

The Sentinel

A Weekly Newspaper With Plenty of Backbone

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THURSDAY, JANUARY 3, 1918

BOOST.

Boost and the world boosts with you,
Knock and you're on the shelf;
For the booster gets sick,
Of the man who kicks,
And wishes he'd kick himself.

Boost when the sun is shining,
Boost when it starts to rain;
If you happen to fall,
Don't lie there and bawl,
But get up and boost again.

Boost for the town's advancement,
Boost for the things sublime;
For the chap that's found
On the topmost round
Is the booster, every time.

—Exchange.

KERR-TAIN.

President Kerr, of the Oregon Agricultural college, and the regents of that institution, are in a peculiarly embarrassing and enigmatic position.

As the result of a news item which appeared in The Oregonian the latter part of November, stating that President Kerr had been offered the presidency of the Kansas Agricultural college at a salary of \$9000 a year, an organized campaign for the retention of Mr. Kerr spread over the state like wildfire, and hundreds of sincere letters poured in upon Mr. Kerr expressing appreciation of his efforts and asking him to remain here.

Shortly thereafter the board of regents, which had been urged to make a supreme effort to retain Mr. Kerr, met, raised the salary \$1400 above the former salary but still \$600 short of that of the supposed Kansas offer, and urged Mr. Kerr to remain in the advanced price. He patriotically accepted the word was hurried to Kansas that Mr. Kerr had refused the offer of the Sunflower state, and almost as quickly as the wires could spit it, back came word that Mr. Kerr could not refuse the position—because it had never been offered to him, and that the Kansas job paid \$500 a year less than Mr. Kerr was paid by Oregon before the chimerical offer resulted in a raise of salary.

Mr. Kerr says that he was really offered the Kansas job.

The Governor of Kansas and those with the power of selection say he was not even considered for the position.

Now what do you think of that?

The whole thing has the appearance of about the slickest confidence game ever pulled off in Oregon.

Knowing Mr. Kerr as well as we do, we are inclined to believe he really thought he had been offered the Kansas job. We are inclined to believe him to be too honorable to deliberately pull such a shell game, and it would be doing an injustice to his political cunning to bring such an accusation against him.

But here is a peculiar thing that is not easily explained away: The report that Mr. Kerr had been offered the Kansas job was denied in the Kansas papers on November 26, long before the raise in salary was offered Mr. Kerr by Oregon. The denial of the offer was telegraphed The Oregonian but was never printed, and the fact that the offer had never been made—Mr. Kerr did not become public in Oregon until after the raise of salary had been offered and promptly accepted.

Apparently there is an Ethiopian gentleman in some woodpile. Is that woodpile at Corvallis or at Portland?

Here are some other interesting things to cogitate upon:

Why hasn't Mr. Kerr, under the circumstances which have since developed, given notice of his intention to refuse the increase of salary?

If Mr. Kerr was worth \$8400 in case a bona fide Kansas offer had been made, and after the regents and the people of the state have appealed to him to remain at a salary less than they would like to pay him, and less than they said he should receive, how could they now suddenly permit him to refuse the increase in salary?

And yet, if the wealthy agricultural state of Kansas only pays \$6500 a year, how can Oregon, with half or more of its land still covered with its forests primeval, pay a salary a third again as large.

Unless Mr. Kerr can explain away the many things in connection with this supposed offer—and a real raise in salary—is he worth anything to the state?

Has the supposed tribute to his worth and ability—to him, no doubt, quite real—in reality taken from him that worth and character?

Mr. Kerr says his position is embarrassing.

We believe him.

It is also embarrassing to others, and we doubt if there ever will be a satisfactory explanation.

FREE SPEECH.

There are some whose ability to grasp the seriousness of our present situation is so limited that they complain that the right of free speech has been taken from them.

Yet such people are not consistent. They would deny the right of free speech to those who would apply to them obscene or disrespectful epithets.

They would deny the right of free speech to those who would spread slander about their wives or daughters.

They would deny the right of free speech to those who would offer verbal insult to their wives or daughters.

They would deny the right of free speech to those who would threaten their lives.

