

The Cottage Grove Sentinel

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER WITH PLENTY OF BACKBONE

BEDE & GRANT, Publishers :: :: ELBERT BEDE, Editor
A first-class publication entered at Cottage Grove as second-class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year.....\$1.50 Three Months......40
Six Months......80 Single Copies......5c
No subscription taken unless paid for in advance. This rule is imperative.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Display, 25 cents per inch; reading notice ads, 10 cents per line; legal notices, 5 cents per line; surrounded ads, 50 cents per inch; Classified ads, 1 cent per word. Special discounts on contracts. Cards of Thanks and Resolutions, 6 cents per line.

Wednesday, December 2, 1914.

BUSINESS OFFICE: :: :: :: 26 SOUTH FIFTH STREET

Be Sure to Get Stop Over
at Cottage Grove.



Be Sure to Get Stop Over
at Cottage Grove.

NO ONE CUSSES.

IT IS PRETTY generally believed that a newspaper is pretty generally cussed.

The Sentinel has certainly been of that opinion but it may have to revise the same.

Two weeks ago The Sentinel invited the criticism of those who had any fault to find in the way The Sentinel is conducted or who had any suggestions to make for its improvement. We also asked for favorable criticism if there might happen to be any.

We meant exactly what we said. If anyone had any fault to find we wanted to know exactly what it was. If anyone had any improvements to suggest we wanted to know what they were. We felt that such criticisms would be of value to us in making continued improvements.

We naturally expected that our mail would be filled with letters honestly finding fault with something or making some practical suggestion.

But here is the strange thing:

The only criticisms so far received have been of the highest approval.

Not an adverse criticism has been made. Not a suggestion has been made as to how The Sentinel might be improved.

The following is an extract from a typical letter:

Our family has always approved of the stand you have taken in your editorials. You have stood on the side of the right, as you saw it, in all things and have done all you could for the uplift and welfare of the community in general. Count us among those who approve of your strong editorials.

Aside from the help you have given through your editorial columns, we consider you have been of very material help in other ways. Where would our canners have been had you not talked and urged and worked as you did?

Maybe others have criticisms to make that would not be as flattering. If they have, out with them. We want to hear all sides. Favorable criticism may be the more pleasant, but adverse criticism may prove the most valuable.

It is charity on a large scale to attempt to relieve the suffering of the Belgians, but we should first make certain that none in our own land are suffering. Never has anyone come across the seas to help us. That may be no reason why we shouldn't go across the seas to help others, but it should impress upon us that we alone must take assistance to our own sufferers. After those at home are properly cared for it would be nice to look after those of foreign lands.

Not much danger of any agitation for the recall of any of Cottage Grove's city officials. All incumbents were re-nominated for their respective positions at the citizens' caucus Monday night. Mayor Chambers was re-nominated for a third term. Treasurer Eakin, who was also re-nominated again, has served so long he has forgotten how many terms he has served. Recorder Young was re-nominated for a fourth term, Councilman Wheeler for a fourth term and Councilmen Hayes and Walker for second terms.

GIVING THANKS AND GIVING OTHER THINGS.

THE THANKSGIVING CHRISTMAS holiday season is one in which in a retrospective way we take stock of the many things for which we should be thankful and endeavor to make our friends happy by dividing up, often anticipating that they will do the same with us.

This year the most of us may not have quite as much as usual for which to be thankful. Nevertheless, the great majority have plenty and those in that condition should bear in mind that they aren't the only ones who haven't quite as much as usual and that to those who before had just enough on which to live, the having of not quite as much as usual means having not quite enough upon which to live. Many are out of jobs for a short time. It is of these that those who have plenty should give special thought this year.

In the entire city of Cottage Grove there are probably less than a dozen families in need of help, but it is just as much our duty to help these few as if there were more. Their need is just as pressing as if there were a hundred

such families. The fact that there are so few in real need gives us less excuse for not properly caring for them.

