

BOHEMIA NUGGET.

HOWARD & HENRY, Proprietors

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FRIDAY, MAY 30, 1902.

THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Congressional For Members of Congress, First Dist., THOS. H. TONGUE

State Governor—W. J. Furnish, of Pendleton; Supreme Judge—H. E. Bean, of Eugene; Secretary of State—F. L. Dunbar, of Astoria; State Treasurer—C. S. Moore, Klamath Falls; Attorney General—A. M. Crawford, of Roseburg; State Printer—J. R. Whitney, of Albany; Superintendent of Public Instruction—J. H. Ackerman, of Portland.

County Senator—W. KUYKENDALL, Eugene; Representatives—J. T. HARRIS, Eugene; J. M. SHELLEY, Eugene; L. N. EDWARDS, Springfield; Clerk—E. U. LEE, Junction; Sheriff—A. J. JOHNSON, Crescent; Commissioners—H. D. EDWARDS, Springfield; Treasurer—GEO. F. CRAW, Eugene; Assessor—D. E. BURTON, Cottage Grove; Surveyor—C. M. COLLIER, Eugene; Coroner—DR. C. B. KING, Eugene.

REPRESENTATIVE TONGUE.

No man in congress from any state has more earnestly and zealously endeavored to serve the people of his district and his state without regard to political faith, or social or commercial position, than has Thos. H. Tongue. He is now and has been since he first entered congress, one of the busiest men in that body. No man has ever written him a letter or made a request of him of any kind, which he has not in some way answered, and the infinite detail of his daily work, would tax the energies of the most vigorous man. Mr. Tongue has made no attempt to distinguish himself in congress by the usual method employed by most of the members, that of making speeches, but has confined himself almost wholly to the practical features and duties of his position, as in this way only can a man do that service for his constituents which they demand and to which they are justly entitled. Aside from the endless detail of correspondence amounting to an average of 75 letters a day, attending to questions before departments, carrying out personal wishes granting personal requests, attending to pensions, to mail routes and contracts, to requests for government publications, and an infinite number of others unnecessary to mention, he has secured the establishment of innumerable postoffices, increase of mail service in numerous localities and a very large number of free rural delivery routes. During his first term he secured the first free rural delivery to the Pacific coast. While Mr. Tongue has not been heard often on the floor of congress, such speeches as he has made, have been characterized by an ability which has made him a reputation of being one of the ablest and most forceful speakers in the lower house of congress. The first speech made by Mr. Tongue was during his first term in congress and on the Teller Resolution declaring that it would be in good faith to pay public obligations in silver.

Among obligations like a hundred speeches on this subject, made in the senate and house, the congressional campaign committee selected five to be circulated as campaign documents. Mr. Tongue's speech was one of these five. His next speech was in his second term and was on the enactment of the gold standard law. The congressional committee selected extracts from six different speeches on this subject for distribution, and that of Mr. Tongue was one of these, and he was the only member of congress whose speech on both of these subjects was chosen for campaign purposes. Aside from those above mentioned Mr. Tongue has made speeches on the annexation of Hawaii, the Philippine question Porto Rican tariff, on improvements at the mouth of the Columbia river, and all of these have been of such a character as to have been the occasion of very favorable press mention.

Mr. Tongue's committee assignments are something of an index to his standing both in congress and with the republican organization. When he received his appointment on the river and harbor committee he had been in congress but one term. California had never had the position and neither had Washington. Both were applicants for it and both were strongly supported. At the same time Oregon had in the senate a member on the committee on commerce, and California

had not, but desired it. In the face of these adverse conditions Mr. Tongue was assigned this very important position. At the same congress he was appointed chairman of the committee on irrigation of arid lands, a committee which he has made one of the most important in congress. No member of congress today having served so short a time, has two positions of equal importance.

RIVER AND HARBOR APPROPRIATIONS. On these matters in which Oregon is particularly interested, Mr. Tongue has secured for Oregon a consideration, which far exceeds anything of this kind in the history of appropriations for this state. The river and harbor bill as it left the house committee, and before additions and amendments had been made by the senate, carried an aggregate appropriation for the rivers and harbors of nearly \$2,000,000, an amount of money equal to one-fourth the entire appropriation for the state during forty-three years or since her admission to the sisterhood of states. For all the rivers and harbors of the United States, carrying an annual tonnage of 100,000 tons and less, an aggregate tonnage of 2,200,398 tons there was appropriated by the house committee; \$417,000 which is something less than 20 cents a ton. Out of this \$417,000 thus appropriated Mr. Tongue has gotten for the little state of Oregon for river and harbors of this class, for Tillamook \$27,000 for Siuslaw river, \$26,000, for Coquille river \$30,000 and for Coos Bay \$10,000—\$93,000 or nearly one-fourth the entire amount allowed for rivers and harbors of this class in the entire United States. This is a showing which cannot be approached by any other state in the union.

