

BOHEMIA NUGGET.

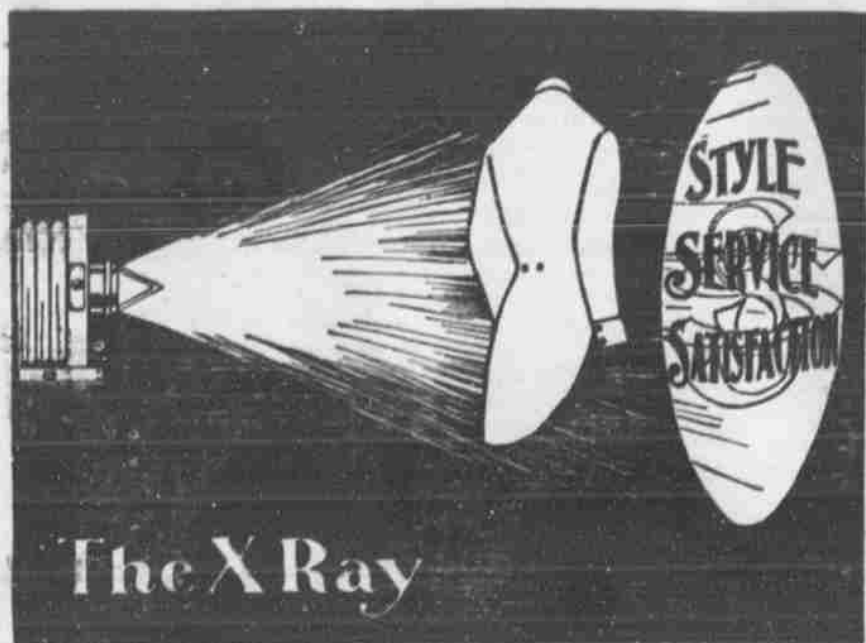
Devoted to the Mining, Lumbering and Farming Interests of this Community, to Good Government, and Hustling for a Living.

VOL. I

Cottage Grove, Oregon, Friday, Feb. 3, 1899.

NO. 3

Eakin & Bristow's



The X Ray Look Through

And so do the bargains we are offering you in
**Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Furnishing
Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes and Rub-
ber Goods, make your money
Go Farther Than Ever Before.**

GO TO

Griffin & Veatch, For All Kinds of HARDWARE,

Stoves, Tinware; Ropes, Pumps, Pipes, and
Plumbing Goods; Plain and Barbed Wire;
Coal, Iron and Steel; Garden Tools, Plows,
Axes and Amunition.

Mining Supplies, A Full Stock of Wagon Material.

We Meet Eugene Prices.
Griffin & Veatch Hardware Company,
C. H. VANDENBURG, Manager.

Cottage Grove, Oregon.

How to Prevent Pneumonia.

You are perhaps aware that pneumonia always results from a cold or from an attack of la grippe. During the epidemic of la grippe a few years ago when so many cases resulted in pneumonia, it was observed that the attack was never followed by that disease when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy was used. It counteracts any tendency of a cold or la grippe to result in that dangerous disease. It is the best remedy in the world for bad colds and la grippe. Every bottle warranted. For sale by the Benson Drug Co., Cottage Grove and Joe Lyons of Drain.

Coming to the Front.

In the Oregonian of January 28 there was produced a very excellent cartoon, by H. F. Hollenbeck of Eugene. Mr. Hollenbeck is rapidly coming to the front as a cartoonist of excellent quality, and it is predicted by his many friends that he will make a reputation not far in arrears of that of Davanport, whom Oregon is pleased to call her son. Success to you Mr. Hollenbeck.

The San Francisco Bulletin and Bohemia Nugget for \$2.

Active Solicitors Wanted Everywhere

For "The Story of the Philippines" by Murat Halstead, commissioned by the Government as Official Historian to the War Department. The book was written in army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific with Gen. Merritt, in the hospital at Honolulu, in Hong Kong, in the American trenches at Manila, in the insurgent camp with Aguinaldo, on the deck of the Olympia with Dewey, and in the roar of the battle at the fall of Manila. Bonanza for agents. Brimful of original pictures taken by government photographers on the spot. Large book; low prices. Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop all trashy unofficial war books. Outfit free. Address, F. T. Barber, Sec'y., Star Insurance Bldg., Chicago.

To the Public.

We are authorized to guarantee every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and if not satisfactory to refund the money to the purchaser. There is no better medicine made for la grippe, colds and whooping cough. Price 25 and 50c per bottle. Try it. For sale by the Benson Drug Co., Cottage Grove and Joe Lyons of Drain.

Old papers for sale at this office.

NO CENTURY BEGINS ON SUNDAY.

There are some curious facts about our calendar. No century can begin on Wednesday, Friday or Sunday. The same calendars can be used every twenty years. October always begins on the same day of the week as January. April as July, September as December. February, March and November begin on the same days. May, June and August always begin on different days from each other and every other month in the year. The first and last days of the year are always the same. These rules do not apply to leap year, when comparison is made between days before and after February 29th.—S. F. Chronicle.

BIG NUGGETS.

On display in the Jewell Hardware Co's window are some nuggets taken out of the Hayes, Jewell & Moore placer on Oscar creek—the result of only three days pining. One nugget is worth \$243 and the balance are smaller, making in all over \$500.—Oregon Mining Journal.

CURIOSITY OF TIME RECKONING.

