

# CELEBRATION IN HAVANA

## Four Thousand People Assemble to Hear Speeches.

### HONOR OF FIRST PRESIDENT

#### Twenty Times Are Promised in Cuban Festivities When Commission Returns—Mass Meeting to Be Held.

Havana, Jan. 31.—Four thousand persons, men in their best clothing and women gaily dressed, stood amid a pouring rain in Paula square today listening to six intensely patriotic speeches of Jose Marti, the Cuban patriot and first president of the Cuban revolutionary government. A tablet to his memory was unveiled at the scene where he was born in a street near by, and 82 societies, consisting of 5,000 persons, with banners, flags and brass bands, marched through the principal thoroughfares to the square.

The procession, whose distinguishing feature was 500 girls wearing white dresses and red liberty caps, started at 6 o'clock, reaching the square two hours later. The streets were gaily decorated with Cuban and American flags, and though the interest ran high, there was no disorder of any kind.

Marti's widow, mother and son, led the parade, with the first Cuban flag used by the patriot, which was loudly cheered.

This promises to be a lively week in Cuban politics. The special commission from the Cuban military assembly will return to Havana, after its interviews with the Washington government, and popular interest is increasing in the preparations for the mass meeting February 6 at the Tacon theater, where a separatist party, proclaiming the principle of independence, will be founded, under the direction of such men as Senor Giberger, a noted autonomist; General Leyte Vidal, General Lacret, Senor Fontsterling and other opponents of annexation.

#### More Dreyfus Agitation.

Paris, Jan. 31.—The government's decision to submit to the chamber of deputies tomorrow a bill providing that the cases of trial revision shall be brought before the united sections of the court of cassation has reopened the floodgates of the Dreyfus agitation. The situation appears more confusing and menacing than ever. For days the anti-Dreyfusites have been clamoring to have the case referred to the united sections, because they have considered it certain that among more than 30 judges they could rely upon an anti-Dreyfus majority.

#### A Disappearing Island.

San Francisco, Jan. 31.—The news has been brought here from Australia that the British man-of-war Penguin has just returned to Sydney, N. S. W., after taking soundings between the island Tongi and Auckland, N. Z. The officers found that Falcon island, which suddenly came up out of the ocean in 1885, is gradually receding. When relocated by the Penguin's officers, they discovered that the island is now three fathoms under water.

#### Sale of Oregon Lumber.

Rhineland, Wis., Jan. 31.—S. A. D. Pewter, of Portland, Or., the well-known Pacific coast lumberman, has closed a sale of over 1,000,000,000 feet of Oregon timber, mostly fir, situated in Marion county, 45 miles south of Portland, Or., on Abiqua creek, a tributary of the Willamette river, to lumbermen of this city, who have organized a stock company, called the Abiqua Lumber Company, of Wisconsin.

#### Opposed to Foreign Capital.

Santiago de Cuba, Jan. 31.—The Cuban Libre publishes a long article setting forth its objections to the projects of foreign capitalists for working "Cuban virgin soil," constructing railroads, establishing electric light plants and carrying on similar enterprises. "We do not want any one to invest capital in Cuba except the natives," says the paper. "America is proof of what monopolists can do in ruining a country."

#### Paul Jones' Pilot Found.

New Orleans, La., Jan. 31.—The body found near Fort St. Philip was today identified as that of Captain Sturtevant, the pilot of the launch Paul Jones. From the position and clothing of the body, it is almost certain that he was off duty asleep at the time death came, and that the boat was wrecked by an explosion during the night.

#### Cold in Wisconsin.

Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 31.—Specials from points in the interior of Wisconsin report very low temperature. At Appleton the thermometer recorded 35 degrees below zero, the coldest in recent years. Black River Falls reports a temperature of 40 degrees, Medford 30, and Whitehall 38 degrees below zero.

#### Fourteen Persons Killed.

Marcia, Spain, Jan. 31.—Fourteen persons were killed today by an explosion of gas in the Palla mine near Mazarron, 20 miles west of Cartagena. The other miners succeeded in making their escape.

