Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Telegraph Columns.

President Kruger is reported to have moved to Nelspruit.

Eight deaths from extreme beat are reported from Chicago.

In a wild plunge of a street-car into gulch at Tacoma, 36 people were

killed and 60 injured. Elizabeth Chapman, a Salem pioneer of 1848, died at that city in her 81st

year, of a complication of diseases. An explosion of fireworks in Philadelphia caused the death of four children and the fatal injury of three oth-

By the explosion of an oil tank in Parkersburg, W. Va., six men were blown to atoms and three others fatally injured.

ed in a wreck on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western road at Durkin's Cut, near Hearyville, Pa. Southern provinces of China are

Three men were killed; one wound-

drifting away from the empire. Li Hung Chang and the friendly viceroys are engineering the movement.

The foreigners in Pekin will be left to their fate. The allies cannot rescue them on account of the overwhelming force of Chinese that oppose them.

The United States battle-ship Oregon, which ran ashore off the island of How Ke, in the Miatau group, 35 miles northeast of Che Foo, on June 28, has been floated.

The steamer Dirigo arrived at Seattle from Skagway, bringing 10 boxes of gold dust, valued at nearly \$800,000. The Dirigo carried 72 passengers, mostly from Dawson.

Rear-Admiral Bare, now commandant of the Norfolk navy yard, has been selected to succeed Rear-Admiral Philip, deceased, as commandant of the New York navy yard.

Charles W. Dickinson, inventor of the geometry C lathe, which made a successful counterfeiting of bank notes impossible, is dead at his home in Belleville, N. J., aged 77 years.

June 30 the grand staff of the Russian army estimated the Chinese army to number 1,720,000 men. He also said that about 900,000 Mausers have been imported within the last three Years.

A dispatch from Bombay says that in all except three districts cholera is raging in Bombay presidency, the cases reported for the week ending June 26 numbering 20,689, and the deaths, 12,-

Twenty thousand Chinese solders are within Pekin walls, 30,000 outside.

Admiral Kempff reports that the Oregon is not in a dangerous position.

The German minister at Pekin has been killed and other legations are under seige and starving.

The cruiser Philadelphia arrived at Astoria to take part in the Fourth of July celebration there.

The steamer Danube arrived at Nanaimo, B. C., five days from Skagway, with 40 passengers and \$70,000 in gold dust.

As a last hope of saving foreigners in Pekin, the powers may now threaten to destroy the graves of the imperial

ancestors. Fire destroyed the large soap and fertilizing plant of the Walker-Stratman Company at Pittsburg, causing a loss of \$75,000.

A scandal in Klondike. Gold Commissioner Senkler is charged with illegal grants to persons with whom he was partner.

Lon Cramer, of Independence, Or., a pioneer of 1852, committed suicide by hanging himself. No cause is

known for the deed. The four-oared race between Pennsylvania, Columbia and Cornell crews was won by the former. The race took

place at Poughkeepsie, N. Y. At Chester park, Cincinnati, W. A. Rutz and F. Hausman, of New Haven, Conn., on a motor tandem, made a mile in 1:29 4-5. This gives them the

world's record for a cement track. By the bursting of a reservoir of the city water works of Grand Rapids, Mich., 100,000,000 gallons of water was precipitated upon a thickly populated district of the city, doing damage estimated at hundreds of thousands

The strength of the foreign forces at present in China are as follows: Germany, 44 officers and 1,400 men; Great Britain, 184 officers and 1,700 men; C Austria, 12 officers and 127 men; mAmerica, 20 officers and 329 men; inFrance, 17 officers and 387 men; Italy, meseven officers and 131 men; Japan, 119 Itofficers and 3,709 men, and Russia, 117 officers and 5,817 men, with a total of | Chuang. 53 field guns and 36 machine guns.

of dollars.

Germans naturalized in America are in disfavor in the fatherland.

The wall paper trust, one of the earliest and best known of the combinations, has asked for a receiver.

Since January 1 174 national banks have been organized. On June 9 there were 3,754 national banks in the counsry.

