

Bohemia Nugget

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COTTAGE GROVE, OREGON.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Presented in Condensed Form, Most Likely to Prove Interesting.

Advertising, like irrigation, must be kept up. One application may do some good, but it takes several to mature the crop.

The jury in the Miller-Johns postal fraud case was unable to agree and was discharged.

Aberdeen citizens will at once rebuild their burned town in a much more substantial manner.

Fifteen Italian laborers were killed and 40 injured in a collision of trains near Trenton, N. J.

Roosevelt has ordered withdrawal of land along Alaskan streams with the idea of establishing salmon hatcheries.

The Dowsett meetings in New York are greatly disturbed by the curious "Elijah II" scores them collectively and individually.

The navy department rather than be held up by a landowner, will strike out estimates for the enlargement of the Puget Sound navy yard.

General Funston, in his annual report on department of Columbia affairs, recommends that Fort Walla Walla be abandoned. He says the pay of the private is too small.

The Russian squadron has returned to Port Arthur.

The entire Philippine exhibit is now at St. Louis. There were 50 carloads in all.

More alarmist reports are being sent out concerning the Russo-Japanese situation.

Bar pilots, after spending a day in taking soundings, find there is 19 feet of water on the Columbia bar at low tide.

John Alexander Dowle and 3,000 of his followers have reached New York where they intend to convert the unbelievers.

Congressman Jones, of Washington, will follow the wish of his constituency and vote for Cuban reciprocity, although opposing it.

Convicts Wood and Murphy, who with others escaped from Folsom, Cal., penitentiary and were recaptured have been held to answer to the charge of murder.

Senator Hansborough, of North Dakota, will introduce a bill for the sale of timber lands at auction, and requiring final proof before desert entries can be transferred.

After being out 20 hours the jury in the Tillman case returned a verdict of not guilty.

Moroccan rebels have won another victory, and the position of the sultan is becoming desperate.

The interstate commerce commission has granted several railroads more time for compliance with the safety-appliance law.

The sultan of Turkey is considering the recommendation of the porte for Turkish participation in the St. Louis exposition.

Through sleeping car service between Chicago and Los Angeles and San Francisco and between Chicago and Galveston is to be established by the Wabash.

The Standard plant of the United States Reduction & Refining company at Colorado City resumed operations, after an idleness of six weeks on account of a strike.

Registration frauds in connection with the coming New York election are already appearing. Fifty Italians were given naturalization papers on reaching their city.

Surgical instrument dealers, manufacturers and importers of the United States and Canada are about to organize an association to be known as the American Surgical Trade association.

While digging for coal in an abandoned mine near Dravosburg, Pa., Daniel Sarg and two brothers discovered about \$5,000 worth of clothing, drygoods, hardware, etc., scattered in a deserted portion of the mine.

The czar has abandoned his visit to Rome.

Lord Rosebery has come out strongly for free trade.

The fear of war between Russia and Japan is waning.

Chief Newell declares that Oregon is asleep as regards interest in irrigation.

At the Indianapolis, Ind., city election, the Democratic nominee for mayor was elected.

Monaster is becoming peaceful, Turkish soldiers having practically annihilated the insurgents.

The trial of ex-Lieutenant Governor Tillman, of South Carolina, is finished and has gone to the jury.

It is not likely that the government will purchase part of the townsite of Bremerton for use as a naval station as the price wanted is too high.

War between Russia and Japan appears less probable.

Yellow fever in Texas is spreading. Doctors, however, believe they will soon have it under control.

Three men were killed and as many others injured in a freight wreck in the Kansas City switch yards.

China is said to have negotiated a secret treaty which will allow Russia to remain in possession of Manchuria for 15 years.

The general land office has withdrawn from entry 20 sections in the Spokane land district.

The Warner valley stock company has received its patent, the document coming direct from the secretary of the interior. The only course now open to settlers in that section is the courts.

NOTE TO CANADA.

America Loses but One Point in the Boundary Case.

London, Oct. 20.—The Alaskan boundary commission has verbally agreed to grant all the American contentions except that of the Portland canal, which goes to Canada. The formal agreement is being drawn up.

The successful termination of arbitration came as a complete surprise to all interested in the case, except perhaps the commissioners themselves.