# ARMY REORGANIZATION BILL.

## Discussion of the Principal Work of the National House.

Washington, Jan. 31.—The house today continued the consideration of the army reorganization bill until 3 o'clock, when the members paid their tributes to the memory of the late Representative Simpkins, of Massachusetts. Little progress was made with the army bill, the only amendment adopted being that to give veterinarians in cavalry regiments the rank, pay and allowance of second lieutenants. The time before the eulogies began was chiefly devoted to a continuation of the debate on the advisability of retaining the Philippines.

The diplomatic and consular appropriation bill, carrying \$1,500,000, was passed by the senate.

The salaries of secretaries of legation to the Argentine republic, Venezuela and Peru were increased to \$1,800, and of the consuls at La Guayra, Venezuela, from \$1,800 to \$2,000, and at Pernambuco, Brazil, from \$2,000 to \$2,200. The allowance for clerks of consulates was increased from \$1,600 to \$2,200. The salaries of three third secretaries of embassy at London, Paris and Berlin were fixed at \$1,600 each. The consulate at Naples was placed in the \$2,500 class; the consulate at Collingwood, Canada, in the \$2,000 class, and the consulate at Niagara Falls in the \$1,500 class.

Mason offered a resolution requesting the surgeon-general of the army to furnish information as to the percentage of our soldiers in the Philippines who are sick and have been sick, and the number of deaths in our army by reason of the sickness caused by the climate. Mason prefaced the resolution with the statement that reports had been received that "of late years as high as 50 per cent of the soldiers unaccustomed to the climate (of the Philippines) have died by reason of the said climate."

### EAGAN GUILTY AS CHARGED.

#### The Necessary Penalty Is Dismissal From the Army.

Washington, Jan. 31.—General Eagan, commissary-general of subsistence, has been found guilty of the charges of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, and of conduct to the prejudice of good order and discipline, and of the specifications thereto, and has been sentenced to dismissal from the United States army; but with a recommendation from the court for the exercise of executive clemency. Under the regulations, the court, having reached the conclusion that the accused was guilty, had no choice in selecting a penalty, the regulations prescribing absolutely that one punishment—dismissal—for the offense. Therefore, the only hope for General Eagan is in the direction of commutation, mitigation or disapproval by the president.

#### Payment of the Cuban Army.

Havana, Jan. 31.—Senor Fredrico Mora, the civil governor of Havana, in an interview declared that the question of the payment of the Cuban army was of much greater importance than the Washington government seems to realize. He said of the Cubans were to collect the customs of the islands, which are their property, their first action would be to meet Cuba's sacred obligation to the army by payment in full to the soldiers. The customs administration being in the hands of the Americans, the Cubans make a simple business proposition to the United States government that it shall advance money to pay the troops, holding the customs as security.

#### The Cherokee Treaty.

Washington, Jan. 31.—The agreement concluded at Muskogee, I. T., January 14, between the Dawes commission and the Cherokee nation, providing for the allotment of lands and general betterment of the condition of the red men, has been sent to the senate. Four of the five tribes have already agreed to new arrangements and negotiations are now pending with the Creeks.

#### A Fatal Boiler Explosion.

Chicago, Jan. 31.—Four men were badly burned, one perhaps fatally, by the explosion of a boiler today in the basement of the Chicago Tribune. The men who had just completed putting in new grates in the furnace of the boiler, were standing directly in front of the furnace when the explosion occurred, and were covered first with live coals, then with scalding water.

#### A Restraining Order.

Washington, Jan. 31.—To prevent army officers of superior rank from seizing upon the quarters of officers of the transports upon which they may be traveling, the secretary of war has been obliged to make an order prohibiting them from taking the rooms of the masters and quartermasters of transports.

#### Two Consuls Nominated.

Washington, Jan. 31.—The president presented these nominations to the senate: State, James H. Worman, of New York, now commercial agent at Cognac, to be consul at Munich, Bavaria; William T. Fee, of Ohio, now consul at Cienfuegos, to be consul at Bombay, India.

February 6 has been agreed upon by the senate as the date to vote upon the peace treaty.

# A STORY OF HORROR.

## Eleven of a Ship's Crew Eaten by Cannibals on the Island of New Guinea.

Vancouver, B. C., Jan. 30.—After escaping death by drowning, 11 of the crew of the ship *Maubare* were captured and eaten by cannibals of New Guinea.