Carleton college at Northfield, Minn., has received \$25,000 from Dr. D. K. Fearuons, of Chicago.

LATER NEWS.

Tien Tsin is hard pressed by 80,000 Chinese. Cubans are pleased at the withdrawal

of American troops. St. Louis street car employes have renewed their strike.

Chinese imperial troops are defending the foreigners in Pekin.

Chinese do not want religion and no amount of war can make them accept

Rattleship Oregon will not be sent to Taku again unless absolutely neces-SRIY.

It is said America is to have 11,000 men in the force of 100,000 to be used in China.

The steamer Rosalis arrived at Seattle from Lynn canal, with \$600,000 in Klon-like gold.

American trade will be injured if the powers decide to make war on the Chinese empire.

The Oregon must remain in dry dock 90 days. She has arrived at Che Foo and will go to Japan at once.

Li Hung Chang is again urging the powers to intervene and establish a gle throughout the last 36 hours constrong government in the Chinese em-

George Horrick, is held at North Yakima on a charge or killing a squaw on the reservation. He claims self-de-

Rumor is current that the Chicago & Alton, Kansas City Southern and Union Pacific railways will be amalgamated.

Dr. Henry D. Cogswell, a wellknown philanthropist and prohibitionist, is dead at San Francisco, aged 80 years.

Commissioner of Patents Duell is said to be out for the nomination for governor of New York on the Repub-Japanese laborers in Hawaii are dis-

conceeded everything asked for and still they are not satisfied. The converter and billet mill of the Illinois Steel Company at Jolier, Ill.,

contented. Plantation managers have

resumed operations and nearly 1,000 men were put to work. Russian, French and German admirals at Tien Tsin are said to have expressed themselves as unfavorable to

Japan's being given a free hand. Roy C. Gage, of Company C, Third regiment, O. N. G., in their annual

encampment at Salem, was drowned in the Willamette river while bathing. Many prostrations from heat in New

York city. Two more British warships have been ordered to China.

A Franco-American alliance is proposed by an enthusiastic Frenchman.

Fire in the business section of Pittsburg caused the death of four persons and injury to six others.

Fire in the Cramp's shipbuilding yard near Philadelpha, destroyed prop erty to the value of \$200,000.

Nine deaths in one day in Chicago from extreme heat. The record for a week is 27 deaths and 96 prostrations.

The total number of bodies recovered from the recent Hoboken fire now number 143, and 140 persons are reported missing.

A cyclone, accompanied by a cloud burst and hail storm, swept over Kala mazoo, Mich., resulting in damage to property of \$100,000.

On June 17, the Chicago & Northwestern railway opened for traffic their new line from Belle Plaine, la., to Mason City; also their new Fox lake branch. The length of this new line is 195 miles, which added to their mileage gives them a total of 8,462.85 miles, the largest mileage of any railroad in the world.

The dock laborers' strike at Rotterdam, Germany, is assuming threatening proportions. The carmen have now joined in the strike, and the police and marines are guarding the streets in order to check disturbances. The strikers have picketed all the approaches to the town, so as to prevent non-unionists from entering. The laborers of Rotterdam will hold a mass metting to discuss the best means of aiding the strikers.

The orders recently issued for the removal of a large number of troops from Cuba have been gladly welcomed by the Cubans, and General Wood is in receipt of many letters from various municipalities offering thanks for what they call his disposition to trust the Cubans, and declaring that the entire island is in a state of absolute tranquillity. The Tenth infantry, it is believed, will leave the island shortly after the departure of the regiments now under orders to proceed home.

James W. Porter, of Chicago, has received a cablegram from Che Foo, announcing that his brother, the Rev. Henry J. Porter, and his sister, Miss Mary H. Porter, missionaries of the American board of commissioners for foreign missions, stationed at Pang Chuang, 200 miles south of Tion Tsin. had arrived safely at Che Foo, July 5, coming overland from Chinan Fu, capital of the province. They were accompanied by the Rev. H. P. Perkins, another missionary stationed at Pang

An ordinary sight in Manila is Fil pino market or washerwoman smoking a large cigar and clothed in a low necked gown, with flowing sleeves and a handsomely embroideried silk scarf.