No hitch occurred during the entire deliberations, and as these progressed the confidence of the American commissioners that a decision substantially upholding the American claims would be given, increased; but it was admitted to be necessary to agree to a compromise on the Portland canal.

The only disputing feature for the Americans during the last few days had been a vague idea that Chief Justice Alverstone, even if he concluded to take the American view, might be unwilling to go on record with a decision to take effect, and a disagreement was not unlikely.

All that now remains to be done is for the commissioners to affix their signatures to the decision and complete the map which will accompany it. On the map will be marked the boundary line, definitely fixing the division of American and British territory on such a basis that no American citizen will lose a foot of land he already believed he held, while the United States will get all the waterways to the rich Alaskan territory with the exception of the Portland canal.

Whether Messrs. Aylesworth and Jette, the Canadian commissioners, will sign the decision and make it unanimous is not known, but it will not affect the validity of the agreement if a minority report is submitted. The actual marking of the line on the map which shall forever determine the respective territories will occupy some time.

CANADA IS MUCH DOWNCAST.

Portland Canal Concession Is Little Better Than None at All.

Ottawa, Oct. 20.—The Canadian government has not yet received the official notice of the reported decision in the Alaskan boundary matter. If the decision is as reported, namely, that the Portland canal is to remain in Canadian territory, there is a feeling in official circles that the Dominion has not much to be thankful for. Canada, in holding the Portland canal retains Wales and Pease islands, which overlook Port Simpson, the proposed terminus of the Grand Trunk-Pacific. It would be inconvenient to have lost these islands, but as they were clearly marked on Vancouver's map as being in Canada, it is difficult to see how this could have been done.

As the government has no official information, none of the ministers will speak on the subject for publication. North of Port Simpson, Canada will have no harbor and no outlet on the Pacific coast from the Yukon goldfields.

WILL RISE TO A MAN.

People of Russia Ready to Uphold the Czar in the Far East.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 20.—While expressing the hope of a peaceful issue of the far Eastern crisis, the Novoe Vremya points out that if war breaks out the Russians will rise as one man at the call of the czar, and there can be no doubt regarding the ultimate issue. The Novoe Vremya asserts that the Japanese belief that Ciceroy Alexieff represents the Russian war party is quite erroneous, adding:

"While the viceroys has been given extensive administrative powers, he is only the executor of the orders of the czar in matters of foreign policy. One of the czar's chief aims, the maintenance of peace, is the fundamental basis of Russian policy in the far East."

"This has been modified since the institution of the viceroys, and the holder of the post cannot depart from the very clearly defined policy of the Russian government which has no other object than the peaceful prosperity of the sate."

Press Again Belligerent.

Paris, Oct. 20.—Although the officials do not take an alarmist view of the Russo-Japanese situation, their latest advice indicates a renewal of its somewhat serious aspect. The Russian admiralty has prepared for a concentration of warships on the Mediterranean station, and at other European points. The reason for this is understood to be the presence of Japanese warships in European ports. The Japanese press, which for a time was restrained by the government, has again adopted a belligerent attitude.

To Fortify San Juan.

San Juan, Porto Rico, Oct. 20.—It was learned today that the fortifications board had decided to make San Juan one of the American fortified strongholds. All the Spanish guns which were in the fortifications at the time the Americans took possession have been rejected and surveys today began planning for the placing of modern iron in the Morro, San Cristobal and Escambron forts, in each of which will be mounted four 10-inch and two 12-inch guns, having a range of 10 miles.

Apportionment of School Funds.

Albany.—The Linn county school fund has been apportioned among the various school districts by County School Superintendent W. L. Jackson. The total amount of the fund is \$67,399.30, and it has been apportioned among 22 districts. The amounts range from \$138.06, which is the sum set aside for the smallest district to \$2,183.70, the amount that will support the district embracing the three Albany schools.

Building Material Scarce.

La Grande.—La Grande is in a bad way for lumber and other building material. The construction of a sewer through the main business portion of the city is at a standstill for the want of lumber. Dwelling and business block building is at a standstill for the want of material. There are a number of buildings under construction, but they cannot proceed because of the shortage.

HAPPENINGS HERE IN OREGON

RICH BOHEMIA LEDGER.

Shows Thousands of Tons of Quartz Carrying 37.

