Distress After Eating

Nausea between meals, belching, vomiting, flatulence, fits of nervous headache, pain in the stomach, are all symptoms of dyspepsia, and the longer it is neglected the harder it is to cure it.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Radically and permanently cure it—strengthen and tone the stomach and other digestive organs for the *natural* performance of their functions.

Accept no substitute for Hood's.

"I had dyspepsia twenty-five years and took different medicines but got no help until I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Have taken four bottles of this medicine and can now eat almost anything, sleep well, have no cramps in my stomach, no burning and no distress." MRS. WILLIAM G. BARRETT, 14 Olney St., Providence, R. I.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

Friendly Suggestion.

"I'm at a loss to know what to make of my only son," said the trust magnate. "He seems to have no brains for business."

"Permit me to hand you a suggestion," rejoined the merchant prince. "Make a society leader of him."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

What Microbes Are.

Since Pasteur demonstrated the fact that many human diseases are due to minute living things which grow and multiply in our bodies, there has been a tendency to call all microscopic organisms, whether harmful or not, "germs" or "microbes" or "bacteria" indiscriminately. This confusion may be cleared by the statement that protozoa are the lowest known forms of animals and that bacteria are the lowest known forms of plants, while "germs" and "microbes" may apply to the disease-causing forms in either group.—From Gary N. Calkins's "Protozoa and Disease" in the April Century.

Spirituous liquors form the chief export of Germany to her colonies.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Longest Road in the World.

In 1901 the great Siberian railway was thrown open to the public. There was then in operation a total of 1,444 miles in Manchuria and 3,559 miles in Siberia, a continuous Russian line from Moscow to Port Arthur of 5,429 miles; and the new trains de luxe, which will begin running this summer, will give virtually a through service from Paris to Port Arthur, a distance of 7,299 miles, 6,000 miles of which is over Russian lines.—From James W. Davidson's "The Great Siberian Railway" in the April Century.

Do Something for the Boys.

Secretary Shaw makes a few terse remarks every little while on "The Boy." The Secretary is pretty sure to make the friendship of boys generally because he talks directly to fathers when he says that boys want the companionship of boys and that the home should welcome the boy as much as it does the baby and the man. Secretary Shaw calls attention to the fact that the world is producing a higher type of womanhood than of manhood; that there are more young women whom you would welcome to your homes as daughters-in-law than young men whom you would welcome as sons-in-law. He says there is no excuse for this, although there are reasons, among which is that about the only place where the boy is sure of a cordial greeting is where you do not desire him to go.

Indispensable

For all aches from head to foot

St. Jacobs Oil

has curative qualities to reach the

PAINS and ACHES

of the human family, and to relieve and cure them promptly.

Price 25c. and 50c.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $3 SHOES UNION MADE

W. L. Douglas shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any shoes in the world.

They are just as good as those that cost you $4 to $5—the only difference is the price.

Sold Everywhere.

Look for name and price on bottom.

Douglas uses Corona Coltskin, which is everywhere conceded to be the finest Patent Leather yet produced. *Fast Color Eyelets used.* Shoes by mail 25c. extra. Write for Catalog. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

GOOD Short Stories

An amusing story is told of Mr. Sanger, the zoologist, and a bore. "What steps would you incline to take, sir, in the event of yonder tiger effecting his liberty?" "Very long ones," replied the laconic zoologist.

Mark Twain does not let his New York friends forget him. He recently wrote from Florence to one of them: "My house is the Villa Quarto. So I shall get up my autobiography for a quarto edition. Don't say anything to the fellows who are writing their lives in octavo."

Once, while in Pittsburg, Andrew Carnegie had a telegram sent, and stood waiting, as is his custom, until it reached the operator. He listened attentively to the clicking of the key, then immediately wrote a new telegram, as follows: "The other message mine; spelling the operator's."

When he was 11 years old the late Sir Henry Keppel, the "little admiral" of the British fleet, and his brother Tom were asked by their father what profession they would select, and both decided for the navy. "Father thought," Sir Henry wrote in his memoirs, "we should have separate professions. As we disagreed, I hit Tom in the eye, which he, being bigger, returned with interest. When we had had enough, father decided we should both be sailors."

Ambassador Choate and his daughter went recently to the restaurant made famous by Dr. Samuel Johnson using it as headquarters. It is the custom there, on Thursdays, to regale guests on lark pie, such as Johnson used to eat, and the Choates were served with one of the pasties. Choate was in the chair that Johnson was wont to occupy, and had just begun his meal, when his daughter exclaimed: "Isn't it funny, pa? You are in Johnson's chair and eating a tradition." "Eating a tradition!" retorted the ambassador, struggling valiantly; "judging from my present sensations, I must have got hold of one of Johnson's larks."

