

Bohemia Nugget

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EVENTS OF THE DAY

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week, Presented in Condensed Form, Most Likely to Prove Interesting.

A plot to wreck a train on which the car was traveling was nearly successful.

The internal revenue receipts for April were \$577,749 less than for April, 1903.

The government will send only the best of its exhibit at St. Louis to the 1905 fair.

Seattle's mayor is receiving numerous threatening letters on account of having closed down gambling.

The Russians are reported to have blown up the cruiser Bogatry to prevent capture by the Japanese.

Estimates of the damage caused by the flood in the Cache la Poudre valley, Colorado, run from \$1,000,000 up.

Several thousand fakiri taken from plague sufferers in India have been lost somewhere between St. Paul and Chicago.

France has ordered her ambassador to the Vatican to take a vacation as a protest against the vote regarding the visit of President Louvet.

A daily newspaper is to be published on the steamer of the Cunard line. Telegraph service will be furnished by the wireless system and news will be received from both sides of the Atlantic.

The National Editorial association will visit Portland during the 1905 fair.

The Russians have forced the Japanese army to retreat to Feng Wang Cheng.

The British steamer Turret Bay went on the rocks off the Cape Breton coast. The vessel was lost with 13 of its crew.

Governor Chamberlain has offered \$2,500 for the capture of the murderer of Fred Conn, in Lake county, Oregon, and \$300 apiece for sheep slaughterers.

The Russian fleet at Port Arthur will go out and take the offensive as soon as the cripples are ready. Only one vessel is now holding them back.

The Japanese are preparing to storm Port Arthur, the waters becoming too dangerous for the fleet on account of the floating mines turned loose by the Russians.

England has sent a warship to Morocco to compel that government to take immediate steps to capture the bandits who hold a British subject for ransom. An American vessel will also be sent.

An imperial edict has been issued by Korea still further involving it with the Russian government and obliterating all semblance of neutrality. Korean steamships are aiding in the landing of Japanese.

Two thousand Russians were killed or wounded in an engagement at Heien-Yen Cheng.

The forestry bureau will recommend the creation of four forest reserves in Eastern Oregon.

Admiral Togo reports that 651 men went down with the two warships sunk by Russian mines.

St. Petersburg officials say there is free passage at Port Arthur for even the largest battleships.

The cruiser Tacoma has left Honolulu in search of an unknown island between there and Panama.

Russians attribute the Japanese naval disaster as divine interference, and believe the tide has turned.

Randits in Morocco have seized a rich American and his stepson and will hold them for a heavy ransom.

The Korean government has annulled all treaties and agreements with Russia. This is practically a declaration of war. It is feared China will follow.

Russian army surgeons are praising the Japanese bullets. They inflict a small, clear wound, though possessing good stopping effect. One captain in the Yalu fight was wounded 20 times but will recover.

Seventy thousand Russians are said to be marching to the relief of Port Arthur.

Russian evacuation of Niu Chwang is complete.

Chicago wants to sell \$6,500,000 of city bonds.

WIN BIG VICTORY.

Russian Troops Make a Sortie From Port Arthur. St. Petersburg, May 24.—The government this evening received news confirming the rumors in circulation here that General Stoessel has made a successful sortie from Port Arthur, resulting in the defeat of the Japanese, with the loss of more than 1,000 killed or wounded. The Russian losses were 116 killed or wounded.

The movement was carried out by a combination with a train bringing in war munitions and supplies and General Stoessel's force, communication being maintained by wireless telegraphy. The Japanese barred the route between the train and General Stoessel's force, whereupon the Russians attacked and routed the Japanese. After the engagement General Stoessel's force, together with the train, returned to Port Arthur.

The current accounts of the Port Arthur sortie are somewhat conflicting, and there is some doubt as to whether the version mentioning the train is correct. But the operation is described as having been brilliantly carried out by the Russians.

General Stoessel, it is said, made a new distribution of his guns before taking part in the sortie.

The Russians fought with great bravery, breaking the Japanese line and carrying the enemy for a considerable distance.

COSSACKS NEARLY AMBUSHED.

