BOHEMIA NUGGET

Published Every Friday.

COTTAGE GROVE..........OREGON

THE NEWS OF THE WEEK

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Telegraph Columns.

California reports a profitable fruit season.

Admiral Sampson has been granted a month's leave of absence.

The Dewey home fund contributions have reached nearly $12,000.

A German company will build a smelter in Shasta county, Cal.

Spain has sold the gunboat Velasquez to Venezuela for 150,000 francs.

A steam flue collapsed on a Mississippi river steamer scalding five men, two fatally.

After an absence of six years a Minneapolis man returned to stand trial for grand larceny.

Captain Coghlan will go to Puget sound after all, as commandant of the naval station at Bremerton.

The navy department has received information that Admiral Dewey sailed from Colombo for Port Said.

Governor Jones, of Arkansas, has issued a proclamation in which he says the importation of miners must cease.

Two Japanese sailors jumped from the plague ship anchored at San Francisco, hoping to reach shore, but were drowned.

The campaign will cease in the Philippines until the bad weather is ended. Meanwhile Otis' force will be increased to 40,000 men.

The secretary of war has sent a request to General H. G. Otis, at Los Angeles, to come to Washington for a conference in regard to affairs in the Philippines.

The coroner's investigation of the two negroes killed in the Alabama race riot, found that they were shot down in cold blood, but failed to bring to light the guilty parties.

Railroad ticket agents in the entire territory west of Chicago will have their incomes materially increased after July 1. After this date agents will receive liberal commissions for selling tickets over foreign or connecting lines. These commissions will run from 25 cents to $4 per ticket, the average being about $1.

A St. Louis police officer found concealed in a dirty trunk and a valise a sum of money exceeding $15,000 in government bonds, gold and bills of large denominations. The police think that this small fortune is the property of Mrs. Walbonger Wackerle, an aged German woman who is now a patient at the city insane asylum.

At Wallace, Idaho, deputy sheriffs have posted notices forbidding the public observance of July 11. This is the anniversary of the riot at Gem, seven years ago. It has ever since been observed as Miners' Union day, the exercises in the forenoon being similar to those of Memorial day, while in the afternoon Fourth of July spots are held.

New Orleans will furnish the first two of the Spanish court stenographers Otis asked for.

A new sugar company organized in San Francisco has $5,000,000 to use in Hawaian isles.

One of the Prince Luigi party panned out $1,800 in four days' time at Cape Nome, Alaska.

After 26 ballots were taken, the Kentucky Democrats nominated William Goebel for governor.

A Japanese vessel has arrived in San Francisco and is said to have bubonic plague on board.

Rioting has broken out afresh in Cleveland. Several street cars were demolished by the mob.

The government will use a shell of terrific explosive power in the fall campaign in the Philippines.

The freight steamer Pawnee burned near Cape Henry, coast of Florida. Her crew of 34 was picked up.

The ship Selkirk went down on Ape reef, in the Philippines, with a $400,000 cargo. All hands were saved.

The Chicago stockyards strikers have been successful, and have returned to work at an increase of 25 cents a day.

The peace conference will lay aside disarmament proposals. The Russian proposals were declared unacceptable.

The 'varsity boat race was won by Pennsylvania, with Wisconsin second. Twenty-seven thousand people were in attendance.

Vanderbilt has bought another road in the East, and the rumor is being revived that he intends establishing a new transcontinental line.

An asphalt trust, to control the paving material output of the world, has been incoprorated in New Jersey with a capitalization of $30,000,000.

LATER NEWS.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson will come to the coast this summer.

As a result of a lover's quarrel a San Francisco young woman was shot by a fireman.

Reports from Brazos valley, Texas, place the damage by the recent floods at $4,000,000.

Two were killed and a number injured in a street car collision at Pittsburg.

At Philadelphia, J. T. Carr, a reporter, was killed in a street car collision. A number were badly injured.

Fire did damage to the extent of $150,000 at Summit, N. J. One hundred people, living in apartments, lost their effects.

The negroes have all left Pana, Ill., on tickets furnished by Governor Tanner. The mines will reopen with union men.

Schurman has visited the southern islands and ascertained the sentiment of the natives. He says peace will surely follow victory in the Philippines, as the best people favor the Americans

Union City, Ill., populated entirely union miners, was destroyed by fire and the miners driven to the woods by negroes, who sought revnge for the killing of a negro woman by the miners.

General Horatio G. Wright, who made a brilliant record in the civil war, serving at Gettysburg and the campaign in the Wilderness and around Richmond, died in Washington.

General Miles has paid a high compliment to the brave Oregon volunteers, and says that in the West is to be found the best material in the world for military serivce.