Foxes are few at Burlingame, San Mateo County's fashionable resort, and following a dead anise seed bag on live horses has become rather tame sport; so, when the word was whispered recently that a live coyote (price, three dollars and fifty cents) had been secured, there was great joy, much brushing of pink coats and vigorous polishing of horns. The chase came near being a failure on account of the coyote's ignorance of his duties. Instead of running, he sat still and looked friendly and puzzled. Noises of various kinds were made, and when the coyote at last decided to move, he proved himself a descendant of the animal Mark Twain made famous. When he had a good start the hunt followed. The chase was hard, and the triumph stolen. The coyote, thoroughly enjoying the sport, was peacefully loping across the San Mateo landscape, in advance of the hounds, when he was seen by a Chinese cook. There is a Chinese superstition that the flesh of wild animals makes one brave, so this cook obtained a gun and slew the beast just as the hunters were becoming excited over who would be in at the "death." They were all there, and their wrath was such that the Chinese felt the need of a courage-inspiring coyote steak at once.

CITY OF VLADIVOSTOK.

Water Supply Is Inadequate and Insurance Rates Are High.

It is interesting to learn something of the cities of Siberia in view of the trouble between Japan and Russia in the far east, says the Municipal Journal and Engineer. Vladivostok is situated on the Gulf of Peter the Great, in Siberia, just north of Korea, and occupies a natural position that would be admirable for a large city were advantage taken of the surroundings. At present the water supply is inadequate and bad, although there are a number of natural wells and the drainage facilities are good. The city spends $900 per day for a water supply for its 40,000 inhabitants, giving an average of nine gallons per capita daily. Occasionally there is a serious fire and the fire department is not capable of handling it. Consequently the insurance is high. The property valuation is $6,000,000.

Comparing the water supply of the city with that of cities of the same size in the United States, we find that Binghamton, N. Y., has a population of 39,647, the per capita consumption is about 153 gallons per day, and the expenses for the year, including the filter service, amounted in 1892 to a little over $317 per day. Brockton, Mass., population 40,063, has a per capita consumption of 33.23 gallons daily and over half of the services are metered. The total expense of running the plant, including maintenance and construction, was in 1901 $78,202.50, giving a daily cost of about $214. Both of these cities own their own plants and will serve as models from which the authorities of this Siberian city could pattern a plant for their city.

The great needs of this city, according to reports, are a suitable reservoir and water works and a city electric light plant. The cost of these utilities has been estimated and plans drawn, but nothing is being done to carry them out. A Russian company has offered to build the water works for $515,000, or a little more than the new city pays for water. An English firm has offered to put in the electric light plant and the municipal board is now considering it. The whole trouble lies in the chaotic condition of affairs. The city is a fortress with a commandant whose jurisdiction would naturally embrace the entire fortress, but there is also a military governor of the entire seaboard province, with his official residence at Vladivostok. In addition to an admiral of the port, who resides in this city, and a mayor of the city, who is elected, or "appointed," presiding over a small council, and inadequate revenues from taxes to pay the increasing expenses. With all these various authorities pulling in different directions it is no wonder that things are at a standstill. The city is in a position to rival St. Petersburg or Moscow, as the climate is never excessively cold; there is little fog, a harbor open all the year round and a cosmopolitan population.

CITY TO BE WITHOUT WOMEN.

None Will Be Allowed in Utah Town to Be Founded by Celibates.

The "City of Celibates" is to be founded within a few miles of Provo, Utah. That at least is the impression of attaches of the American house, who were on duty when a picturesque party of foreigners arrived and registered. These men, eight in number, are looked upon as the founders of this new city, which will allow no woman within its walls, says the Denver Post.

About 2 o'clock this morning a party of men, much resembling Italian brigands as portrayed in comic opera, entered the American house. They had gold rings in their ears, wore shirts of a spectacular hue, corduroy suits and wide-brimmed hats. One man, who was civilized up to the chin—that is, clad in modern American fashion—appeared to be in charge. He put the following names on the register, his own being first:

John Rubalo, Peter Yovanovich, Luka Tomaserrich, Luke Yocaceric, Luke Yovanovish, Vaso Yovaceric, Miter Lukstck and another that was illegible. Rubalo did not say whence the party came, but it was gleaned from his conversation that all had just come from Ellis Island under his guidance.