They would deny the right of free speech to those who would brand as traitors those sticklers for free speech.

The man who commits a murder might just as well claim that his liberties are being interfered with when, for his display of his idea of personal liberty, he is incarcerated in jail.

These exponents of free speech in these times are but little removed from those who deliberately take life, for many of our boys would sacrifice their lives in vain were those who desire it given unlimited free speech. Perhaps a few will be sacrificed to the free speech that has already been permitted.

As a matter of fact there is no limitation on free speech, but there have been limitations placed upon reasonable utterances and licentious speech. This kind of talk is not free speech. It is a crime; and crime is just as heinous, whether committed with the mouth or with the hands.

Free speech, in its true sense, will never be taken from the American people as long as our present government prevails. Those who would be traitors in the name of free speech would bring upon us misfortune that would forever take from us the right of free speech. They would have us defeated by a government that does not recognize any right except that of the kaiser, any law except that promulgated by the kaiser or any liberties except those that suit the whim of a blood-glutted war monarch.

Down with such as these. Their ability to think is so limited that they have nothing worth saying.

GOVERNMENT OPERATION OF RAILWAYS.

The government is now operating the railways. The government has not taken them over. It has simply taken possession and promises to stockholders the same profits they have before enjoyed, which we have been repeatedly informed by the railways have been small.

The taking over of the railways is a war emergency measure only but the act may be the means of deciding a mooted question. The Sentinel and many others have claimed that the government could not give the same service that private corporations have given and that with what service it did give the expense would be greater than under private ownership.

Others have claimed that the service would be better and the expense less.

If possession by the government is given a fair test we may learn the truth of the matter without the inconvenience of purchasing the railways for the experiment. This is much the cheaper way.

And we are assured of one thing—and that is that there will be no more railroad strikes for the duration of the war.

CUSICK FOR TREASURER.

E. D. Cusick, of Albany, who served in two sessions as joint senator from Lane and Linn, has announced his candidacy for state treasurer. The Sentinel, at different times, has found occasion to compliment Senator Cusick's work at Salem. While one of the least noisy of the legislators, he was at the same time one of the most influential and most dependable.

He has proved his ability as a business man and would, without doubt, be as successful in the handling of the state's money as he has been in handling the money of the patrons of his bank. He will get a large vote in Lane county.

We wish you all a happy and prosperous New Year and trust it will not take you long to learn to write it 1918.

THINGS WE THINK

Things Others Think and What We Think of the Things Others Think

No one can act more pompous than the little fellow who has been suddenly elevated to something—and none looks more wizen up when defeated.

Some self-made men look as if they had been unexpectedly discovered at the job.

Divorce suits keep some lawyers in clothes.

When you look up to someone they don't of necessity look down on you.

A level-headed man is, of course, evenly balanced.

If you don't know what you want there is no use trying to get it.

Some folks make fools of themselves by trying to appear to know more than they really do.

By chasing the big things many little things may escape you, but if you give all your time to chasing the little ones the big ones are certain to escape.

The person who tries to please everyone doesn't even satisfy himself.

We sometimes think that maybe a lot of women want to vote more because they think men don't want them to than for any other reason.

There's a right way to do everything, but those who hesitate to do things for fear they are not doing them the right way aren't going to get very far.

GOVERNMENT NOW IN CONTROL OF ROADS

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo Named Director-General of Railroads.

Washington.—The railroads of the United States have passed into government possession and Secretary McAdoo, designated by President Wilson as director-general of railroads.

Walker D. Hines, of New York, a railroad lawyer and for many years a special student of government operation, was appointed assistant director general, pending the formation of a permanent staff.

Definite steps toward national unification of railroads and improvement of congested conditions were taken by Director-General McAdoo in the appointment of a temporary staff and the issuing of his first formal order directing absolute pooling of all traffic, common utilization of terminals, rolling stock and other facilities, hauling of freight by the shortest routes and retention of all present officers and employes.

Orders went to eastern roads from Director-General McAdoo to clear up freight congestion regardless of previous government priority regulations, passenger schedules and any hampering practices under the old competitive system and to pay special attention to the movement of coal and food.

