

Bohemia Nugget

Bohemia Nugget Pub. Co.

COTTAGE GROVE, OREGON.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week. Presented in Condensed Form, Most Readily to Prove Interesting.

Japanese troops continue to land at Pitawo.

French confidence in Russian success is diminishing.

Japanese correspondents charge the Russians with mutilating the dead.

St. Petersburg authorities are certain three Japanese forces are marching on Liao Yang.

Russia has been officially advised that Chinese have commenced hostilities against her.

Congressman Hermann has asked engineers to provide a dredge for small Oregon harbors.

There are persistent rumors of fighting near Liao Yang, which it is impossible to confirm officially.

A Russian naval officer with three sailors launched a torpedo against a Japanese cruiser in Taitenwan bay, injuring her badly.

While the railroad to Port Arthur was reopened the Russians succeeded in getting in a train load of ammunition and supplies.

Miss Clara Barton has resigned the presidency of the American Red Cross society. She will be succeeded by the vice president, Mrs. John A. Logan.

General Kuropatkin reports several small skirmishes.

Japan is rushing men to Kuroki and he will probably delay the advance on Liao Yang until they arrive.

Irrigation experts are coming to Oregon to determine the feasibility of building reservoirs in Umatilla county.

Hyde and Dimond have been indicted by the federal grand jury for land frauds and placed under heavy bonds.

President Roosevelt has issued a proclamation for entry of the Rosebud, South Dakota, Indian reservation lands. It will be thrown open August 8.

A Japanese torpedo boat was sunk while trying to blow up a mine at Kerr bay. Seven men were killed and seven wounded. This is the first war vessel Japan has lost in the war.

A Minnesota couple has found a novel way of complying with the law. The groom was only 20 years of age and being an orphan without a guardian, was unable to obtain a marriage license. The young lady, though nearly two years younger, was still over 18 and of lawful age to get married. She formally and legally adopted her affianced and then, as his guardian, gave her consent for the necessary document. The license was obtained the day they were married.

General Kuroki is rapidly moving on Liao Yang.

Russia denies that she will float a second loan in Germany.

General Wood has sent a force to punish the Moros who played the American soldiers.

Great Britain has sent a warship to a port near Niu Chwang in case it is needed at that place.

Russia is clearing the Port Arthur channel by blowing up the stone laden ships sunk by the Japanese.

Japan declares the train her troops fired on did not show the Red Cross flag until after the Russians on board had opened fire and the Japanese answered it.

A former New York policeman, now serving a sentence in the penitentiary for taking money from police candidates, says all positions in the fire and police departments were bought by the applicants.

Fire in Portland destroyed the plants of the Multnomah Trunk & Box company and the Ira F. Powers Furniture company, valued at \$435,000. Insurance carried on the three plants was \$106,000.

In a battle at Karala the British killed 200 Tibetans.

The government funds for the Lewis and Clark air are now available.

The Russians have re-established railway and telegraph communication with Port Arthur.

Senator Mitchell has been asked to name a successor to Postmaster Hancock, at Portland.

Ernest Hooley, famous as a promoter, has been arrested in London on a charge of conspiracy to defraud.

A Russian general took over a half million dollars of Red Cross money and lost it gambling. The dowager empress made good the sum to the society.

Cotton has been declared a contraband of war on account of its being used in the manufacture of high explosives.

Russian authorities at Niu Chwang for a time refused to allow United States Consul Miller to cable the conditions there to Minister Conger at Pekin. A strongly worded protest secured the transmission of the message.

Russia is rapidly evacuating Niu Chwang.

The government will not take up the Malheur, Oregon, irrigation project if there is any dispute over water rights, in which event it may turn to the Umatilla scheme.

Turkey is negotiating with Chile for the purchase of two cruisers.

Another 100,000 men are on the way to Manchuria to reinforce General Kuropatkin.

The secretary of the interior has set aside \$2,000,000 for the Malheur, Oregon, irrigation project.

LIKELY TO BE OWN SUCCESSOR.

Brady Appears to Have Best of Race for Governor of Alaska.

Washington, May 17.—Governor John G. Brady, of Alaska, whose term expires June 8, will probably be appointed to succeed himself. When in Washington recently, he talked over the situation with the president and his prompt departure, coupled with the remarks he made to several friends, leads to the conclusion that he is satisfied he will have another term of office.

