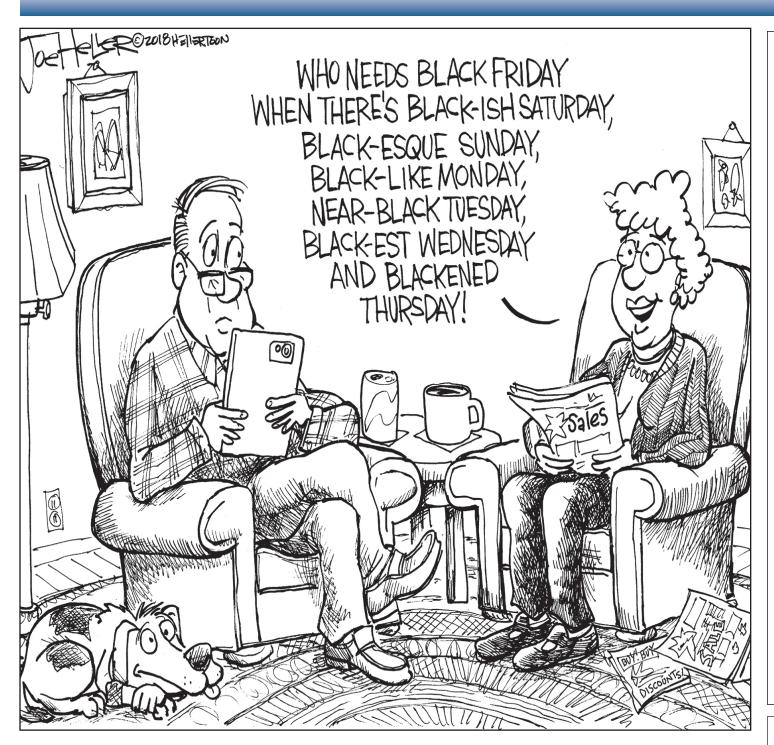
OPINION

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press, or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition their Government for a redress of greivences.



LETTERS

Think of the big picture

I'm confused: I thought Oregonians love nature and the environment but why is everyone clearcutting their land so much?

I hear that lumber, particularly in Asian markets, is fetching a pretty high price right now. But what about change crisis we have going the animals, plants and trees?

What about the atmosphere your grandchildren will be breathing in?

It is pretty apparent now that we don't live in a bubble anymore. Clearcuts play a direct and indirect role to the forest fire and climate worse. It may not look it, but

now. Not only that, but the lack of carbon storage from all the trees being gone in one swoop tips the scale of carbon sequestration away out of our favor.

The problems around short-term gain at longterm expense are growing

it affects job security in the long run too.

Not much to do/ work on if the trees keep burning down. I wish people would think of the big picture at the same time they think of immediate needs.

—Kerstin Britz Cottage Grove

Congress still asking wrong healthcare question

From the Managing Editor's Desk

— Ned Hickson, The Cottage Grove Sentinel

avoiding lawsuits, to the procedures

"branding" of healthcare

providers similar to designer

clothing (the bigger the

name, the more money they

can demand from insurance

companies), the same two

cost factors rise to the top of

WHO studies, Consumer

Reports and even health

economists like David

Cutler at Harvard University

agree that those two factors

are the driving forces behind

On average, 25 percent

of healthcare dollars go to

cover administrative fees.

In an interview on the PBS

healthcare

Administrative costs.

the list:

Drug costs.

skyrocketing

costs.



Ned Hickson

While watching the many debates over healthcare in our nation's capitol, I couldn't help but be struck by the irony of knowing that the same people haggling over what health coverage Americans should have access to are the very same people who have complete coverage paid for by taxpayer dollars.

It's no wonder that the real question that members of Congress should be asking has yet to be raised: Why is healthcare so expensive to begin with?

At \$3 trillion a year, the cost of healthcare in the U.S. is nearly twice as much as any other developed country. In fact, if that \$3 trillion healthcare sector was its own country, it would be the fifth-largest economy in the world according to Consumer Reports.

And even though we outspending other countries industrialized nearly 2-to-1, the World Health Organization

the U.S. a dismal 37th in healthcare systems — with The Commonwealth Fund naming us dead last among the top 11 industrialized countries for overall healthcare dollar-for-dollar.

In preparing this editorial, I spent time researching the reasons behind healthcare's astronomical costs in this country.

While there are many factors, from defensive medicine practices for

example of Duke University Hospital, which has 1,300 billing clerks and only 900 beds.

The reason?

needed to determine how to bill the varying requirements of multiple insurers.

Why the need for multiple insurers?

Because more and more, single insurers can't cover the rising costs of medical

and

countries,

negotiates

prescriptions, particularly at

a time when the median age

drug prices with drug

makers, which virtually

guarantees lower prices.

However, when Congress

created Medicare Part D, it

specifically denied Medicare

the right to negotiate drug

prices. At the same time, the

Veterans Administration

and Medicaid aren't under

the same restriction and pay

According to Congress's

own Budget Office, if

Medicare Part D recipients

received the same discount

as Medicaid recipients, the

the lowest drug prices.

in America is 40.

government

most

(WHO) recently ranked News Hour, Cutler gave the federal government would save \$116 billion over the next 10 years.

> Imagine the money American taxpayers would save if those on Medicare Billing specialists are could benefit from the same Medicaid-negotiated drug prices?

One has to wonder why Congress is so opposed to weighing in on controlling the cost of prescription drugs and healthcare as a whole, and what — if any role those who benefit most

from that \$3 trillion industry play in that

decision. As taxpayers, we are America's shareholders — and Congress is our board of directors. It's time we ask why

drug the board of America, Inc., isn't pursuing a more costeffective healthcare plan that will guarantee a better return on our investment, which in this case literally puts lives at stake physically and financially.

Rather than bickering over ways to pay for astronomical costs associated with healthcare and prescription drugs, Congress needs to slow down and address the issue of controlling those costs in the first place.

Establishing affordable healthcare isn't about how to pay more but about how to pay less.

Letters to the Editor Policy

The Sentinel welcomes letters to the editor as part of a community discussion of issues on the local, state and national level.

Emailed letters are preferred. Handwritten or typed letters must be signed. All letters need to include full name, address and phone number; only name and city will be printed. Letters should be limited to about 300 words. Letters are subject to editing for length, grammar and clarity. Publication of any letter is not guaranteed and depends on space available and the volume of letters received.

Letters that are anonymous, libelous, argumentative, sarcastic or contain accusations that are unsourced or without documentation will not be published.

Letters containing poetry or from outside The Sentinel readership area will only be published at the discretion of the editor.

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Election-related letters must address pertinent or timely issues of interest to our readers at-large.

Letters must 1) Not be a part of letter-writing campaigns on behalf of (or by) candidates; 2) Ensure any information about a candidate is accurate, fair and not from second-hand knowledge or hearsay; and 3) explain the reasons to support candidates based on personal experience and perspective rather than partisanship and campaign-style rhetoric.

Candidates themselves may not use the letters to the editor column to outline their views and platforms or to ask for votes; this constitutes paid political advertising.

As with all letters and advertising content, the newspaper, at the sole discretion of the publisher, general manager and editor, reserves the right to reject any letter that doesn't follow the above criteria.

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