

BOHEMIA NUGGET.

Published Every Friday.

COTTAGE GROVE, OREGON.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week, Presented in a Condensed Form, Which is Most Likely to Interest Our Many Readers.

Cortez, a leading Filipino rebel, has been captured.

Miss Stone, the American missionary, has been released.

Secretary Hitchcock is expected to leave the cabinet soon.

SPANISH RIOTS CONTINUE.

Serious Conflicts Still Occur at Barcelona—Troops Fire on Strikers.

Madrid, Feb. 24.—Official dispatches received here assert that calm has been restored at Barcelona, Saragossa and Valenc, but newspaper telegrams report that the situation is still serious.

The rioters at Barcelona are devoting their energies to preventing food supplies from entering the town. In one such case the troops escorting a convoy were obliged to fire on the rioters, several of whom were killed or wounded. A serious conflict also occurred today in the center of the town. The orders of the captain general to persuade the dock laborers to resume work have failed, and the entire trade of Barcelona is at a standstill. Revolutionary proclamations are still being circulated there.



PRINCE HENRY OF PRUSSIA.

Nineteen lives were lost in the Park Avenue hotel fire in New York.

The Philippine Commission favors modifying the Chinese exclusion order.

The provinces of Laguna and Batangas have been entirely cleared of insurgents.

Barcelona, Spain, rioters continue their depredations upon the stores and factories.

A severe sleet storm that prevailed on the Atlantic coast tied up all traffic for a time.

Senators Tillman and McLaurin, of South Carolina, engaged in a fist fight and were required to apologize to the senate.

Fire in Portland destroyed \$94,000 worth of property and for a time threatened to get beyond all control of the firemen.

Prince Henry and staff arrived in New York one day late. They were delayed on account of a severe storm off the Atlantic coast.

Twenty lives were lost in a \$2,000,000 hotel fire at New York.

A tidal wave on the Salvadorian coast caused the loss of more than 50 lives.

The riots continue at Barcelona and other Spanish cities. Almost the entire nation has been placed under martial law.

The house committee on territories unanimously voted to report bills for the admission of the territories of New Mexico, Arizona and Oklahoma.

The Hay-Pauncefote treaty, giving England's assent to the construction of a canal across Central America by the United States, has been ratified.

Hundreds of forged Bank of England notes have been put in circulation in London during the past few days. They are hard to tell from the genuine.

A financial crisis is about to occur in Chile.

Germany will abolish the bounties on sugar.

Rich gold and copper discoveries have been made in Africa.

The president has made public his decision in the Schley appeal.

The Korean army will be reorganized with British officers in charge.

Two hundred persons have been killed in the riots at Barcelona, Spain.

A broken rail caused a wreck in Ohio in which one man was killed and five injured.

Organized laborers to the number of 7,000 are employed by the diamond dealers and jewelers of Amsterdam.

The Tyrol, following the example of Norway, is trying to encourage the winter tourist business by offering better facilities for winter sports.

Valletta, Malta, being midway in the Mediterranean, between Gibraltar and Port Said, imports more than half a million tons of coal for the use of passing vessels.



NEWS OF THE STATE

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF OREGON.

Commercial and Financial Happenings of Importance—A Brief Review of the Growth and Improvements of the Many Industries Throughout Our Thriving Commonwealth—Latest Market Report.

Ninety-nine grain ships were dispatched from Portland this season.

Colonel N. B. Knight, a prominent Oregon attorney, of Salem, is dead.

The Polk county Republican central committee will meet in Dallas March 1.

The Red Boy and Concord mines in Eastern Oregon have been consolidated.

A gray eagle, measuring 7 feet 2 inches from tip to tip was shot a few days ago near Astoria.

The Fish lake irrigation ditch in Southern Oregon will be completed by May 1. The ditch is 65 miles long.

As a result of the recent cold snap in Umatilla county, about 25 per cent of the grain sowed last fall must be resowed.

Two Jacksonville prisoners, who were being held for burglary broke jail a few nights ago in some mysterious manner and escaped.

The mill dam across Long Tom river at Monroe, which furnished power for the large roller mills there, has been washed out by the high water.

At the recent teachers' examination in Douglas county, five applicants received state papers. For county certificates there were 32 applicants, 20 of whom passed.

The Democratic state convention will be held in Portland April 10. The Democratic convention for the Second congressional district will be held at the same time and place.

