

BOHEMIA NUGGET

Published Every Friday.

COTTAGE GROVE.....OREGON

THE NEWS OF THE WEEK

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Telegraph Columns.

Hungry Filipinos are being fed by the Americans.

The Philippine commissioners have been called home.

The Vixen has reached Bluefields to relieve the Detroit.

Costa Rica and Nicaragua are preparing for a conflict.

Mosquito coast Indians have rebelled against Nicaragua.

Augusta, Ga., was visited by a destructive fire; loss, \$250,000.

A new banana trust has been formed. It will fight a similar organization formed last winter.

The outlook is said to be bright for the settlement of the Alaska boundary dispute in London.

Seven walnut-growers' associations in Southern California have combined for mutual protection.

Twenty-five deaths and 33 prostrations is the result of a hot June day in New York and vicinity.

The United States court of appeals holds that the alien labor law applies only to common laborers.

The Indiana supreme court declares that it is unlawful for corporations to attempt to destroy competition.

Private Crew, of company D, casual detachment, was seriously wounded in target practice at San Francisco.

Augustin Daily, famous as a theatrical manager, dramatist and adapter of plays, died suddenly in Paris.

A company capitalizes! at \$10,000,000 has been organized to work a mountain of copper found in Arizona.

A Havana dispatch says brigandism is on the increase in portions of Cuba where no United States soldiers are quartered.

The Washington State Pioneers' Association has passed a resolution protesting against the cession of any Alaskan territory to Canada.

Governor-General Brooke has issued orders appointing Senor Gonzales de Quesada special commissioner from Cuba at Washington, at a salary of \$5,000. The appointment greatly pleases Gomez' following.

Judge Allen, of Los Angeles, holds that people who secure a divorce in California who go beyond the jurisdiction of the California courts and contract another marriage and then return to California have no standing in a California court in an action for divorce.

A colony of 500 negroes will locate in California.

The proposed plow and threshing machine combines are off.

Admiral Sampson says our navy should be twice its present size.

Otis has established cable connection between Ilo Ilo and the island of Cebu.

A number of schools have closed in St. Louis on account of the hot weather.

Canada's latest proposal is to establish a customhouse on the Dalton trail.

Johann Strauss, the late famous composer, was buried with public honors in Vienna.

Western men are urging an early session of congress to consider currency legislation.

Steps have been taken by the French government demanding the extradition of Esterhazy.

James S. Sherman has withdrawn in favor of Henderson for the speakership of the national house.

Samoans have disarmed and are now awaiting the verdict of the joint commission as to who shall be king.

One death at Chicago and two at Pittsburg with many prostrations from the heat is the record for one day.

The body of the "Barefoot King of Hawaii" is missing. It is supposed to have been stolen by natives and buried in the mountains.

That negotiations are in progress looking toward a mammoth sugar consolidation is now admitted by one of the men most interested.

New York experienced the hottest June day on record Tuesday. Thirty-one prostrations were recorded. The thermometer reached 98.

President Schurman, of the Philippine commission, in a dispatch to Secretary Hay, has, it is believed, recommended more liberal concessions to the Filipinos, with a view of ending the insurrection at once.

A project for final improvement of the cascade locks on the upper Columbia has been submitted and approved. The appropriation is \$75,000, and the object is to prevent any further damage by freshet in the river.

LATER NEWS.

The French cabinet has resigned. Mexico will produce \$12,000,000 in gold this year.

A Chicago Chinaman has taken advantage of the new bankruptcy act.

At Fort Smith, Ark., a jealous satirist shot and killed his wife and himself.

Louis Erick is the name of the man killed by the snowslide on White pass early in June.

During a drunken street brawl in San Francisco one man was killed and three wounded.

Captain Henry Nichols, commander of the Monadnock, died of sunstroke while on duty at Manila.

Artillerists manning the coast defense guns have been instructed to increase their target practice.

The municipality of Havana has presented to General Maximo Gomez a certificate naming him as an adopted son of the city.

The Second Oregon regiment, with the signal corps, has sailed from Manila for Portland. They are expected to arrive about July 12.

Great Britain is taking steps to protect her shipmasters and seamen from boarding house keepers.

Yellow Jack is creating a panic in Mexico. It is unusually virulent this year, the mortality exceeding 60 per cent.

The United States government has granted Spain the privilege of ransoming the Spanish prisoners held by the Filipinos.

The war department has under consideration an order sending the Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth infantry to Manila.

Admiral Dewey has requested that the money raised to buy him a home in Washington be used to establish a home for soldiers and sailors.

The administration is being severely criticized by the Eastern press, who say the rebellion in the Philippines should be put down immediately.

