

The Cottage Grove Sentinel

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER WITH PLENTY OF BACKBONE
ELBERT BEDE, Editor and Publisher

A first-class publication entered at Cottage Grove as second-class matter.

Tuesday, July 19, 1915

BUSINESS OFFICE: 26 SOUTH FIFTH STREET

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One Year \$1.50 Six Months80
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MEMBER OREGON STATE EDITORIAL ASSOCIATION

WHEN IS NEUTRALITY?

WAR brings forth strange definitions of neutrality and of right and wrong.

For example: If the United States government were to sell arms to the belligerents, that would be all wrong, but a citizen of the United States may sell arms to the belligerents and that is all right. A citizen of the United States might buy from the United States government and resell to one of the belligerents and none of the other belligerents would deny his right to do so under international law.

There is probably no doubt but that the supplies purchased in the United States are absolutely necessary to the prosecution of the war on the part of the allies. Therefore, if we cut off our supplies the war would cease, or at least an offensive war could not be carried on until factories for the manufacture of powder and implements of war were provided in Europe. Food supplies are also absolutely necessary and if all neutral countries cut off the food supply the war would have to cease for lack of nourishment to keep it going.

We are keeping the war going by furnishing the supplies that enable one side to fight. In doing so, under international law, providing the government does not participate, we preserve our neutrality, but if the government were to forbid the shipment of munitions and food supplies that enable one side to keep up the war we would violate our neutrality by giving assistance to the other side which does not need these supplies. By keeping the war going we preserve our neutrality. By stopping the war we would violate our neutrality.

If a manufacturer of whisky received an order for a couple million dollars' worth of stuff that was sure to kill those coming in contact with it, he would probably refuse the order. If he should accept the order, we would hold him up to the scorn of all civilized people. If a manufacturer of powder receives an order for a couple million dollars' worth of sure kill stuff he does not hesitate to fill the order and in a few years he will be held up to public gaze as a sagacious and honorable business man.

There are many who cry that the sale of arms and ammunition is all wrong because it enables the killing to continue, but these same people will sell horses to carry the soldier and haul food, ammunition and implements of war and furnish food to feed men and horses and think it entirely within the bounds of moral law.

Any aid the United States government gives one side is a breach of neutrality, yet we are now upholding the government in its demands that American lives must be safe on the boats of any nation bearing any manner of cargo.

Germany has no boats on the high seas, so our demand protects the boats of the other side and interferes with Germany's method of warfare. While the government may not sell supplies without a breach of neutrality, it may protect supplies going to Germany's enemies and still preserve its neutrality.

These are only a few of the inconsistencies that might be mentioned.

Reports from the European war indicate that many of the implements of war thought to be of the highest perfection before this conflict have been supplanted by improved engines of destruction. No doubt the United States has saved billions of dollars through its policy of unpreparedness.

GERMANY BREEDING A SCAB.

GERMANY is acting very much like a little boy who is so obdurate that he takes chances on a licking rather than give in to the parent who has told him he must do so and so. If the little boy was absolutely certain that a licking would follow his insubordination he would probably give in, but he has probably escaped lickings in the past under similar circumstances and hopes to do so again.

He has been told time and time again that to flog him a licking hurts the parent fully as much as the boy, and he hopes that out of regard for his own feelings the parent will not carry out his threat.

It is hard for Germany to give in. It has a hope that it may neglect to give in and yet escape a breach with the United States. It has already escaped from delicate situations and hopes to do so again. Germany knows what a serious thing war would be to the United States. It has been fully informed of the feeling here and probably hopes that out of regard for its own feelings the United States will not carry out its threats.

Like the little boy, Germany endeavors to place the blame for its own wrong doings upon someone else.

In all probability the United States will not go to war with Germany. In fact, there is little probability that it will, but it must maintain a firm position and unless Germany does accede to the demands already made upon it, there is certain to be a breach and a cessation of friendly relations. To refuse to grant the demands made upon it means that the sympathy of all red-blooded Americans will be with the allies and the final result may be financial assistance to Germany's enemies. This latter it is pretty certain that Germany does not underestimate.

By its evasion of the issues Germany has already lost much of the sympathy Americans naturally feel for one attacked by greater numbers. A continuance of parleying and evasion of the issues means the development of at least a semi-enmity here that may not greatly injure Germany at present but will result in great financial loss when it again enters the marts of trade.