The price of land in general is advancing in Benton county. Farms which a few years ago could have been purchased at \$10 per acre are now held at \$20 to \$25 an acre. Many new families are seeking homes in that section.

A company has been formed at Dallas for the operation of a creamery.

Fifty horses for government artillery service have just been purchased near Eugene.

The Socialist party of Clackamas county will hold its county convention March 8.

Clackamas county commissioners are looking for a suitable location for a poor farm.

A club has been formed at Joseph to advance the interest of that town and neighborhood.

Business men of Pendleton are considering a plan for the establishment of a paper mill.

At the annual meeting of the Tillamook Creamery company a dividend of 10 per cent was declared.

Umatilla county has been asked to increase the assessments of railroad and telephone companies \$3,000,000.

The contract has been let for building an opera house in Albany, to cost \$5,000. It will have a seating capacity of 700.

Portland Markets.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 65@65½c; bluestem, 66@66½c; Valley, 64@65c. Barley—Feed, 19@19.50; brewing, 20@20.50 per ton.

Oats—No. 1 white, \$1.15@1.25; gray, \$1.10@1.20.

Flour—Best grades, \$2.80@3.40 per barrel; graham, \$2.50@2.80.

Milletstuffs—Bran, \$19 per ton; middlings, \$21; shorts, \$21.50; chop, \$17.50.

Hay—Timothy, \$12@13; clover, \$7.50@8; Oregon wild hay, \$5@6 per ton.

Potatoes—Best Burbanks, \$1.10@1.35 per cental; ordinary, 75@85c per cental; growers' prices; sweets, \$2@2.50 per cental.

Butter—Creamery, 25@27½c; dairy, 18@20c; store, 13@15c.

Eggs—22½@25c for Oregon.

Cheese—Full cream, twin, 13@13½c; Young America, 14@15c; factory prices, 1@1½c less.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$3.50@4.50; hens, \$4.50@5.50 per dozen, 10@12c per pound; springs, 11c per pound, \$3@4 per dozen; ducks, \$5@6 per dozen; turkeys, live, 12½@13c; dressed, 15@16c per pound; geese, \$6@7 per dozen.

Mutton—Gross, 4c per pound; dressed, 7@7½c per pound.

Hogs—Gross, 5½c; dressed, 6½@7c per pound.

Veal—8@8½ for small; 7@7½ for large.

Beef—Gross, cows, 3½@4c; steers, 4@4½c; dressed, 6½@7½c per pound.

Hops—11@13c per pound.

Wool—Valley, 13@15c; Eastern Oregon, 8@12½c; mohair, 21@21½c per pound.

The area of Greater New York is now 318 square miles, against Greater London's 700 square miles.

Riveting of boilers and the like is now done almost entirely by a compressed air hammer, which strikes 5,000 times a minute.

The Norwegian council of state has decided to negotiate for a loan of \$2,000,000, to be used for the construction of railways and a thorough telephone system throughout Norway.

PHILIPPINE CONSTABULARY.

Captain Allen, Chief, Asks that the Forces at His Command Be Doubled

Washington, Feb. 20.—The war department has made public a report of Captain Henry T. Allen, sixth cavalry, dated Manila, December 15, concerning the Philippine constabulary, of which he is chief. Captain Allen says the constabulary consisted of 2,500 men, and was able to control, without the aid of troops, the provinces of Abra, Bontoc, Union, Lepanto, Banguet, Nueva Vizcaya, Bataan, Principe and Infanta.

Up to the date of the report there had been only two men lost from the

THE NATION'S GUEST

PRINCE HENRY AND PARTY ARRIVE AT NEW YORK.

Royal Salute from the American Fleet—Met Down the Bay by Admiral Evans—Disembarking from the Steamer Kronprinz the Prince Receives Callers on Board the Royal Yacht Hohenzollern.

New York, Feb. 24.—Prince Henry of Prussia, representative of his brother, the emperor of Germany, at the launching of the latter's American built yacht, reached New York yesterday



MISS ALICE ROOSEVELT, Who Will Christen the German Emperor's New Yacht Meteor.

force by desertion—a showing attributed to the care in the selection of the men. Captain Allen says that experience has shown that the cost of a single constable for one year does not exceed \$250 gold, while the cost of maintaining an American soldier ordinarily is reckoned at about \$1,000. Captain Allen states that in chasing down the robber bands the constabulary is unquestionably more efficient than the American troops, and while one large garrison in many of the provinces may be always necessary, it is his opinion, after a thorough study of conditions, that in one year's time 15,000 American soldiers, with the native contingent of troops and constabulary, will suffice to garrison the Philippine archipelago.

