| BOER C | OMMA | NDER TO | O LATE |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|---|
| Joubert | | Hurry fontein. | |
| ROUND | THE | RAILWA | Y CUT |
| Condon, | of Beth lear of B | 7.—It app | ern Free |
| ercepted rom havin | loemfont General ig retired oming # | Joubert, from the c | ereby in- who, far ampaign, rith 3,000 |
| ailes long | aborate (had bee | lefenae wo | rks three d outside |
| n Bloemi emion by eplied: (ab, and w | fontein. Lord R 'The bu | When a oberts, Ma rghers do | sked the r. Frazer not like |

Montague White's threat, in an titi anek Johannesburg, and raze it to he ground, if necessary, is not taken ery soriously. Mr. Chamberlain's tatement that President Kruger had bready been warned as to the conses man of such conduct is regarded as owing that sufficient precaution has ien taken

aal river he will command some 80,-30 men, while General Buller will thing to fear.

A dispatch to the Daily Mail from ourence Marques, dated Thursday, ays that strong commandos are massig at Warrenton, where the Free taters are going to make a stand.

Gataere Crossed the Orange. London, March 17 .- The war office as received the following from Lord oberts:

"Bloomfontein, March 17.-General afaore grossed the Orange river and dupied Bethalie this morning.

General Reginald Pole-Carew, with 000 men of the guards brigade, two ine and a small body of mounted inintry, left here in three trains this orning to join hands with General stacre and General Clements. He d passed Bethany by 4:40 P. M., thout meeting with opposition, havg been able to supply from his troops gine drivers, firemen, fitters, moldsmiths, carpenters, etc."

EIGHT NEW WARSHIPS.

cavided for in Naval Appropriation BHL.

Washington, March 17 .- The house minittee on naval affairs reached a finite and final decision today as to e number of new warships to be suborized in the forthcoming naval propriation bill, as follows:

Two sengoing coast line battleships about 13,500 tons each, to cost apoximately \$3,800,000 each.

Three armored cruisers of the highpracticable speed and most powerarmor and armament, to cost apoximately \$4,000 000.

Three protected cruisers, to cost out \$1,141,000 each.

It was determined not to provide any essed by Secretary Long and Admiral mence the sinking of a 100-foot tunnel wey that General Otis' recent pur- under the mountain to test the richrviceable boats of this char. uess of the discovery. ter answer present gunboat require-

Bloemfontsin Burrendared to Lord Roberts. London, March 16 .- The following is the text of Lord Roberts' dispatch to Filipino War Is Almost at the war office, announcing his occupation of Bloemfontein: "Bloomfontein, March 15 .- By the

help of God and by the bravery of her majesty's soldiers, the troops under my command have taken possession of Bloemfontein. The British flag now flies over the presidency, evacuated last evening by Mr. Steyn, late president of the Orange Free State, Mr. Fraser, member of the late executive government; the mayor, the secretary of the late governor, the landrost and other officials met me two miles from the Joseph Wheeler arrived in the city this priating \$2,095,000 for the benefit of

THE WHITE FLAG.

town and presented me with the keys of the public offices. "The enemy has withdrawn from the In the absence of Secretary Root he re- the measure, and suggested that the

The inhabitants of Bloemfontein gave the troops a cordial welcome."

TELLER AND TURNER

Took Opposite Stands on the Expansion Question.

Washington, March 16 .- Two arguments were presented to the senate to day in which almost antipodal posimerican newspaper, that the Boars tions were taken by two senators. Teller, of Colorado, in a brief sppeech, maintained that the constitution could not extend over territory acquired by the United States, while Turner, of Washington, elaborately contended that the constitution embraced the acquired territory the very moment the United States took possession of it. By the time Lord Roberts reaches the Teller held that this government would make the outlying territory into states or could hold it as colonies, as it saw we 40,000. From the military point fit, while Turner maintained that the view the critics now think there is United States could not hold colonies or dependencies. Aside from the constitutional questions, the two senators were in practical agreement. Both were opposed to the pending bill, and both objected to any of the insular territory becoming a part of the United States or any of its inhabitants citizens