Germany would better quit acting like an obdurate boy, come out like a man, make amends for its errors and allow feeling against it to subside.

APPARENTLY all the Germans do not accept at face value the statements made by many Americans, to the effect that the United States could be licked in fifteen minutes.

Admiral Oscar von Truppel contributes an article to Der Tag, warning his compatriots not to underestimate the danger of a breach with the United States, and asking them to weigh seriously the question whether the value of Germany's submarine warfare against British commerce is great enough to justify a continuance of its present form at the expense of a rupture with the trans-Atlantic nation.

The article is remarkable for its open statement regarding the wide reaching effect which the participation of America in the hostilities might exercise on the future course of the war—effects which Admiral von Truppel says are greatly underestimated in Germany.

FOR THE WORLD'S HALL OF FAME

IF THE ANGEL had heard of I. A. Aldrich, it is possible that Abou Ben Adhem's name would not have led all the rest. Mr. Aldrich is a manufacturer who refused a European order for 300,000,000 cartridge shells. His reason for this extraordinary conduct was that he did not desire to become rich making shells designed to bring wounds and death to his fellowman. It was pointed out to Mr. Aldrich that if he did not manufacture the instruments of death, others would. Mr. Aldrich said, very likely; but his necessities could not force, and his conscience would not permit, him to be the means of adding to the horrors of the war in Europe.

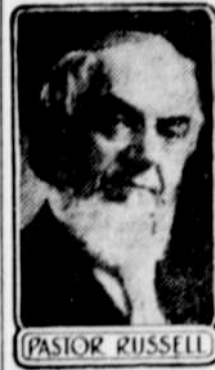
The Spectator nominates I. A. Aldrich for membership in the world's Hall of Fame which is made up of poets who sing of peace, of judges who are wise and merciful, of statesmen who are purely patriotic, of those who sacrifice self to the general good, and of all who are constant in faith and love and charity. The fact that there is as yet no such Hall of Fame does not affect Mr. Aldrich's right to be regarded as its most conspicuous member.—Portland Spectator.

When buying a railroad ticket, ask for a roundtrip one and boost the sales of your home station. It will help later when Cottage Grove wants improvements from the railroad. meh10tf

HUMANITY DELUDED BY DEMON DOCTRINES

"Thou Shalt Surely Die"—"Ye Shall Not Surely Die."

Satan's Monumental Lie Foisted Upon the Church—Christian Standards Lowered—Foundation Falsehood For All Unscriptural Teachings—Responsibility of an Educated Ministry.



PASTOR RUSSELL

Indianapolis, Ind., June 27.—Pastor Russell is here today. He preached on the text, "The god of this world hath blinded the minds of them that believe not, lest the light of the glorious Gospel of Christ . . . should shine unto them."—2 Corinthians 4:4.

The speaker said that during the Dark Ages "doctrines of demons" were foisted upon the Church by Satan's hosts of fallen angels. The theory that all non church members would go to eternal torture brought in hundreds of millions, probably less than one percent of whom would make any claim to being followers of Christ or of seeking to cultivate His spirit of meekness, gentleness, patience, long-suffering, brotherly kindness, love. The great majority manifest the reverse spirit—anger, malice, hatred, envy, strife—works of the flesh and the Devil. (Colossians 3:5, 8; Galatians 5:19-23; 1 John 3:8; 2 Peter 1:5-7.) We see them in Europe today—of all creeds—doing their best to destroy each other, to send each other to Purgatory or to eternal torture! About ninety-five percent of these are called Christians.

Very few anywhere, the Pastor declared, profess to follow Jesus and His teachings. Christian standards have been so lowered that today a Christian is merely one who refrains from profane and gross sins. This has come about as a revulsion against the thought that everybody except a mere handful of saints is en route to eternal torture. Kind hearted people could not think of their friends as suffering thus; so they moved down low the standard for everlasting life.

Demoneology and the First Lie.

Lucifer through ambition became Satan, God's opponent. He led our first parents into sin by his great falsehood, "Ye shall not surely die." (Genesis 3:4.) This lie he has since supported personally and through his demon hosts. Now practically all believe the lie that the dead are more alive than before death. On this foundation Satan has built up various false theories to delude humanity and drive them from God and the promises of the Bible. He tells them that at death the good and the bad immediately enter their rewards or punishments. The errors are skillfully framed, and teach that Heaven can be gained only through baptism in infancy, confirmation, holy water, holy burial, masses, etc. Satan enlists on his side of the question all who can profit by these practices.