Captain Allen says that the general conditions of the islands as regards pacification have never been so favorable as now, when the "crumbling from the top" is duly manifested. In his opinion the campaign in progress in Batangas and Laguna will be the coup de grace of the insurrection. The better class of people, he says, are extremely tired of the struggle, and ardently desire peace. The recently enacted sedition law, he says, has had a potent value in bringing evil doers to a realization of their allegiance to law and order. In a recapitulation of the work of the constabulary for a little over four months, it is shown that in 15 engagements 20 outlaws have been killed, 20 wounded and 374 captured.

BIG SANITARIUM BURNED.

One Life Lost and Several Persons Injured—Property Loss \$500,000.

Battle Creek, Mich., Feb. 20.—Early today the large Adventist sanitarium and hospital buildings, located here, were destroyed by fire, causing a loss of about \$500,000, with only \$60,000 insurance, besides great personal loss to 300 patients who were in the main building, and who had only time to escape in their night clothes. One life is supposed to have been lost.

There were at least 300 persons in the main building when the fire broke out in the basement. This building was five stories high, and as soon as the fire was discovered the night attendants on each floor gave the alarm in the corridors, and the patients made their escape down the fire escapes aided by the nurses. They did not have time to save their personal effects. Two of the inmates were slightly injured.

Chinese Minister to Russia.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 20.—Yang Yu, minister to Russia died here today, after a short illness. Yang Yu was formerly Chinese minister at Washington. He was transferred to St. Petersburg in November, 1896.

Effect of American Ship Subsidy.

London, Feb. 20.—The Daily Mail, in its issue this morning, discusses the effect upon British shipping of the American ship subsidy bill. The paper contends that the bounty suggested by Senator Frye will completely counterbalance the advantage now held by British shipping, but that the only remedy hitherto proposed—that American ships entering British ports should be fined to the extent of their subsidy—is impracticable.

and was cordially welcomed as a guest of the nation. The land batteries that guard the outer harbor sounded the first greeting in a ponderous greeting of 21 guns, the rifles of a special naval squadron assembled in his honor echoed the sentiment, there were verbal greetings from the representatives of President Roosevelt, the army, navy, and the city of New York, and a great crowd lined the way in the city to see and cheer the sailor prince of Germany.

The great storm against which the Kronprinz Wilhelm had struggled for days, and which had glazied the Atlantic coast in an armor of ice, had lost its force and resigned its way to warm sunshine and cheery blue skies, so there were no regrets that the royal guest was a full day late for the entertainment provided for him.

There was a curtain off the Hook early in the morning, and it was after 9 o'clock before the watchers caught the shadowy outlines of the cautiously approaching liner.

Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, commander of the special squadron and honorary aid to the prince, accompanied by his staff, left the flagship Illinois at 9:40 o'clock in the naval tug Nina. They were all in full dress uniform.

The Nina met the Kronprinz Wilhelm beyond Fort Wadsworth, and, sailing around on the starboard side of the liner, steamed up the bay. Prince Henry, attired in the uniform of an admiral of the German navy, and surrounded by his naval and military staff, stood on the bridge of the liner.

As the naval tug drew nearer to the side of the steamship, Prince Henry and Admiral Evans caught sight of each other and exchanged informal salutes. The distance from steamer to tug was too great for conversation, however.

As the two vessels, with a flotilla of tugs and official craft, moved in past Fort Wadsworth, the first of the salutes of 21 guns was fired. As the first gun sounded the prince advanced to the end of the bridge of the Kronprinz Wilhelm and stood at attention. As he passed the big American flag floating over the fortification he raised his cap in salute, and the members of his suite did likewise. The flag at the jackstaff of the Kronprinz was dipped, and the German naval band accompanying the prince played "The Star Spangled Banner." The guns of Fort Wadsworth were not silent before those across the narrows at Fort Hamilton boomed out their salute.

When that ceremony was over the Kronprinz was stopped, and the Nina hauled around on her port side, and Admiral Evans and his staff boarded her.