The director-general dissolved the railroad war board at its own request and named a temporary advisory cabinet of five members.

The question of increased pay for railroad employes will be taken up soon by Mr. McAdoo. Heads of the four brotherhoods will confer with the director-general at his invitation, and probably will urge with the scarcity of railroad labor it will be necessary to pay higher wages to retain men. Many advisers of the director-general advocate increasing wages, particularly for many unorganized classes.

Curtailment of passenger travel is planned by eliminating trains as fast as railroads can arrange. No general increase in rates, according to the plan adopted in England, is in immediate contemplation.

To relieve New York terminals it is planned to divert as much traffic as possible to Baltimore, Newport News and other Atlantic ports.

LABOR VOTES TO CONTINUE WAR

London.—The position of the British government in its stand on peace was greatly strengthened by the action of the national labor conference in voting for a continuation of the war.

This attitude taken by labor was doubly significant in view of the fact that it followed the offer of Germany and Austria to make peace on a basis of no annexation nor indemnities.

Both England and France, through members of their governments, have repudiated the Teutonic offer to negotiate peace on a basis of the status quo ante bellum and it is unlikely that the secular note being drafted by Leon Trotsky, the Bolshevik foreign minister at Petrograd, will be answered.

TO REGISTER ALL GERMANS

Certificate Cards Will Be Issued Which Must Be Carried.

Washington.—The week of February 4 was set aside by the department of justice for registration of the half-million of unaturalized Germans in the continental United States by police and postmasters in pursuance of President Wilson's alien enemy proclamation directing this action as a means of minimizing the danger from enemy sympathizers.

Registration will involve the gathering of detailed information concerning the business, relatives and habits of every German, together with his photograph and finger prints. After registering he must carry a certificate card and may not change his place of residence without approval of the police or postmaster. Violation of the regulations will be punishable by internment for the war.

The orders do not apply to German women, nor to persons under 14, because these are not classed as aliens by law. Subjects of Austria-Hungary are not required to register.

French Triumph on Italian Front.

Rome.—In the Monte Tomba region on the northern front the French have captured many positions between Osteria di Monferena and Marankine, the war office announces. They also captured about 1400 men and 60 machine guns and seven cannon.

Hundreds of Acres Flooded.
Bellingham, Wash.—Hundreds of acres of land in the Nooksack and Skagit valleys are under water.



Every Woman Should Be Interested in

"Tailored to Fit"

Forest Mills

KNIT UNDERWEAR
Hand Finished

"Flat-knit Seams"

because FOREST MILLS underwear is form fitting. Each garment is cut full size. All button bands are hand finished. All seams are knitted perfectly flat and are no thicker than the fabric itself. The new flat-lock seam is stronger than the old-style heavy welt seam, which is found on most underwear, and is far more comfortable. One need only to look over a FOREST MILLS underwear garment to be convinced of its superior merit. Come to the store today and allow our salespeople to show you the many styles of FOREST MILLS brand underwear carried by us. The prices are most reasonable:

Cotton Union Suits priced.....	75c, \$1.25, \$1.45, \$1.65
Cotton Union Suits with pink silk top.....	\$2.25
Wool Union Suits.....	\$1.95 to \$3.50
Single Piece Underwear.....	50c, 65c, 95c, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75
MISSES' UNDERWEAR	
Union Suits priced.....	75c to \$1.95
Single Piece Garments.....	35c to 95c

Umpfrey & Mackin

THE QUALITY STORE—GOOD SERVICE



TOTAL RED CROSS MEMBERSHIP IS 1381

(Continued from first page)

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Foster, A. E.; Frost, Glennie E.; Fahrwald, Chas.; Fahrwald, Mrs. Elizabeth; Finney, Mrs. W. B.; Fullmer, Earl; Fullmer, Mrs. Walter; Fullmer, Walter; Fullmer, Verna; Ross, Mrs. Martha; Faith, J. F.; Finnerty, Mrs. M. J.; French, Mrs. J. K.; Ferguson, Mrs. Carrie; Fiester, Mrs. Mae; Fishburn, Jennie.