of the United States,

The District of Columbia appropriation bill was taken up in the house to day, and, under the latitude allowed Adamson, of Georgia, discussed the Nicaragua canal; Cowherd, of Missouri, the Philippine question; Howard, of Georgia, questions relating to the Philippines and the "open door" policy in the Orient; Rucker, of Missouri, the advisability of electing senators by the people, and Boutell, of Illinois, replied to Cowherd. The house adopted a resolution setting aside alternate Fridays for the consideration of private bills reported by the claims and war claims committee.

A Nickel Mountain

Baker City, March 16 .- Probably the most important strike ever made in Eastern Oregon was made known in this city today by the return of John T. English, of Illinois, manager of the Golconda mine, and Frank Nelson, of this city, who stated they had found a solid mountain of nickel lying in Rye valley, about 20 miles southeast of Baker City, on the line of the O. R. & N. railroad. It is a wonderful property, according to their statements. For more than 5,000 feet the ore is traceable on the surface, and the ore bed stands up a distance of 20 feet, and is 1,000 to 1,500 feet wide. The nickel is free milling and runs about \$30 to the ton. Each staked out two claims adjoining aboats, in view of the opinion ex- each other. They will at once comGUERRILLAS REMAIN HOT TALK IN SENATE. Gailinger Accused Penrose of Untruth-

an End.

Are Scattered - Many Ambuscades,

in some cases.

war office:

cellent care, for their men exhibited by

officers, and to the watchful precau-

OPEN TO THE CAPE.

Bloomfontein Has Through Rall Com-

munication.

has sent the following dispatch to the

Clements crossed the Orange river yes-

terday. Repairs to the railway bridge

it will shortly be ready for traffic. Gen-

at Springfontein, so that Bloemfontein

now is practically in rail communica-

an excellent effect. Several hundred

burghers have expressed their intention

to surrender their arms and return to

their occupations. The resident com-

missioner of Basutuland reports that

800 Boers lately arrived from Bloem-

fontein, and that a further contingent

from Aliwal North was only waiting to

know the terms of my proclamation to

surrender. They had refused to attend

a council at Kroonstad, to which Presi-

EXPLOSION AT BLAST FURNACE.

One Man Entirely Cremated and Four

Others Injured.

dent Steyn had summoned them."

"'My proclamation is already having

iton with Cape Town.

Bloemfuntein, March 19.-General

ondon, March 19 .- Lord Roberts

tions of the staff of the army.

fulrens. Washington, March 17 .- "I assert most emphatically that when the senator says I told him I should not speak on this subject, he does not state the

truth," This was the sensational retort made in the senate today by Gallinger, to a TROOPS DOING GOOD WORK statement just made by Penrose. Sen-

ators were astomshed and the auditors in the galleries quivered with excite-General Wheeler, Who Arrived in Washington, Says. the Insurgents ment. There had scarcely been the slightest intimation that the debate would take such a turn.

For nearly three hours the senate Washington, March 19 .- General had under discussion the bill appromorning from Atlanta. He went over the people of Puerto Rico. Fairbanks to the war department this afternoon. had just concluded some remarks on neighborhood, and all seems quiet. ported formally to Adjutant-General senate proceed to the consideration of throwing obstacles in the way of a vote,

> Gallinger quietly replied that he dehad not had an opportunity to speak. "I don't know whether I don't speak

the truth," hotly replied Penrose, "or whether the senator from New Hampshire failed to tell me the truth."