"Gather My Saints to Me."

In the Bible God sets forth the True Church of the First-born, "written in Heaven." Jesus is their Head; they are all brethren and know no clergy and laity. They are called saints—"Gather My saints together unto Me, those who have made a Covenant with Me by sacrifice." (Psalm 50:5; Romans 1:7, etc.) God will not use force. He now gathers merely those having the hearing ear and responsive heart. A New Epoch will soon open, and these, under Christ, will constitute the Messianic Kingdom. Then the world's blessing will begin; Satan will be bound; ignorance and falsehood will be swept away. All will know of God's Love, passing all understanding. (Romans 8:38, 39.) His glory will fill the whole earth. Then all willful sinners will be destroyed. All others will be brought to perfection.—Rev. 21:3-5.

Some of the best minds have been driven from God and the Bible into money-getting, society, intoxication—anything to stop themselves from thinking about the terrible possibilities of future woe. If the true light shines into any heart, a transformation begins at once; hence Satan's anxiety to prevent people's learning of God's gracious Plan for human redemption.

For twelve centuries the Bible was unused and the people misguided into thinking the so-called Apostolic Bishops had equal authority with the original Twelve Apostles. Man-made creeds took the place of God's Word, which had a hard fight against the clergy, who, self-deceived, thought they were doing God service. By degrees, however, the people began to think more for themselves, and the clergy were forced to give them the Bible, under dire threats of eternal torment to all who learned anything different from the creeds.

In the past fifty years general education has come. Satan realized he must adopt new methods. He has affected to be an angel of new light. (2 Cor. 11:13-15.) He has now gotten hold of the colleges and seminaries. Few such ministers believe in the inspiration of the Bible or in the coming "Times of Restitution." (Isaiah 56:10, 11; Acts 3:19-21.) It is the duty of all who see the Truth to act positively. "Come out from among them and be ye separate, saith the Lord, and I will receive you." The woes on these systems are shortly to come.

Things We Think

Things others think, and what we think of the things others think.

Kisses are sometimes the actions that speak louder than words.

A girl in love will never admit that all men are alike. A few years after marriage she may be of the same opinion still—she may think hers is the worst.

In the clothes they wear women should learn the distinction between those that are attractive and those that are attracting.

Some men waste enough time trying to do useless things to make a success of life if their energies were turned to worth-while things.

The world owes everyone a living—and is just as hard to collect from as others who owe everyone.

A girl can quickly change her ideas of an eligible man to fit the one she can get.

Before marriage a man finds it little trouble to live on love—afterwards he may wish he could.

The broken promises that concern us are those made by others.

The married man who goes away from home to hunt trouble would walk along a street lined with gold pieces and never see them.

A girl who gets to be an old maid has little faith in the efficacy of prayer.

In the game of hearts it's always your turn to play.

Belonging to one political party or another must be largely a matter of habit—otherwise how could there be anyone in the parties opposed to ours?

AN EASY, PLEASANT LAXATIVE.

One or two of Dr. King's New Life Pills with a tumbler of water at night. No bad, nauseating taste; no belching gas. Go right to bed. Wake up in the morning, enjoy a free, easy bowel movement, and feel fine all day. Dr. King's New Life Pills are sold by all Druggists, 36 in an original package, for 25c. Get a bottle today—enjoy this easy, pleasant laxative.

Summons for Publication in Foreclosure of Tax Lien.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Lane County.
Fingal Hinds, Plaintiff, vs. Addison L. Holmes and Alvin Brewer, Defendants.

To Addison L. Holmes and Alvin Brewer, the above named defendants: In the Name of the State of Oregon: You are hereby notified that Fingal Hinds, the holder of Certificate of Delinquency numbered 486 issued on the 14th day of October, 1910, by the Tax Collector of the County of Lane, State of Oregon, for the amount of Two and 10/100 (\$2.10) Dollars, the same being the amount then due and delinquent for taxes for the year 1909 together with penalty, interest and costs thereon upon the real property assessed to you, of which you are the owner as appears of record, situated in said County and State, and particularly bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning in Section 29 Twp. 20 South Range 3 West, 15 feet West of the Southeast corner of D. L. C. No. 59 run West 18.067 Chains, North 3.321 Chains, East 18.067 Chains, and South 3.321 Chains to place of beginning in Lane County, Oregon.