Secretary Hitchcock, it is understood, is not well satisfied with Brady, but as the president is personally interested in the governor and believes him honest, as well as competent, the secretary will raise no objection. Several men are in the field against Brady, including National Committeeman John G. Held, of Juneau; William T. Perkins, auditor of the Northwestern Commercial company and the company's agent at Nome; and Oliver Roberts, of San Francisco. Held is supposed to have a number of congressional endorsements, including Senator Mitchell. Perkins has the endorsement of several senators who visited Alaska last summer, and Roberts is backed by members of the California delegation. These men all have applications on file.

NOT TIME FOR PEACE TALK.

Germany Thinks the Emperor Must Re-Establish His Prestige.

Berlin, May 17.—Nothing is known at the foreign office regarding the report telegraphed from Berlin that there is a strong probability of peace through the war party urging the "war to end the war." It is pointed out in serious political circles, knowing the view of the foreign office, that the time is not ripe for peace efforts. The German government is aware that strong currents in France and Great Britain are working for peace, and that even political influences in Russia are moving in the same direction. It is admitted here that these efforts would be materially strengthened if the Russians succeeded in checking the Japanese advance at Mukden.

However, Russia cannot be satisfied with a mere negative result of the military operations. The government of Emperor Nicholas feels the necessity for re-establishing its prestige, and only after several decisive victories for the Russian arms could the Russian emperor entertain proposals for mediation.

INVEST THE CITY.

Dalry Has Fallen Into the Hands of the Japanese.

Chicago, May 17.—A special to the Daily News from Chefoo says: The Daily News dispatch about Fawen arrived off Dalry early this morning a heavy bombardment was in progress.

As the channel was thickly mined by the Russians, and Japanese Admiral Kattakao had issued strict orders that noncombatant boats were to be excluded, it was impossible to get within the roadstead. Hence an accurate report of the proceedings is impossible. As far as it was possible to ascertain the armored cruiser Yakumo, four other cruisers, one gunboat and one battleship, having cleared the channel, entered the harbor shortly after daylight and began a heavy fire. The land batteries were silenced.

It is estimated that 20,000 Japanese troops are investing the town and there is every reason to believe that they are now in possession of the city.

All Well at Vladivostok.

St. Petersburg, May 17.—The admiralty denies the rumored engagement of Rear Admiral Jensen's squadron. A telegram from Vladivostok this morning reports all well there.

Grand Duke Alexis, the high admiral, has been at Cronstadt since yesterday with Vice Admiral Rozhkovsky, the commander of the Baltic fleet, and Vice Admiral Alievan, the chief of the admiralty, inspecting the new Pacific squadron.

The admiralty admits having received a message from Port Arthur several days old, in which Rear Admiral Wittsoff reported everything was as well as could be expected. There is no further information regarding Japanese activity around Port Arthur.

Deems American Treaty Bad.

New York, May 17.—Speaking to the agrarians in the upper house of the French diet, Professor Schoeder has expressed the wish, cables the Berlin correspondent of the Times, that Chancellor Van Bulow would dissolve the commercial treaty with the United States. He urged consideration of the matter, but no action until after the American elections. Professor Schoeder said he was opposed to the dissolution of the Argentine republic treaty, because that country would be driven into the arms of the United States.

Japanese Capture Rifles.

Antung, May 12, via Seoul, May 17.—Chinese coming through the lines report that the Russians have retired from Kaoliman to the west of Feng Wang Cheng, but their reports have not been confirmed. Light skirmishes between the Russian and Japanese outposts are occurring daily. The captures made by the Japanese during recent days include 3,000 rounds of artillery ammunition, 300,000 rounds of rifle ammunition, 2,600 rifles and more than 100 ammunition supply carts.

Ozaba's Army Going to Port Arthur.

Paris, May 17.—The correspondent in St. Petersburg, of the Echo de Paris, gives a high staff officer's resume of the situation in the Far East as follows: "The Japanese are advancing towards the Russian positions along three routes. Kuroki's army is marching upon Liao Yang from Feng Wang Cheng, Oka's force has left Baguchou for Yinow, following the Siyuan road, and Ozaba's army is investing Port Arthur."

Arbitration Results in Higher Scale.

New York, May 17.—Arbitration has settled the wage scale of 7,000 union painters here, and the agreement has been signed. It grants an advance of 50 cents a day, making the scale \$4 and \$4.25 for plain painters and decorators respectively.