Gallinger retorted that the whole proceeding of Penrose was unmanly and beneath his notice.

for the measure a bill to return the duties to those who had paid them, and providing for absolute free trade between the United States and Puerto

of when the Quay case was called up. The District of Columbia appropriation bill, carrying \$6,608,878, was

hill granting the abandoned Fort Hayes at Norval's Font have commenced, and military reservation to the state of Kansas for an experimental station and eral Pole-Carew telegraphs his arrival normal school purposes,

New York, March 17 .- The Rev. Dr. Parkhurst and Superintendent Burr, of the Society for the Prevention of Crime, will go before the grand jury today with evidence that is expected to show that body how it has been possible, under the system of official protection, for gamblers to flourish in New York. Neither Mr. Burr nor Dr. Parkhurst would say last night just what the line of this evidence was, but they The company is now constructing a intimated that the society was after the new planing mill, a box factory, a tank gambling commission and the other factory, a finished lumber storing shed, persons in high places who shared in new div kilns, and making numerous its spoils, while the prosecution of the gamblers and dive-keepers was only incidental to the main issue, and would be so treated.

Mrs. Blaine's Experiment,

Pittsburg, March 19 .- By the fall of Chicago, March 17 .- The Times-"hung" at the Monongahela furnace Herald says: The servants of the at McKeesport today one man was cre- household of Mrs. Emmons Blaine are mated, two were fatally burned and now working under union rules. Eight two others were badly injured. Geo. hours constitute a day's work. The Martin is the cremated man. Geo. idea is said to have been suggested to Curvan and Sydney Jackson were so Mrs. Blaine by Professor Patrick badly burned that their recovery is im-possible. Stephen Stobeowski and John Chicago a couple of weeks ago. The oil from them profitably, for they are

TWELFTH CENSUS.

Duties and Requirements of the 50,000 Enumerators-Four Schedules Instead of Ten.

In the census building a great room is now the scene of bustling activity, the work of preparing portfolios for use by enumerators in the coming count of the population being fairly under way. These portfolios, of whitish-brown pasteboard, hinged together with black cloth, are 18 inches long and 10 wide and tied with four sets of The tape used is not that "red tape. tape" which to the ordinary mind signifies circumlocation and delay. The law requires speed in the census of 1900 and common every day white cotton tape will fasten the schedule-filled portfolios in their round from habitation to habitation. For convenient, accurate and rapid enumeration the United States has been divided into 300 supervisors' districts, and these in turn into about 50,000 enumeration districts, or E. D.'s, as they are called in the census office. Each of the 50,000 enumerators is yet to be appointed, so on the portfolios a blank space is left for his name.

The last census found the unhappy enumerator loaded down with from 10 to 13 schedules, each having voluminous instructions, to master which required considerable mental ability and power of memory. That census was taken under a law which required ennmerators to ask many obnoxious questions. The census act of 1900 happily for all does not require these disagree-

Four schedules, not 10, cover enumerator's inquiries in 1900; schedules requiring information about population, vital statistics, manufactures and agriculture. In cities the enumerator will seldom need the agricultural, or in the roral districts the manufacturing schedule, so he will infrequently carry more than three.

A general realization by American citizens of their personal interest in a successful prosecution of the canvass by this white-tape army should arouse sentiments of local interest and pride in each enumeration district citizens would concern themselves about the selection of their registrar and local

The white-tape army should be made up of men of a high standard. They should be quick, competent, courteous, tactful and truthful,

Cosmopolis Sawmilli.

The Gray's Harbor, Wash., Commercial Company's sawmill plant at Cosmopolis, employes 500 men, with 100 men working on improvements; has a \$31,000 monthly payroll; has a mess house that takes care of 400 men; scores of dwellings for rent to employes at a nominal sum, and which, in connection with the plant, presents nearly a mile of frontage on Chehalis river. other additions. During 1899 its out-put was 45,000,000 feet of lumber and 90,000,000 shingles.

Sea Lions Wanted.

J. E. W. Macfarland, superintendent of the new oil and guano factory, at Astoria, Or., is going to try an experiment this summer, that will meet the approval of the fishermen and the fish-ing interests generally. He will be willing to pay a good price to fishermen for all the sea lions that they may

ADVICES ARE CHEERFUL.

Trade Review Makes a Favorable Showing.