New Richmond and Boardman, Wis., were nearly wiped off the map by a destructive cyclone. A number of lives were lost, and the property loss is enormous.

The Pacific coast gunboat Marietta, which accompanied the Oregon on her famous 14,000-mile run from California to the West Indies in the early days of the war, has arrived in New York.

Schnurman is leaving the Philippines because his plan for home rule was not approved.

Veterans of the civil war, both of the blue and the gray, are planning a law and order expedition to Cuba.

Miss Mabel Kaffitz and Walter Henderson were drowned by the capsizing of the Flora near Stockton, California.

The southward movement of Lawton and Wheaton's forces proved a success. The Filipino forces were badly routed and disorganized.

The survey for the submarine cable which will connect Germany with the United States by the way of the Azores has been practically completed.

President Loubet, of France, has had his revenge for the recent outrage. He was the hero of a popular demonstration while driving to the races.

By working upon the muscles of the abdomen, a New York physician has cured a case of appendicitis. No instruments were used, and relief came in eight minutes.

The German peace delegate at The Hague objects to arbitration. He affirms that Emperor William will not pledge himself to accept decisions on issues that have not arisen.

The trust mania has reached the brewers, and it is said, on the best authority, that a scheme is on foot to form a trust with \$1,000,000,000 capital and buy up all the breweries in the country.

The Alaska grand jury has condemned the school management. Educational work, it says, has been misdirected. The government agent is accused of falsehood, and his removal from office is demanded.

England has bought an additional \$500,000 in American eagles to strengthen its reserve. The report that Russia is a buyer of gold in New York is regarded in London as being significant.

War seems certain between England and Transvaal. Both are preparing for a struggle. British troops are near the border and Kruger's forces are said to be able to cope with any England can muster.

Over 5,000,000,000 gallons of petroleum, according to the treasury bureau of statistics, are now produced annually in the world. Of this amount 2,500,000,000 gallons are produced in the United States, 2,250,000,000 in Russia, and the remainder is distributed among a dozen countries.

A tornado swept over San Pedro and Atariz, in the province of Valladolid, Spain, about 150 houses being destroyed. There was also great loss of life. Ten bodies have already been recovered from the ruins. Toledo has been visited by a great storm. The lower part of the city has been flooded.

CAVITE PROVINCE OCCUPIED

Rebels Retreating Before the American Troops.

TWO IMPORTANT TOWNS TAKEN

Hardest Day's Work Yet Done by Otis' Men—Filipinos Again Escape Capture Under Cover of the Night.

Manila, June 13.—The Filipino occupation of the province of Cavite has been broken, and, as the result of the present movement, the Americans now control the important coast towns of Paranaque and Las Pinas, while a long line of insurgent trenches facing our south lines has been cleared.

The insurgents have again proved their ability as dodgers. Between 3,000 and 4,000 warriors who seemed destined to be captured, have disappeared, the majority sliding away under cover of the night after fighting the Americans all day. Some others came to meet our troops with protestations of friendship.

The Thirteenth infantry lost one man killed and six wounded; the Ninth infantry one man killed and five wounded; the Fourteenth infantry three wounded and the First Colorado volunteer regiment 11 wounded.

Yesterday's work was the hardest our army has seen. The battlefield stretched out across the entire isthmus from Laguna de Bay to the harbor. While the troops were advancing, the army gunboat Napidan, in the river near Taguig, shelled the enemy, killing several of them. The monitor Monadnock and the gunboat Helena shelled Paranaque and Las Pinas all day with the full power of their batteries.

The rebel sharpshooters kept in hiding until the American lines had passed, and then attempted to pot stragglers from the trees. Thanks to their poor marksmanship, this was without result. The whole country proved to be a succession of small hills, with boggy ground between the high, thick grass and bushes in the hollows, which greatly added to the difficulty of the advance, but gave shelter that saved many from the enemy's bullets. Our men threw away their blankets, coats and even haversacks, stripping to the waist and trusting to luck for food. Water could not be obtained, and there was much discomfort after the canteens were emptied.

White Flags Flying.

At 6 A. M. today, General Wheaton advanced upon Las Pinas with a troop of cavalry, the Twenty-first infantry, the Colorado regiment, part of the Ninth infantry, and two mountain guns, crossing two streams and entering the town without firing a shot.

He then advanced upon Paranaque. The women and children, and, for that matter, many men remained in the towns. No houses were destroyed, though many were torn by the shells from the warships. Everywhere the Americans found white flags flying.

So far as can be ascertained, the Filipinos' loss is about 50 killed, about 350 wounded, and 20 taken prisoners. The whole country is networked with trenches and the enemy scoured for shelter to shelter.