DEFEATS AGITATE

INTERNAL SITUATION IN RUSSIA IS BECOMING SERIOUS.

The Masses are Inclined to Believe Them Due to Organization of Country and Hope New Constitution Will Be Granted—War Party Willing to Make Concessions to End Strife.

Rome, May 16.—A secret report received from St. Petersburg depicts the internal situation of Russia as becoming most serious as regards the preservation of the present institutions, the military failures in the Far East having strengthened the opinion that the evils are due to the present organization of the country in which a change is necessary.

The hope is expressed that the emperor, himself, seeing the danger, will be induced to grant the country a constitution in which even the enthusiasm of the people will become so great as to render it possible to raise an army and collect the means necessary to defeat Japan. Otherwise, the report says, it is believed all the efforts made at St. Petersburg will remain futile, as besides the war in the Far East, Russia will be obliged to face a latent, if not an open revolutionary movement at home, depriving her of the assistance of the most progressive elements of the empire, such as the Poles and Finns.

Urges War to End It.

Berlin, May 16.—It is rumored in diplomatic circles here that there is a strong possibility of an attempt being made to end the war in the Far East soon. The rumor, which is circumstantial in character, declares the war party in Russia has urged the war to end the war.

The alleged basis of settlement is to be the independence of Korea under the protectorate of Japan, while Manchuria is to remain Chinese territory. In a secret treaty between China and Japan, the integrity of Manchuria was guaranteed by the latter, so it is argued that Japan should not object to the proposition. Russia, it is said, wishes to come to an understanding with Japan independently of England.

GREAT VEIN OF COPPER.

Lockjaw Creek, Montana, May Astonishes the World.

Missoula, May 16.—Word from Lolo Hot Springs, which has just reached this city, tells of a big strike of copper ore made by Joseph Eberly and partner, prospectors in the employ of ex-Governor McConnell, of Idaho. The scene of the rich discovery is in the Lockjaw creek section, the men having been encamped on the Lockjaw stream for some time.

The account of the find as related by the men is a wondrous one, the mammoth copper lead uncovered bidding fair to make a second Butte in this section. According to the story of the prospectors the ore found is of a high-grade sulphide character, in apparently unlimited quantities and easy of access. From trenches run along the surface it is believed the Lockjaw country is traversed by a number of cuprous leads, all of which it is thought carry enough of the red metal to make its extraction profitable.

BONDS ARE FREE FROM TAXES.

Russian Issue for \$160,000,000 Will Be Redeemed in 1909.

Paris, May 16.—Following the return of M. Hottelinger from St. Petersburg, a semi-official statement was made today of the final conditions of the Russian loan. The total issue will be \$160,000,000, in 5 per cent treasury bonds of \$100 each, redeemable in May, 1909, with interest payable in May and November annually, and the first interest to be next November. The bonds have the exceptional advantage of being exempt from present or future taxes. Holders are also given advantages when the period of conversion or consolidation arrives during the six months preceding May 1, 1909.

Balloon Starts a Fire.

Paris, May 16.—A balloon belonging to the well-known aeronaut, Captain Surcouf, came down in the Place d'Amnits this afternoon, and the wind drove it into the narrow entrance of a street. A moment later it came in contact with the side of a house. Flames issued from the envelope, and a violent explosion followed, the sheets of flame from which penetrated the open windows of the building. Eight occupants of the house were burned or otherwise injured, two dangerously. The aeronaut was not hurt.

Japanese Making Themselves Secure.

St. Petersburg, May 16.—Further progress of the Japanese in Southern Manchuria is reported in the following dispatch, given out last night: "The position of the division which is following the direct road to Haicheng has not been disclosed, and caution is also apparent in the operations on the peninsula of Liao Tung, where 20,000 Japanese are seeking to render themselves secure in the western section of the peninsula and in the vicinity of the operations."

Russians Clearing Channel.

New York, May 16.—An explanation of the explosion heard at Port Arthur, which led to reports that the Russians were destroying their warships in that harbor, is to the effect that the garrison at Port Arthur is endeavoring to clear the harbor entrance of the stone-laden ships sent in by the Japanese. In order to remove the obstructions, divers have placed charges of dynamite in position and succeeded enough to admit the passage of torpedo boats.

Telegraph Line Is Repaired.