Pursuit of Japanese Is Stopped Just in the Nick of Time. St. Petersburg, May 24.—The czar has received the following dispatch from General Kurapatkin: "The reconnaissance of May 19 failed to show any sign of the enemy in the valleys of the Selzyk river and of the Uziang river, a tributary, as far as the village of Deoniedzokou, on the main road from Siyen to Feng Wang Cheng.

A detachment of the Japanese vanguard numbering 300 men occupied the village of Deoniedzokou, on the same road. A Japanese battalion was posted five miles beyond Siasshangki, and at least a division, including guard regiments, was stationed five kilometers further on toward Khabalun.

A body of Cossacks on May 19 encountered three troops of Japanese cavalry near the village of Pipouza, 11 miles southwest of Feng Wang Cheng. The Cossacks attacked and pursued the Japanese to Pipouza, where they encountered some Japanese infantry, who had prepared an ambush, which, however, was discovered in time. The Cossacks lost two men wounded, one horse killed and two horses wounded.

No trace of the enemy was found in the mountains between Kauchau and Siu Yen."

JAPANESE CAPTURE KAI CHOU.

Advance of Russians From Niu Chwang Direction Also Prevented. Tokio, May 24.—Although it has not been officially reported, it is said on good authority that the Japanese forces have captured Kai Chou, driving the Russians back to Tashi Chi in the direction of Niu Chwang, and preventing the advance of the Russian troops at Niu Chwang in the direction of Kai Chou.

The bombardment by the Japanese in the vicinity of Kai Chou recently was probably in preparation for the landing of forces in the northwest corner of the Liao Tung peninsula for the purpose of capturing Niu Chwang and co-operating with the other armies in the march on Liao Yang. Probably a small Japanese force has been landed at Kin Chou bay.

Takushan, where Japanese forces were landed May 19, is at the mouth of Dayan river, west of their column.

More Buildings for Army Forts.

Washington, May 24.—Constructing Quartermaster Penrose, at Port Town send, has been instructed to invite bids for the erection of buildings to accommodate two additional companies of coast artillery at Fort Worden and one more at Fort Casey. At Fort Worden the government will erect one field officers' quarters, one double captains' quarters and two double lieutenants' quarters and one double noncommissioned officers' quarters and two barracks. At Fort Casey three sets of officers' quarters and one barracks will be erected.

Record Run for Warship.

New York, May 24.—The United States battleship Kentucky anchored off Tompkinsville today, having made the world's record run for a warship from Hong Kong and Madeira to New York. The total distance steamed was 12,999 miles from Hong Kong at an average speed of 12.97 knots. The last run of 2,900 miles from Madeira to New York was made at an average speed of 13.5 knots. The whole distance was made under natural draught. The Kentucky has been in commission a little more than four years.

Excites Wonder of Paris.

Paris, May 24.—The arrival of quantities of American gold, on account of the payment of the Panama canal purchase, excites the wonder of Parisians. A large crowd gathered at the St. Lazare railroad station to see a train of four cars, carrying 178 barrels of gold, being a shipment of \$9,000,000 by the French line steamer Lorraine which had just arrived at Havre from New York. The excitement was such that the policeman it would be necessary to summon reinforcements, but it all passed off well.

Expect Foreign Powers to Protest.

Tokyo, May 24.—It is absolutely certain that the battleship Hatsuse was sunk by Russian mines ten miles off the coast. The position of these mines makes navigation dangerous or neutral vessels, and a protest from foreign governments is expected. The loss of the Japanese warships is keenly felt here. No flags are flying in this city, and the nightly lantern parades have been abandoned. American nurses will go to Hiroshima hospital.

Military Trains Reach Liao Yang.

Liao Yang, May 24.—Eleven military trains have come in here during the past 24 hours. The Russian ruble is rising by leaps and bounds. The rains have stopped suddenly and fine weather has set in.

EXCLUSION LEGAL.

UNITED STATES HAS RIGHT TO DEPORT ANARCHISTS.

Opinion Rendered by United States Supreme Court in the Case of Turner, the English Anarchist—Chief Justice Says Act is Not Open to Constitutional Objection.

Washington, May 18.—In an opinion today the chief justice of the United States supreme court sustained the action of the immigration authorities at the port of New York in ordering the deportation of the Englishman, Turner, alleged to be an anarchist.

The chief justice said in his opinion that Turner himself did not deny that he is an anarchist. The opinion upheld the law for the exclusion of anarchists, and affirmed the decision of the circuit court for the southern district of New York, which refused a writ of habeas corpus for Turner.