Engene.—Information has been received at the office of the North Fairview Mining company, in this city, of a very rich strike that has been made in the Belle of Fairview claim, in the Bohemia district, showing probably the largest deposit of free-milling ore ever struck in this section.

Tunnels and shafts already made, block out over 100,000 tons of oxidized decomposed quartz, carrying an average of 37 per cent in free gold. The ledge is a great true fissure, and is from 18 to 40 feet wide where it has been opened. In the different cross-tunnels the ore shows continuous cropping of 2,300 feet over on the west slope of Fairview mountain, and from the present indications there are over 1,000,000 tons of the same quality as that already blocked out, and the vein is 40 feet wide at the west end of the claims, where a tunnel of the vein will tap the ore body at a vertical depth of 1,200 feet.

This ore can be mined and milled for \$1.50 per ton, which leaves a handsome profit for the owners.

TO TEACH FARMING.

A New Study for Common School Course Is Proposed.

Salmon.—The teaching of the elements of agriculture in the common schools of Oregon is advocated by Superintendent of Public Instruction J. H. Ackerman. The purpose of the introduction of this study would be to teach the children the technical side of scientific farming, but rather to give them an understanding of such elementary facts and principles as every person who resides in an agricultural country should know. Superintendent Ackerman believes that at some future time such a study should be placed in the common school course, and that before the teaching of this branch is commenced, time should be given for the teachers to prepare for the work they will be required to do. He would have every applicant for a teacher's certificate take an examination in the subject of elements of agriculture.

Seeding Season at Pendleton.

Pendleton.—This is the busy season for the farmers of this portion of the Blue mountains district. Not for years has wheat been planted so early as it is this year. Some of the grain is already above the ground and so rapidly are the farmers rushing the work that seeding will be completed by the end of this month. The rains of a few days ago put the ground in excellent condition. The acreage planted this year is about the same as last year. Some of the wheat this year, however, was spring sown, but there will be less of that for the 1904 crop.

Cascara Hunters Disappointed.

Corvallis.—Corvallisites who went to Alsea and Fachats region in search of cascara homesteads are returning home. They did not generally meet with the success they anticipated. Cascara tree locators whom they were to pay \$50 for each quarter located failed to place them on lands that promised to justify the required outlay. None of those who returned have as yet filed home-estead papers. Something over six sections of land have, however, been filed under the homestead arrangement within the immediate past.

Governor Bestows Some Honors.

Salmon.—Governor Chamberlain has appointed the following residents of Oregon as delegates to the Mississippi River Improvement association convention: Dr. S. M. Hanby, J. Wesley Ladd, W. L. Brewster, John Van Zante, William Reid, Phil Her, Portland; W. M. Kaiser, Salem; Morse Fouchs, I. B. Bowen, Baker City; C. E. Oliver, Portland; Eugene Schow, La Grande; Owen Caraher, Portland. The convention will be held at New Orleans October 27.

Few Hop Sales in Polk County.

Independence.—There are large quantities of hops stored in the warehouses here and but few have been sold. A part of some of the crops were contracted last year and have been delivered. Some few growers have sold and have sold well. Those selling here received from 24 cents to 25 1/2 cents per pound. The latter price seems to be the highest that has been paid in the county yet. Many are holding, expecting to get even better figures than 25 1/2 cents.

Divided the School District.

Pendleton.—At a special session of the county court, school district No. 27, over which there has been a war for several months, was divided satisfactorily to all patrons. The district was so divided that it leaves 13 children in the north end and which adjoints the Pendleton district. The north end gets the schoolhouse, for which the patrons paid \$100 to the people of the south end. There are about 40 children in the north end. The people of the south will send their children to the Pendleton schools.

Portland Markets.