Gierist, Mrs. L. H.; Gettys, Chas.; Graber, Gottfried; Gilbert, Vernon; Green, Mrs. Glenn; Garoutte, Hattie; Gildersleve, Hattie; Geer, A. R.; Godard, Mrs. S. L.; Godard, Ray; Godard, Harry; Godard, Lola; Godard, Lois; Grubbs, Mrs. Kate; Griggs, H. B.; Gilstrap, W. E.; Gardner, Mrs. S.; Griggs, Mrs. Sylvia; Groves, Mrs. J. M.; Groat, E. G.; Gunter, Mrs. R. F.; Gilstrap, Mrs. Elva; Griggs, Vivian; Griggs, Bessie; Godard, Mrs. F. C.; Garoutte, Mrs. Annie; Griggs, Roy; Godard, S. L.; Green, G. A.; Garoutte, Mrs. Ella; Garoutte, Earl; Garoutte, Mark; Griswold, R. E.; Griswold, Mrs. R. E.; Garetson, Frank; Garetson, Hazel; Garetson, F. A.; Garetson, Mrs. F. A.; Garetson, Carl; Groom, Blanche.

Hazleton, Nieta; Hemme, John; Handy, Edwin D.; Handy, C. F.; Handy, Mrs. Worth; Hopson, Mrs. Jennie; Harvey, Mrs. W. S.; Hubbard, Wm. L.; Hall, Mrs. Geo. M.; Hubbell, W. N.; Harrington, Mrs. Alecia; Hawley, Mrs. W. B.; Hall, Geo. M.; Hall, Hildred; Hart, Alva; Hendricks, Mrs. J. R.; Hill, Mrs. L. S.; Hill, L. S.; Hubbard, D. C.; Hubbell, Lenora; Hubbell, Mrs. Anna; Heliwell, Mrs. Albert; Hubbell, Mrs. Wilson; Hemenway, Mrs. C.; Hemenway, W. A.; Hemenway, Mrs. W. A.; Haldeman, Mrs. Susan; Hickey, Mrs. Eva; Hewitt, Mrs. J. B.; Hilton, Maud; Hendry, Dr.; Hartung, Eva; Hansard, G. B.; Hunter, Miss Martha; Hall, Charles S.; Hall, Mrs. F. H.; Hohl, Mrs. Barbara; Hall, Mrs. Wm. P.; Hall, Wm. P.; Hands, Mrs. Bert; Heinrich, August; Heine, Mrs. Hattie; Hawley, W. B.; Harms, J. W.; Harms, Mrs. Emma; Heath, Carrie; Heath, J. A.; Hare, Luanana; Harrel, Mrs. L. L.; Harrel, L. L.; Hemenway, Mrs. Eva; Herrman, John L.; Huff, W. P.; Hansen, C.; Hemenway, D. H.; Hemenway, Mrs. D. H.; Hemenway, Nellie; Hemenway, Roseoe; Hemenway, Florence; Harroy, L. M.; Huff, Mrs. W. P.; Hansard, Mrs. S. M.; Harvey, Mrs. S. M.

Ireland, Homer J.; Ireland, Mrs. Homer J.

Jones, Mrs. Ellen; Jensen, J. D.; Jorgenson, H. J.; Jones, Frank; Jones, Dewie; Johnson, Mrs. W. C.; Jones, Mrs. J. I.; Jorgenson, Mrs. S. J.; Jackson, Chas.; Jackson, Mrs. Chas.; Jensen, Mrs. J. D.; Jury, Alf; Jury, Genevieve; Jewell, Mrs. Nellie.

Kebelbeck, Geo.; Kebelbeck, Mrs. Geo.; Kebelbeck, Mrs. John; Kennedy, R. H.; Kennedy, Ella; Knowles, Elmer; Knowles, Gerorgetta; Kerr, Geo.; Knotts, Ross; Kelly, Delbert; Kile, Mrs. Jane; Kinsey, Georgia; Knotts, Joseph; Knotts, Mrs. Joseph; Kerr, Mrs. Sarah E.; King, D. M.; Kem, Thomas; Kebelbeck, Michael; Knowles, Geo.; Kibby, H. H.; Kibby, Mrs. Louisa; Kem, O. M.; Kem, Mrs. O. M.; Kem, Kathleen; Kem, Myrtle; King, Mrs. C. B.; Knox, Alice M.; King, Alva; Knox, D. D.; Knox, Mrs. Ipha; Knox, Mrs. Sarah; Kime, Kittie; Kime, Dr. A. W.; Kelly, Mrs. Frank; Kerr, Mrs. George; Kem, Mrs. C. J.