The *Maubare* was bound for Sydney, Australia, when it was caught in the terrible gale of December. Near Cape Nelson it began to sink. The crew, 18 all told, left the vessel in two boats, and soon became separated. One boat, containing 12 men, was finally thrown ashore 10 miles from the cape.

The sailors were seized by natives from the interior and hurried off to the village of the chief. One man, James Greene, escaped. The sailors were stripped and bound and killed, one each day. A wild orgy was participated in by at least 100 savages, who had gathered for the feast.

In several cases the sailors were tortured by the old women and children of the tribe. The eyes of one were gouged out. The doomed men stoically watched the elaborate preparations for their death. A huge pot filled with boiling water was used for the feast, which on the first day was prolonged away into the night. In most cases the men were beheaded, their head being stuck on poles and paraded before the men who were to suffer the same fate.

Greene was rescued by a steamer after tramping without food a day and a night to reach the coast. The scenes of horror he had witnessed turned his hair snowy white.

#### More Speeches on Expansion.

Washington, Jan. 30.—At the opening of the senate Spooner and Rawlins gave notice of speeches on the resolution opposing annexation, Spooner Wednesday and Rawlins Thursday next. Mason asked unanimous consent for a vote on his resolution, declaring it to be the policy of the United States not to attempt to govern the people of any other nation, next Friday, at 1 o'clock, and Hear for a vote on his resolution declaring the Filipinos ought to be free and independent, but Carter objected to both.

#### In the House.

Washington, Jan. 30.—When the house met this morning there remained but little more than an hour of time for general debate on the army reorganization bill. Henderson (Rep. Ia.) was the first speaker. He opposed a standing army of 100,000 men, but was willing to support a proposition for a force numbering from 50,000 to 60,000.

#### Court-Martial Over.

Washington, Jan. 30.—The case of Commissary-General Charles P. Eagan, charged with conduct tending to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, is now in the hands of the court martial appointed to try him. Today the taking of testimony was closed, and arguments of counsel submitted. The trial lasted three days and consumed less than eight hours' of actual sitting. A session behind closed doors of an hour or so sufficed for the court to reach a conclusion and embody its report. What the verdict will be is altogether a matter of speculation, and officially at least will not be made public by the trial board, military regulations requiring that its findings shall go through prescribed channels, and be kept secret until action be had and promulgated by the proper reviewing authorities.

#### Union Pacific Will Profit.

New York, Jan. 30.—It was stated last night that the details of the plan for the exchange of Union Pacific common stock for Oregon Short Line stock would be made public in an advertisement. The directors of the Union Pacific have settled the terms and the official announcement is expected today.

#### Report of Verdict of Guilty.

Chicago, Jan. 30.—A special to the Times-Herald from Washington says: Dismissal from the military service of the United States without any recommendation for clemency, is the verdict passed by the court-martial upon Commissary-General Eagan for his recent virulent attack upon Major General Miles. The verdict was reached within 45 minutes after the trial ended today.

#### Perished on a Glacier.

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 30.—News of the freezing to death of three prospectors on the Valdes glacier, near the mouth of Copper river, Alaska, was brought to this city today by passengers of the steamer *Cottage City*, from Skagway and Juneau, Alaska. The names of those who perished are: Henry Kohn, New York city; —Smith, Chicago; —Emerson, Baldwin, Wis.

#### Fight in the Reichsrath.

Vienna, Jan. 30.—In the lower house of the Austrian reichsrath today a disturbance arising out of racial difference led to a hand-to-hand fight between deputies. The ushers finally succeeded in separating the combatants, but the sitting came to a close amid a scene of turbulence.

# NEWS OF NORTHWEST

## Items of General Interest Gleaned From the Thriving Pacific States.

### To Freeze Out Americans.

The government measure recently enacted into law, and aimed at the Americans in the Atlin district, provides for the amendment of the placer mining act, providing that no one who is not a British subject shall take out a free miner's license, and that no company shall have the same license unless incorporated or registered under the laws of the province. The act is not retrospective. Licenses take out previously may be renewed, but under a renewed license no one is entitled to take up new claims. Section 5, which is the most far-reaching, provides that no free miner after the passage of this act shall hold any claim under the British Columbia placer mining act or an interest therein as trustee or otherwise for any person who is not a British subject, or for any corporation not authorized to take out a free miner's certificate. A miner's license taken out by any person not authorized to do so by this section shall be null and void. This section shall not affect free miners' licenses issued before the coming into force of this section, and such licenses may be renewed from time to time. The only necessities for a person to become naturalized are that the applicant is a person of good character and has resided in the Dominion for three years.