The rebels made a sally against our lines at San Fernando, but did not push the attack. The Americans lost one man killed and four wounded.

Rioters attepmted to burn a Jesuit college at Vaelnca, Spain. The gendarmes were attacked by a mob. Barricades were erected in the streets, which the troops carried after fierce resistance.

The German delegates of the drafting committee of the arbitration committee of the peace conference have officially announced the assent of Germany to Sir Julian Pauncefote's proposal of a permanent court of arbitration.

Professor Waterhouse, of Washington univrsity, proposes that we call the United States "Usona," and its people "Usonians." The words are derived from the initials of United States of North America.

During the fiscal year just ended the total output of American shipyards has been the largest in any year for the last quarter of a century, except in 1891, when 1,384 vessels of 369,302 gross tons were built and documented in the United States.

Returning soldiers say all Philippine news is censored.

Daniel F. Timann, former mayor of New York, is dead.

New York has a case of yellow fever. It came from Cuba.

Fifteen hundred men are now out at the Chicago stockyards.

Secretary Alger invented a parapet, but on a test it proved worthless.

The writing paper trust has been incorporated, capitalized at $25,000,000.

At a tumult in the Italian chamber of deputies in Rome 20 deputies were injured.

At Belgium the government has conceded to the socialists the right to hold meetings.

London telegraph company objects to a Pacific cable because it will hurt their business.

The California miners who were reported to have perished in Siberia, are alive and well.

The peanut trust has been incorporated in New Jersey with a capitalization of $50,000.

Retail prices will advance in keeping with those of the wholesale in the iron and steel trade.

General Harrison Gray Otis says his namesake should have 50,000 men to route the Filipinos.

The cruiser Chicago has gone to Pretoria, South Africa to protect American interests in the Transvaal.

Dreyfus has at last been landed in France. He was taken to Rennes, where his retrial will take place.

The United States consul at Salvador, informs the state department that yellow fever has made its appearance there.

Under direct orders from the president, every nerve is strained to get the volunteer regiments away from the Philippines without a day's delay.

No colored regiments will be organized for service in the Philippines. Any colored men enlisted will be assigned to vacancies in the present colored regiments of the regular army.

Heavy rains have done great damage in Texas. It is reliably stated that one family of six persons perished. The loss in cotton and corn alone will reach $1,000,000, while another $1,000,000 will not cover the loss to railroads and other property.

BROKE THE WORLD'S RECORD

Murphy Rode a Mile in 57 4-5 Seconds.

PACED BY A LOCOMOTIVE

Screened From the Wind by Hood on the Train—Nearly Cost Him His Life -Wheel Was Geared to 120.

New York, July 3.—Charles M. Murphy, of the Kings County Wheelmen, rode a mile on a bicycle, paced by a locomotive, in 57 4-5 seconds today. His course was a two-mile board track on a siding of the Long island railway. Murphy followed an engine and a day coach, the latter being provided with a hood, which acted as a wind shield for the rider. The board track was laid near Maywood, L. I., and extended from that station two miles east, and was as nearly perfect to a level as skill could make it. Fully 3,000 people saw Murphy make his daring ride.

Engineer Sam Booth had his hand on the throttle of engine 74 when the word was given to start at 5:10. The engine started at a rapid rate, and before 400 yards had been traversed, was running at a rate of more than 50 miles an hour. Murphy was keeping well within the hood. As they neared the beginning of the mile stretch, the pace was a mile a minute, and a cloud of dust obscured everything from the view of the spectators, who lined the banks on either side.

On entering this pace, which would test his speed, Murphy, in reply to a query, shouted: "I'm all right, send her along," but there was no necessity for his remarks as to speed, as the engineer was sending the big steam flyer along at top speed. The quarter was reached in 15 seconds, and the half in 29 2-5. The time for the three-quarters was 44. At the finish, two of the watches showed 57 4-5, one 57 3-5, another 58 and the fifth 57 3-4, which was held by Sheriff Creamer. The timers agreed that Murphy had covered the distance in 57 4-5 seconds.

Those on the back platform who had watched Murphy all through his wonderful ride stated that the rider's handle bars had knocked against the rubber buffet at least six times and each time the concussion sent him back fully six feet, but Murphy always had strength enough to regain this distance.

During the last quarter of a mile, the rider covered the ground for the greater part fully a wheel's length outside of the hood, but as he passed the finish he was close up. Just then two strong men on board the train reached down and seized the rider by either arm and lifted him aboard the car in safety. Their action undoubtedly saved Murphy's life, because he was then in such a weak condition that had he been allowed to remain on the wheel he would have been unable to control it, and a serious, if not fatal, accident might have happened.