If you can not find anyone whom you can help in a direct manner, inquire of the pastors of the churches. They can either direct you to those needing help or see that whatever you wish to give is placed where it will do the most good.

We can all be merry this joyous Christmas season if we endeavor to find joy in making others happy.

Proper giving is an art—an art that all should cultivate.

NOT A JOKE.

BECAUSE THE SENTINEL suggested that the cumbersome blanket ballot now in use in Oregon be superseded by three smaller ballots—one for state officers, one for county officers and one for the measures—the McMinville News-Reporter accuses us of being funny. We are accused of proposing a freak while strenuously opposing other freaks.

We must differ with the News-Reporter. The form of ballot we have suggested was in use in other states long before the term, "freak law," came into general use in Oregon.

It has already been demonstrated that the triple ballot greatly facilitates balloting because of placing everything in one row, thereby removing all complexities and making it easy to handle.

The triple ballot makes the work of the election boards much easier.

The triple ballot is also cheaper, which might be some object now that there is a genuine demand for the reduction of taxes.

Several papers have endorsed The Sentinel's suggestion and we would like to see the News-Reporter fall into line.

The next Legislature will make the regulations for the carrying into effect of the prohibition law recently enacted by the sovereign people. We have one solitary salutary suggestion to make which we think will solve the whole problem. Make it necessary for a person wishing to get liquor to carry a ten-inch double column ad. in a newspaper nearest his place of residence for eight weeks previous to ordering the intoxicant, the affidavit of publication to accompany the order.

If a war tax to cover the unprecedented extravagance of congress isn't about the last thing necessary to insure Republican victory two years from now, we miss our guess.

Congressman Lafferty will become a newspaper publisher as soon as his term in the national house expires. He is about to learn what real trouble is like.

Do your Christmas advertising early.

Things We Think

Things others think, and what we think of the things others think.

A coffin has been purchased by an eccentric Oregonian. What earthly use can he have for that?

The trouble with most folks who want to see things reformed is that they leave it entirely to the public officials.

Richard Croker in his seventies has married an Indian princess in her twenties. She's probably looking forward to the time when Richard will be a good Indian—a dead one.

The lineman who received 15,000 volts of electricity and revived was past being shocked at reading an account of his death.

The plant shows in its growth and form the kind of soil that surrounds it and the care that is given it. Little human plants are much like the vegetable ones and will grow in accordance with their surroundings and the care given them.

Someone has figured out that this country spends about ten million dollars a year for shoe leeches. That's getting close to the bottom of the high cost of living problem.

For a temporary career good morals aren't as necessary as a smooth manner and polished appearance.

A young couple were recently married up in a balloon. Not so peculiar as it might seem at first thought. They were probably up there already and merely sent for the preacher to tie the knot.

It does not require an unusually vivid imagination to picture some of those guns now being allowed to pass into Mexico as being turned against us one of these fair days.

Folks may not live as many years as they used to but by the concentrated effort put into living we probably live longer in a shorter time.

When you tell about the fish that get away you naturally expect your audience to listen with bated breath.

A lot of politicians wait until they see what policies are going to be popular, and then adopt them as their own, just as if they had originated them.

How often we wish we had spent our money in some other way, and then go and do it right over again.

There's something about a great big lonely woods that makes a person expect something supernatural to happen most any moment.

We often waste time wishing for something to happen when we know it isn't going to.

The wedding ceremony has kept a whole lot of people from going to the lunatic asylum.

It would be interesting to know what Adam and Eve used for colic medicine after eating the green apples.

A voice culturist says all American girls are born with voices. So far we have not seen the statement disputed.

The question is being repeatedly asked as to how long a dream lasts. We imagine it would be largely dispelled when the newly married husband awoke in the morn and saw most of his bride's beauty piled up on the dresser.

The small school boy doesn't seem to catch arithmetic and geography as easily and in such virulent forms as he does measles and chicken pox.