### For Upper Yukon.

Within the next two weeks three river steamers constructed on the plan of Missouri river craft will be taken in sections to Lake Bennett, where they will be put together ready for service when navigation on the Upper Yukon opens. The machinery and material for the vessels weighs 340 tons. The steamers will draw 12 inches light and 3½ feet when loaded. The capacity of each will be 400 passengers and 200 tons of freight.

### Sale of Big Steamships.

Anthony T. Pritchard and Charles Stewart, of Tacoma, have sold to the North American Mail Steamship Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the state of Washington: Steamships *Olympia*, consideration, \$150,000; *Tacoma*, \$127,500; *Victoria*, \$240,000. These vessels were formerly operated by the Northern Pacific Steamship Company between Tacoma and the Orient, and recently received American registers.

### To Close Up Cannery Combine.

It is reported that A. B. Hammond has left New York for Astoria. Upon his arrival he will close up the cannery combine deal if it is possible. In the event of the combine being consummated, it is said, by one who is familiar with the plans of the combine, some new and important features will be introduced, one of which will be the development of the deep-sea fishing industry.

### To Buy a Sunken Ship.

A joint stock company is being formed at Tacoma to buy and raise the sunken ship *Andelana* in case the insurance company decides not to attempt the almost impossible task of raising her themselves. The ship sank in the Tacoma harbor during a storm recently.

### First of a New Line.

The steamer *Belgian King*, the first of the fleet of fine vessels of the California & Orinetal Steamship Company plying between Hong Kong, Yokohama and San Diego, Cal., has arrived. Over 200 carloads of freight are awaiting shipment on the return trip to the Orient.

### Embezzler Sentenced.

W. H. Donaca, the 22-year-old postmaster at Sweet Home, Or., who embezzled \$1,257 postal funds, was sentenced by United States Judge Bellinger, at Portland. He was fined \$1,257 and sentenced to six months imprisonment in the county jail.

### Puget Sound Exports.

The exports of Puget Sound customs district for the month of December, 1898, exceed imports by \$1,584,464. Imports for the month were valued at \$133,793, while exports amount to \$1,728,257. The duty collected was \$19,872.83.

### A Large Mortgage.

The largest mortgage ever recorded in Waco county, Or., was that executed recently by the Columbia Southern railroad at The Dalles, in favor of the New York Security & Trust Company. The consideration is \$2,100,000.

### Mustering Out Volunteers.

Captain Taylor, mustering officer, was given official notice to the officers and members of the Eighth California volunteers, that they will be mustered out of the service of the United States on Tuesday next.

The Badger Gold-Mining Company, of Susanville, Or., has within the last six weeks shipped 75 tons of ore to the Selby smelting works at San Francisco, the values ranging between \$160 and \$300 per ton.

During his incumbency of the executive of Oregon, Governor Lord granted 53 pardons, and 63 pardons to restore citizenship, and commuted 27 sentences.

# Vice-Consul Advances.

Wellesley Moore, British vice-consul in San Francisco, has been advanced to the consulship at Porto Rico, W. I., to succeed George W. Crawford, who died at Saen, France, recently. Mr. Moore's head clerk, Montague Hankin, has been advanced to the position of vice consul at Buenos Ayres.

### Government Control of Locks.

The preliminary proceedings looking to the purchase by the government of the locks at Oregon City have been taken by the secretary of war, under whose jurisdiction the matter comes. He has been authorized to report to congress, after making a thorough investigation, as to the amount of money needed for this entire enterprise.

### Lower Rate on Prunes.

Fruitraisers in the vicinity of Spokane are asking for lower rates on green prunes to St. Paul. The present rate on apples is 75 cents, and on mixed fruit \$1.12½. The fruit men want the rate on mixed fruit reduced to 37½ cents, and they state that the prune industry cannot live unless this reduction is made.

### Settling an Estate.

Transfers to the amount of \$18,000 in deeds were made in connection with the estate of Henry Buckman, at Portland, this past week. It was simply the settling up and division of the state of the deceased, who died intestate.