London, May 16.—A dispatch to the Central News from Seoul, Corea, in reporting the Anju fight, adds that the broken telegraph line has now been repaired. General Haraguchi, heretofore commanding the Japanese troops in the Seoul district, assumed command of all the Japanese troops south of the Yalu river.

WASHINGTON BILLS TO WIN.

Policy of Leaders for Economy Disastrous to Many.

Washington, May 14.—The record of the Washington delegation for the session just closed does not compare very favorably with that of the delegation from Oregon, nevertheless, the failure of the men from Washington is largely attributable to the fact that the leaders in congress used every means within their power to hold down appropriations, and to prevent the passage of all but necessary legislation. Washington men Lewis and Clark bill, but loyally supported the men from Oregon in their efforts to secure the passage of their bill. There was no way in which Oregon could reciprocate, so Washington had to take the responsibility for local legislation along together on its own shoulders, with the result set forth below.

During the session just closed Senator Foster introduced 26 public bills, most of them of local importance to the state of Washington. Out of that number, five were passed by both houses, either as independent measures, or as amendments to appropriation bills; four passed the senate, but failed in the house; six were favorably reported to the senate, but did not pass, and the others were never even reported by committees.

The bills that finally passed authorized the sale of Puget Sound allotted lands; grant lands to Port Angeles for use as a public park; allow vessels of less than 30 tons' burden to engage in trade between Puget Sound and the islands of British Columbia; made appropriation for the new Dungeness lighthouse station, and validate sales of right-of-way lands, made by the Northern Pacific.

SOON SHELL IT.

Japanese are Preparing to Attack Port Arthur by Land.

Shan Hai Kwan, May 14.—According to reports brought here by Chinese runners, the investment of Port Arthur, from the land side, is well under way. The entire second army under General Oka is taking a position across the peninsula, and is bringing heavy siege guns into position to shell the defenses of the town.

While it is thought that the Russians will make a stubborn resistance, the Japanese are declared to be confident of their ability to reduce the town.

General Kuroki's forces, who are operating from Feng Wang Cheng, are about ready to move against Liao Yang. A detachment which is said to be numerically strong, and to be equipped with plenty of guns and freeloats, is now marching on Salmathi with the object of outflanking General Kuropatkin's forces, who are holding Liao Yang.

Blow Up Dalney.

St. Petersburg, May 14.—Viceroy Alexieff has telegraphed to the czar announcing that the Russians have blown up the docks and piers at Port Dalney, Liao Tung peninsula, presumably to render more difficult a Japanese landing at that point.

Later telegrams received indicate that the whole of Port Dalney has been destroyed by the Russians.

UGHT TO HAVE BEEN HELD.

Russian Position at Feng Wang Cheng Deemed Impregnable.

London, May 13.—The correspondent of the Times, cabling from Wijn, says: The Russian position at Feng Wang Cheng, if properly held, ought to have been impregnable, even with the sacrifice of 10,000 men.

Judging from their disheveled appearance, the Russians must have been in the trenches for several days.

The Japanese are showing the greatest kindness to the wounded prisoners, and the captured Russian officers are being treated by the highest among the Japanese as respected guests.

The conscription is becoming very severe. I am forbidden to transmit the names of divisions and units, or to reveal where our headquarters are established.

A painful incident of the Yalu battle was the robbery of the Russian dead and wounded. After the action many Chinese looted the battlefield, stripping the Russians. The Japanese general is greatly grieved, and is establishing a system of patrols to check a repetition of the occurrence and threaten severe punishment.

Emperor Reviews 50,000 Troops.

St. Petersburg, May 14.—Emperor Nicholas, who was accompanied by the empress and several of the grand dukes and a brilliant staff, reviewed 50,000 troops on the champs de Mars this morning. A great concourse viewed the brilliant spectacle. As each regiment marched past the emperor the soldiers shouted: "Good health, Your Majesty." The imperial party was accorded a hearty reception by the people. Seats on balconies overlooking the review grounds sold for \$25. The money will go to the Red Cross.

Fully Expected to Avert War.

Rio Janeiro, May 14.—Reports from Brazil show that the border skirmishes which have been going on between the Peruvian and Brazilian troops in the Alto Purus and Alto Juru districts, have been ridiculously exaggerated. The Associated Press correspondent is authorized by the Brazilian government to say that successful negotiations for an amicable settlement between the two governments are fully expected. The departure of the Peruvian minister to Brazil was purely a personal matter.