Like other kinds of the lacteal fluid, the milk of human kindness does not raise the best of cream when allowed to become too chilled.

The man sentenced to death hangs on as long as he can.

The new style dress where the skirt protrudes below the tunic and appears to be a petticoat coming down, makes a man dreadfully nervous.

The home is the foundation of the state. The condition of the homes is reflected in the government and without homes we would all be anarchists and such minds as those of Lincoln, Roosevelt, Taft and Wilson would still be in an embryonic state.

Remeocampa leucostigma is a recently reported discovery. We are in a quandary as to whether it is a new breakfast food or a cure for fleas.

Folks who live within themselves travel in a mighty small circle.

Some folks are so exclusive about their acquaintances that they never get fully acquainted with themselves.

Air inside a tire serves a good and useful purpose which it not so true of that in a number of people we could name.

Good roads advocates who say that good roads draw business probably did not have in mind the road that is paved with good intentions.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

To make biscuits light—drench with gasoline and ignite before serving.

How to keep servants—chloroform them and lock in the cellar.

Quickest way to get rid of peddlers—buy all they have.

How to remove fruit stains from linen—use scissors.

To keep rats out of the pantry—place ail food in the cellar.

To entertain women visitors—let them inspect all your private papers.

To entertain men visitors—feed the brutes.

To keep the children at home—look up all their clothes.

To keep hubby at home—hide his toupee.

In order to prevent accidents in the kitchen—fill the kerosene can with water.

To stop leaks in pipes—send for the nearest plumber.

To economize on coal—get a gas range.

To test the freshness of eggs—drop them on some hard surface.

To propitiate the janitor—it can't be done.—Smart Set.

GEN. VON HERRINGEN



General von Herringen, one of the Kaiser's field commanders in France.

BRIEF WAR NEWS

The fighting in France and Flanders has been unimportant throughout the past week, though there have been persistent reports that the Germans are preparing for a retirement. These rumors seem improbable at present, in view of the French government's official statement that the allies are outnumbered by the Germans. Fifty German army corps are said by Paris authorities to be in France and Belgium, making probably a total of 2,000,000 men. That the allies have been unable as yet to surpass this number is due without doubt to their shortage of equipment. They must wait for more arms and ammunition before they can develop a numerical superiority in Flanders and assume the offensive.

Both the allied armies and the Germans facing them on the long battle front through Belgium and France are utterly exhausted. The Germans have hurled themselves against the stone-wall defense of the allies from Ypres to the sea without success, for more than a month. They have fought day and night, hammering constantly with heavy artillery and intermittently with violent infantry attacks. In addition they have undergone the greatest hardships. They have been flooded from their trenches and fought by both fire and water. It is now extremely cold on the northern frontier and a heavy blanket of snow covers a large part of the field of operations.

Equipment for half a million additional men is now on hand and ready for use by the French army. Reports say this number of men soon will be available to reinforce the allies' lines. These second line troops have been kept from General Joffre's army heretofore because of the lack of guns, clothing and war equipment. The condition of the French troops in the field is declared to be excellent despite the winter weather which set in a month ago. Reports of the movement of guns and troops behind the German lines coupled with the general cessation of violent fighting, is taken here to mean that the Germans are bringing up new guns and troops to strengthen the lines weakened by severe losses of recent weeks.

Paris is afire with new enthusiasm because of the arrival at Havre and other French coast points of Field Marshal Sir John French's reinforcements to the number of nearly 1,250,000 men.

This second great expeditionary force arrived from England in a steady stream from troop ships. Nearly 200 ships comprised the fleet.

The work of equipping this new army is going rapidly forward and as fast as they are put in readiness for service at the front they are being sent to the firing line.

General von Hindenburg held fast to his advance in the position at Lowicz, in Poland, during the week. Both the Russian and German capitals insist the enemy is being held in check.

The advances by the Germans into Poland are primarily diversions for preventing a Russian invasion of Germany.