Rubalo was not inclined to be communicative, but he said enough to foster the impression that he headed a little colony that was going to locate near Provo. The sturdy sons of sunny Italy with him would form the bone and sinew of the colony, and there would be no women allowed within its purlieus. One of the Yovanich brothers, it seems, had been deceived by a woman back in Italy and, drawing a number of his friends and relatives about him, decided to go to the new world and found a microcosm where the foot of woman would never be allowed. Nothing was said directly about naming it City of Cellbates, but from the conversation of the party that was the inference.

DONS A SECOND-HAND ROBE.

New Justice in Supreme Court Wears an Old Gown When Installed.

One of the strange customs of the United States Supreme Court is that a new justice, on his induction into office, always wears an old robe. No one can give any good reason for the custom, yet it is rigidly adhered to. Although the robes are of black, there is no law requiring that this hue be used. The chief justice could with impunity enter the court room attired in a bright yellow robe. But nothing but black would be in keeping with the solemnity of the court and its proceedings.

A woman makes the robes, and the price is invariably $100 each. She is a specialist in this line of tailoring and knows the details so well that the fit is the only thing which gives her customers concern.

The robes are worn off the bench only when the court is taking part in some official ceremony. They may be worn to an official funeral. They are always used by the court at the presidential inaugural ceremonies, on which occasion the chief justice administers the oath of office to the new President.

In the robing room is a portrait of John Jay, the first chief justice, attired in a robe with scarlet facing, but such a robe has not been seen in the court room during the past 100 years. The walls of this room are hung with new and second-hand robes, giving the place a somber appearance.

In earlier times the justices wore wigs and knee trousers. The lawyers were required to appear before court in full suits of black, with ruffled shirts, knee trousers, silk hose and low shoes with silver buckles.

A black frock coat is now the only distinctive article of dress worn by the bar, though no form of dress is now obligatory.

That Altered the Case.

It was in a country police court, and the lawyer on one side had occasion to refer to a dead man, whose evidence, had he lived would have been important.

"The defunct," the lawyer said, "would have corroborated me in this, your worships;" or "the defunct, may it please court, would, were he here;" or "it is notorious that the defunct declared frequently, your worships," and so on.

Whenever these references to the dead man were made, indignant objections came from the lawyer on the other side. The words "the defunct," in fact, always caused a squabble, and it was to be observed that in this squabble one of the magistrates—a self-made man—had from the beginning been disposed to take part. He frowned and shook his head in reprobation a great deal, and finally he said impatiently:

"What's the use o' talkin' so much about this chap you call 'the defunct?' Can't you bring him here and let him speak for himself?"

"The defunct's dead, your worship," the lawyer interposed hastily.

The magistrate looked mollified.

"Oh, that alters the case," he said.

Making a Good Beginning.

May Gidday—I'm going to write a love story.

Nell Giggles—The idea! What's it going to be about?

May Gidday—Oh, I don't know yet, but I've selected a lovely name for the heroine.—Philadelphia Press.

Not Interchangeable.

"Remember that time is money," said the person who gives much advice.

"Yes," answered the man who is not working; "but sometimes it is very difficult to effect the exchange."—Washington Star.

Quite a Different Reason.

"Folks say you only married me because I had money."

"Nonsense! My principal reason for marrying you was because I had none."—Illustrated Bits.

Ayer's

Your doctor will tell you that thin, pale, weak, nervous children become strong and well by taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Small doses, for a few days.

Sarsaparilla

The change is very prompt and very marked. Ask your doctor why it is. He has our formula and will explain.

"When 12 years old, for many months no one thought I could live because of this blood. But in a few weeks Ayer's Sarsaparilla completely restored me to health." MRS. E. BUCKMINSTER, Vineland, N. J.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for **The Children**

Biliousness, constipation prevent recovery. Cure these with Ayer's Pills.

A Bantam to the Rescue.

One day a flock of sparrows were noticed flying excitedly around a house, and on going near I saw that a young sparrow had fallen from a nest under the tiles and was too young to fly back.

Suddenly a bantam cock stepped forward. He evidently quite understood the state of affairs, for he picked the little mite up very tenderly in his beak, mounted an empty cart that happened to be conveniently near, flew from it on to the tiles and, stretching his neck out over the edge replaced the sparrow in its nest.