Partick Sharkey, who died at the age of 88 in East Cambridge, Mass., was the last survivor of the four organizers of the Father Mathew Temperence society, the oldest association of its kind among the laity of the Roman Catholic church.

DEMOGRATIC CONVENTION

Bryan Unanimously Nominated for President.

ON FREE COINAGE PLATFORM

Webster Davis Severely Arraigns the Republican Party for Lack of Sympathy for the Boers

Kansas City, July 6.—William J. Bryan, of Nebraska, was tonight unanimously placed in nomination as the Democratic candidate for president of the United States, on a platform opposing imperialism, militarism and trusts, and specifically declaring for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16

The nomination came as the culmination of a frenzied demonstration in honor of the party leader, lasting 27 minutes, and giving atterance to all the pent-up emotions of the vast multitude. It followed also a fierce strugcerning the platform declaration on silver and on the relative position which the silver question is to maintain to the other great issues of the day.

It was late this afternoon when the convention was at last face to face with the presidential nomination. Early in the day there had been tedious delays, due to the inability of the platform committee to reconcile their dif-



W.J. Bryan

ferences and present a report. Until this was ready the convention managers beguiled the time by putting forward speakers of more or less prominence to keep the vast audience from becoming too restless.

The first session, beginning at 10 e'clock this morning, was entirely fruitless of results and it was not until late in the afternoon, when the second session had begun, that the platform committee was at last able to re-port an agreement. Already its main features, embodying the 16 to I principle, had become known to the delegates, and there was little delay in giving it unanimous approval. This removed the last chance for an open rupture on questions of principle and left the way clear for the supreme event of the day-the nomination of the

presidential candidate. The vast auditorium was filled to its utmost capacity when the moment arrived for the nomination to be made. Not only were the usual facilities afforded by tickets taxed to the utmost, but the doorkeepers were given instructions, under which the aisles and areas and all available spaces were packed to their fullest limit. When the call of states began for the purpose of placing candidates in nomination, Alabama yielded its place at the head of the list to Nebraska, and Oldham, of that state, made his way to the platform for the initial speech, placing Mr. Bryan in nomination for the presidency. The orator was strong-voiced and entertaining, yet to the waiting delegates and spectators there was but one point to his speech, and that was the stirring peroration which closed with the name of William J. Bryan.

This was the signal for the demonstration of the day, and with a common purpose, the great conourse joined in a tribute of enthusiastic devotion to the party leader. All of the intensity of former demonstrations and much more was added to this final tribute to

the leader. When the demonstration had spent itself, the speeches seconding the nomination of Mr. Bryan were in order. Then came the voting. State after state recorded its vote in behalf of the Nebraska candidate, giving him the unanimous vote of all the states and territories. The convention managers had already agreed that this was sufficient work for the day, and the vicepresidential nomination was allowed to go over until tomorrow.

Next to the demonstration for the party candidate, the greeting of the announcement that imperialism was to be the paramount issue of this campaign was the most spontaneous and significant of the day.

Another stirring event of the day was the appearance of Webster Davis, ex-assistant secretary of the interior under McKinley's administration, in a speech severely arraigning the Republican party for its lack of sympathy for the Boers and formally announcing his allegiance to the Democratic party.

Victims of Hoboken Fire. New York, July 5 .- Up to 11 o'clock last night 126 bodies had been recovered from the waters of the North river. There are yet over 125 people

missing. A large electric light plant will be put in at the Cornucopia mines in Union county, Or. The waters of Pine creek will be utilized to operate the machinery. Work on the same will begin immediately.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Imperialism Announced as the Paramount frame

Kansas City, July 6 .- Following is the official text of the platform as ageed upon by the committee on resolutions and presented to the conven-

tion: We, the representatives of the Demoeratic party of the United States, assembled in national convention on the anniversary of the adoption of the Declaration of Independence, do reathrm our faith in that immortal proclamation of the inalienable rights of Americans and our allegiance to the constitution framed in harmony therewith by the fathers of the republic.