General von Hindenburg, who has just been made a Field Marshall by Emperor William in recognition of the protection he and his troops have given the East Prussian frontier, in an army order issued at Thorn says the Germans have brought the Russian offensive to a standstill and inflicted heavy losses.

It appears from the communications of the Russian staff commander-in-chief that the Germans have been compelled to fall back from Rzgow and Tuszyn through Brzeziny and Strykow under conditions most disadvantageous to them. The Germans suffered enormous losses during the retreat.

RUSSIANS DIVIDE GERMAN ARMIES

Center is Declared to Have Been Separated From Wings.

London.—The special correspondent of the Times, telegraphing from Petrograd, says:

"I feel perfectly confident that the Russian troops are not merely around Cracow, but already probably past that last stronghold of the Hapsburgs" as a high military official recently called.

"During the last eight days the Russians in Galicia have captured nearly 40,000 Austrian prisoners with guns, maxims and stores."

A review of the military operations in the last week by both armies in the rear of Lodz, as given out here semi-officially, says that the German army under General Mackenzen has been cut in three parts, says a dispatch from Petrograd.

The right wing is struggling 15 miles west-by-southwest of Lodz in an attempt to unite with the column sent to its assistance from Weillun. The center is 10 miles northeast-by-north of Lodz and is engaged in a desperate effort to cut its way west to rejoin the left wing, which is partially cut off from the strongest position on the Vistula. This army, the review asserts, is moving back before the Russian onslaught, but is stubbornly disputing the Russian advance.

The alleged failure of the German plan is attributed to what is termed a reckless attempt to cut the Russian center line.

HOLLAND DECLINES HELP

Honor Does Not Permit Aid in Care of Belgian Refugees.

The Hague, via London.—The Dutch government has categorically declined all offers of financial aid for Belgian refugees in Holland, which were recently unofficially offered by an American charity. While deeply appreciative of the generous proposal, the government says it feels that it would be incompatible with the country's honor to allow another nation or individual association to assist in this work of mercy.

Of the 1,000,000 Belgian refugees who fled into Holland at the beginning of the war, 300,000 penniless ones remain.

In addition to the refugees, there are 45,000 Belgian soldiers who crossed the border into Holland and were interned. The expense for their maintenance eventually will be paid by the Belgian government.

KAISER HONORS VON HINDENBURG

Berlin, via The Hague and London.

The first field marshal's baton of the present war has been awarded to General von Hindenburg for his series of victories in defending eastern Prussia against the flood of Russian invasion. His chief of staff and collaborator, General von Ludendorff, has been promoted to a lieutenant-generalship for his share in the successes.

The award to Von Hindenburg comes with the great eastern battle undecided, as a reward for the preliminary victories at Lodz, which are said to have thrown the Russians on the defensive with a loss of 60,000 prisoners and 150 guns. It is taken here to indicate that the Emperor has confidence that Von Hindenburg will defeat the Russian army completely.

The honor of receiving the Grand Cross of the Iron Cross, the emblem given a field marshal, is the highest military distinction a German commander can receive and was won by Von Hindenburg, as in the cases of the first Von Moltke, Crown Prince Frederick and the Prussian "Red Prince," Frederick Karl, on the field of battle. The elevation of Von Hindenburg will be generally acclaimed in Germany, where he enjoys great popularity.

The newspapers comment appreciatively on the honor conferred on Von Hindenburg.

700,000 Germans Gather.

London.—The Weekly Dispatch's Boulogne correspondent says:

"The Germans have collected 700,000 men in the neighborhood of Arras, where they are preparing for a determined effort to break through the allies' line."

Allies Taking Offensive.

London.—The Daily Mail's Rotterdam correspondent reports that the allies are taking the offensive south of Ypres, having discovered that the German line is weakening.

Montenegrins Beat Foo.

Paris.—A victory for the Montenegrin troops in their campaign against the Austrian forces is reported in a dispatch received by the Havas agency from Cetinje, Montenegro.