In doing so, however, he overbalanced himself and tumbled to the ground. But after pluming his feathers for a minute he strutted about the yard none the worse for his adventure and evidently very proud of his exploit.

A Wonderful Discovery.

Broadland, S. Dak., March 28.—Quite a sensation has been created here by the publication of the story of G. W. Gray, who after a special treatment for three months was prostrate and helpless and given up to die with Bright's Disease. Bright's Disease has always been considered incurable, but evidently from the story told by Mr. Gray, there is a remedy which will cure it even in the most advanced stages. This is what he says:

"I was helpless as a little babe. My wife and I searched everything and read everything we could find about Bright's Disease, hoping that I would be able to find a remedy. After many failures my wife insisted that I should try Dodd's Kidney Pills. I praise God for the day when I decided to do so for this remedy met every phase of my case and in a short time I was able to get out of bed and after a few weeks' treatment I was a strong, well man. Dodd's Kidney Pills saved my life."

A remedy that will cure Bright's Disease will cure any lesser Kidney Disease. Dodd's Kidney Pills are certainly the most wonderful discovery which modern medical research has given to the world.

Never Had One.

Teacher—Johnny, what is an adamant?

Johnny—You can't fool me. Adam never had no aunt.

Mrs. Elizabeth H. Thompson, of Lillydale, N.Y., Grand Worthy Wise Templar, and Member of W.C.T.U., tells how she recovered by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I am one of the many of your grateful friends who have been cured through the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, and who can to-day thank you for the fine health I enjoy. When I was thirty-five years old, I suffered severe backache and frequent bearing-down pains; in fact, I had womb trouble. I was very anxious to get well, and reading of the cures your Compound had made, I decided to try it. I took only six bottles, but it built me up and cured me entirely of my troubles.

"My family and relatives were naturally as gratified as I was. My niece had heart trouble and nervous prostration, and was considered incurable. She took your Vegetable Compound and it cured her in a short time, and she became well and strong, and her home to her great joy and her husband's delight was blessed with a baby. I know of a number of others who have been cured of different kinds of female trouble, and am satisfied that your Compound is the best medicine for sick women."—MRS. ELIZABETH H. THOMPSON, Box 105, Lillydale, N.Y.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

SEED POTATOES 500,000 BUSHELS FOR SALE CHEAP

Largest seed potato growers in the world! Elegant stock. Tremendous yields. From 400 to 1200 bushels per acre.

FOR 10 CENTS

and this notice we send you lots of farm seed samples and our catalogue, telling all about Tuxinte, Spelts, Potent, Awful Land Barley, Macaroni Wheat, Bromus, Earliest Cane, etc. Send for some today.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LA CROSSE, WIS.

WHEN writing to advertisers please mention this paper.

A JAPANESE WAR SONG.

It Describes Prowess of the Japanese During War with China.

When Japan sent a party of naval officers and sailors to this country to take charge of the cruiser Kasagi, built by the Cramps, they taught one of the Japanese war songs to their American acquaintances. Here is how the Japanese version ran in part:

Tenshin joyaku hakai hashi
Toyo heiwa no giwo shirasu,
Momai ganko no chan-chan ga,
Burei kiwamaru furumaiwa,
Setshi yakuwan kogai hifun,
Nippon danshino ademaide,
Yaban no gome a yaburenro.

Translated the song is as follows:

"The Tientsin treaty has been broken. The extremely discourteous conduct of the barbarous and stubborn Chinese, failing to recognize the value of peace in the east, causes teeth to be set and arms folded, while public sentiment is sorrowful and angry.

"To break this dream of barbarism by the power of the Japanese soldiery, our re-enforcements are continually advancing, with flags floating bravely.

"Both in the desperate battle of the Gulf of Pechili and in an attack on the province of Seikio, we displayed the national prowess by slaughtering the Chinese fighting against our country.

"We are marching through a country in which the scorching heat blisters the flesh. We are passing through fire and water, but we do not care. The enemy's projectiles come like hail. The corpses were piled mountain high at Heijo. Blood discolors the waters of Wei-hai-wei, but our soldiers, never retreating an inch, easily capture the Chinese fort.

"Grasping 400 provinces with one hand and planting the flag of the Rising Sun on the castle of Pekin, let us return in triumph. For you are to be an example of the military clan, increasing the fame of the nation.

"Human life is only fifty years. If we are reluctant to lose it, we become disloyal to the emperor for generations.

"Two ways lie open before us; the loyal way is to die. Let our motto be to continue fighting until we fall exhausted.

