he Thrown Open for Relocation mer List Is Published.

tattle, Oct. 11,-Advices from sico, dated September 25, state the sale of the crown claims in the edike country was to begin Octogand last for several weeks, and legin asgin November 2. The gold musioner of the district estimates number of claims to be sold at heen 5,000 and 10,000. Men were work all the latter part of Septemascertaining the exact number. to this the titles of all the claims be district, about 20,000, had to be isdup. The claims are nearly all is and old timers at Dawson be-

w that many of them are rich. of the claims that the public will parchase will be thrown open for ention 30 days after the list is pubed. No one knows much about the ins, as to whether they are rich or but it is believed that some have ands, and perhaps millions, bid

The News in Dawson.

letoria, B. C., Oct. 11.-News that Dominion government has decided ffer for sale all government claims the Klondike, has been received much joy in Dawson, as it means my in the Yukon valley. The ms to be offered included all the al-

LOST IN THE DESERT.

Meago, Oct. 11 .- A disputch to Chronicle from Phoenix, Ariz.

B. Hanna, consin of Mark Hanna, intendent of forest reserves for m and New Mexico; A. F. Herm brother of Land Commissioner Hermann, and W. E. Price, a thrilling experience and almost their lives on the desert between gand canyon of the Colorado and Utah state line. When within 40 s of Lee's Ferry they camped for night and their horses escaped. e was lost from the party and carneying over burning sands all not proceed. Hermann continhis search for water, which he dised with water to Hanna who was probably die. cious and almost dead. The wing day a cowboy discovered and Hermann wandering aimabout the desert and directed to their destination. A searcharty later found Pierce, frantic thirst. The three men were taken lagstaff Monday.

CONGER HAS A LIST.

High Chinese Officials Marked for

Panishment. shington, Oct. 11.—The cabinet today, which occupied about sexclusively to a discussion of the so situation. Special considerawas given to the French note, and understood that a more or less deconclusion was reached as to the m of this government's reply, but not yet been put in diplomatic Its purport will not be made for the present.

developed today that Mr. Conger, upliance with a suggestion from tary Hay, had submitted to the department a list of 10 or 19 wof Chinese officials who were nent in the Boxer movement it the foreigners and in a great re were responsible for the asts upon the legations in Pekin. officials, Mr. Conger believes. ld be included with Prince Tunn others in any punishments which be inflicted upon those who took minent part in the Pekin outrages. not unlikey that the position of government in regard to the punent of these officials will be stated ply to the French note.

Actor Instantly Killed. intington, W. Va., Oct. 9.-W. J. usley, of Philadelphia, an actor ing with "'A Woman in the Case" any, was killed today by Pearl man. McCauley and three friends entered a restaurant and were ng to Miss Dorsey Brown, when man opened fire, killing McCauley intly. Newman escaped to Ohio.

Major Seldon N. Clark Dead. Sthington, Oct. 11.-Major Sel-Noves Clark, a widely known Paper man, who had been con-id with the Washington bureau of ew York Tribune for 22 years. here today of heart failure. He an authority on political and econquestions.

Plague in India. Oct. 11. - "Bubonic says a dispatch to the Daily from Bombay, "is becoming epio in many districts of the Bombay ency. Alarming increases are fed from Poona and Belmaum, the coast ports are infected. The crop has withered in Ahemeand Bijapur districts in conse-

e of the drought." ger relics have been sold at aucn London.

Washington, Oct. 12,-Accompany ing the report of Major-General Brooke, commander of the department of the Accept in Part the French east, to the war department, was a report by Major Story, Seventh artillery inspector. Major Story states that the personnel of the artillery is mani-LOCATED IN KLONDIKE festly inadequate to serve the armament already mounted, and he believes there is such general recognition of this Properties Not Purchased Will fact that there will be an increase in artillery forces at the coming session of

"It should be remarked in this connection," he says, "that the enlisted force required for one relief to serve the modern coast armament in this military department is estimated at 15,010 men. On the 13th of last Junc the enlisted strength of the heavy batteries in the department amounted to only 4,983 men, and of these quite a number of artiflery soldiers are requiredum: ed by the exigencies of the service to garrison posts which are not properly States agrees with that of France in

"It may also be stated that with the xception of the artillery school r Fort Monroe, Va., there is not in an important harbor in the United States and men required by the coast artillery regulations for the service of modern armament fire, control and direction."

tillery reorganization bill now pending in congress, and says it is a serious defeet of the measure that it does not supply sufficient officers for staff administration

"The number of officers now absent from their batteries," he says, "is probably in excess of 40 per cent, and there is no prospect in the near future of improvement in this respect. If the development of some of the best bill passes in its present form this unfortunate condition will be aggravated, since officers must be withdrawn from ate claims that have reverted to the batteries for staff administration. mwn from various causes. It is it is, therefore, earnestly recommended ested that there are between 8,000 that the artillery be put upon the same 10,000 such claims in the Klon- basis as intantry or cavalry in providing officers for staff work."