Murphy was carried to the front part of the car and laid on a cot where a physician administered to him, and in less than five minutes the cyclist was able to converse with those around him. Murphy seemed dazed at first, and said, in answer to queries as to why he fell back so many times: "I did that so that I might not come in contact with the planks which were being torn up in front of me."

Later on, however, he did not refer to this, but said: "Boys, I've felt always that I could do this. Now that I have done it, I am satisfied, and so are many others."

Before the train had reached Babylon Murphy had regained his normal condition.

Murphy rode a 28-inch wheel, geared to 120, 6½-inch crank hangers, and the weight of the machine was 20½ pounds.

GOVERNMENT OF SAMOA

Governor Not to Be Subject to Any of the Treaty Powers.

San Francisco, July 3.—The steamship Mariposa arrived from Australia, via Samoa and Honolulu, today, and reports everything quiet in the Samoan islands.

The commission lost no time in getting to work and had an interview with the riavl kings, who agreed to surrender all arms and abandon their claims to the thorne. The commission is now engaged in writing its report.

Apia is to be governed by a council and mayor. The judicial and diplomatic functions of the consuls will be greatly restricted and the supreme court and one law is recognized as sufficient for the needs of Samoa. Revenue will be raised by indirect taxation by means of increased customs duties, and the poll tax will be abolished. A governor will be appointed who will not be the subject of any treaty powers. He will be assisted by a council of three, one from each of the interested powers. This council will legislate for the Samoans and will be aided by a small body of representative Samoans. Consuls Rose and Maxse are passengers on the Mariposa.

Some of the rebels are disatisfied with the procalmation providing for a provisional government, and have declined to give up their rifles.

GRAVES RENTED IN CUBA.

When Payment Is Delinquent Remains Are Thrown Out.

Havana, July 3.—The citizens of Matanzas protest against restoring the cemetery to ecclesiastical autheirtes. It is asserted by those who are particularly active in their opposition that the church, though always regarding the cemetery as a leading soucre of income, has invariably taken advantage of the poor in connection therewith, compelling them to pay exorbitant sums when renting graves for their dead, and then, at the expiration of the terms, relentlessly disinterring the remains and throwing them into unconsecrated ground.

Brigadier-General Lee called upon the governor-general today with regard to future action against the thieves who have recently created so much trouble in the district of Guanajay. The prompt meaures already taken served to check the outbreak of thievery, and it is not expected that there will be much more trouble there. Nevertheless General Lee wishes to take steps that will be absolutely preventive.

General Brooke has received a decree drawn by Senor La Nuza, secretary of justice on the advisory cabinet, by the terms of which, for the time being, citizens of foreign countries who desire the recognition of charters and licenses shall present to their diplomatic representative or consel all such documents for formal legalization.

The people in Havana are deeply interested in the reported discovery of yellow fever serum. Most of them doubt its efficacy, but they say they will give it a fair trial if oppotunity offers. They believe that if administered in minute doses it would not harm the patient.

OREGON MAN'S INVENTION.

Naval Board Experiments With a New Explosive.

New York, July 3.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says: Important tests with thorite, a new high explosive, are being conducted by the board of ordnance and fortifications at the Sandy Hook proving grounds. Little is known at the war department of the characteristics of the new explosive. It is the invention of Professor Tuttle, of Oregon, who asserts it is perfectly safe, and was willing some weeks ago to put a red-hot poker in a charge of thorite, declaring it could be done without causing it to explode. It is believed to have picric acid as its base. Tests of the explosive by the inventor are said to have been very satisfactory, and it may prove to be the material the army has been seeking.

Besides thorite, the ordnance department of the army has been experimenting with jovite, emmensite and dry and wet guncotton, paying more attention to the last named explosive than to any other. So far none of them has given the results desired before adoption for service use.

Captain William Crozier, military attache of the American delegation to The Hague conference, was instructed several weeks ago to stop in England on his way home and ascertain if possible the ingredients of lyddite and the secret of the fuse used by General Kitchener's army in the Soudan with such excellent effect. It is untrue that he has been directed to contract for any quantity of the explosive.

Military officers in England have apparently been unable to secure all the information concerning the explosive the authorities would like to have. It is recalled that emmensite, discovered in and used by France, was kept a secret, but this government finally obtained information of its ingredients and has been testing it for some years at Sandy Hook.

Tests of jovite were made by the army officials several years ago and were not very successful. The navy department has tested thorite with considerable success, and if it continues to be satisfactory it may be adopted by the naval service.

Joint Pacific Coast Terminal Company.

Tacoma, Wash., July 2.—A special from New York to the Evening News today says: Negotiations wihch have been pending for the past 90 days for settlement of the terms for a joint terminal corporation for the Pacific coast have been practically concluded, and the plan of organization agreed upon. Tacoma will be the center of the system, which will include various ports on the navigable waters of the North Pacific coast, where the steamship lines of the Pacific will be centered.