For the mouth of the Columbia the appropriation granted by the house committee on rivers and harbors, of which Mr. Tongue is a member, was \$1,500,000, the largest amount ever given for the Columbia, and for the Willamette river above Portland and its tributaries, there was an appropriation of \$68,000, or more than has been before appropriated for the Willamette river in all the history of Oregon.

To the above may be added an appropriation of \$100,000 for a federal building at Salem the first and only one in the district and an appropriation for the Chemawa Indian school, two or three times greater than was ever before obtained for that school.

A matter in which a very large number of the citizens of Oregon are interested is the Indian War Veterans Pension Act, which has been before congress for a long time. The Indian War Veterans constituted the very cream, at the time, the backbone of the pioneer stock of this country, and the service rendered by them, not only to the settlers of this coast, but to the general government as well, can never be told, and, by the people east of the Rocky mountains at least has never been appreciated or even understood. It is a blot and blemish upon the gratitude of the people of this country, that these men, have not long since had pension recognition. These valiant sons of the great west who repelled savages and made it possible for white settlement of Oregon and Washington, practically reclaimed this whole northwest from savage dominion and now at the advanced average age of over 73 years, they are still unremembered by a pension from the government. Mr. Tongue had lived all his life in Oregon among these pioneer soldiers, and knew their service and personal worth.

He was deeply impressed with the merit of their claim for pension and deeply felt the humiliation which every good and patriotic citizen feels when he knows his country has not done its entire duty. When he entered congress, there was on the part of the majority of the members of that body a cold indifference to the Indian War Veterans Pension Bill and many new members had not even heard of it. Among the older members who had years before heard it discussed, there was positive opposition to it. Among all, old and new, there was a total misconception of the services, which this now old and rapidly decaying but eminently worthy race of men had done. The impression prevailed that there was a substantial agreement between the settlers and the general government whereby the settlers should drive off the Indians and government should give each man 640 acres of land, and that the government had done its part of the contract. Mr. Tongue took this matter up with his usual vigor showed the fallacy and absurdity of this view of the case and asked congress for a general pension act in behalf of these men. A storm of opposition greeted his first attempt to get this before congress, and there was a general feeling that there was not only no merit in the case, but it would be a flagrant injustice to grant this pension. Mr. Tongue has now converted the entire congress to his view of justice of the act, but there still lingers a doubt in the minds of many as to the prudence of a general pension for state troops. Neither this nor any other government has ever granted a general pension to any but federal troops, and these troops having been called by the state, it is argued

because of this that they were state troops. But the government and not the state, paid these troops, and on this ground Mr. Tongue declares that they were federal or government troops. This argument has been so convincing, that it is confidently asserted, even by the democrats in congress who have all the time opposed this measure, that it will now pass, and that too before this congress adjourns. This service on the part of Mr. Tongue in congress entitles him to the gratitude, not only of the Indian war veterans and those immediately related to him, but of every citizen of the Pacific coast who loves justice and desires the recognition of valiant service and honest merit. Very many other important achievements of Mr. Tongue in congress might be added but the foregoing constitutes a record of zeal and efficiency for of material and legislative needs of Oregon which has never been equaled by any man sent to congress from Oregon. In view then of these splendid services of Mr. Tongue, not only to the people of his district, but the entire people of Oregon, and in view of the position of influence he has attained on committees with congress and with the administration, it would be a reflection upon the intelligence of the people of the first congressional district of Oregon, if they did not return him to congress, and that too by a majority which will not only be a testimony to their appreciation and approval of what he has done, but uphold his hands in any future effort in their behalf.—Eugene Register.

Were it not for the fact that the election of a democrat to the Oregon legislature at this particular time would be a most lamentable thing in the eyes of all practical men, the schemes resorted to by the democratic horn blowers, in the matter of placing Hon. J. M. Shelley, one of Lane county's old standbys, in an unsavory light, would be amusing and ludicrous in the extreme. So far as Mr. Shelley's character and capabilities are concerned, not a word has been uttered. Nothing could be said against his character and ability. But those who for political reasons wish to witness his defeat, are advancing an argument that he is a church member and a prohibitionist, and that if elected the republicans will have elected a prohibitionist instead of a republican. Now so far as this is concerned, Mr. Shelley is a church member—a man whose church record stands out clear and strong. But where the crime? He is also a temperance man, but not allied with the prohibitionist party. He is a republican, an honest republican. And even if he were a prohibitionist would that injure him from making Lane county a competent legislator. Gentlemen study these things well and do not let the anti-republican clique, which, by the way, is not all democrats, hoodwink you into turning down a good, capable man who will fill the office with honor to himself and his constituents.