Lilly, E. E.; Lillotson, L. E.; Lawrence, C. R.; Lewis, S. K.; Larson, C. A.; Labach, Mrs. Maud; Leonard, Mrs. H. L.; Landess, Winnie; Lawson, Mrs. Lewis; Lillian; Leonard, Mrs. A. A.; Lawson, G. A.; Lynch, Wm. F.; Lam-

mon, M.; Lewis, J. B.; Leonard, A. A.; Landwehr, P.; Lockwood, E. C.; Lindt, S. H.; Lynch, Mrs. Wm. F.; Landwehr, Edith; Lower, Harold; Larson, Mrs. C. A.; Lincoln, Mary J.; Lawrence, W. H.; Lawrence, Mrs. W. H.; LeRoy, Mrs. Leland; Labach, August; Landess, Mrs. Laura; Lemons, Abbie; Lammer, Mrs. Eva; Larson, Mrs. H. V.

Markham, L. G.; Mayben, Mrs. Wm.; Malcom, Robert; Madsen, John; Magee, Mrs.; Magee, Mr.; McFarland, Mrs. Ellen; McCargar, Ray; Moran, James; Minogue, Dan S.; Marksbury, Mrs. Helen; Marksbury, B.; Metcalf, Mrs. H. K.; McFarland, D. G.; McFarland, Mrs. Laura A.; Medley, Huston; McDonald, Margaret; Monroe, Mrs. Clara; Mansur, Mrs. C. J.; McKibben, Mrs. Mabel; Mackin, Mrs. S. L.; Mackin, S. L.; Matthews, Mrs. Chas.; Myers, G. W.; Magee, D.; McKernan, Mrs. S. H.; McFarland, Mrs. G. W.; McFarland, Mabel; Marksbury, Mrs. J. W.; Mills, Karl K.; Mills, Elizabeth H.; McCargar, Dr.; McCargar, Mrs.; McCargar, Marie; McGuire, Clifton; McGee, G. W.; McCoy, L. P.; Mooney, Edith; Mooney, Mrs. Hattie; McGuire, Rosa Ellen; Marhenke, H.; Moore, J. J.; Moore, Mrs. J. J.; McQueen, George; Martin, Mrs. Rosa; Miller, Mrs. Geo. M.; McQueen, Mrs. Geo. W.; Mullenger, Mrs. B.; Morrill, J. F.; Manly, J. H.; Matthews, Chas.; Matthews, Jas.; McFarland, S. E.; McFarland, Florence; McFarland, C. A.; McKernan, S. H.; Miller, Mrs. D. L.; Mills, Georgia; Mills, G. E.; Mills, Mrs. G. E.; Million, Mrs. J. D.; McCord, Mrs. R.; McGee, Mrs. M. F.; McFarland, Mrs. W. W.; McFarland, W. W.; McKee, Mrs. Nancy E.; Miller, Ida; MacLeod, D. A.; Miller, H. A.; Miller, Mrs. H. A.; Mills, Mrs. J. H.

Nesbit, Mary E.; Newcomb, S. C.; Nichols, O. L.

Oleott, Herbert; Ostrander, Will; Oglesby, Mrs. Nancy; Ostrander, Mrs. Piper; Oglesby, Dr. W. W.