STRIKERS IN A RIOT.

Escape of Binger Hermann's The Second Serious Affray in the Anthrucite Region.

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 12 .- A special policeman was killed, another was wounded in the head, a striker was probably fatally shot and 10 nonunion men were more or less seriously wound-Brothers, in a clash between the officers and 500 strikers this morning.

The dead policeman is Ralph Mills, aged 50 years, of Beaver Meadow, who was one of the officers conveyed in a special train early this morning from that place to Oneida. He was shot through the back.

Those seriously wounded are: George Hanna was so exhausted that he also a special officer, received shot The government of the United States Joseph Lekow, aged 38, of Sheppton, a ed five miles further on. He re- striker, shot in the groin and will

> only two of them were seriously in- tion guard. jured. They are John Van Blargin and James Tosh, of Sheppton. The former at Taku. The president reserves the sustained scalp wounds, and the latter expression of his opinion as to this James Tosh, of Sheppton. The former had four ribs broken.

The Oneida colliery had been in operation since the inauguration of the strike. The union men at Opeida and Sheppton decided early this morning to close the mine. They gathered in Tien Tsin to Pekin. The same obsergroups on the streets as early as 3 o'clock. As the nonunion men went suce to No. 4 applies also to this propoto work they were asked by the strikers to remain at home. Some turned back, and a half hours, was devoted al- others did not. Those who went to the colliery were stoned. Van Blargin, one of the nonunion employes, attempted to draw a revolver, but the weapon was taken from him and he received a beating. This occurred just before starting time at the mine. The strikers remained at the colliery all morning.

Japan Turns to Russis.

Yokohama, Oct. 12 .- The tone of public sentiment in Japan, while it partakes of the general bewilderment arising from the muddle in China, indicates quite plainly that there is a decided tendency toward joining hands with Russia, should this empire's natural allies, Great Britain and America, turn the cold shoulder to her. At the same time it is perfectly well known here that Russia's hopes are centering in an ultimate alliance with Japanand it may be that the latter, if the Western friends forsake her, will turn to her semi-Asiaic neighbor as the only resource for the settlement of the Eastern problem. That it will be a disagreeable and unwelcome recourse goes without saying. The result of the Chinese campaign and the facilities for comparison between the soldiers of the different nationalities, which it has afforded, has been to awaken a profound contempt for Russian soldiery on the part of the Japanese.

A Three Days' Fight. London, Oct. 11 .- The Times publishes the following dispatch from Vredefort, Orange River Colony: "The British column had a three days' fight, from October 5 to 7, with General Dewet's commando of 1,000 men and five guns. It took place in a veritable sea of mountains near here. The Boers were dislodged and dispersed, and they fled demoralized. The British casual-ties were slight."

Jerome, Ariz., Oct. 12.—Miners employed on the 500-foot level of the United Vedre copper mine noticed early this morning the ground giving way over their heads. The alarm was immediately given, and in a short time the 300 men employed in the mine were taken to the surface without injury. At 8 o'leock this morning the sink had extended in succession to the various levels of the mine until the top was reached, the sunken ground showing that about 800 feet square had been affected.

MAJOF SEORY STATE DEPARTMENT'S REPLY

Proposition.

THREE RESERVATIONS MADE

As to Permanent Legation Guard, the Dis nantling of the Ports and Holding of Road to Pekin.

Washington, Oct. 13 .- The reply of the state dpeartment to the French note, relative to the basis of Chinese negotiations, was made public today. It reads as follows:

"The secretary of state to the French charge d'Affairs. Sent to Mr. Thiebaut, October 12, 1900. Memoran-

"The government of the United recognizing as the object to be obtained from the government of China appropriate reparation for the past and substantial guarantees for the future.

even the minimum number of officers the basis of negotiations put forward in the memorandum of October 4 the spirit that has animated the declara-Major Story comments upon the are ers interested and would be pleased to see the negotiations began immediately upon the usual verification of credentinis.