You are further notified that said Fingal Hinds has paid taxes on said premises for prior or subsequent years with the rate of interest on said amounts as follows:

Year's Tax	Date Paid	Tax Receipt No.	Amount	Rate of Interest
1908	March 15, 1909	6994	\$1.80	15
1910	March 15, 1911	13833	2.40	15
1911	March 15, 1912	8681	3.45	15
1912	March 15, 1913	8476	2.55	15
1913	March 31, 1914	15073	3.00	15

Said Addison L. Holmes as the owner of the legal title of the above described property as the same appears of record, and each of the other persons above named are hereby further notified that Fingal Hinds will apply to the Circuit Court of the County and State aforesaid for a decree foreclosing the lien against the property above described, and mentioned in said certificate. And you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the first publication of this summons exclusive of the day of said first publication, and defend this action or pay the amount due as above shown together with costs and accrued interest and in case of your failure to do so, a decree will be rendered foreclosing the lien of said taxes and costs against the land and premises above named.

This summons is published by order of the Honorable G. F. Skipworth, Judge of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Lane, and said order was made and dated this 18th day of May, 1915, and the date of the first publication of this summons is the 19th day of May, 1915.

All process and papers in this proceeding may be served upon the undersigned residing within the State of Oregon, at the address hereafter mentioned.

J. M. DEVERS,
Attorney for the Plaintiff.
Address: Eugene, Or. May 19-July 14

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF CITY OF COTTAGE GROVE, OREGON, DECEMBER 31, 1914, TO JUNE 30, 1915, INCLUSIVE.

GENERAL FUND	
Balance Dec. 31, 1914.....	\$ 277.99
Received from County Treasurer (Taxes).....	4,829.88
Received from Recorder (Fines and Licenses).....	196.30
Received from Street Commissioner (Sundries).....	.50
Paid Warrants.....	\$ 2,444.37
Paid Interest on Warrants.....	319.80
Paid Bond Interest.....	903.15
Reserved for Bond Interest.....	903.15
Reserved for Warrants called June 17, 1915.....	620.19
Balance June 30, 1915.....	114.01
	\$ 5,304.67 \$ 5,304.67

WATER FUND	
Balance Dec. 31, 1914.....	\$ 309.25
Received from Rents.....	4,162.18
Received from Water Commissioner (Sundries).....	1.25
Paid Warrants.....	\$ 500.00
Paid Interest on Warrants.....	78.42
Paid Bond Interest.....	3,385.49
Balance June 30, 1915.....	508.77
	\$ 4,472.68 \$ 4,472.68

SEWER FUND	
Balance Dec. 31, 1914.....	\$ 66.69
Received from County Treasurer (Taxes).....	712.31
Received from Credit of Warrant Issued.....	309.65
Received from Street Commissioner (Sundries).....	5.00
Paid Bond Interest.....	376.34
Paid Warrant.....	309.65
Paid Interest on Warrant.....	8.32
Balance June 30, 1915.....	399.34
	\$ 1,993.65 \$ 1,993.65

LIBRARY FUND	
Balance Dec. 31, 1914.....	\$ 265.24
Received from County Treasurer (Taxes).....	
Paid to Library Board.....	\$ 265.24
	\$ 265.24 \$ 265.24

STREET FUND	
Balance Street Fund Dec. 31, 1914.....	\$ 155.01
Balance Bond Issues "A" & "B" Dec. 31, 1914.....	160.12
Balance Bond Issue "C" Dec. 31, 1914.....	262.41
Balance Bond Issue "D" Dec. 31, 1914.....	596.37
Balance Bond Issue "E" Dec. 31, 1914.....	1,130.39
Balance Bond Issue "F" Dec. 31, 1914.....	761.25
Received from County Treasurer (Taxes).....	2,260.97
Received from Sale of Bond Issue "F".....	13,498.27
Received from Accrued Interest Issue "F".....	375.69
Received from Street Commissioner (Sundries).....	1.87
Received from Payments on Bond Issues "A" & "B".....	343.99
Received from Payments on Bond Issue "C".....	259.45
Received from Payments on Bond Issue "D".....	958.84
Received from Payments on Bond Issue "E".....	553.57
Received from Payments on Bond Issue "F".....	386.94
Paid Interest on Warrants.....	\$15,758.92
Paid Bond Interest.....	877.36
Paid Bonds Issue "E".....	1,726.28
Paid Bonds Issue "F".....	1,000.00
Balance Street Fund, June 30, 1915.....	332.32
Balance Bond Issues "A" & "B", June 30, 1915.....	191.36
Balance Bond Issue "D", June 30, 1915.....	1,030.21
Balance Bond Issue "E", June 30, 1915.....	394.64
Balance Bond Issue "F", June 30, 1915.....	7.77
	\$21,705.14 \$21,705.14