Today long trains of commissary wagons are carrying provisions to the United States troops along the road which only yesterday was the stronghold of the enemy, and the natives who yesterday were probably carrying guns are today doffing their hats and groveling before the Americans with effusive greetings of welcome.

BIG MAN-HUNT PLANNED.

Criminals to Be Routed Out of "Hole-in-the-Wall."

Casper, Wyo., June 13.—The Hole-in-the-Wall, for years the refuge of outlaws, promises to be cleansed of its desperate inhabitants. The daring robber band which looted the Union Pacific express at Rock Creek recently and escaped to the fastnesses of their dens in the Hole-in-the-Wall, in spite of the fact that they were closely pursued over plain and mountain, are to be systematically hunted to their death. To this purpose the several railway managers with interests in this state are organizing posses, and the outlaws will be given no rest. It is expected 200 men will be engaged in the big man hunt.

The state and the express and railroad companies have offered an aggregate of \$3,000 each for the heads of the members of the band. In addition to this head money, in event of success, the men who are arranging for this chase will be armed and fed by the corporations and big cattle companies of this section during the time they are engaged.

No Men to Be Had.

Vancouver, B. C., June 13.—The eight-hour law goes into operation tomorrow. Reports from Nelson and Slokan indicate that the strike situation is unchanged. The attempt of the Duncan mines to employ Italians has failed. The management of the Ymir mine is trying to secure miners. Non-union men are unwilling to work for \$3 when union men are holding out for \$3.50.

DIVORCED AND REMARRIED.

Last Chapter of a Romantic Story of True Love and War.

Chicago, June 12.—A special to the Chronicle from Highmore, S. D., says: The return to this town of a man and woman, divorced five years ago, but who are again husband and wife, adds the last chapter to a romantic story of love and war.

Five years ago Henry Ballantyne and wife, of this place, agreed to separate. They had been married not quite 12 months. Ballantyne was a prosperous grain-buyer, and owned several good farms near Highmore. These he deeded to his wife. The few hundred dollars he was able to scrape together in cash to put in his own pocket and left to begin life afresh in a new location. As soon as he had gone, his wife sued for a divorce. There was no defense, and a decree was granted. The land given her by her husband she sold to advantage, and by shrewd reinvestments accumulated within the next few years a comfortable fortune.

The past winter she spent in Southern California. On her way home a month ago she stopped in San Francisco. On the street there one day she met an emaciated figure in army blue, hobbling about with the aid of a heavy cane, in a vain search for employment. It was Ballantyne, discharged from the United States volunteer service, and invalided home from the Philippines after a fever which left him in such poor health as to destroy his usefulness as a soldier.

Ballantyne was about to pass his former wife without speaking to her, but she, when she saw his wasted form and miserable condition, felt all her old love for him revive. She hurried him into a carriage and to her hotel, where comfortable quarters, good food and the services of a competent physician soon produced a marked improvement in his health. Last week the two were remarried and have just returned to Highmore together.

CURE FOR APPENDICITIS.

New York Physician Relieves a Patient Without Instruments.

New York, June 13.—Dr. George Helmer, a New York doctor, has cured a patient of appendicitis in eight minutes without the use of a knife, ice packs, or poisons. He applied one hand to a point midway between the top of the right leg and a point above the stomach, then bent up the right leg of the patient at the knee joint, and gave the leg a slight twist, by means of a quick motion, repeated two or three times, and the operation was over. This forced out of the appendix the clogging particles that occupied it. Just back of the appendix is the largest muscle in the human body, known as the psoas magnus. It is attached to the femur or big bone of the leg, and is the muscle by which one can revolve the leg as on a pivot at the heel. It is this muscle which is made to do the trick of emptying the appendix. Using the fingers of one hand to hold the walls of the abdomen in place, and to prevent rupture of delicate internal structures, with the other hand a spasmodic contraction of the psoas magnus is brought about, which snaps it against the appendix and forces out of that organ whatever foreign substances it may contain.

VETERANS FOR CUBA.

Civil War Soldiers Plan a Law and Order Expedition.

Chicago, June 13.—A special to the Chronicle from Omaha says: Paul Vandervoort has received a letter from President McKinley acknowledging the receipt of his letter offering to take to Cuba a great colony of old soldiers of both the blue and the gray, whose presence shall be a guarantee against the outlawry practiced by some of the Cuban bands. Mr. Vandervoort is receiving hundreds of letters daily from veterans in all parts of the country, who are anxious to accompany the expedition.

Mr. Vandervoort was formerly commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic. He says the colonists will go in the fall, whether the movement has been sanctioned by the government or not—merely as a private affair. The West and South seem to be the largest contributors to the scheme.

DASH FOR LIBERTY.