'It may be convenient to enumerate the clauses of the memorandum and to add some observations dictated by the attitude of the United States in the present circumstances:

"First-The punishment of the guilty parties who may be designated by the representatives of the powers at Pekin. The Chinese government has already indicated its intention to punish a number of those responsible for the recent disorders. The representatives of the powers at Pekin may suggest additions to that list when negotiations are entered.

Second-The continuance of the interdiction against the importation of arms. It is not understood that this interdiction is to be permanent and the duration of it and the details of its regulation seem a proper subject of discussion by the negotiators.

Third-Equitable indemnities for the governments, corporations and pried at the Oneida colliery, of Coxe vate individuals. This is an object Brothers, in a clash between the offi-desired by all the powers. The Russian government has suggested that in case of protracted divergence of views this matter might be commended to the consideration of the international court of arbitration of The Hague. The president thinks this suggestion worthy the attention of the powers.

"Fourth-The organization in Pekin Kellnor, aged 38, of Beaver Meadow, of a permanent guard for the legations. wounds in the head, but will recover; is unable to make any permanent engagement of this nature without the authorization of the legislative branch, but in the present emergency we have Ten nonunion men were stoned, but stationed in Pekin an adequate lega-

"Fifth-The dismantling of the forts measure pending the receipt of further information in regard to the situation

"Sixth-The military occupation of two or three points on the road from vation which has been made in refercommit the United States to a permanent participation in such occupation, but he thinks it desirable that the powers shall obtain from the Chinese government the assurance of their right to guard their legation in Pekin and to have the means of unrestricted access to them whenever required.

"The president believes that the government of France and the other powers will see in the reservations we have here made no obstacle to the initiation of negotiations on the lines suggested and he hopes it will be found practicable to begin such negotiations at an early date.

"Department of State, Washington,

October 12, 1900." The American answer to the French note has given a satisfactory turn to the Chinese negotiations and were it not for the reports of military activity in China on the part of some of the powers the outlook would be excellent for a speedy opening of the long deferred peace negotiations. In communicating the memorandum to M. Thiebaut, Secretary Hay added his personal congratulations on the course of the French government, which he looks upon as the initiation of a satisfactory solution of the Chinese problem.

Situation Is Critical.

Berlin, Oct. 13 .- According to a dispatch received by the German navy league, the situation in South China is exceedingly critical. The dispatch says that Chang Weih Hong, who advised the empress dowager to enroll the Boxers in the army, has been appoint-Sinan Fu. It is further asserted that many Chinese have been decapitated at Chin Kiang, province of Kiang Su. Finally, it is asserted that General Yuan Shi Kai has increased his army to 40,000 men.

Nun Accidentally Killed. Helena, Mont., Oct. 13 .- Sister Batista, teacher in a Catholic academy for boys here, was accidentally killed this evening by the discharge of an old musket placed on the table by a small boy pupil. She was 28 years old, and came to Montana three years ago from Leavenworth, Kan. Her family name was Flynn.

An abundant life does not show itself dant living.

Sixto Lopez Brands It as a Clumsy

Forgery.

Colorado Springs, Col., Oct. 18 .-Louis R. Ehrich, a member of the National executive committee of the Anti-Imperialist League, today received a telegram from Sixto Lopez, in Boston, one of the foremost Filipinos and a man who stands near Aguinaldo, denying emphatically the authenticity of the proclamation purporting to have been issued by Aguinaldo in January, 1899, in which the Philippine leader instructed his followers to occupy the house tops along the line which the American soldiers should follow in entering Manila, and urging them to pour oil and boiling water on the soldiers. The alleged instructions further incited the Filipinos to use spears, which would leave the head of the weapon in the body of the victim when the shaft was withdrawn, and urged other and varied forms of torture of the American soldiers. Lopez's telegram is addressed to Mr. Ehrich and

"Boston, Mass., Oct. 12 .- The proclamation to which you refer is a ciumsy forgery, which is only believed by bitter opponents. It is the work, no doubt, of the Spaniards or the monks, who try to create ill feeling between the Americans and the Filipinos to the discredit of the latter. No such disgraceful or diabolical proclasmiton as ever issued by Aguinaldo."

Sixto Lopez's telegram was called forth by a query sent to him by Mr. Ehrich as to the authenticity of the alleged proclamation.

PECULIAR INSURANCE SUIT.