We hold with the United States sureme court that the Declaration of Independence is the spirit of our government, of which the constitution is the form and letter. We declare again that all governments instituted among men derive their just powers from the consent of the governed; that any government not based upon the consent of the governed is tyranny; and that to impose upon any people a government of force is to substitute the methods of imperialism for those of the republic

Believing in these fundamental principles, we denounce the Puerto Rican law enacted by a Republican congress, against the protest and opposition of the Democratic minority, as a bold and open violation of the nation's organic law and a flagrant breach of the national good faith.

We condemn and denounce the Philippine policy of the present administration. It has embroiled the republic in an unnecessary war, sacrificed the lives of many of its noblest sons and placed the United States, previously known and applauded throughout the world as the champion of freedom, in the false and un-American position of crushing with military force the efforts of our former allies to achieve liberty and self-government.

We oppose militarism. It means conquest abroad and intimidation and oppression at home. It means the strong arm which has ever been fatal to free institutions.

We pledge the Democratic party to an unceasing warfare in nation, state and city against private monopoly in every form. Existing laws against trusts must be enforced and more stringent ones must be enacted providing for publicity as to the affairs of corporations engaged in interstate commerce and requiring all corporations to show, before doing business outside of the state of their origin, that they have no water in their stock and that they have not attempted and are not attempting to monopolize any business or the production of any articles of merchandise.

We condemn the Dingley tariff law as a trust breeding measure.

We reaffirm and endorse the principles of the national Democratic platform adopted at Chicago in 1896, and we reiterate the demand of that platform for an American financial platform adopted by the American people for themselves which shall restore and maintain a bimetallic price level, and as part of such system the immediate restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the presem legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation.

We favor an amendment to the federal constitution providing for the election of Untied States senators by direct vote of the people, and we favor direct legislation wherever practicable.

We are opposed to government by injunction; we denounce the blacklist and favor arbitration as a means of settling disputes between corporations and their employes. We favor the immediate construc-

tion, ownership and control of the Nicaragua canal by the United States. We favor an intelligent system of improving the arid lands of the West, storing the waters for purposes of irrigation and the holding of such lands

for actual settlers. We favor the continuance and strict enforcement of the Chinese exclusion law, and its application to the same classes of all Asiatic races.

Speaking, as we believe, for the entire American nation, except its Republican office holders, and for all free men everywhere, we extend our sympathies to the heroic Boers in their unequal struggle to maintain their liberty and independence.

Believing that our most cherished institutions are in great peril, that the very existence of our constitutional republic is at stake, and that the decision now to be rendered will determine whether or not our children will enjoy these blessed privileges of free government which have made the United States great, prosperous and honored, we earnestly ask for the foregoing declaration of principles the hearty support of liberty-loving American people, regardless of previous party affiliations,

The Ticket Filled.

Kansas City, July 7 .- The Democratic national ticket was completed today by the nomination of Adlai E. Stevenson for vice-president. The nomination was made on the first ballot, state after state joining in the wild scramble to record their support of the winning candidate. It was not accompanied by any such frantic demonstration of approval as had marked the proceedings at previous stages.

Sipido, Would-be-Assassin. Brussels, July 9 .- The assize court today returned a verdict of guilty of atagainst Jean Baptiste Sipido, who fired at the prince in this city, April 14. The court considered that Sipido shall have attained his majority, trouage. Meert, Penchot, and Meirere, the instigators of the attack upon the prince, were acquitted on the ground that they consdiered the plot a joke.

STRIKE HAS BEEN RENEWED

Street Car Men of St. Louis Go from New York, through the street Magellan, had a sensational street Out Again.