Bradstreet's says: Trade advices are, as a whole, cheerful, and the stretch of values is apparently unabated, though some soft spots still prosent themselves. A permanent feature this week has been the increase in strength of values of farm products, nearly all the cereals, pork products and cotton advancing, while materials for manufacture, and the products thereof, have generally remained steady or unchanged.

Manufacturers of shoes are busy and weather conditions have rather favored the retailer by enabling him to dispose of some carried-over stock.

Wool is fairly steady, but manufacturers are out of the market and concessions can be obtained, though London advices are better.

Southern iron advices are of steady prices, and of rather more inqury on export account. Except immediately in Chicago, where idleness of many thousands of men has cause duliness in the machinery and kindred trades, the Western iron situation seems a strong one.

Structural material is in better request and some very large contracts will shortly be placed.

Wheat, including flour, shipments of the week aggregate 2,277,450 bush-els, against 2,280,578 bushels last week, 4,114,046 bushels in the corresponding week of 1899.

Business failures in the United States for the week number 190, as compared with 189 last week, 205 in this week a year ago, 233 in 1898, 233 in 1897, and 300 in 1896.

Business failures in Canada for the week number 28, as compared with 33 last week, 21 in this week a year ago, 28 in 1898, 36 in 1897 and 40 in 1896.

PACIFIC COAST TRADE.

Sonttle Markets. Onions, new, \$2.25@2.50 per sack. Lettuce, hot house, 45c per doz. Potatoes, new, \$15@18. Beets, per sack, 75@85c. Turnips, per sack, 60c. Carrots, per sack, 50c. Parsnips, per sack, 75@85c. Cauliflower, 75c@#1 per dozen. Cabbage, native and California,

\$1.00@1.25 per 100 pounds. Apples, \$1.25@1.50 per box. Prunes, 60c per box.

Butter-Creamery, 280 per pound; lairy, 17@22c; ranch, 17c per pound.

Eggs-15@16c.

Cheese-Native, 15c. Poultry-18@14c; dressed, 14@15c;

spring, \$5. Hay-Puget Sound timothy, \$12.00;

choice Eastern Washington timothy, \$18.00@19.00

Corn-Whole, \$23.00; cracked, \$28; feed meal, \$23.

Barley-Rolled or ground, per ton. \$20:

Flour-Patent, per barrel, \$3.25; blended straights, \$3.00; California, \$3.25; buckwheat flour, \$6.00; graham, per barrel, \$3.00; whole wheat flour, \$3.00; rye flour, \$3.80@4.00.

Millstuffs-Bran, per ton, \$13.002 shorts, per ton, \$15.00. Feed-Chopped feed, \$19.00 per ton;

middlings, per ton, \$20; oil cake meal, per ton, \$80.00.

Fresh Meats-Choice dressed beef teers, 7% @8c; cows, 7c; mutton 8c; pork, 7 %c; trimmed, 9c; veal, 8 %@

Hams-Large, 13c; small, 1354; breakfast bacon, 12 %c; dry salt sldes, 8è.

Portland Market.

Corbin, thus complying with the order executive business. Pending a motion from the department which brought to that effect, Penrose who has charge him from Manila. The general was in of the case of ex-Senator Quay, suggestthe uniform of a brigadier-general of ed that a time be fixed for a vote on the the volunteer army. He looked the case. In the course of his remarks he picture of health; better than when he intimated that certain senators were left Washington for Manila. He gave General Corbin a brief de- and indicated that Gallinger was one

scription of the conditions in Luzon. of these senators. He insisted that the war is over, and that nothing more is to be done except sired to be heard on the question, but to run down a few guerrillas and irregulars. There is difficinty in this work, To his statement Penrose retorted that he said, and there is danger, too, but its prosecution is not "war." Ambus-him he did not expect to speak on the cades were frequent and annoying, and Quay case. Instantly Gallinger was it was not easy to tell whether the hid- on his feet, and with evident feeling den foe was strong or weak. Three and with great vehemence, replied as men had been mistaken for a company above quoted.