OUTSTANDING WARRANTS, REGISTERED, AND NOT PAID FOR WANT OF FUNDS

General.....	\$ 13,412.51
Street.....	13,501.48
Water.....	6,182.50
Total.....	\$ 33,096.49

BONDS OUTSTANDING

Water Bonds, Issue 1901, 5 per cent.....	\$ 15,000.00
Water Bonds, Issue 1904, 5 per cent.....	20,000.00
Water Bonds, Issue 1910, 5 per cent.....	100,000.00
Sewer Bonds, Issue 1904, 5 per cent.....	15,000.00
Funding Bonds, Issue 1910, 6 per cent.....	30,000.00
Total.....	\$180,000.00

BONDS OUTSTANDING, ISSUED UNDER BANCROFT ACT

Issue "A", 1910, 6 per cent.....	\$ 7,941.85
Issue "B", 1910, 6 per cent.....	2,983.13
Issue "C", 1911, 6 per cent.....	4,913.31
Issue "D", 1912, 6 per cent.....	18,008.00
Issue "E", 1913, 6 per cent.....	8,644.00
Issue "F", 1914, 6 per cent.....	13,498.27
Total.....	\$ 55,988.56

DELINQUENT ASSESSMENTS ON STREETS WITH BANCROFT BOND ISSUES

Issues "A" & "B".....	\$ 392.58
Issue "C".....	47.04
Issue "D".....	376.84
Issue "E".....	112.81
Issue "F".....	153.30
Total.....	\$ 1,082.57

I, Herbert Eakin, Treasurer of Cottage Grove, Oregon, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the amounts received, paid and remaining on hand in the Treasury of Cottage Grove, Oregon, from statement rendered Dec. 31, 1914, to June 30, 1915, inclusive.

HERBERT EAKIN,
City Treasurer.

Special School Meeting

Notice is hereby given to the legal voters of School District No. 45 of Lane County, State of Oregon, that a SPECIAL SCHOOL MEETING of said District will be held at the High School building on the 26th day of July, 1915, at 2:00 o'clock in the afternoon, for the following objects:

The consideration of the following budget statement of the estimated amount of revenue required for the ensuing year for the maintenance of School District No. 45, and for the purpose of voting a special tax for said maintenance, as provided for under the General Laws of Oregon, 1915, Chapter 217, page 285.

Teachers' salaries.....	\$13,092.00
Apparatus.....	175.00
Library books.....	35.00
Flags.....	10.00
Repairs of school houses and outbuildings.....	500.00
Janitor.....	925.00
Janitor's supplies.....	75.00
Fuel and power.....	340.00
Light and power.....	100.00
Clerk's salary.....	35.00
Census.....	35.00
Insurance.....	40.00
Warrant indebtedness.....	5,531.12
Bond interest.....	2,850.00
Street assessment.....	100.00
Water.....	135.00
Telephone.....	31.00
Manual training supplies.....	100.00
Domestic Science supplies.....	100.00
Advertising and sundries.....	50.00
Librarian.....	50.00
Total.....	\$24,374.12

Contra:	
1914 taxes not collected (estimated).....	\$ 3,000.00
County school fund (estimated).....	4,000.00
State school fund (estimated).....	1,300.00
County high school fund (estimated).....	3,000.00
Necessary to raise by tax.....	12,474.12
Total.....	\$24,374.12

Dated this 2nd day of July, 1915.

Attest:
WORTH HARVEY, District Clerk. A. L. WOODARD, Chairman Board of Directors.

What do you want anyway? A Sentinel classified ad. will get it for you. What do you want? Anyway a Sentinel classified ad. will get it for you.