Admiral Evans was escorted forward at once, and in the quarters of the master of the Kronprinz, he and the prince met. The prince came forward, and, taking the hand of the naval officer, shook it warmly.

Tolstoi at Point of Death.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 25.—The latest news received here from Yalta, Crimea, is to the effect that Count Tolstoi is at the point of death.

Ted Roosevelt Improves.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The condition of young Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., continues to improve and he is progressing steadily toward complete restoration to health.

CLASHES ARE NUMEROUS.

Barcelona is in Control of Troops—Strikers Determined and Aggressive.

Barcelona, Feb. 20.—The city of Barcelona is in control of the troops, but isolated bands of strikers are still doing considerable damage. Rioters today attacked a prison van and attempted to release a number of strikers who had been made prisoners. A striker fired on the guard, who, in turn, shot and killed the man who fired on him. A large lumber yard has been burned by incendiaries, and several stores have been pillaged. The captain general of Barcelona has summoned a meeting of the proprietors of the metal works, at which he will recommend granting the strikers' demand for nine hours' work per day.

Rioting was renewed here this evening and crowds of strikers paraded the streets, doing extensive damage. The troops charged them repeatedly but only succeeded in dispersing them on opening fire. The strikers then assembled in large numbers in the outskirts of the city. It is feared they meditate an attack upon the factories. Troops have proceeded to the factories to be in readiness for an emergency.

A serious collision between the troops and the strikers occurred today at San Martin, a village in the suburbs. Here the troops fired on the mob, killing three and wounding six. At Badelena, the mob attacked the gendarmes and the cavalry who were protecting the street car service and a serious melee ensued, in which one person was killed and three wounded. At Sabadell, also in the suburbs, the strikers burned the petrol tax offices and a convent. Troops have been sent to Sabadell and to other places to suppress the disorders.

The new prefect presided today at a conference of delegates from the strikers and their employers, at which it was agreed that work should be resumed pending the adjustment of the claims of the strikers by a mixed commission.

WILL GET PENSIONS.

Senate Unanimously Passes the Bill for Relief of Indian War Veterans.

Washington, Feb. 19.—Several days ago Senator Mitchell undertook to secure the passage of his bill for pensioning the Indian war veterans, but Aldrich, of Rhode Island, objected. Today there was a lull in the senate business, and Mitchell saw his chance, but as Aldrich had gone away, senatorial courtesy would not allow the bill to come up. Mitchell, however, caught the Rhode Island senator on the telephone, got his permission to have the objection withdrawn, and the bill was passed without opposition. Heretofore Speaker Henderson has stood in the way of the passage of this bill in the house, but Senator Mitchell has confidence that the house will give it consideration this session. The speaker and the members of the committee on rules are close personal friends of Mitchell, and he hopes that time will be given for the consideration of the bill. The Oregon members are working industriously to secure a majority in the house for the consideration of the measure.

GREAT MINE ON FIRE

One Hundred Men Temporarily Imprisoned—Saved by Most Desperate Efforts.

Seattle, Feb. 20.—The great Trendwell mines, on Douglas Island, were assailed by fire on Tuesday, February 11, and a terrible holocaust was prevented by the almost superhuman attempts of everybody who could reach the scene to stay the progress of the flames. The steamer Dirigo, reaching port this morning, brought particulars of the fire. The Alaska-Mexican compressor building was entirely destroyed. Thirty-eight thousand dollars on the stamps, mill plates and a 120 stamp mill, with the engine room were saved. It took the concentrated efforts of eight two inch streams of water to master the flames and for hours the agonized people worked under fearful suspense; for more than 100 miners were in the lower workings and in imminent danger of meeting a horrible death. They were all rescued safely, coming out through the old workings. The origin of the fire was not known at last reports.

Bankburn Sails with Salmon.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 19.—The British ship Bankburn will sail today. She is the last of the 11 salmon ships which have taken 679,247 cases of salmon, valued at \$2,716,888 to Liverpool and London. With the shipments made by the steamers, more than \$3,000,000 worth of salmon has been shipped from British Columbia this year.

Largest Building in the World.

Chicago, Feb. 20.—A permit was issued tonight for the construction of what is planned to be the largest building in the world. The building is projected by the First National Bank officials, and will hold, when completed, 9,000 people. The building will stand at Dearborn and Monroe streets, and will cost \$3,000,000. Work will be begun in the spring.