Payer, Miss Miriam; Powell, Mrs. J. A.; Powell, Ruth; Patten Gussie; Pat-

ton, Mrs. Frances; Porter, Elmer; Porter, Elizabeth; Porter, Mrs. E. B.; Powell, Alfred; Phelps, Ruth; Phelps, Lester; Phelps, Amelia; Porter, Mrs. Joe; Porter, Joe; Pitzer, M. P.; Pitzer, Mrs. M. P.; Payne, Mrs. Martha J. Kayser; Pitzer, Mrs. G. B.; Perry, Mrs. W. G.; Parker, Mrs. C. O.; Perkins, Mrs. C. A.; Potts, Etta; Potts, Jas.; Page, Amy; Pitzer, Ella; Perkins, Neva; Perry, Orrie; Pitzer, C. W.; Protzman, Chas.; Protzman, J. B.; Poul, W. T.; Pitzer, G. B.; Plaster, Claud; Palmer, John; Palmer, Mrs. John; Prater, Irene; Powell, Mrs. Emma; Paster, Mrs. Minnie; Powell, Mrs. Robin; Perini, B. L.; Perini, Margie; Purvance, Mrs. Nellie; Purvance, Curran; Perini, John; Patton, Jasper; Peck, C. T.; Peck, Mrs. C. T.; Petrie, Dr.; Petrie, Mrs. H. H.

(Concluded next week)

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon, December 12, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Frank C. Singletary, of Oakridge, Oregon, who on March 26, 1912, made Homestead entry serial No. 67932 for a tract of 157.85 acres in unsurveyed Sec. 25, Tp. 29 S. R. 3 E. W. 4, described by notes and bounds as follows: Beginning at Cor. No. 1, identical with Corner of Secs. 25, 26, 35 and 36 of Tp. 29 S. R. 3 E.; thence S. 0 degrees 04 minutes E. 25 chs.; thence S. 89 degrees 53 minutes E. 79.40 chs.; thence S. 0 degrees 43 minutes E. 19.70 chs.; thence S. 89 degrees 51 minutes W. 79.64 chs. to place of beginning, has filed notice of intention to make final five-year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before E. O. Immel, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Eugene, Oregon, on the 29th day of January, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: William Hebert, of Oakridge, Oregon; J. H. Chenoweth, of Oakridge, Oregon; Charles Duning, of Oakridge, Oregon; Frank B. Chenoweth, of Oakridge, Oregon.

W. H. CANON,
Register.

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The most satisfactory glasses you can get will give more comfort in proportion to their cost than anything else you can buy.

It is a part of our service to give particular attention to selecting the mounting that will look and feel the best on your face. In addition to this, our thorough examination and the grinding of lenses in our own shop assures you of a pair of glasses satisfactory in every respect. They grace the face and stay in place. SAVE YOUR EYES.

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Pride of Oregon, Soft Wheat Flour
H. & H. Hard Wheat Flour
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KNOWLES & GRABER

Thi cial

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TALES C

Will the fell ladder return are so high I n Mrs. J. H. M. Saturday to vic er of Eleven! H. C. Madsen to Harrisburg 2 and mother, M the hospital the dition much imj

Econom Means buying longest for th government r onize in leath the kind of s

POWELL WHERE PI

Mrs. Hugh R. rived Saturday. Mrs. Mike Kelo Bread like or f it at stores or f

A But with a poor e Quit hacking i Get a real knif forged our ma knives, and from a toad st cil sharpener.

Wynn HA

Mr. and Mrs. Pass, visited her zor's mother, M Mrs. Harry Park park several day Miss Ruth Bed with Miss Vivin Chassy job pri

Watch This Sp Used

One of the be drive a car is to Then any mishap there are many buying a car bec that they can't ones. Many are just as good service is concei purpose until see ford a new one, car at the price used cars, some o of condition. Y and just as ofte car and get just a your trip. Look

Possibly you d buying a new ca learned to drive, these do for you 1912 FLANDERS not a modern car vice left and is go 1913 PATERSON power and lots of E. M. F. 30; goo at.....

Wouldn't you l can show 'em all BUCK SPEED I mechanical cond miles when the Well worth more

If you want ch that you can pay car, here is just e 1913 OVERLAND er and electric li new for all purp condition. We wil

Any use for a have, take a good STUDEBAKER e good tire equipm class condition; w at.....

Most any of the with a small pay monthly payments

WOODS COTTAGE GROV