SAY COMPANY BROKE FAITH

The Boycott Will Be Resumed, But There Will Be No Lawlessness Nor Demonstrations of Violence.

clared off July 2, was ordered recalled today a resource, as the West End coliwaynes for two c., as the West End colisenus. Tomorrow morning at 5 o'clocksenus. was the time fixed for the recall of the boyevott on all the company's lines. When the strike was settled July 2, there were some mutterings of discon-

tent among the men over the terms of settlement, and so it is the dissatisfact Engineer Winter took six silking tion has grown daily. The men maintain that the company has failed to keep the agreement and a dozen or more instances were cited tending to prove that there had been a breach of faith. Meetings were held at several places in the course of the week, and committees were appointed to procure vised holding them until an Ann proof of infidelity on the part of the ompany.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the Street Railwaymen's Union held Monday, a batch of affidavits was presented to the effect that men had been employed by the company since July 2 in sicilation of the terms ers in plain view and by their spe of the agreement of that date. At a readiness to use them prevented session lasting several hours, the com- for the time being. Three dans mittee called a mass neeting of the men for this morning to recommend at that meeting that the strike be declared on again. The Central Trades and Labor Union met later and indorsed the action of the executive committee.

The company, through President Whitaker, addressed a letter to the the Dolphin as they had dots a men, denying that the company had intentionally violated the agreement of July 2, and declaring its intention to live up to every condition of the agreement, both in letter and spirit. Fred W. Lebman, attorney for the company, appeared at the meeting and offered to submit the question as to whether the steamer. During the treak, is company has broken faith to Joseph Folk, counsel for the men, and bound the company to abide by Mr. Folk's judgment in the premises. The proposition was ignored, and by a nuanimous rote the strike was renewed

A member of the executive committee today said that this was the second time the company had broken faith on the Dolphin, for in so sat s with its employes, and no agreement would be accepted in the future that | tempts to get back to the ship. did not provide for the reinstatement of all old employes in 24 hours after the execution of the agreement.

"There will be no lawlessness or demonstrations of violence this time." he continued. "By means of a vigorous enforcement of the boycott we hope absolutely to destroy the earning capacity of the company "

The whole trouble seems to hang upon a few of the men violating its agreement, while the company, on the other hand, emphatically denies that such is the case. The men claimed time getting out of Coronel # # yesterday that a verbal agreement was sentence had been passed. I entered into concurrently with the not want to see my worst our written agreement and under the ver- prison in Coronel. It is a bal agreement the company had agreed to re-employ all the old men in 60 days, seniority in the services determining the priority of re-employment. It was claimed that the Rev. Dr. W. J. Boise instructed the men that such an agreement existed, in a speech at the West End coliseum. The officers of the company declare that there was no such verbal understanding and that the only agreement made by them was the written agreement, which was published at the time.

WEEK'S WORK IN LUZON.

Eleven Americans Were Killed and Sixteen Wounded.

Manila, July 11 .- The past week's scouting in Luzou resulted in 11 Americans being killed and 16 wounded. One hundred and sixty Filipinos were killed during the week and eight Americans who had been prisoners in the hands of the rebels were surrendered and 100 rifles were turned over to the United States officials. The enemy ambushed a wagon train between Indang and Naic. The Third infantry lost nine men while on an expedition to punish the Ladrones in the delta of the Rio Grande

In the Antigua, province of Pansy, a ranning fight of three hours' duration resulted in the killing and wounding of 70 of the enemy. There were no casnatties among the Americans,

The insurgents are slowly accepting the aumesty provisions. In some instances Americans are suspending operstions in order to give the rebels an opportunity to take advantage of the

A general movement of Boer settlers in Gazaland, Portuguese territory, seem to be in contemplation. Large herds have been driven across the border. The Portuguese welcome the movement.

Sensational Paper Suspends.