Man Wants to Recover Policy on Wife Whom He Murdered,

Philadelphia, Oct. 13 .- A suit to recover insurance upon the life of his wife, whom he killed December 31, 1893, has been commenced in this city by Professor S. C. Shortridge, who is now residing at Kennett square, in Chester county. The suit, which is to recover the sum of \$77,022 from the Provident Life & Trust Company, is one of the most remarkable in the history of life insurance. The tragedy which ended the the life Mrs. Shortridge was enacted in Media. Several years before Professor Shortridge had come to Media with his wife and family, and established what was known as the Media academy for young men. For several years the venture was successful, the school having a high-class patronage. Then Mrs. Shortridge died.

In November, 1893, Professor Shortridge married Miss Dixon Jones. Shortly after his second marriage, the professor began to act strangely. The night of the killing, six weeks after the marriage, Professor Shortridge in vited his wife to go out with him for a walk. A short distance from the house he shot her through the heart and then attempted suicide, but was disarmed. In the trial which followed, Professor Shortridge was acquitted on the ground of insanity, and was confined in an asylum until a year ago.

ROW AT MATANZAS

General Fight Between American Cav-alry and Cuban Police.

Havana, Oct. 13 .- At Matanzas yesterday a Cuban policeman interfered with two members of the Second United States cavalry. The quarrel culminated in a general fight between the police and soldiers, who arrived upon the scene simultaneously. After the police had shot Trooper Turey, of Troop D. In Pence this proportion is even greatone other soldier and one civilian, a number of troopers of troop D tried to break into the gun room to get their weapons, but the quick action of Captain Foltz of troop D in forming troops L and M in skirmish order made it impossible for the excited cavalrymen to pass. Lieutenant Willard is said to have been slightly hurt while endeavoring to quiet the men. The troopers declare they will have revenge, and Captain Noies has ordered all confined to the barracks. The feeling is strong between the Cubans and cavalrymen. The authorities here look upon the incident as a pay-day tight, but an investigation has been ordered.

Gas Tank Exploded.

Albany, Or., Oct. 13.—Stephen Stoltz was killed and Fred Reis severely injured by the explosion of an acetylene gas tank in the basement of Reis' saloon, at 10:30 this forenoon. The gas plant had not been used for a year. Stoltz, who was a plumber, and Mr. Reis undertook to remove the tank They carried a from the ground. lighted candle which ignited the gas, which had formed in the tank. Stoltz's left arm was torn nearly off, the axillary artery was severed, and he received injuries from which he died half an hour later. Reis was badly cut and braised from concussion, but will recover. Stoltz was aged 24 and leaves

Rebellion in the South.

Shanghai, Oct 13 .- Cheng, the Taotai, has returns from General Lu, reporting that a serious rebellion has broken out in the southwestern part of Kwang Se province, that his 30,000 ed governor of the new Chinese capital, troops are inadequate and that the needs at least 100,000 to cope with the danger which is directed at the Manchus and threatens to be worse than the Tai Ping rebellion. It is understood that the Yangtse viceroys have sent 20,000 troops to suppress the rebellion.

Coinage in India.

Simla, British India, Oct. 18 .- The scretary of state has completed the purchase of £1,000,000 of silver for coinage into rupees, and £1,000,000 in gold is being shipped to London. silver purchased replaces gold in the current reserve, under the recently passed act. When the coinage of the last purchase is completed, eight and a half crores of rupees will have been in abundant dreaming, but in abun- added to the stock of rupees since February.

MINTE LODGE BENEFA TO AS A CHIMME THE REVOLT IS SPREADING

Uprising Extends Over Entire of Southern China.

CITY OF CANTON THREATENED

Six Districts in the Wel Hat Wel Prefecture Are Now in the Hands of the Rebels.

Hong Kong, Oct. 15 .- The reformer Sun Yat Sen, according to dispatches from Canton, has unfurled the reform flag in the important town of Wei Chou, on East river. This act has given rise to considerable excitement in military circles in Canton, as it is believed the object in raising the flag in Wei Chou is to denude Canton of troops, so that they can seize the city.

London, Oct. 15 .- The Times has the following from Hong Kong:

"The situation in the Wei Hai prefecture is serious. In six districts the cities are in the hands of the rebels. If an outbreak should occur in Canton, its suppression would be difficult.