"This is the most satisfactory solution. How desirous. How joyful."—New York Sun.

DIKE BUILT AGES SINCE.

Remains of an Earthwork Evidently Constructed in Prehistoric Times.

The Western States and Territories contain many evidences that this continent was once peopled by a race well advanced in the arts of civilization. A wonder of apparently prehistoric origin has been discovered recently by a surveyor in Northern Idaho. It is the well-preserved remains of a dike, and lies along the east side of a swamp known as Hoodoo Lake, Kootenai County, in a country thickly covered with timber and underbrush.

The dike is 6,000 feet in length, is built carefully of rock and covered with earth. In dimensions it is four feet in height and three feet wide on top. The dike is broken in two or three places for a rod or two, and at one point apparently it has been cut in recent years. There are also evidences that parts of the dike have been broken and swept away by floods in times long past. Trees over 100 years old growing on the crest of the dike also attest in some degree to its antiquity.

The surveyor, William Ashley, was at first inclined to the belief that it was an old moraine of the glacial period, such as are frequently encountered in the Northwest. Upon close investigation, however, he was convinced that it was the work of man owing to the singular regularity of its form and the materials which compose it. The earth's surface must have undergone some great changes since the construction of this dike, for the present geological formation of the locality renders it useless either for reclamation purposes or to keep back the water. It could not have been the work of Indians. Its origin is suggestive of vast expanses of time and recalls the work of the ancient mound builders.

The Skating Stroke.

How long should the stroke be in skating? Old-timers — those who learned to skate forty or fifty years ago—will say that the stroke which they used was much longer than that which is common to-day, and that they used to travel faster. The first part of the statement is true, but the second is not. The explanation is interesting.

On the old rocker skates the skater made a long curve, beginning on the outer edge, gradually turning and finishing on the inner edge of the blade. "Turkey" Smith, the famous English champion of old days, covered twelve to eighteen yards at a stroke in that style.

The thin, keen, flat club type of skates changed all that. All the stroke in racing is now on the inner edge. J. F. Donoghue, one of the greatest of all skaters, used only a six-yard stride in the championship races of 1891, and Mr. Eden, who won at St. Petersburg in 1896, went but seven and a half yards at a stride.

Mr. Donoghue, whose short, quick strokes were wonderful to watch, still holds the record for the fastest mile and the fastest half mile ever skated, in 1887, at Newburgh, on the Hudson, he skated a mile before the wind in two minutes, twelve and six-tenths seconds. Six years later he traveled a hundred miles near Stamford, Conn., in seven hours, eleven minutes, thirty-eight and one-fifth seconds. None of the old-time, long-stroke skaters ever made such speed as that.

Simplicity in Toys.

It is a pity that such a great variety of toys are given to the modern child to play with. Everything comes to his hand ready made, and leaves almost nothing to his own creative genius. A few simple playthings made the child just as happy, and much more inventive. Many a little one will spend hours building houses and laying railroad tracks with a box of blocks for his material who will in a day cast aside the most costly toy, if it suggest nothing new to his fancy.

Acting is supposed to be a profession, but sometimes it is merely a walk in life.

THE OLD FOLKS AT HOME

Are Never Without Peruna in the House for Catarrhal Diseases.

MR. AND MRS. J. O. ATKINSON, INDEPENDENCE, MO.

Under date of January 10, 1897, Dr. Hartman received the following letter:

"My wife had been suffering from a complication of diseases for the past 25 years.

"Her case had baffled the skill of some of the most noted physicians. One of her worst troubles was chronic constipation of several years' standing.

"She also was passing through that most critical period in the life of a woman—change of life. In June, 1895, I wrote to you about her case. You advised a course of Peruna and Manalin, which we at once commenced, and have to say it completely cured her. She firmly believes that she would have been dead only for these wonderful remedies.

"About the same time I wrote you about my own case of catarrh, which had been of 25 years' standing. At times I was almost just going. I commenced to use Peruna according to your intructions and continued its use for about a year, and it has completely cured me.

"Your remedies do all that you claim for them, and even more. Catarrh cannot exist where Peruna is taken according to directions. Success to you and your remedies."

John O. Atkinson.

In a letter dated January 1, 1900, Mr. Atkinson says, after five years' experience with Peruna:

"I will ever continue to speak a good word for Peruna. In my rounds as a traveling man I am a walking advertisement for Peruna and have induced many people during the past year to use Peruna with the most satisfactory results. I am still cured of catarrh."

John O. Atkinsen,
Box 272, Independence, Mo.