Active work in the carrying out of the project, which includes the Great Northern, Northern Pacific, Burlington and Union Pacific systems, will be at once begun.

Another Diplomatic Crisis.

Washington, July 2.—The negotiations in London looking to the arrangement of a modus vivendi fixing the Alaskan boundary, have again nearly reached a crisis, the several conferences that have taken place recently between Salisbury and Choate having been dismally disappointing in results.

At moments it appeared the details could be easily arranged, but it turns out that those very details cannot be agreed upon without the sacrifices of the interests of many American miners, mainly those who are driven out of the Atlin district by the severe and discriminating Canadian laws.

A MONARCHY FOR CU

Cuban General Organizing Royalist Party.

HE DISLIKES AMERICAN RU

Spanish Grandees and Others ... Into the Scheme by the Promise ... Titles---Headquarters in Havana.

Havana, July 5.—La Lucha ... lishes a statement regarding ... which its conductors say they have ... investigating and carefully ... for several weeks, owing to the ... cence of those concerned and the ... sire of the latter to avoid a pre... disclosure, leading to possible fail... their plans. The paper says:

"Cuba, during the last few ... has been a land of many ... The latest is the establishment ... royalist party. The new organ... is unimportant at present, ... numbering fewer than 50 members, ... a well-known Cuban general, ... claims to be a descendant of ... mange, is reported to be the ... the party, and the meeting ... usually the Inglaterra cafe. The ... ban general in question is said ... dissatisfied with American rule ... thinks that what Cuba needs is ... republic, but a strong hand at the ... like his own. He is of the ... that the people of the Latin ... for royalty, and the possible ... accruing under monarchical regime.

"The Cuban general referred ... understood to deny that he is ... the party, but there is consider... evidence that such a movement ... foot. He is the officer who was ... ly reported to General Brooke for ... lecting 30 centimes from a Spa... merchant on the ground that it ... assessment for a fund devoted to ... ing out the interveners."

General Ludlow has been made ... of his successful attempts to ... money from gambling houses, ... threats to use his influence to ... them closed if the president of the ... ted States refused his demands ... political reasons it has not been ... sidered advisable, thus far, to ... against him, but he has been ... to discontinue these practices, and ... now understood that he is now ... more interested in making money ... in starting a new party.

According to such other reports ... this bombastic scheme as have ... out, the promoter has represented ... he will persuade a majority of the ... caldes to give the movement their ... port by promising to make them ... counts and barons. It is also ... plans to form a Cuban Legion of ... or. Several persons who affect ... lieve that such an attempt might ... ceed, say the outcome will de... largely on the charm of novelty ... populace judiciously prepared ... brace the ideas. The theory is ... would be particularly acceptable ... families as already have titles of ... and the Spaniards residing in Cuba ... who, owing to buisness or other ... siderations, have been compelled to ... feit their patents of nobility. The ... promoters of the movement allege ... they expect financial assistance ... these sources, as the plan promises ... substitute equal dignities and ... for these that have been forfeited.

SENSELESS IN A FIELD.

Mrs. Mary Welch, of Ontario, ... With a Club.

Ontario, Or., July 5.—The town ... in a ferment of excitement today ... a mysterious occurrence last ... About 9 o'clock Mrs. Mary Welch, ... widow, aobut 45 years of age, was ... unconscious in a pasture in the ... of town, with bruises upon her ... and face, as if she had been ... with a club. A yearling steer, ... its throat cut, and in the ... death, was lying near her. Although ... she has slightly regained conscious... this morning, she cannot remember ... how she was hurt, except that ... body struck her on the back of ... head. The grounds have been care... ly examined, without developing ... solution of the mystery. The ... bears a mark and brand that ... strange to this section, and none of ... stockshippers report a loss from ... herds or admit knowing the ... No one knows how the animal got ... the pasture, or how the woman came ... be in the inclosure, as she was ... ing home from a neighbor's in the ... burbs and her road lay outside. ... Welch is a pioneer of this ... highly respected, and possessed of ... siderable means. Her recovery is ... sidered doubtful.

Freight Car Burned.

Baker City, July 5.—The O. R. & N. depot and warehouses had a narrow escape from destruction tonight at ... Operator J. G. Hurt discovered O. R. & N. car 4513, standing beside the ... pot, enveloped in black smoke. ... gave the alarm of fire and tel... to Pleasant Valley for a locomotive ... save the other cars on the track. ... fire department soon had the fire ... der control. The car was loaded ... acids, merchandise, matches and ... freight for Sumpter. The loss is ...