Berlin, Oct. 15 .- A dispatch received here today from Shanghai says a very serious view is taken at Field Marshal Count von Waldersee's headquarters in Tien Tsin, of the revolutionary movement. At Canton a false alarm October 7 caused the Chinese officials to protest agginst any occupation of Chinsese territory. The Yangtse viceroys, the dispatch adds, openly affirm that they will oppose any advance of the Germans into Shan Tung province.

CENSUS OF PORTO RICO.

Only 25 Per Cent of Population Educa-tionally Qualified to Vote.

Washington, Oct. 15 .- The recent census of Porto Rico has developed the fact that there are 201,071 males of voting age in the island, but that only 25 per cent are educationally qualified to vote. The native-born whites of the island number 120,295, and the colored natives 73,010. The Spaniards who now live in the island number 5,662, and whites born in other countries are 2,104.

Of the whites of Porto Rican birth, 35,397 were literate, forming 29.4 per cent of this class. Of the colored, 12,-576 could read, or 17.2 per cent of the Under the educational voting qualification, therefore, the number entitled to vote in the island would be 47,973, or 25 per cent of the nativeborn males of voting age, and 24 per cent of all males of voting age.

In the cities of San Juan and Ponce is concentrated a consderable part of the foreign element of the island, and here, if anywhere, will the restriction of the suffrage to the literates give the foreign-born an advantage. It is well, therefore, to examine the conditions in these two cities. In the cities of San Juan and Ponce the number of persons 21 years of age and over, and who can read, are distributed as follows: In San Juan, 1,925 native whites, 1,100 Spanish-born, 592 born in other countries, and 1,822 colored. In Ponce there are 2,190 native whites, 409 Spanish-born, 268 born in other countries and 1.265 colored.

It appears that in the city of San Juan the native whites and the colored each outnumber the foreign element. er, the native whites being more than three times as numerous as the foreign element, while the colored is double its

number.

Family Burned to Death. Boston, Oct. 15.-Three persons, a father and two sons, were burned to death in a shanty in Roxbury at 2:30 this morning. The victims are: Edward Tonsealin, aged 45; Edward Tousealin, aged 27; James Tousealin, aged 14; Tousealin had lived in the place 10 years. He carried on the business of wood peddling and one side of his abode had a shed where he pre pared the wood for market. bodies of Tousealin and his sons were almost consumed. Several years ago Tousealin's wife was burned to death in this same place, her clothing having caught fire white she was cooking a meal.

Locomotive Blew Up.

St. Louis, Oct. 15 .- A special telegram rom Mexico, Mo., to the Post-Dispatch says: Engine 105, while hauling the east-bound passenger train on the St. Louis & San Francisco, at the usual speed, exploded at Curryville, about 30 miles east of this city, early this morning and was blown almost to atoms. John Mason, colored porter, of Roodhouse, Ill., had his head cut off, and several others were injured. Fifty yards of track was torn up, and trains delayed for several hours. It is not known what caused the explosion.

Mexican Major Expelled. Chicago, Oct. 15 .- A specal to the

Record from Monterey, Mex., says: An official order has just been issued by Secretary of War Bernardo Reves, expelling from the army Major Carlos Glass, the grounds for expulsion being that the officer made public statements in the presence of his superiors derogatory to the institutions of Mexico.

Grain Gamblers Arrested.

Chicago, Oct. 15 .- Twelve prominent speculators in the Chicago Board of Trade were arrested today in the raid made by the police on the open board, Among them were Charles Albertson, president of the open board. The general charge made is "gambling in grain." It is stated that 80 more warrants have been issued in connection with the attempt to suppress the alleged gambling in grain and provisBRADSTREET'S REVIEW.

Business Fully Equal to That of a Cor-responding Period Last Year.

Bradstreet's says: Though some measures of business volume and value make unfavorable comparison with a year ago, and speculation is certainly on a reduced scale in nearly all lines other registers of trade activity are still very favorable and it is hard to resist the conclusion that, with few notable exceptions, the actual business of the country is as a rule fully equal to if not slightly in excess of the corresponding period of 1899. This, too, in the case in spite of the distinctly repressive tendency exercised by the present presidential campaign.

Prices of staples as a whole are firm, after a sustained advance for a month past, succeeding a summer of quiet steadiness, but unhealthiness of the short side in speculation has been brought forcibly to the attention of dealers in a number of staples, notably hog products and flaxseed.