When old age comes on, catarrhal diseases come also. Systemic catarrh is almost universal in old people.

This explains why Peruna has become so indispensable to old people. Peruna is their safe-guard. Peruna is the only remedy yet devised that meets these cases exactly.

Such cases cannot be treated locally, nothing but an effective systemic remedy could cure them. This is exactly what Peruna is.

If you do not receive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

A Degenerate.

Kind Lady—Have you always been a tramp? Were you never any higher?

Tramp—Oh! yes'm. I uster be a second-story worker and porch-climber.

The Wonderful Cream Separator

does its work in 30 minutes and leaves less than 1 per cent butter fat. The price is ridiculously low, according to size, $2.75 to $6.00 each, and when you have one you would not part therewith for fifty times its cost.

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE

with 5c stamps for postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and get their big catalog, fully describing this remarkable Cream Separator, and hundreds of other tools and farm seeds used by the farmer. [P. C. L.]

Not Crowded.

"I suppose there is plenty of room at the top in your business."

"Hardly. I am a steeple-jack."

FITS Permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Before boiling milk rinse out the saucepan with a little hot water; it will prevent the milk sticking to the bottom of the pan.

About Correct.

Teacher—Can you tell me the difference between caution and cowardice?

Bright Boy—Yes, ma'am. When you are afraid yourself, that's caution; when the other fellow's afraid, that's cowardice.

For bronchial troubles try Piso's Cure for Consumption. It is a good cough medicine. At druggists, price 25 cents.

This is a cold world—but what does the coal dealer care?

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslows's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

It costs more every year to live citizen a better time than it cost the year before. Happiness with a corncob or rag doll is becoming a tradition, even in the poorest districts.

Perrin's Pile Specific

The INTERNAL REMEDY
No Case Exists it Will Not Cure

SURE INDICATIONS OF BAD BLOOD

OLD SORES, ULCERS, ABSCESSES

The best evidence of a bad condition of the blood and unhealthy state of the system, is an old festering sore, running ulcer, or abscess. They show the bodily impurities are not passing out through the proper channels, but are left in the system to clog and poison the blood. So thoroughly does the poison permeate the system that every little scratch, cut or bruise inflames and festers. Everything about an old sore or ulcer suggests disease. They affect the general health, they require constant attention, and are a source of anxiety and trouble all the time, and in some cases highly offensive. There is danger, too, of these places becoming cancerous if not treated promptly and in the right way. Washes, salves and ointments are good for external use, but they can't stop the discharge or change the condition of the blood, and for this reason the sore never heals permanently.

Not until the blood is purged of impurities and the system cleansed of all harmful substances should the ulcer heal, or the effect upon the system might prove disastrous. S. S. S. goes into the circulation and searches out and removes the cause of the old sore and invigorates and builds up the polluted, sluggish blood again, and as the poisonous matter is driven from the system the sore begins to heal, new flesh forms and the place is soon covered over with fresh skin and the sore is gone for all time. Where the constitution is debilitated from the effects of chronic sores, ulcers, abscesses, carbuncles, boils or other severe skin eruptions, S. S. S. will build it up again and stimulate and strengthen all parts of the system. S. S. S. contains no strong minerals, but is guaranteed entirely vegetable. It is unequaled as a Blood Purifier and invigorating tonic. Do not depend upon local remedies alone. Get your blood right, and as it forces out the poison the sore must heal, because nothing is left in the system for it to feed upon. Write us should you desire medical advice, which is given without charge.

SSS

FROM CALF OF THE LEG TO ANKLE A SOLID SORE.

New Castle, Pa., July 29, 1903.

Three years ago a common boil appeared on the calf of my limb. Not yielding to simple home remedies, I consulted a physician, who prescribed a poultice, flax seed, supposedly. By some fearful mistake I was given corrosive sublimate, and after having it on for a few minutes I could endure the pain no longer, so took off the application and found that my limb from the calf to the ankle was in an awful condition. I immediately sent for another physician, who told me I had been poisoned. My limb from the calf to the ankle was one solid inflamed sore. I was advised to begin S. S. S., and improved rapidly under its use, but about this time I had an attack of typhoid fever, and this settled in the original sore. This, of course, caused a back set, but having confidence in the ability of S. S. S., I began it again as soon as I was over the fever, and to make a long story short, was completely and permanently cured. Two years have elapsed, and I have never had a return of the trouble. MRS. K. A. DUFFY, 214 W. Washington St.

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