million are appearing in some localities in Morrow county. They have settled in great numbers in the Sand Hollow country, a farming district about ten miles northeast of Heppner, where they are doing considerable damage. They are doing the most damage to alfalfa and the hay crop, and in some places are taking gardens.

The first crop of alfalfa, which was immense, has practically all been saved, but it is feared that very little of the second crop can be saved, owing to the ravages of the millions of these insects that have been congregating in the alfalfa fields. At Hynd Bros., a big ranch in Sand Hollow, they are so thick in the alfalfa that in the evening after the insects go to roost on the heads of the alfalfa plants they can be scooped up by the gallon by taking a coal oil can or bucket and striking through the grass. It is only the work of a short time to fill a gunny sack. Some of them caught in this way are being fed to the hogs.

Along Willow creek, where there are many alfalfa fields, the grasshoppers are numerous and doing considerable damage in some places they are attacking wheat fields but are not doing much damage, owing to the fact that the grain is nearing maturity and is getting hard. However, they are stripping the green leaves from the stalks.

In the wheat belt they have not appeared in sufficient numbers to cause any alarm and the damage to the wheat crop will be of little consequence.

TENT CITY SPRINGS UP.

Grants Pass—Numbers of prospectors are outfitting at Grants Pass daily and starting for the mines on Thompson creek and all through the Sucker creek country. They are coming from different points as far away as Idaho and Southern California.

The actual digging of gold at the Briggs claim, on Thompson creek, has stopped for the present, as they are now engaged in bringing a ditch from the headwaters of Thompson creek to the mine for the purpose of supplying water. All of the dirt moved will be sluiced or puddled in order to get all the values they carry.

Already a townsite has been located, and it is reported that there are now 60 tents up and prospectors with pack animals are arriving daily. Another strike of a large body of rich ore has been reported near the Briggs find.

Damage in Umatilla Not Serious.

Pendleton—The damage to grain from the heavy rain which visited a portion of Umatilla county last week was not as extensive as at first believed. Farmers living in sections where the rain was heaviest report the grain lodged in many fields, but believe that most of it can be saved. John Crow, an extensive wheat raiser on the reservation, probably the largest loser, says his loss will reach \$5,000. The country around Warren station received a severe drenching. A number of bridges were washed out.

Roundhouse for Roseburg.

Roseburg—Engineers for the Southern Pacific company have laid off the grounds and set stakes locating the site for a fine new roundhouse of 12 stalls in their yards in this city. No announcements are yet given out, but it is understood the new building will be of brick, and in arrangement a modern structure in every respect. A large steel turntable, which has been here for several months, awaiting location, will be placed in conjunction with the new roundhouse.

Gem Mine Changes Hands.

Baker City—Announcement is made by Mr. Frank Geiser that the old Gem mine at Sparta, one of the big producers of the Baker City camp, will resume full operations by July 10, under the direction of the Geiser-Hendryx company. The parties interested will not permit much of a statement to be made at present, but sufficient is known to make the statement that the property has been sold to the Geiser-Hendryx company.

Busy Month in Land Office.

Salem—June has been a busy month in the state land office as shown by the statement of receipts made by Clerk G. G. Brown. The rush has been due in some degree to the payment of balances on old notes and certificates of sale, which payments were demanded by the land board some time ago and were required to be paid prior to July 1. The business of the office amounted to more than \$1,500 a day during June.

Pest of Grasshoppers.

Pendleton—Completion of cutting of the hay crop of Butler creek and Morrow county has saved it from serious damage by grasshoppers, which are more numerous than for several years in the hay fields of the western part of this county and in Morrow. The first crop, however, is nearly all taken off and the pest will be unable to work serious harm.

Wheat Cutting Is Commenced.

Helix—Wheat cutting has begun in the Cold Spring country west of here, near the Columbia, this section being among the earliest in the inland Empire. Only a few farmers are at work, but in some parts of the county cutting will be continuous until Umatilla's big harvest is all in. No definite report has been received as to how the first cuttings are running.

## ALFALFA IS TAKING ROOT.

Successful Results of Experiments in Morrow County.

Salem—The experiments conducted by Gilbert & Patterson in growing alfalfa on one of their farms near this city seem to be very satisfactory in its results. The alfalfa was sown three years ago, on bottom land. For two seasons the crop was very light but the alfalfa is now becoming well set and seems to be a good producer.

The first cutting this season yielded ten tons on three acres. The alfalfa is now a foot tall and there is every prospect for a yield of from one to two tons per acre for the second cutting, with some fall pasturage left. The dryness of the season has not yet had any appreciable effect upon the crop.