Chief Justice Fuller, in his opinion, first reviewed the facts in the case, including the claim of Turner that he is a lecturer on sociological questions, also that his counsel contended that he was an anarchist in theory merely. He then referred to the fact that Turner's counsel attacked the immigration law as unconstitutional on the ground that it is in contravention of the first, fifth and sixth amendments and also section one of the constitution, because "no power is delegated by the constitution to the general government over alien foreigners with reference to their admission to the United States or otherwise, or over the beliefs of citizens, denizens, sojourners or aliens or over the freedom of speech of the press."

All of these contentions were negated by the decision of the chief justice, who said, among other things: "Whether rested on the accepted principle of international law that every sovereign nation has the power as inherent in sovereignty and essential to self preservation, to forbid the entrance of foreigners within its dominion or to admit them only in such cases and on such conditions as it may see fit to prescribe, or on the power to regulate commerce with foreign nations, which includes the entrance of ships, the importation of goods, and the bringing of persons into the ports of the United States, the act before us is not open to constitutional objection. Nor is the manner in which congress has exercised the right, although when such a case arises, the objection may be taken."

AMERICAN AVERTS CLASH.

Military Observer Prevents Russians From Firing on Uwa Yen.

Mukden, May 18.—Lieutenant Colonel Schuyler, U. S. A., military observer with the Russian army, arrived here today and after an interview with Viceoyr Alexieff, left for Liao Yang in the afternoon.

It appears that William B. Judson, of the United States engineer corps, who is an observer with the Russian army, helped to avert a clash between parties of Russians during the Russian recapture of the railroad after the Japanese had cut it at Pollade. When the Japanese had temporarily retired from the railroad, a train with two companies of sappers was sent south from Liao Yang. Captain Judson was aboard. When the train reached a break in the line a body of troops were seen and they were supposed to be Japanese. Sharpshooters were thrown out, and preparations were made to swoop down on the enemy. Captain Judson through his glasses recognized the Russian uniforms and the troops proved to be a party sent up the line from the south.

Irrigation in Colorado.

Washington, May 18.—The census bureau in a report on irrigation in Colorado says: Notwithstanding the favorable conditions, the construction of irrigation works in 1902 progressed rapidly, and the increase in a considerable amount in the irrigated area. It is probable, however, that many hundreds of acres reported as irrigated did not receive sufficient water to produce full crops. Colorado still holds first place among the arid states in the extent of its irrigated acreage and in the length of its canals and ditches.

Ready to Lose 2,000 Men.

Chefoo, May 18.—The Japanese hope to occupy Port Dalny within a few days. Dalny is not fortified, the only fort in the vicinity being one midway between Tallon Wan and Kin Chou. After the destruction of the submarine mines at Tallon Wan the Japanese intend to land additional troops there and commence an attack on Port Arthur. A Japanese officer informed the correspondent in the Associated Press that the Japanese are ready to lose 2,000 men in the attack. This he did not consider to be a large number.

Accepts Panama Canal Position.

Washington, May 18.—Rear Admiral Walker today announced that Admiral Kenney, retired, formerly paymaster general of the navy, had accepted the office of general distributing officer of the Isthmian canal commission and would shortly be formally appointed. It is said that his appointment will in no wise conflict with the duties of Paymaster Tobey, who will make the distributions on the Isthmus.

Guns Boom at Kinchow Bay.

London, May 18.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Morning Post, says that according to a native report from Port Arthur, the Japanese are vigorously besieging the fortress day and night, by land and sea; that 60 Japanese warships and transports have been sighted in Blackbay bay, and the heavy firing has been heard in Kint choo bay.

China Addresses Note to Powers.

London, May 18.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Morning Post says that the Chinese government is addressing an identical note to all its ministers abroad renewing China's declaration of neutrality and that an imperial edict will be issued enjoining the Chinese people strictly to observe neutrality.

RUSH WAS TO GET BALLOON.

"Ammunition Train" to Port Arthur One in Name Only.