Maniac Broke From Warden Stockade and Was Drowned.

Wardner, Idaho, June 13.—Under the fire of his negro guard, Mike Johnson, crazy and desperate, made a dash for liberty by jumping into the river today. Down the rapid stream he bobbed like a great black cork, while on the bank his keeper, breaking through the underbrush, peppered at him with his Krag-Jorgenson rifle. Somehow or other, the floating target evaded the fire, but the treacherous eddies were too much for him, and Johnson was drowned. His body was found 20 minutes later.

He was one of the men under arrest in the bull pen on suspicion of having been connected with the dynamite outrages of April 29. For some days he had been acting strangely, and it was feared that he was suffering from a re-attack of insanity, with which he was formerly afflicted. Yesterday afternoon, an examination by the probate judge proved that such was the case, and he was to have been taken today to Wallace for detention.

DESTROYED BY A CYCLONE

Two Wisconsin Towns Wiped Off the Map.

HUNDREDS KILLED AND INJURED

New Richmond and Boardman Fated Places—Rifts in Buildings Ried to the Scene.

Minneapolis, June 14.—A special to the Tribune from Stillwater, Minn., says: This was a terrible night for New Richmond, the village being the most wiped out of existence by the most severe cyclone that has visited that locality. It carried and death in its path, and at this time it is impossible to give even a partial list of those seriously injured. I thought many are dead.

The news of the disaster was here by J. A. Carroll, a traveling agent from Portage, Wis., who was staying at the Nicolite house, in New Richmond, when the cyclone struck. He saw the funnel-shaped cloud as it came up the principal street, and took refuge in the basement of the hotel, which was completely wrecked, together with every other business house in town.

In the terrible sheets of rain falling the cyclone, Mr. Carroll and comrades succeeded in recovering the proprietor, Charles McKennam, and one child from the debris, but they also removed the laundry girl who was probably fatally injured. They also removed two men named Barrett and Newell, who were severely injured. Mr. Carroll, who is stillwater by team for relief, saw the train, with doctors, will leave at 12:15 A. M.

Mr. Carroll further says that he followed the cyclone, and what was being consumed by fire. Many people are doubtless killed, and the damage will run into hundreds of thousands of dollars.

Hundreds Killed and Wounded.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 14.—A message was received at the Wisconsin Central offices here late tonight from Stevens Point, from A. R. Horn, division superintendent of the Wisconsin Central at that place, as follows: "It commenced to rain on that Paul division about 7 this evening and the wires went down west of Jewett Mills about 7:30. At 8:45 we got a message from Robertson, the operator via Marshall, that a cyclone struck New Richmond about 7:30, killing and wounding from 250 to 500 people.

Boardman Wiped Off the Earth.

Minneapolis, June 14.—A special to the Times from North Wisconsin Junction, Wis., says: A courier from Boardman, just reports that the whole town has been wiped off the face of the earth, while no definite news can be obtained at this time of the casualties, it is presumed that many were injured, and possibly some killed. It is known that Dave Hefferon is severely injured, and his wife killed.

A courier just in says New Richmond has also been wiped off the map, and that 200 or 300 people are injured.

Many Killed at a Circus.

Milwaukee, June 14.—A dispatch was received at 2 o'clock this morning from Jewett Mills, announcing the arrival there of the Wisconsin Central train. A Mr. Cutter, in the employ of the Central, sent a dispatch to the local offices of the road, saying that the town of New Richmond was gone west of Highway bridge, and that the estimated number of killed will reach 150. Many of the houses, Mr. Cutter says, were consumed by fire after the cyclone. Many people were killed, he says, while attending a circus, which was showing there.

The Cyclone at Hudson.

Minneapolis, June 14.—A special to the Tribune from Hudson says: One of the most terrific cyclones ever witnessed by the citizens of Hudson passed through the country about 5:30 P. M. It formed in a waterspout four miles south of Hudson on Lake Croix. It was witnessed by hundreds of people, and seemed to follow the lake, and to be making directly for the city; but about two miles south it veered to the east and left the lake and crossed the country. It was about 20 rods wide and destroyed everything in its track.

General Wilson Pleased.

Washington, June 14.—General John M. Wilson, chief of engineers of the army, since his return from the Pacific coast speaks in the highest terms of the reception which was accorded him by the people. It is said that his visit has been of a great deal of value in the way of the acquisition of information about different projects upon which must pass when called upon by the committee on fortifications of the senate and the house committees on appropriations and rivers and harbors. He is very much pleased at meeting many old friends in Portland, where he was once stationed, and says that the work which is being done under the direction of the engineer corps, not only for the improvement of the navigation of the Columbia river, but for the defense of the Columbia at its mouth, is most satisfactory.