### Increase in Insurance Business.

Insurance Commissioner Clunie, of San Francisco, has made a report showing that the amount of insurance written on the Pacific coast in 1898 was \$666,057,065, an increase over 1897 in the former total of \$160,000,000, and in the latter of \$2,400,000. The coast losses amounted to \$5,638,021 last year, and \$4,040,541 in 1897.

# PACIFIC COAST TRADE.

## Seattle Markets.

Onions, 85@90c per 100 pounds.  
Potatoes, 15@20.  
Beets, per sack, 75c.  
Turnips, per sack, 50@75c.  
Carrots, per sack, 45@60c.  
Parsnips, per sack, \$1.  
Cauliflower, 50@90c per doz.  
Celery, 35@40c.  
Cabbage, native and California \$1.25 per 100 pounds.  
Apples, 35@50c per box.  
Pears, 50c@1.50 per box.  
Prunes, 50c per box.  
Butter—Creamery, 26c per pound; dairy and ranch, 18@20c per pound.  
Eggs, 33c.  
Cheese—Native, 12@12½c.  
Poultry—Old hens, 14c per pound; spring chickens, 14c; turkeys, 16c.  
Fresh meats—Choice dressed beef steers, prime, 7½c; cows, prime, 7c; mutton, 8c; pork, 7c; veal, 6@8c.  
Wheat—Feed wheat, \$23.  
Oats—Choice, per ton, \$24.  
Hay—Puget Sound mixed, \$9.00@11; choice Eastern Washington timothy, \$15.  
Corn—Whole, \$23.50; cracked, \$24; feed meal, \$23.50.  
Barley—Rolled or ground, per ton, \$25@26; whole, \$22.  
Flour—Patent, per barrel, \$3.50; straights, \$3.25; California brands, \$3.25; buckwheat flour, \$3.75; graham, per barrel, \$3.60; whole wheat flour, \$3.75; rye flour, \$4.  
Millet—Bran, per ton, \$14; shorts, per ton, \$16.  
Feed—Chopped feed, \$20@22 per ton; middlings, per ton, \$17; oil cake meal, per ton, \$35.

## Portland Market.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 60c; Valley, 62c; Bluestem, 63c per bushel.  
Flour—Best grades, \$3.20; graham, \$3.65; superfine, \$2.15 per barrel.  
Oats—Choice white, 41@42c; choice gray, 39@40c per bushel.  
Barley—Feed barley, \$22@24; brewing, \$23.50 per ton.  
Millet—Bran, \$17 per ton; middlings, \$22; shorts, \$18; chop, \$16.00 per ton.  
Hay—Timothy, \$9@10; clover, \$7@8; Oregon wild hay, \$6 per ton.  
Butter—Fancy creamery, 50@55c; seconds, 45@50c; dairy, 40@45c store, 25@30c.  
Cheese—Oregon full cream, 12½c; Young America, 15c; new cheese, 10c per pound.  
Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$2.25@3 per dozen; hens, \$3.50@4.00; springs, \$1.25@3; geese, \$6.00@7.00 for old, \$4.50@5 for young; ducks, \$5.00@5.50 per dozen; turkeys, live, 15@16c per pound.  
Potatoes—65@70c per sack; sweets, 2c per pound.  
Vegetables—Beets, 90c; turnips, 75c per sack; garlic, 7c per pound; cabbage, \$1@1.25 per 100 pounds; cauliflower, 75c per dozen; parsnips, 75c per sack; beans, 3c per pound; celery 70@75c per dozen; cucumbers, 50c per box; peas, 8@8½c per pound.  
Onions—Oregon, 75c@1 per sack.  
Hops—15@17c; 1897 crop, 4@6c.  
Wool—Valley, 10@12c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 8@12c; mohair, 26c per pound.  
Mutton—Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, 4c; dressed mutton, 7½c; spring lambs, 7½c per lb.  
Hogs—Gross, choice heavy, \$4.25; light and feeders, \$3.00@4.00; dressed, \$5.00@5.50 per 100 pounds.  
Beef—Gross, top steers, 3.50@3.75; cows, \$2.50@3.00; dressed beef, 5@6½c per pound.  
Veal—Large, 6½@7c; small, 7@8c per pound.