The general said that the American troops are doing splendid work there. They are sound and healthy, and in quite as good shape as they would be at home, engaged in similar service. This is owing in a mesaure to the ex-

The debate on the appropriation hill developed difference of opinion, as Jones, of Arkansas, offered a susbtitute

Parkhurst on Their Track.

Rico. The bill had not been disposed passed by the house today, and also a arbiter.

able queries.

The committee decided to authorize e socretary of the navy to contract r armor at a price not to exceed \$545 r ton. This applies to the emergency nor, about 7,400 tons, required for

battleships Maine, Missouri and nic, now in course of construction, d not to the vessels authorized but t began, nor to those contemplated the present bill.

The question of sheathing ships, tich has excited much interest in val circles of late, was determined adopting a provision leaving the estion of sheathing to the discretion the secretary of the navy. Prior to aution on the bill, Naval Conactor Capps, who served with Ad-

iral Dawey in the Philippines, was ard on the sheathing question. He ged in particular that vessels to be ed in foreign service should be eathed, as foreign drydocks were not ways available.

Bold Out to the Pullman. San Francisco, March 17 .- The uthern Pacific Company will relinlish all interest in the Pullman cars its system April 1. It was officially nounced today that a new contract a been entered into between the uthern Pacific and the Pullman Comny whereby the latter will acquire purchase all of the company's sleepg car interests and will in future erate alceping cars over the Southern ciñe lines, under a mileage arrangeant similar to that existing on all the her big railroad systems of the coun-F. The price paid by the Pullman mpany is said to be \$1,500,000.

Houston, Tox., March 17 .- Last ght and today snow fell in North ixas, extending as far south as Waco, mething never known before.

Huntington's Guatemala Line. San Francisco, March 17 .- D. B. adgion, general manager of the Ferromill Censteral de Guatemala, has arved lum He is to meet Collis P. on here next month relative 325 WXE msion of the Guatemala Cenal railroad from Guatemala city east the Atlantic coast. Mr. Hunting in In the president and owner of the ACL. WA ch is now operated from Ban and, a port on the Pacific ocean, east Guatemala city.

Salf Is Governor.

Auckland, N.Z., March 16 .- Advices from Samoa, dated March I, report that the German flag was hoisted at Apia in the presence of the treaty officials and of Maatafa and Tamasese. Dr. Solf, president of the municipalty, is governor. Herr Knipping, formerly vice-consul at Sydney, will act as chief judge and vice-governor. A public reconciliation took place at the flag hoisting between Maatafa and Tamasese. The supretme court, the municipal conneil, the municipal magistracy and the consular courts were abolished. The laws will remain in force as at present. The natives are all quiet and awaiting news from Germany as to the form of government.

Robbed by Soldiers.

New York, March 16 .- A correspondent of the Evening Post, writing from Manila, under date of February 2, says: "When Gregerio del Pilar's body was found, American soldiers stripped it of every bit of clothing, taking the rings from his fingers and a locket from the neck. Not a stitch of any kind was left on the body, everything being taken for souvenirs. For two days the body was left by the roadside unburied, until its odors was offensive and some Igorites were ordered to cover it with dirt. Among the things taken were his watch, money, a gold ring and a diamond ring."

The Chain Trust.

New York, March 16 .- Representatives of the various companies to be included in the Standard Chain Company are at present in this city. The company is capitalized at \$3,000,000. and in addition there is an authorized bond issue of \$700,000, of which about \$600,000, it is understood, will be issued at present.

Heir of Millionaire Smith.

New York, March 16 .- Among the passengers that arrived today from Liverpool on the White Star Liner Oceanic, was George N. Cooper, of Elgin, Sectland, heir to half the estate of \$50,000,000 left by George Smith, the pioneer banker of Chicago. Mr. Cooper was accompanied by Mrs. Cooper, who also inherited a share of the estate. Mr. Cooper shares with J. H. Smith, the "Silent Man of Wall Street," the entire fortune, after a few minor legacies are paid.