Chicago, July 11.-The Chicago Democrat (the Chicago Dispatch), an tempt to kill the Prince of Wales afternoon newspaper, founded in 1892, suspended publication of its daily edition today. It will be continued as a weekly. Nathan Eisenlord, publisher acted without discernment, and sen- of the paper, states that the discontintenced him to a reformatory until he nance was because of the lack of pa-

> Two persons were killed and three injured by a runaway at Indianapolis,

TALE OF THE SEA WEIRD

How Slowaways fired a Serious National State Control of the Polyanters was a serious state of the Polyanters of the Poly on the Delphia. San Francisco, July 11,-Then er Dolphin, which arrived last ver Magellan, had a sensational trip. cording to Captain John O'lines, day following her departure thresha aways were discovered. But for a stormy weather (aptain O'liver to have put about and landed the sale subsequently the captain withed we all his beart that he had follows w first inclination in this respect,

From St. Lucia, be took sign a tives to ansist the crew. About and St. Louis, July 11.—The strike after leaving the West Index, a new first Company, told the captain that one at St. Louis, July 11.—The strike and the captain that one of the day against the St. Louis Transit Company told the captain that one of the day against the St. Louis Transit Company told the captain that one of the day against the St. Louis Transit Company told the captain that one of the day against the strike and the captain that one of the day of the day of the captain that one of the day of the day of the captain that one of the day of the day of the captain that one of the day of the day of the captain that one of the day of t other was a lunatic and the third w an escaped murderer. Edward Posa negro steward, assumed an integral past Sandy Hook. Three days out st. Lucia he attacked a fireman as McAllister with a chair and lail scalp open. The steward was put trons and Captain O'Bres sal o the fireman's head. The West like then became friendly with the crew and they worked only who they pleased.

Captain O'Brien intended to lady steward and the natives at Montey but the United States consil they port was reached. The stewn | released from his irons and puter painting and cleaning ship, her ing this trouble the blacks dead tendency to rise against the offen white men of the crew, but On O'Brien and his men kept their ne spent at Montevideo in cosing sailing out to open sea, in the Platte, a hurricane swept down a Dolphin, and she narrowly supply ing wrecked.

In the Straits of Magellan the m eating Fuegans attempted to set is before to a Chilean man-of-war, in and eating the entire crew. All mel, a Chilman cooling past, the passess obtained liquor and west g warpath and could not be min They smached all the fire are up and threatened to kill every man Humes and Second Engineeries Carroll were sent ashore by 0g O'Brien to procure assistance with lost no time in finding the merit thority. The nearest troops well miles away, but a special tring sent after them by the government developed that Humes and Carella no better on shore than ther bill way place it was useless to mit

"When we got back to the steam said Purser Humes, "the matter the crew up in the rigging and we full possession of the vessel. Be diers had a quieting effect on fit groes. The striking firemen week en ashore in irons and next de court of inquriy was held a Dolphin. The court sentenced t ringleaders to three months sub ralaboose. In the crowd was steward and the three stowaway St. Lucia. You can bet we l place where only ispresy and

seem to thrive " The Dolphin is on her way in tle, where she will go into the list trade.

MORE BODIES FOUND

A Total of 146 Recovered Fra Hoboken Fire.

New York, July 10 .- Three bodies were found today on the h This makes 29 bodies that have far been taken from the wreck Saale since the fire, and 146 bold all recovered. The bodies rest today were found in the second in the after part of the ship, sal were horrible sights to ker to They had very little clothing of were all victims of fire. The

not be identified. Chief Officer Henry Schaefet,) was in charge today, said he is idea who the men had been, but, ing from the place where the found, he thinks they were sterif The body of a man badly scars

burned was found at Rocksway this afternoon and taken to the there. The body is supposed a that of a victim of the Holoisi aster. Dynamite was exploied a river bed about the wrecks of the of the North German Lloyd line without bringing to the surless more bodies.

Another Venezuela Bereinia Kingston, Jamaica, July 11-Gorsira, the Venezuelan minist Colombia, arrived here yesterse his way to Caracas, to report 10 government specifically on the Co bian situation. He said another lution is impending in Vessel headed by Dr. Petrie. A print ble dispatch received here aspect that starvation practically and Carthagena, Colombia, and the rebel general was recently nest be

the capital of Colombia. Vernon, Tex., July 11. Edward Brewer, wealthy att were shot and instantly kills here by N. K. Norris. The use curred over business affairs.

The consuls at Shanghai men the Pekin legations were saft at 4, and that the Chinese had their attacks. The only feat is cording to the reports of the was regarding the food supply.

was arrested.