The event of the week in the iron and steel trade has been the taking of 150,000 tons of rails by the Pennsylvania at \$26 per ton, announced on Friday. This action, which will probably be followed by other companies, disposes of the steel rail puzzle satisfactorily to the rail-makers, and constitutes another element of strength to the industry generally. Despite a decrease of over 20 per cent in the current pig from proudction from four months ago, furnace stocks are reported increasing and prices are rather weak.

Wheat, including flour shipments, for the week, aggregate-4,292,855 bushels against 4,459,167 bushels last week. Business failures for the week in the

United States number 210, as against 177 last week.

Failures in the Dominion of Canada number 36, as copmared with 18 last

PACIFIC COAST TRADE.

Seattle Markets.

Onions, new, 11/40. Lettuce, bot house, \$1 per crate. Potatoes, new. \$15. Beets, per sack, 85c@\$1. Turnips, per sack, \$1.00.

Beans, wax, 4c. Squash-4c. Carrots, per sack, 90c Parsnips, per sack, \$1.25. Cauliflower, native, 75c.

Cucumbers-10@20c.

Cabbage, native and California, 2c per pounds. Tomatoes-30@50c. Butter-Creamery, 26c; dairy, 16@

19c; ranch, 18c pound. Eggs-25c. Cheese-12c.

13@15c Hay-Puget Sound timothy, \$14.00; choice Eastern Washington timothy, \$19.00.

Poultry-12c; dressed, 14c; spring,

Corn-Whole, \$23.00; cracked, \$25; feed meal, \$25.

Barley-Rolled or ground, per ton, Flour—Patent, per barrel, \$3.50; blended straights, \$3.25; California, \$3.25; buckwheat flour, \$6.00; gra-ham, per barrel, \$3.00; whole wheat

flour, \$3.25; rye flour, \$3.80@4.00. Millstuffs-Bran, per ton, \$12.00; shorts, per ton, \$14.00.

Feed-Chopped feed, \$19.00 per ton; middlings, per ton, \$20; oil cake meal, per ton, \$30.00. Fresh Meats-Choice dressed beel steers, price 71/6; cows, 7c; mutton

7 1/2; pork, 8c; trimmed, 9c; veal, 9@ Hams-Large, 13c; small, 1314; st bacon, 12c; dry salt

Portland Market. Wheat-Walla Walla, 54@54%c:

Valley, 60c; Bluestem, 58c per bushel. Flour-Best grades, \$3.40; graham, Oats-Choice white, 42c; choice

gray, 41c per bushel. Barley-Feed barley, \$15.00 brew ing, \$16.00 per ton. Millstuffs-Bran, \$15.50 ton; mid-

dlings, \$21; shorts, \$17; chop, \$16 per Hay-Timothy, \$12@13; clover, \$7@ 7.50; Oregon wild hay, \$6@7 per ton,

Butter-Fancy creamery, 45@55c

store, 30c. Eggs-25c per dozen. Cheese-Oregon full cream, 18c Young America, 14c; new cheese 10c

per pound. Poultry-Chickens, mixed, \$2.50@ 3.50 per dozen; hens, \$4.00; springs, \$2.00@8.00; geese, \$6.00@8.00 doz; ducks, \$3.00@5.00 per dozen; turkeys,

live, 14c per pound. Potatoes-40@55c per sack; sweets, 1% o per pouna.

Vegetables-Beets, \$1; turnips, 75c; per sack; garlic, 7c per pound; cab-bage, 2c per pound; parsnips, 85c; onions, \$1; carrots, \$1.

Hops-New crop, 12 1/4 @ 14 1/4 c per Wool-Valley, 15@16c per pound;

Eastern Oregon, 10@13c; mohair, 24 per pound. Mutton-Gross, best sheep, wethers

and ewes, 336c; dressed mutton, 636@ 7c per pound. Hogs-Gross, choice heavy, \$5.75;

light and feeders, \$5.00; dressed, \$6.00@6.50 per 100 pounds. Beef-Gross, top steers, \$3.50@4.00:

cows, \$3.00@3.50; dressed beef, 6@ 7c per pound. Veal-Large, 616@7160; small, 8@ 834c per pound.

San Francisco Market.

Wool-Spring-Nevada, 11@14c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 10@14c; Valley, 16@18c; Northern, 9@10c. Hops-Crop, 1900, 12@14360.

Butter—Fancy creamery 280; do seconds, 26(\$27 %c; fancy dairy, 25c; do seconds, 28c per pound. Eggs-Store, 28c; fancy ranch,

Millstuffs - Middlings, \$18.00 @ 22.00; bran, \$15.50@16.50