Where the alfalfa is growing there is about 12 feet of soil on top of gravel containing water. Presumably the roots of the alfalfa find their way down to the water or at any rate go deep enough so that the dry weather does not affect them.

A number of farmers in this section of the valley are experimenting with alfalfa, and though they have difficulty in getting a start they believe that the ultimate results will be satisfactory and that this fodder plant will become a common product in this section of the state. The fact that it need not be sown every year or two, that it is not affected by drought, that it can be cut before and after the usual June rains, gives it its chief value as a farm product in the valley.

Lay Dust With Oil.

Oregon City—Experiments that have been made on Main street with crude oil for keeping down the dust have met with success, so claim the city officials, and it is very likely that the oil will be used in the future by the city in solving the problem of fighting dust.

The first test was a failure for the reason that the oil was carried on the shoes of pedestrians into the stores of the merchants. After two days the oil had dried and there is little or no dust in front of the stores where the oil was used.

Cloudburst at Moro.

Shaniko—Last week a large cloudburst occurred about six miles south of Moro and the water, rushing down a small canyon, struck the Columbia Southern railway track, tearing it up to a considerable extent and continuing on down the canyon, again struck the railway at Moro, completely undermining the tracks, doing much damage to the city water works. Heavy rains were reported throughout Sherman and Wasco counties, but at Moro rain was exceptionally heavy.

Large Acreage in Barley.

Umatilla—Barley heading has commenced in northern Morrow county in the Lexington and Ione neighborhoods along the northern portion of the Heppner branch of the O. R. & N. Grain in the last two weeks has ripened rapidly and there is every prospect that the largest crop of wheat in Morrow's history will be harvested. Fall grain is better than normal and the only apparent shortage will be in spring grain sown unusually late.

Berry Season Over.

Freewater—The strawberry season is about over around Freewater and Milton, and the big rush is in cherries. Final returns from the strawberry output show that little over half what was expected was realized. Only a few crates are going out daily.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Flour—Valley, \$3.90@4.05 per barrel; hard wheat straight, \$4.04.25; clear, \$3.85@4.10; hard wheat patents, \$4.40@4.70; Graham, \$3.50@4.40; whole wheat, \$4.04.25; eye flour, \$4.50.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 67¢@69¢; binnet, 77¢; valley, 78¢.

Barley—Feed, \$23 per ton; rolled, \$24.50@25.

Oats—No. 1 white, \$1.20; gray, \$1.15 per cental.

Milwaukee—Bran, \$19 per ton; middlings, \$23.50; shorts, \$21; chop, \$18; linseed, dairy food, \$19.

Hay—Timothy—\$16@16 per ton; clover, \$8@9; grain, \$11@12; cheat, \$11@12.

Eggs—Oregon ranch, 19@20c per dozen.

Cheese—Full cream, twins, new stock, 12@12.5¢; old stock, 7@8¢; Young America, 13@14¢.

Poultry—Fancy hens, 12¢@13¢ per pound; old hens, 12¢@12.5¢; mixed chickens, 11¢@11.5¢; springs, 13¢ to 2¢ pound, 18¢@19¢; broilers, 1 to 1.5¢ pound, 19¢@20¢; dressed chickens, 13@14¢; turkeys, live, 14¢@16¢; dressed, 15¢@16¢; do choice, 18¢@20¢; geese, live, 7@8¢; do dressed, 9¢@10¢; ducks, old, \$1.07 per dozen; do young, as to size, \$2.50@3.00; pigeons, \$1@1.25.

Vegetables—Turnips, \$1.25 per sack; carrots, \$1.50; beets, \$1.25; parsnips, \$1.25; cabbage, 13¢@15¢; lettuce, head, 25¢@40¢ per doz; parsley, 25¢ per doz; tomatoes, \$1.25@1.50; cauliflower, \$1.75@2 per doz; celery, 75¢@90¢ per doz; cucumbers, \$1@1.25 per doz; asparagus, 50¢; peas, 4¢@6¢ per pound; beans, green, 4¢@6¢; wax, 4¢@6¢; squash, \$1.25 per crate; green corn, 60¢ per doz.

Butter—Fancy, 75¢@81¢ per cental; new potatoes, \$2.25 per cental.

Fruits—Cherries, 4¢@6¢ per pound; gooseberries, 6¢ per pound; raspberries, \$1.25 per crate; apples, new, \$1@1.75; apricots, 80¢@1 per box; plums, 90¢@1 per box;