St. Petersburg, May 21.—One of the reasons for the desperate effort of the Russians to get to Port Arthur what is officially called an "ammunition train," has been revealed by information which leaked out today. There was little need, it appears, for more ammunition, great quantities being stored in the fortress, but General Stoessel was exceedingly anxious to be provided with balloons. The highest point of the fortress is the Eagle's Nest, from which much of the surrounding country can be seen, but balloons will facilitate observation. Before the war the Russian authorities loaded on a vessel a complete balloon equipment for Manchuria, but it was captured by the Japanese, who will use it perhaps in their operations against Port Arthur. Recognizing the need of providing General Stoessel with all the requisite instruments with which to conduct the defense of Port Arthur, General Kurapatkin is believed to have sent balloons on the "ammunition train." The Russian balloons are stationary.

"If the Japanese try to drift balloons over Port Arthur and drop explosives on the fortress," an officer said today, "the world will hear of the first battle in the air."

Communication from Port Arthur is now conducted by Chinese messengers.

HASTE DELAYS SHIPS.

Russians Find That Many Boilers Will Have to Be Taken Out.

Moscow, May 21.—After an exhaustive inquiry the correspondent of the London Times finds that there is no need to take seriously the Russian threats to dispatch to the Far East next July reinforcements of war vessels. The optimistic reports regarding the rapid progress of the warships of the Baltic fleet which have been printed in European capitals have been given out here by officials and have been telegraphed abroad without change. They are absolutely untrue, because there are no means at hand for the correspondents to verify the reports, and they have no means of inspecting the shipyards where the vessels are being prepared for service.

While it is a fact that unappreciated haste is being made in getting warships ready for service, there is a limit to efficient speed in ship construction, and this has been exceeded with the result that many of the boilers which have been installed in the new warships will have to be taken out and replaced. This has created a sensation at the navy department, and it is now certain that the Baltic fleet will not start for the Far East for many months to come.

SURE SUBMARINES WERE USED.

Russians Have New Advice on the Loss of the Petropavlovsk. St. Petersburg, May 20.—The admiralty is now convinced by mail reports received from Port Arthur that Vice Admiral Togo used submarine boats in his operations. A letter from Lieutenant General Stoessel says he was standing on Golden Hill when the Russian battleship Petropavlovsk went down and he saw a submarine boat torpedo the battleship. Lieutenant Schreiber claims he distinctly saw the periscope of a submarine boat and could trace the course of the vessel. Officers of the Russian battleship Pobeda testified that a submarine boat discharged a torpedo against their ship and they fired at the submarine boat, hoping to sink it, but failed.

It is officially denied that Viceoyr Alexieff has gone to Liao Yang to assume command of 20,000 troops there, and that General Kurapatkin has left Liao Yang for Harbin. It is said that Kurapatkin is either at Liao Yang or in its vicinity.

Tyner on the Witness Stand.

Washington, May 21.—Seated in an invalid's chair and face to face with the jury, James N. Tyner, the aged defendant in the Tyner-Barrett conspiracy case, today denied the accusations in which he and his nephew were indicted in connection with their duties as law officers for the postoffice department. In the examining room, General Tyner's answers were unhesitating. His diction was perfect and apparently his understanding as clear as ever.

General Zassnitsh Out.

St. Petersburg, May 21.—It is announced tonight that Lieutenant General Zassnitsh has been relieved of the command of the Second Siberian army division, and that Lieutenant General Count Keller, ex-governor of Ekaterinograd, has been appointed to succeed him. Since the battle of the Yalu, it has been predicted that General Zassnitsh would not long retain his command, but there has been no disposition to act hastily. It is stated that there is no intention to disgrace him.

Ambassador May Be Recalled.

Paris, May 21.—Government circles are seriously considering whether the pope's protest against President Louvet's visit to Rome should not be promptly followed by the recall of M. Nisard, the French ambassador to the Vatican. The determination of this question probably will depend on Foreign Minister Delcasse's ability to calm the indignation aroused among the various elements in the chamber of deputies against the papal protest.

Many Turks Are Killed.

London, May 21.—The central news correspondent at Baku, Caucasus, reports a serious fight between Armenians and Turkish troops at Chelenuk in the district of Mush. The Turks lost 130 in killed and wounded, while the Armenians' leader and many others were killed.

HAPPENINGS HERE IN OREGON

FIRST CUPS SO. D. MAY SAVE WATER.

Flouring Mill at The Dalles Working Night and Day.