Boroneck were badly burned, but will recover.

Explosions of this character are frequent in this section, but the absolute disappearance of Martin lends an air of mystery to the affair. Three hundred tons of molten ore, coke and minerals used in the production of pig iron became fast in the furnace, and Martin and Curvan, as top fillers, tried to dislodge it. Suddenly the entire mass fell, compressing the gas below and to work well, the plan may be quite causing a terrific explosion.

Not a trace of Martin's body can be found. Curvan, when discovered, was in a horrible shape, and can hardly live until morning. The other men, who were at the bottom of the furnace, fared some better, but Jackson is so badly burned that his recovery is next to impossible.

Food for Paerto Ricans.

Washington, March 19 .- Five hundred tons of rice, codfish and bacon were shipped on a transport to Puerto Rico today by the war department to relieve the suffering. The shipment is made in response to an appeal some time ago from General George Daivs, military governor of Puerto Rico, to acting Secretary of State Meikeljohn, for aid for starving Puerto Ricans.

General Davis' letter depicts an awful situation on the island. He explained that he intended to discontinue the distribution of food the first of the month, but owing to the distress he asked for this shipment. He also says shipment of 500 tons of the same articles be made on the next transport following this shipment.

Fire in a Massachusetts Town. Hodkinton, Mass., March 17 .- Fire will adopt other measures calculated destroyed five of the best business build. to prevent the introduction of the disings in this place today. The loss is case. estimated at \$75,000 to \$100,000.

Assistant Quartermaster for Otis. San Francisco, March 19,-Captain Charles D. Palmer, who has been stationed in Chicago since June, 1898, as assistant quartermaster of the department of the lakes, sails for Manila today. He will act as assistant quartermaster on General Otis' staff.

Berlin, March 19 .- Herr von Puttkamer, ex-vice-president of the Prussian ministry, and brother-in-law of Prince Bismarck, is dead at Varain, aged 71 years.

of the condition of household servants, and so well did Mrs. Blaine regard the suggestion that she decided to adopt it in her home.

The system was mangurated about 10 days ago, and it is said to have proven highly successful. Society and club women are highly interested in Mrs. Blaine's experiment, and if it continues generally adopted.

AN EDICT AGAINST RATS.

Formal Freelamation Issued by the Mayor of Astoria.

Astoria, Or., March 17 .-- A proclamation, of which the following is a copy, was issued from the mayor's office today:

"To the Citizens of Astoria: In view of the fact that there has been an anthentic case of the plague in Chinatown in San Francisco, and the Chinese are constantly coming from there to other cities on this coast, and in view also that the plague now exists in a greatly increased number of ports of the Pacific ocean from which vessels are constantly coming to the ports of this coast, and in view also of the fact that rate take this disease more easily than man, and are generally the first to take it in any port, and then give it to man; and in view of the fact that the diseased rats cannot be isolated in case

and public protection. This I consider of great importance, and I hope it will be done immediately, while the council

Plague Situation at Sydney.

Sydney, N. S. W., March 16 .-Another death from bubonic plague has occurred here, and two fresh cases have developed.

Furniture Factory Destroyed. Muskegon, March 17 .- Fire tonight destroyed the Sans & Maxwell furniture factory at Pentwater. The loss is estimated at \$300,000.

Prosperity needs more prayer than adversity.

The oil from them profitably, for they are scientist offered the proposition that always very fat when they come into there was a chance for the betterment the river. The matter will be brought up at the next meeting of the Fisherman's Union for discussion.

Northwest Notes.

Polk county, Or., has 2,508 voters; of them, 1,156 have registered.

La Grande, Or., has a school population of 1,377 between the ages of 4 and 20.

Miss Oza Waldrop, actress, is the daughter of Rev. Joe Waldrop, of Prineville, Or.

Walter Benn, a Siletz Indian, is under bonds at Toledo, Or., to answer a charge of grand larceny.