Bored Through Train.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 14.—A train on the Pacific Electric railway, bound for Los Angeles to Whittier, crashed into a Santa Fe passenger train from San Diego at Los Nietos crossing, ten miles from this city, tonight. Fourteen persons were injured, four on the Santa Fe train and ten on the electric car. The injured were all residents of Whittier and Los Angeles. The impact of the electric train broke the Santa Fe train in two.

Take Part of Russian Loan.

New York, May 14.—Part of the Russian loan issued in Paris has been taken by New York banks, the National City being among those participating. No public invitations to subscribe will be issued.

HAPPENINGS HERE IN OREGON

IRRIGATION BY POWER.

Gasoline Engines Used for Pumping in Eastern Oregon.

Baker City—A novel plan in this section is being adopted here to reclaim the arid lands lying a few miles east of town.

A few weeks ago W. J. Patterson and associates sold 780 acres of this land to Wisconsin men, who immediately began clearing it of sage brush. When this was completed a steam plow run by a traction engine was placed in operation and a large part of the land prepared for seeding. Wells have been sunk to water and pumps will be installed to be operated by gasoline engines. The wells are so situated that a large area can be covered by water.

Mr. Patterson is placing under cultivation a large tract of land in a similar manner, except that instead of gasoline engines he has installed motors and will run his pumps by electric power. His land is on the line between this city and the Cyclone mine. Mr. Patterson estimates that each pump will irrigate 80 acres. His plan will begin full operation next week. He thinks the cost of power will not exceed that of keeping up irrigating ditches.

There is a large body of rich land lying east of town which is practically useless without water on the surface. Water can be obtained in quantities by sinking from 15 to 40 feet.

Should this venture prove a success from a financial standpoint, it is expected thousands of acres will be reclaimed in this way when the large electric power plant on Eagle creek shall have been completed.

STOCK PROSPECTS ARE GOOD.

C. J. Mills Views the Range in Eastern Oregon Counties.

La Grande—C. J. Mills, livestock agent for the O. R. & N., has returned from an extended tour to the interior of Oregon, where he covered a vast scope of country, including Grant, Harney and Crook counties, and was compelled to make the trip incomplete on account of bad roads, as they are impassable in many places on account of spring washouts and many bridges are swept away.

Mr. Mills reports that stock prospects are very good all through Eastern Oregon and he thinks there will be the best range this year for many years past. The spring rains and freshets have done the work for the range, even though they have swept away bridges and ruined many roads, and he also thinks that the hay crop will be ahead of any for many years.

But the prices of stock are not the best now, though a change is being looked for soon. There is an overplus throughout the country, too many stock everywhere. Oregon has a good range and this is established for the present year, and the stockmen will be able to hold the stock for better prices.

As soon as the roads will permit, Mr. Mills will complete the trip through the interior.

Coming Events.

Grand lodges I. O. O. F. and Rebekahs, Astoria, May 17-19.

Farmers' institute, Pendleton, May 28.

State Grange, Corvallis, begins May 24.

Interstate oratorical contest, Portland, May 27.

Eastern Oregon high school oratorical contest and track meet, La Grande, May 28.

Umatilla Pioneers' reunion, Pendleton, June 2-4.

General election, June 6.

Annual reunion, Department of Oregon, G. A. R., Hood River, June 15-17.

Linn county Pioneer association reunion, Brownsville, June 22-24.

Northwest sportsmen's tournament, Pendleton, June 24-26.

Pioneer association reunion, Portland, June 25.

Western division State Teachers' association, Portland, June 29 to July 1.

Eastern Oregon G. A. R. encampment, La Grande, July 1-4.

Baring for Oil and Salt.

Independence—A new corporation has been formed for the purpose of developing the oil and salt prospects on the B. E. Whitaker farm near this place with a capital stock of \$100,000. Development was begun on this property more than a year ago. A well was sunk over 900 feet and work stopped for lack of better machinery. New machinery will now be put on the grounds and the work pushed. Besides the oil indications discovered so far the water flowing from the borings made is strongly impregnated with salt.

A Heavy Strawberry Crop.

Milton—Chilly weather and the late spring have delayed maturing of strawberries, and only the very first pickings will have started by May 16, while the crop will not be on with the annual rush for 10 days after that. The yield will be immense and pickers will not be plentiful from present indications.