The Dalles.—The scouring mill in this city is now running a double crew of scowers daily, and the mill night and day, turning out 8,000 pounds of scour product every 24 hours. The wool purchases made thus far have been from stations along the line of the Northern Pacific, in Yakima county, and at Columbia river points, such as The Dalles, Arlington and Echo, where the scoured pile that was inaugurated in the state three years ago does not obtain. The first clips shown are nearly all from the warm Columbia river ranges, which wools are more or less curly and are sought only by dealers in the scour product.

There seems to be no disposition on the part of the growers to hold this class of wool, and buyers are apparently glad to take them, as they are being absorbed by the dealers as fast as they are offered.

The choice Eastern Oregon wools sought for shipping in the grease, which are grown back in the interior, are now being sown. This class that in former years was marketed at The Dalles, and gave this city the distinction of receiving and shipping more wool direct from the grower than any other place in the United States, has since the completion of the Columbia Southern railway been transferred to Shaniko. There the wools are offered under the sealed bid system. The first sale here is set for June 2, the second for June 14, and the third and last for July 1.

Pendleton leads off with the first sealed bid sale of the season on the 23d instant, and Heppner follows on the 26th with its first sale. The other two in the state where wools will be offered upon sealed bids are Baker City on June 17, and Elgin on June 28.

Indians Work With Japanese. La Grande.—Nearly 100 Japanese are in La Grande from Portland and points in Washington to work in the Grand Ronde sugar beet fields this summer, and more are expected to arrive a little later on. The work will be to keep the beets thinned out and free from weeds. F. S. Brownwell, field superintendent of the sugar factory, stated that the sugar company alone has just completed seedling 2,500 acres of good land to be sown, while many of the farmers have put in large amounts, the average being far ahead of last year.

Union's Fight for County Seat. La Grande.—The citizens of Union are determined to keep the county seat if possible. Knowing that there is no possibility of securing the county clerk in order to prevent the county clerk from printing the official ballot with the relocation clause thereon, a writ of review wherein they attack the jurisdiction of the county court in ordering an election for the relocation of the county seat from Union to La Grande, its former site is made returnable June 24.

Albany Will Sell 'ch-o' Bonds. Albany.—The school board for district No. 5, which includes the Albany schools, has decided to advertise for bids for 4 1/2 per cent district bonds which will soon be issued. For a number of years the district has been paying interest on bonds which are held by an Eastern company. At a recent election it was decided to fund the debt and borrow money from the Oregon school fund for the purpose. But it has since developed that the state has no school moneys to loan at the present time.

To Extend Ditch. Freewater.—Survey for an extension of the Milton, Freewater and Hudson Bay ditch has started about 12 miles west of here for the Pine Creek Irrigation company, whose incorporators are Chris Bowers and Paine brothers, all of Walla Walla. The company proposes to cover between 5,000 and 6,000 acres by the extension. The incorporators hold a franchise covering the waste waters from the Milton, Freewater and Hudson Bay ditch.

La Grande City Hall Bonds Sold. La Grande.—At a special session of the city council the bid of J. W. Scriber for city hall bonds was accepted. Mr. Scriber offers a premium of \$175 on the right issue. The bid gives the city the entire amount of the city may need the money to erect the city hall, and the city is to receive the accrued interest on bonds issued but not used after July 15, 1904.

Population of Eugene Is 5,829. Eugene.—P. J. McPherson, enumerator of the school census for the Eugene district, has completed his work and reports that within the city limits of Eugene he counted 5,829 inhabitants. The enumeration was carefully made and there is every reason to believe that the count is correct.

Wheat Caught by Frost. Pendleton.—Estimated damage to the wheat crop of Umatilla county on account of the last two frosts will reach 500,000 bushels. All the damage is by the Helix county and many farmers are cutting wheat for hay.

Ship Grain to New York. Pendleton.—Ten thousand bushels of wheat at Warren's wheat station on the W. & C. R., near Helix, will be shipped in a few days to New York state.

School Money Borrowed. Salem.—The state land board has just approved 12 applications for loans from the school fund aggregating \$27,450.

ENEMY ON REAR.

Japanese Close to Russians at Mukden and Great Battle Imminent.