The democrats are making a great cry against Senator Kuykendall, alleging all sorts of stuff with the view of stealing a few republican votes. Let every republican remember that this is the old trick of the democrats—the one they always work—and that there is no accusation so low that they will not resort to it when it comes to getting votes. As a matter of fact those who know Senator Kuykendall, know these accusations to be false to the core and without the least foundation. Senator Kuykendall's record as a man and as a public servant is beyond reproach, and if the voters of this section will take pains to look into his record as a state senator they will find that he has not only made a brilliant record, and that he has passed through the sessions without blemish to his character, but that he has saved through his practical business methods thousands of dollars to the state, and at the same time given Lane county the credit of having one of the best senators ever elected to that body. Republicans cannot afford to waste their vote against Senator Kuykendall.

W. W. Withers, the present democratic sheriff of Lane county and nominee on that ticket for reelection, is a personal friend of the editor of this paper. In this connection it is with pleasure that we say that he has made a good officer. However no man has a life lease on any office and it is not to be presumed for a moment that Mr. Withers has any idea of a life lease on the office he now holds. In cases of this kind when an equally good and efficient man is put up, as is the case in the matter of A. J. Johnson, the republican nominee, it follows that party lines should be respected. While Mr. Withers has made a good officer it is a well known fact that he has made no better record than has Mr. Johnson, years ago, in the same office. This being the case the republicans of this county are politically obligated to support him. Mr. Johnson is the regular nominee of the republican party, and standing as he does, without peer in the matter of executive ability and character, it is the duty of the republicans to see that he is the next sheriff of Lane county.

The Nugget has no word of condemnation to offer against J. P. Curran for county commissioner so far as the man is concerned; but it must be remembered that to elect him, means the defeat of H. D. Edwards, who is recognized the county over as one of the best commissioners the county has ever had. A practical, broad minded farmer; who has a record of being painstaking and careful in the matter of the county's finances in the matter of road work, and at the same time showing his careful consideration of every section of the county. Mr. Curran is a good man, and no doubt would be honest and fair in his administrations, but he has had no experience in such matters, is too old by far, and would be a very unsatisfactory choice to the majority of the voters in Lane county. A good man in a good place is worthy of the consideration of every voter. Mr. Edwards is the man. Let's keep him there.

The Guard this week publishes an article purporting to have come from another democratic paper published at Pendleton, which is belittling to Hon. W. J. Furnish, the republican nominee for governor. As a clincher the Guard closes its remarks by a statement that the article comes from the leading democratic paper of Mr. Furnish's own town. Here is where the Guard falls down in its efforts to make the article effective with Lane county people. Everybody knows the Guard is a liar, politically, and it would be natural for those who know this to judge other democratic papers the same. The Eastern Oregon exchange has a good libel suit against the Guard.

The news that the Southern Pacific Company will soon reduce the passenger rate from four cents to three cents per mile, falls on the ear of the democratic candidate for state honors with a dull thud. They have been making much capital out of this proposition, blowing loud blasts as to what they would do, when elected, with the Southern Pacific in the matter of reduction of passenger rates, and accusing the republicans of being railroad hirelings, etc. Now the S. P. Co. has "gone done and done it" without even asking Mr. Travis, et al., a thing about it—the great big mean thing! Varrily, "Othello's occupation's gone."

I. N. Edwards for representative on the republican ticket, is sure of election, and he will pole the largest farmers vote regardless of politics of any man on the ticket. He is a good representation of the sturdy, prosperous farmer of this county, and the farming and laboring classes will show their appreciation to the republican party for having placed him before the people, by giving him their solid vote next June.

One of the best recommendations to be had for a candidate is the concession by the democrats in the matter of the re-election of Hon. L. T. Harris, by a larger majority than he had before. Mr. Harris will probably lead the republican ticket of this county, and surely his record gives him a right to.

The voters of this section will not forget that Dick Burton, who has for so many years served this county as assessor, is the republican nominee for the office again. He has made an efficient officer and should be retained. A vote for him will be for the right man.

Mrs. U. S. Martin left Wednesday morning on a six week's visit in Eastern Oregon and Idaho with relatives and friends.

SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED AFTER FOURTEEN YEARS OF SUFFERING. "I have been afflicted with sciatic rheumatism for fourteen years," says Josh Edgar, of Germantown, Cal. "I was able to be around but constantly suffered. I tried everything I could hear of and at last was told to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which I did and was immediately relieved and in a short time cured, and I am happy to say it has not since returned." Why not use this liniment and get well? It is for sale by Lyons & Applegate, Drain, Benson Drug Co., Cottage Grove.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Roseburg, Ore., May 28, 1902. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Anna J. Cheney, of Cottage Grove, County of Lane, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 2255, for the purchase of the W & S E 1/4 of Lot 8 of Section No. 8 in Township No. 22 S., Range No. 1 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before Marie L. Ware, U. S. Commissioner at Eugene, Oregon, on Thursday, the 7th day of August, 1902. She names as witnesses: Frank Henderson, Frank LeRoy, of Cottage Grove, Lane Co., Ore.; Joe Burnett, of Wildwood, Lane Co., Ore.; Alfred D. LeRoy, of Cottage Grove, Lane Co., Ore. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 7th day of August, 1902. J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

The largest and most complete stock of millinery at Miss Mary Bartel's 2nd door out of butcher shop.

SPECIAL We have six waist patterns—4 yard lengths in Cristal Card Silks—these patterns sold early in the season, and readily, at 50cts a yard. We are offering the remainder, 24 yards, at the very low price of 39cts a yard—\$1.56 for four yard patterns. These silks are very desirable. You can afford a silk waist at these prices. Come early if you do not wish to be disappointed. They will not last long.

SPRING BEAUTY.

Ladies find in our Spring Stock a nice variety of beautiful things. Dimities, Lawns, Linens, Percalines, Muslins, Silks. Light weight goods for dresses, waists or decorations. The real point is the beauty and durability of the goods.



LADIES' READY MADE GARMENTS.

White Lawn Shirt waists that you can afford to buy. They are stylish and well made. Tucked in front and back. These waists are worth more than we ask for them—75cts. Skirts in Crash, Linen, Ducks and Serges, very nicely made. Our Linen Skirts cut latest Style, 75c 90c to \$1.35. About the price you will pay for the material. Muslin Undergarments. Largest assortment in the city, at very low prices.

LACE CURTAINS.

Right now, when you are needing Lace Curtains, we're showing the most complete assortment we have had. It looks like the Manufacturers had made special efforts to turn out nothing but beautiful patterns. We think you'll find them just what you're looking for, and at smaller prices than you expect to pay.

AT NEWLAND'S AT NEWLAND'S

APRIL and MAY Announcement at Lurch's SILKS MADRAS In Profusion. LAWNS New Shirt Waists in Quantity and Quality. We can fit you from Pocket book and Fancy.

Serviceable Spring suits Select stylish. For Men Boys Children. Call for our China ware. You are entitled to it.

HERE AND NOW You're thinking of a new suit and where to get it to the best advantage. If you'll accept our suggestion you'll buy it Now and Here. We bought our CLOTHING from the Largest Woolen Mill in America, Finishing the Cloth there Weave into Clothing. Their Clothing bears this guarantee, "The goods in this garment contain no cotton or any other adulteration and we will forfeit \$100.00 if cotton be found in the warp or filling of same."—MAYFIELD WOOLEN MILLS, MANUFACTURERS. MOTHERS Bring your little chaps to our store and fit them out in those Natty Vestee Suits, ages 3 to 9 years. Knee Pants Suits for boys, from 3 to 12 years. Mens' and Boys' clothing, a full stock. Mens' all wool suits, no shoddy, no cotton, as low as \$10.00 per suit. Suits for \$16.00 as good as \$20.00 to \$25.00 Suits elsewhere. HEMENWAY & BURKHOLDER.

TICKETS TO AND FROM ALL POINTS EAST VIA GREAT NORTHERN Railway. Short Line TO St. Paul, Duluth, Minneapolis, Chicago, AND POINTS EAST.

W. S. CHRISMAN. ELI BANGS. The Fashion Stables CORNER MAIN and SECOND STREET, COTTAGE GROVE Chrisman & Bangs, Proprietor. Also own and operate the Bohemia and Black Butte Stage Lines First-Class Turnouts, Double or Single a Reasonable Prices

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Roseburg, Ore., April 18, 1902. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, William P. Manning, of Eugene, County of Lane, State of Oregon has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 2255, for the purchase of the NW 1/4 of Section No. 14, Township 20 South, of Range 6 west and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before Marie L. Ware, U. S. Commissioner at Eugene, Oregon, on Friday, the 25th day of July, 1902. He names as witnesses: J. N. Raudall, C. E. M. Brown, Maggie Brown, E. C. Smith, of Eugene, Oregon. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 25th day of July, 1902. J. T. BRIDGES, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Roseburg, Ore., May 20, 1902. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Henry A. Brewer, of Albany, county of Lane, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 2255, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 of the SE 1/4 of Section 4 in Twp. 20 S., Range 6 west, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before Marie L. Ware, U. S. Commissioner at Eugene, Oregon, on Monday, the 4th day of August, 1902. He names as witnesses: Charles White, Mae White, George A. Betts and Mrs. G. A. Betts, all of Loraine, Lane county Oregon. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 4th day of August 1902. J. T. BRIDGES, Register.