The Milton and Freewater strawberry market is yearly growing wider. It comprises the customary range of counties which handles fruit, berries and produce from the tributary Walla Walla county.

Pine Needle Plant Moves.

Grants Pass—The machinery of the Pine Needle company was taken from the old factory at Grants Pass last week and shipped to La Grande, where a new company with a capitalization of \$100,000 will operate. The new company is under the control of Turner Oliver, of La Grande. Considerable stock has been sold at La Grande. The company has control of a 100-acre site and plans to put up a factory of 2,500 pounds per day.

Union Sawmills to Start.

La Grande—The Casey sawmill at Hilgard, Or., a few miles from this city will start its summer run in a few days. The mill will cut 3,000,000 feet of lumber this season. The Perry mill will soon start on its run. The water in the Grand Ronde has been in fine shape for the bringing down of logs and all the mills in Eastern Oregon will cut large amounts of logs this summer.

FINER YEAR FOR WOOL.

Grade is Higher and the Texture Finer Than Usual.

Pendleton—Sheep shearing is about half over, taking Umatilla county as a whole, and the results of shearing so far have justified early expectations of what the clip would be. The grade is higher, the texture finer. What is lost in weight because the clip is cleaner this spring is nearly compensated by the greater length of strands and will probably be more than compensated by the improved price it will obtain over dirty wool.

With one exception, only a few small clips, trifling in comparison with the entire output, have been sold. Most of them belonged to smaller sheepmen in the sand district, who needed the money or were scared into letting go by pessimistic talk of buyers. By these from 9 to 12 cents was realized.

"The outlook for good prices keeps up to the mark, and I can see nothing in the situation in the United States, or in the world, for that matter, which would justify a prediction of a market all week," said J. H. Gunn, secretary of the Oregon Woolgrowers' association. "In fact, I believe sales days will see prices a shade better than were received last year. Growers should hold their clip until the sale, and I think none of them will be sorry for it."

Creamery Runs at Top Limit.

Oregon City—The Clear Creek creamery, located near this city, and operated by the farmers on a co-operative basis, is being run to its full capacity, 600 pounds of butter being churned in a single day this week. Several new cream routes are being established and the output of the plant is being increased weekly. Many Clackamas county farmers have been taken in during the last two weeks by a fakir who is traveling through the interior of the county selling a recipe by which it is claimed that butter can be made in a few minutes and at the same time deodorize cream. For each recipe the smooth-tongued salesman collects \$5.

Lead Business Slackens.

The Dalles—A report of the business transacted and the cash receipts of the United States land office at this place showed a slackening of the rush which has continued in this office for the past two years, in which the working force of the office has been taxed to its utmost in order to keep abreast of the current work. For the month of April 87 original homesteads, 14 final homesteads and 55 final timber and stone proofs are reported, the cash receipts being \$24,342.27; total cash receipts, fees and commissions \$25,467.95.

Good Roads Is Their Object.

Eugene—Permanent organization of the Lane County Good Roads association was effected at a well-attended meeting at the courthouse. There was a good attendance of delegates representing different sections of the county, and all were enthusiastic in support of the cause. Committees appointed at a previous meeting reported progress, and a communication from the county court offering support in building a sample road for demonstration, after which the election of officers was taken up.

Chilly Weather Timely.

Pendleton—Chilly weather which has prevailed for a week in Umatilla county is welcomed by most ranchers through the county because it is preventing what promised to be a too rank growth of wheat. Fall grain in the county is well advanced. The hot weather and generally fine condition of the ground, caused a rapid shooting up which threatened to run the crop to a strong growth of straw. This is very opportunely checked.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 73¢@74¢; bluestem, 84¢; Valley, 85¢.

Barley—Feed, \$23.50 per ton; rolled, \$24.50@25.

Flour—Valley, \$3.90@4.05 per barrel; hard, wheat straight, \$4@4.25; clear, \$3.85@4.10; hard wheat patents, \$4.40@4.70; Graham, \$3.60@4; whole wheat, \$4@4.25; rye flour, \$4.50.

Oats—No. 1 white, \$1.17@1.20; gray, \$1.12@1.15 per cental.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$19@20 per ton; middlings, \$25.50@27; shorts, \$20@21; chop, \$18; linseed, dairy food, \$19.