Wheat—Walla Walls, 74c; blue-stem, 78c; valley, 70c@77c.
Barley—Feed, \$20 per ton; brewing, \$21; rolled, \$21.
Flour—Valley, \$3.75@3.85 per barrel; hard wheat straight, \$3.75@4.10; hard wheat patents, \$4.20@4.50; Graham, \$3.35@3.75; whole wheat, \$3.55@4; rye wheat, \$4.50.
Oats—No. 1 white, \$1.10; gray, \$1 @1.05 per cental.
Millstuffs Bran, \$20 per ton; middlings, \$24; shorts, \$20; chop, \$18; house dairy feed, \$19.
Hay—Timothy, \$16 per ton; clover, \$13; grain, \$10; chest, \$10.
Butter—Fancy creamery, 25@27¢ per pound; dairy, 16¢@20¢; store, 15¢@16¢.
Cheese—Full cream, twins, 14¢; Young America, 15¢@16¢; factory prices, 10¢@12¢ less.
Poultry—Chickens, mixed, 10¢@10 1/2¢ per pound; spring, 10¢; hens, 11¢@11 1/2¢; broilers, \$1.75 per dozen; turkeys, live, 16¢@16¢ per pound; dressed, 16¢@18¢; ducks, \$6@7 per dozen; geese, \$7@10.
Eggs—Oregon ranch, 27¢; Eastern, 26¢.
Potatoes—Oregon, 65¢@76¢ per sack; west potatoes, 2¢@2 1/2¢.
Hops—1903 crop, 19¢@22¢ per pound, according to quality.
Wool—Valley, 17¢@18¢; Eastern/Oregon, 12¢@15¢; mohair, 35¢@37 1/2¢.
Beef—Dressed, 6¢@7¢ per pound.
Veal—Small, 7¢@8¢; large, 5¢@6¢ per pound.
Mutton—Dressed, 5¢@5 1/2¢; lambs, dressed, 6¢.
Pork—Dressed, 7 1/2¢@8¢.

SMELTER FOR UNION.

Great Plant to Be Installed Shortly in Eastern Oregon.

Union.—The consummation of one of the most gigantic mining propositions ever promoted in Union county, if not in the entire state, was announced here a few days ago. George H. Downs, the mining promoter, who has been heading the town of North Powder his headquarters the past two years while at work upon this big deal, stated that his project has the backing of New York capitalists, and that the matter has reached the point of certainty of consummation.

The company has just perfected its incorporation, and the articles will be filed with the county clerk here and with the secretary of state. The name of the corporation is the Eastern Oregon Mining, Milling, Transportation, Smelting & Generating company. The capital stock is placed at \$5,000,000. The first officers of the corporation will be: H. O. Gorham, president and treasurer; W. H. Gorham, vice-president and George H. Downs, secretary and general manager.

The company proposes to erect a 250-ton smelter near the town of North Powder, in Union county, about 13 miles south of Union, for treating all the various grades of gold and copper ores found in the southern part of Union county and northern part of Baker county, and in order to bring such ores to the reduction works it is proposed to build a number of short electric lines to the mines, covering a distance of over 50 miles.

These lines are to be built not only for carrying ores, but passengers and freight as well. Manager Downs declined to give particulars as to the routes of the lines, but says the entire project is a certainty.

Must Supply the Water.

Ontario.—Some weeks ago a suit was instituted against the Ontario Land & Irrigation company for damages caused by insufficiency of water during the season, when the water had been paid for. A decision has been handed in by the jurors of the circuit court allowing Dr. G. A. Pogue \$1,800 damages. This ditch owner, who the suit was brought by David Wilson, and goes by the name of the Wilson ditch. The winning of the suit gives ground for damages each year until the ditch is improved.

Sale of Rogue River Fruit.

Medford.—The Rogue River Fruit-growers' association shipped two carloads of Winter Nellis pears this week—one to Cincinnati and the other to New Orleans, La. They also shipped one carload of apples to New York. E. J. DeHart just received returns from a carload of very fine Berre de which he fears, will have a selling price of Chicago. The pears were sold for \$1.50 per box, and Mr. DeHart was highly complimented on his methods of packing and the quality of fruit.

Apple Sales Net \$26,000.

La Grande.—Fruitdale fruitgrowers are disposing of fruit in large quantities. Within the last few days L. Oldenberger sold 16 cars and S. J. White three cars, for which they received 75 cents per box. This makes a total sale so far this season from Fruitdale alone of 50 cars, leaving about ten cars of the apples still in the hands of the growers. Fruitdale growers will have received upon delivery of the entire contract about \$26,000. Cove is sending out large shipments of as fine apples as were ever grown.

Ground in Condition for Plowing.