A number of strangers are investigating the timber resources in the mountains west of Pedee.

Papers throughout Oregon are still urging voters to register. More than half of them are not yet on the books.

A. J. Smith is said to have given option to parties on his 32 acres of oyster land on Oyster bay, Wash., the price to be \$15,000.

The Brownsville, Or., Times says the Calapoola river continues to make inroads on land in the eastern part of town, though the water is not high.

Tacoma druggists have organized a society which will join the Retail Druggists' Association of America. One of its objects is to prevent the sale of patent medicines and drugs in department stores.

who went to the residence of his wife. from whom he had separated, and "while she was absent at church, broke open the door with an ax, loaded a wagon with what he wanted and took it away." Mrs. Garr will take legal proceedings against him.

Claud Bullock, a young man of 20 years, of Wenatchee, Wash., accidentally shot himself in the left side. He died from the injuries.

Miss Roth, a Hoquiam, Wash. nurse, has entered the government service, and will leave at once for the Philippines.

Nineteen school teachers are employed by La Grande. The four male teach ers are paid an average of \$76 per 160. month, but the female teachers get but \$44.

Wheat - Walla Walls, 52@53cz Valley, 52c; Bluestem, 55c per bushel. Flour-Best grades, \$3.00; graham, \$2.50; superfine, \$2.10 per barrel.

Oats-Choice white, 35@36c; choice gray, 34c per bushel.

Barley-Feed barley, \$14@15.00; Trewing, \$17.00@17.50 per ton.

Millstuffs-Bran, \$13 per ton; middlings, \$19; shorts, \$15; chop, \$14 per ton

Hay-Timothy, \$9@10; clover, \$7@ 7.50; Oregon wild hay, \$6@7 per ton. Butter-Fancy creamery, 50@55c; seconds, 43 % @ 45c; dairy, 80 @ 87 % o; store, 25%@32%c.

Eggs-11c per dozen.

Cheese-Oregon full cream, 13ct Young America, 14c; new cheese 10o per pound.

Poultry-Chickens, mixed, \$3.50@ 4.50 per dozen; hens, \$5.00; springs, \$2.50 @ 8.50; geese, \$6.50 @ 7.50 for old: \$4.50@6.50; ducks, \$5.00@5.50 per dozen; turkeys, live, 10@11c per pound.

Potatoes-50@60c per sack; sweets, 2@2%c per pound.

Vogetables-Boets, \$1; turnips, 90er per sack; garlie, 7e per pound; cabbage, 1%c per pound; parsnips, \$1; onions, \$1.50@2.25; carrots, \$1.

Hops-8@8c per pound

Wool-Valley, 12@18c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 8@14c; mohair, 27@ 30c per pound.

Mutton-Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, 4 % c; dressed mutton, 7@ 7 %c per pound; lambs, 7 %c per pound. Hogs-Gross, choice heavy, \$5.00; light and feeders, \$4.50; dressed, A. F. Garris a Toledo, Or., man \$6.00@6.50 per 100 pounds.

Beef-Gross, top steers, \$4.00@4.50; cows, \$3.50@4.00; dressed beef, 636@ %o per pound.

Veal-Large, 6% @7%c; small, 8@ 9c per pound.

Tallow-5@5%c; No. 2 and grease, 8%@4c per pound.

San Francisco Market.

Wool-Spring-Nevada, 12@150 per pound; Eastern Oregon, 12@16c; Valev, 20@22c; Northern, 10@12c.

Hops-1899 crop, 11@180 per pound.

Butter - Fancy creamery 210: do seconds, 19@20c; fancy dairy, 17 @18c; do seconds, 15@16c per pound. Eggs-Store, 18 %c; fancy ranch,

Millstuffs — Middlings, \$17.00 20.00; bran, \$12.00@15.00,

"ISAAC BERGMAN, Mayor."

of an epidemic; therefore I think it that it is imperative that a further proper that the people should be warned to kill the rats by trapping or otherwise, without delay, as a matter of self