London, May 19.—No further news has reached London throwing light upon the appearance of Japanese troops northeast of Mukden, or indicating by what route they reached that point so unexpectedly. The Japanese are so successful in hiding their movements that it is only possible to guess at them from the vague indications in Russian official dispatches.

According to the Standard's Tien Tsin correspondent, General Kurapatkin has left for Harbin. Viceoyr Alexieff still being at Liao Yang with 20,000 troops.

It is noticeable that Russian official dispatches seldom name the place whence they were sent.

A question greatly discussed in the London papers this morning is whether General Kurapatkin has succeeded in ascertaining the exact position of the Japanese line, and has been enabled to begin a retreat, or whether he has elected to fight. In any case, it is considered that any day may bring news of a great battle in this district, as the transport difficulties are believed to be so great as to make it almost impossible for General Kurapatkin to effect a rapid retirement.

Indefinite reports continue to reach London of Japanese bombardment of Port Arthur and Dalny.

The Standard's Tokyo correspondent confirms the report that General Kurapatkin's aggregate forces for the pending battle do not exceed 100,000 men.

St. Petersburg dispatches report that the Chinese are greatly gratified at the Japanese invitation to re-establish the administration of Antung and induce Chinese traders to return and resume business.

MUST HOLD PORT ARTHUR.

Russia Will Mobilize All Forces Possible There for Its Defense. St. Petersburg, May 19.—Advice received by the general staff show that the Japanese are practically masters of all the southern end of the Liao Tung peninsula, save Port Arthur and the territory commanded by guns. This result, so promptly brought about, is due to the failure of the Russians to make opposition of any consequence to the Japanese advance.

A member of the general staff said to the Associated Press that the removal of the guns from the fortifications erected at Kinchen, and the destruction of Port Dalny, were primarily for the purpose of concentrating the entire Russian force at Port Arthur. If the men and guns were scattered, the effect would have been to distribute the means of defense of the fortress over a number of points strategically weak. To defend the whole of the southern end of the Liao Tung peninsula it would have been necessary to have an army equal to that which the Japanese could have landed.

The weakness of the Manchurian army, said this officer, lies only one course to pursue, namely, that of mobilizing sufficient troops at Port Arthur to hold it until relief came.

ENEMY SLIPS IN.

Russians Near Yinkow Surprised by the Landing of Army. Niu Chwang, May 18.—The Russians were surprised by the appearance of the enemy at Kachuan, 20 miles south of Yinkow this morning. They were expecting the Yalu army.

Nine transports, assisted by the navy, landed 100 troops and the remainder will land tonight and tomorrow. The number of the Japanese force is not known. The warships shelled the shore from early morning until evening.

The Japanese are expected here tomorrow and the Russians are rapidly evacuating the town.

War to Involve Others. St. Louis, May 19.—General Nelson A. Miles, who is here attending the Good Roads convention expresses the belief that the Russo-Japanese war will eventually involve other nations. "I believe that the war will be a long and desperate one," said General Miles. "In the next great war, I believe the automobile will, to a large extent, supplement the horse. There are now 100,000 automobiles in the United States and the number is increasing rapidly. Automobiles can be used on bad roads as well as horses."

Oppose Japanese Advance. Berlin, May 19.—Colonel Gaidke, the German military expert, who is accompanying the Russian army in the field in the dual capacity of military expert and correspondent, telegraphing from Mukden, states that the Japanese advance against Liao Yang is being conducted in two lines, which parallel the railway between Niu Chwang and Liao Yang. The Japanese right, he declares, is moving with extreme caution, while the left wing is advancing much more rapidly in an attempt to outflank the Russian position.

Outposts Already in Contact. Paris, May 19.—The Journal's Mukden correspondent says: "Important events are imminent. The outposts of the two armies are already in contact in the zone northwest of Feng Wang Cheng. The Japanese army advancing on Liao Yang is estimated at 100,000. A persistent rumor, which is not confirmed officially, has it that another Japanese corps is executing a flanking movement direct on some point between Liao Yang and Mukden."

Wireless Telegraphy for Alaska. Washington, May 19.—General Greely has given directions to have the wireless telegraph stations which have been successfully used on Puget sound, taken to Nome and St. Michael, Alaska, in order to establish communication between these points. The freezing of the sea in the bay has rendered cable service between these points impracticable.