A child born in this city about 12:30 o'clock last Saturday night will hereafter date his birth Jan. 1, 1899. Another child born at precisely the same time in Chicago will date his birth Dec. 31, 1898. The two will not be able to celebrate their birthdays in the same year, the same month or on the same day. That is one of the many curiosities of our time reckonings.—Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

The Florence West gives an account of the burning of the Cushman saw mill located three miles above Florence on the Siuslaw river at Acme. The entire mill and all the dressed lumber on hand was either burned or fell through the floors into the river. It was a total loss.

AT THE GRAVE OF POE.

For over half a century Uncle Daniel Spence has been the sexton of Westminster church, one of the oldest in Baltimore. Around it is a graveyard which contains a simple shaft of marble with the words "Edgar Allan Poe" cut in its base, while a medallion cut in the shaft is an excellent likeness of the dead poet.

Many years after Poe's body was placed in this tomb there came a dumb brute, who now watches over his resting place. Believers in the supernatural think that he was sent there for the purpose.

About five years ago, Uncle Daniel was presented with a dog by the master of a Russian vessel which entered Baltimore Harbor. The dog, on account of his ferocity, was dreaded by the sailors, and the captain determined to leave him ashore. Sailor was taken to the little office which is in a cellar of the church. Beaten paths along the sward between the graves are made by his daily footsteps, and by day and night he is on the alert.

The especial object of his solicitude is the poets grave. Here for hours at a time the dog will remain and even Uncle Daniel cannot persuade him to leave. One of his favorite attitudes is to stand over the stone coping. He seldom lies down, but will remain with his eyes fastened on the people who eye him, as if he was looking for some intruder. At times he leaves his dog house, at the back of one of the largest tombs, and goes to the grave for an hour or more at a time, at night.—Toledo Blade.

BOLD HOLD UP.

P. J. Jennings, a mining man having an office in the Marquam building, and residing at 363 Sixth street, was held up on the corner of Sixth and Clay streets at 8:40 last evening, by a tall man, who pointed a gun at his head and compelled him to throw up his hands. The robber went through him securing 50 cents and some jewelry, making good his escape.

There is no doubt that this is the same man who held up Otto Mussler a few mornings ago. A man who lives in the neighborhood of the holdup says he saw the robbery, but as he was some two blocks away he concluded that it was nothing more than two men talking. He said that five minutes after the holdup occurred there were five policemen on the spot, but not one robber.—Saturday's Oregonian.

COMPLIMENTARY.

The Bohemia Nugget successor to the Cottage Grove Messenger made its bow into our office last week. It is "a thing of beauty" and we hope it will prove "a joy forever" to its readers. We are somewhat acquainted with its proprietor and we think he will succeed in his enterprise—we know he ought to succeed. "Jack" here's our editorial fist.—Broad-Axe.

An effort is being made to organize a library association in Cottage Grove. It is an enterprise which speaks well for the Grove and will prove a source of pleasure and profit to its citizens.—Drain Watchman.

CHAS. COCHRAN WRITES

His Brother About the Cuban War.

Bohemia Nugget is indebted to Mr. John Cochran for the following extract from a letter received from his brother Charles, who is a member of the 1st California Infantry band and who saw service in the Cuban campaign. It is regretted that space would not permit of a more extended synopsis of the letter, which is full of interesting facts concerning the Isle de Cuba:

"You asked me to write up my campaign experience. I will not try to give everything in detail but will give you a very brief account of myself and surroundings during that period.

"This regiment was fortunate in getting a good ship to come over on. We were on the flag ship "Seguranca" which had no more than half the number that most of the other transports carried. Therefore we had plenty of room and water. Some of the ships ran short of both food and water as we were eight days on the trip.

"There was some little excitement in landing as we had to transfer into life boats about one mile from shore. The waves were tossing us around like rubber balls with thirty-two men in the boat that two was in.

"We were carrying something like 40 pounds each and if the boat had turned over or one had fallen out it would have been goodbye.

"There were two of the band nearly drowned when we were within a few yards of the shore being thrown out by the high waves but were washed ashore. "There were I men drowned that day in landing.

"On the 1st of July the 1st infantry supported light battery "E" 1st artillery which demolished the fort at El Caney. There being no return fire we passed that day in looking over the field of battle and saw the charge on the fort which they took about 4:30 p. m. then the artillery pulled up and we all joined the rest of the troops near the town which was captured soon after. This division (2nd) then marched three or four miles down the road toward San Juan where another division of the army had been fighting that day and camped. The next morning the artillery and this regiment marched back over the same road past El Caney and around about way of about eight or ten miles and took a position near the El Poso fort about noon to open fire on San Juan but for some reason they did not do so.

"I guess it was on account of our troops being so near that it was dangerous for fear of doing them damage.

"The fort and Spanish trenches were taken that afternoon and the Spaniards withdrew into Santiago a mile or so to the west. Then no more fighting done until July 10th at 4:20 p. m. when we had Santiago surrounded and commenced bombarding the city. Then was the time the 1st infantry was in some danger. We were lying in the rear of a battery of artillery which the Spanish artillery was firing at and the bombs would burst over and all around us but only one man was struck, and a horse killed near us. The man was not seriously hurt by the piece of shell which struck him as it had come in contact with two guns before it hit him. The bombarding lasted till dark. The next day a flag of truce was raised and there was no more fighting. The city surrendered on July 14. Thereby I escaped the lead.

"I stood the marching first rate and was not on the sick list report while in Cuba, although I had a slight attack of malaria fever while in San Luis, Cuba, but did my duty right along the best I could.

Hunters Take Notice!

We the undersigned property owners, do from this date forbid any person or persons from hunting, or otherwise trespassing upon our premises. Any person or persons found guilty of the same, will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

Dated this 23rd day of Dec., 1898.

Geo. W. Whitsett,
J. A. Sears,
W. G. Killingbeck.