Salmon.—The rains of the past week have moistened the ground so that it is in good condition for plowing and grain farmers will have an opportunity to get their fall work done in a reasonable time if subsequent weather should be favorable. The rain has also been beneficial to pastures. In the hills, where prairie drying is late, the rains have raised some of the fruit to crack, but the loss from this cause will be very heavy.

Will Vote on Strike.

Winnipeg, Man., Oct. 19.—Strained relations exist between the Canadian Pacific management and its engineers and firemen, and a strike may result. A committee has been at Montreal for some time endeavoring to secure concessions from the company, but so far the negotiations have resulted in naught. The committee returned to Winnipeg, and a big meeting of representatives of the engineers and firemen was held today, at which it was decided to take a poll of the men on the question of striking.

Fire at Hospital.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 19.—As a result of a fire in the Grady hospital, the largest in the city, two negro women died, and for some time the lives of a score or more were threatened. The two women died as the result of the excitement, and not from injuries received in the fire. The fire originated about midnight from embers left in the laundry stove. The entire hospital was filled with smoke and the action of the nurses in protecting their patients were heroic. The property loss was small.

Refugees Must Be Aided.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Oct. 19.—The ministry of the interior has sent a circular to the local authorities intimating that, as there are 20,000 destitute refugees in the frontier districts dependent upon the government and private charity, measures must be taken to domicile them in various parts of the country during the winter, pending the completion of arrangements with Turkey for their repatriation. The work will be entrusted to local committees.

Japan Not Willing.

London, Oct. 17.—The Kobe correspondent to the Daily Mail telegraphs under date of October 15 that it is reported Russia has offered to relinquish her claims in Korea, but insists upon retaining Manchuria. It is stated that Japan has refused to accede to this proposition.

LOSS OVER A MILLION.

Entire Business Portion of Aberdeen Is Destroyed by Fire.

Aberdeen, Oct. 17.—Seven solid blocks, embracing every business house of prominence in Aberdeen, a large number of dwellings, the opera house, the central school building, the Edison and Olympus theatres, the Crescent hotel, the new fire department headquarters, the council chambers, the fire alarm system, every law office, and a hospital—all were included in a district covered by a fire which started yesterday in the Mack block on Hume street. The loss is estimated at not less than \$1,000,000, and the insurance is not more than one-third.

There were four fatalities from falling walls and suffocation and five other persons were slightly injured. All the buildings burned, except the Kaufmann block, were of wood, and only vacant areas of land here and there prevented the entire town from being fuel for the flames.

The fire started in the Mack block, a three-story structure, occupied by impoverished bachelors, who cooked their meals on small oil stoves. In one of these rooms a blaze was seen but before the department got to work the interior was a mass of flames. Two lives were lost in the building.

The lack of sufficient hose and the failure of the big new engine to work properly kept the fire department from saving property and dynamite was used at several points to stop the progress of the fire.

The arrival of the departments of Montesano and Hoquiam and a large corps of volunteers from each place helped materially in getting the fire under control. The fortunate circumstance of the fire is that no mill property was burned and no one is thrown out of employment, except store clerks and this will be but temporarily.

While the fire will be severely felt by all business men it is looked upon in one sense as being auspicious for the future of the city as the council will establish a fire district and permit only the erection of brick and stone buildings.

TRAILED BY HOUNDS.

Two Dynamite Suspects Are Arrested Near Helena.

Helena, Mont., Oct. 19.—Six sticks of dynamite were found on the Northern Pacific track near Birdseye, eight miles west of Helena, this morning. An extra freight east bound passed over the powder during the night without exploding it.

The dynamite was discovered early this morning by section men, fathomed into thin sheets in its frozen condition. It had been placed under the rail, the splashes of which had been removed. The train that passed over the powder was pulled by Engineer Moffit, who said that the track appeared to be all right.

Chief of detectives McFetridge, of St. Paul, in charge of the Northern Pacific detectives and officers, left with a pack of bloodhounds soon after the finding of the powder was reported.

George Hammond, suspected of being implicated in the dynamite explosions on the Northern Pacific, was arrested this morning half a mile from where the explosive was found on the track and brought to Helena and put in jail. He was found in a deserted barn with his horse by Detective McFetridge.

He was armed with a Colt's revolver and had a full belt of cartridges. He says he worked in Colorado a year ago and was injured in an accident in the Sun & Moon mine, and came into the hills to get a rest. He confessed to stealing supplies in the vicinity where he was found.

Two other arrests have been made in the same vicinity, but the names of the men are not known, and they will not be brought to town until late tonight.

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AMERICA HAS WON

ALASKA BOUNDARY CASE HAS BEEN DECIDED.

Maps Published Indicating the True Line—All Points Carry Dominion Is Certain to Be Shocked Greatly, but All Agree Her Lawyer Well Performed His Trust.

London, Oct. 17.—The Morning Advertiser announces that it regrets to learn from a source which it regards beyond question that the decision in the Alaska boundary tribunal virtually concedes the American case.

The Morning Advertiser, which appears to be thoroughly satisfied with the reliability of its statement, says the news will be received in Canada with consternation. It gives a map and a detailed explanation showing how the decision will affect Canada, and adds that those who have followed the arguments have been thoroughly satisfied with Clifford Sifton's preparation and presentation of the case.

FOREIGNERS HOLD FEW BONDS.

Treasury Shows That National Credit Is Upheld by Domestic Money.

Washington, Oct. 17.—The annual report of the register of the treasury shows that an aggregate of \$15,085,730 of the register bonds are held by foreigners. Of this amount \$3,211,250 are credited to individuals and \$11,874,480 to foreign insurance companies. The latter amount is all on deposit in this country under the law which requires all foreign insurance companies to deposit with the insurance commissioner of the particular state in which it does business a certain amount of bonds apportioned to the business done, to secure its policy holders.

"The amount of United States bonds thus held by foreign individuals," says the register, "is so insignificant that it may be said that the National credit is entirely upheld by domestic money."

"An annual report of the domestic holdings shows that the consols of 1903 is the popular one with the national banks. Out of a total of \$506,403,350, the banks have on deposit with the treasury of the United States as security for circulating notes and for deposits the sum of \$458,448,100, leaving to be accounted for \$48,025,250. Of the latter amount \$29,723,850 are held by individuals, the remainder being in the possession of the banks, insurance and trust companies, lodges and societies. The bonds of the various loans on June 30, 1903, were held in this country as follows:

Lodges, \$1,750,410; societies, \$27,439,340; individuals, \$208,840,810; with the treasury of the United States in trust, \$498,877,140; in banks, \$93,998,830; insurance and trust companies, \$14,294,570; total, \$786,262,100.

CREW TURNS ON THEM.

Philippine Fugitive Is Killed, and His Partner Badly Wounded.

Manila, Oct. 16.—The crew of the boat in which Johnston and Herman, the runaway constabulary officers, accompanied by a constabulary sergeant, Isidro Quintal for Cagayanan island, attacked the outlaws on nearing the latter place, killing Johnston and wounding Herman and the constable. Herman killed four of the crew, and the other two jumped overboard. He then put back to Negros, where he sent guns and ammunition to the police and abandoned the boat off Sabayan, Bayawan, where he was in hiding when the last was heard of him.

Saturday night last the police captured the boat, recovering a number of constabulary guns, ammunition and some money. They also buried Johnston, whose body was found in the boat. It is presumed that the crew intended to kill the outlaws and secure their money and arms.

Flop of Coin Settles Fate.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—A dispatch from Lawrenceville, Ill., says: In the Lawrenceville circuit court here a jury trying a case of the state vs. George Ryan, charged with assault to commit murder, could not reach a verdict after being out 36 hours, when one of them suggested flipping nickels—heads to convict, tails to acquit. Each juror put a nickel in a hat, a shake and toss and the nickels fell on the table, six and six. The second trial showed four heads and eight tails, resulting in acquittal. The man may be indicted.

Japan Wants Every Promise Kept.

London, Oct. 17.—A dispatch to Reuters from Tokyo, dated yesterday, says: Important cabinet meetings were held yesterday and today, and the impression in well-informed circles is that Japan will insist on Russia's fulfillment of her promises. The newspaper comment is quiet but insistent. The Nichi Nichi, the most powerful paper, believes the St. Petersburg government is innocent of the bellicose actions of Russian agents in the Orient. It urges, however, the necessity of preparation.

Urges Day of Rest for Men.

Kansas City, Oct. 17.—Addressing the annual convention of the roomasters and