\$40,000 for Horses.

Klamath Falls Northwestern: More than \$40,000 in cash is to come into the hands of the stockmen of Klamath County and Butte Valley during the next 15 or 20 days, as payment for horses to be sent to France for the great conflict now raging on the continent of Europe. In another column of this issue of The Northwestern will be found an advertisement of Frank Jamison, who has been commissioned to buy all the horses he can lay his hands on.

Mr. Jamison says that he expects to get at least 600 head of horses for which will be paid an average price of not less than \$60 per head. The horses that weigh more than 1300 pounds, and which will undoubtedly be used to draw the great guns that hold forth destruction to the enemy will probably bring more than \$60 per head.

One of the features of this great search for stock in Klamath County is that it provides a market for wild horses. Mr. Jamison says that he will buy horses that pass inspection no matter how wild they may be. It is the plan of the people he represents to use these wild horses for the cavalry and camps have been provided where they may be trained, so that no owner of a wild horse need fear that he will be refused because unbroken.

While Mr. Jamison will not say definitely that the horses are being purchased for France, he intimates that the people who are furnishing the money for the horses are representatives of that republic.

The stock will be shipped from Midland and the exact destination is a secret. This is necessary because after they are on the high seas, they become contraband of war and subject to seizure. Mr. Jamison says that he is told by the people who are buying the horses that a shipload of 750 head was recently burned at sea by a spy, who cut the throats of many of the animals and then burned the vessel to escape detection.

Good Company Disbands Here.

The Florence Burton Company completed its appearance here Friday, adding another to its other successes. The company had a strong repertoire and versatile players and drew good crowds despite adverse conditions. The house was packed Thanksgiving night despite all the other amusements going on in the city. The company disbanded here for a few weeks. Mr. and Mrs. Burton are visiting Mr. Burton's parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Burton.

When you get The Live Wire you get something.

Notice of Final Settlement and Distribution.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, the executor of the estate of Maria Hartung, deceased, has filed with the County Court of Lane County, Oregon, his final account and petition for final settlement of said estate and that Thursday, the 31st day of December, 1914, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of said day has been fixed by said Court as the time for hearing any objections to said report and the settlement in full of the said estate.

W. A. HARTUNG, Executor.
H. J. SHINN, Attorney.

Notice of Final Settlement.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned has filed his final account in the matter of the estate of Henry D. Pearson, deceased, and the County Court of Lane County, Oregon, has set Monday, the 28th day of December, 1914, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, as the time for hearing said accounting. All persons interested are hereby notified to appear in said court at said time and show cause, if any, why said account should not be allowed, said administrator discharged, and his bondsman exonerated.

Dated this 24th day of November, 1914.
HARRY SHORT,
Administrator.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale of Execution.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an Execution issued out of the circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Lane County, on the 25th day of November, 1914, in a suit wherein on the 30th day of April, 1914, in the above entitled Court, the plaintiff C. M. Cooper recovered judgment against the defendants S. K. Busiek and Harriet L. Busiek his wife, for the sum of one hundred (\$100.00) dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, from the 30th day of April, 1914, and the further sum of five (\$5.00) dollars attorney fee, and six dollars and fifty cent (\$6.50) costs, which judgment was entered and docketed in the office of the Clerk of said Court on the 2nd day of May, 1914, and said Execution to me directed commanding me in the name of the State of Oregon, that out of the personal property of the said defendants, or, if sufficient could not be found, then out of the real property belonging to said defendants in Lane County, Oregon, on and after the 2nd day of May, 1914, to satisfy the said sum of \$100.00 due on said judgment, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, from the 30th day of April, 1914, and the further sum of \$5.00 attorney fee and \$6.50 costs and accruing costs, being unable to find sufficient personal property with which to satisfy said judgment, I did on the 25th day of November, 1914, levy on the following described real property, to-wit: Beginning at the southeast corner of the northwest quarter (1/4) of the Southwest quarter (1/4) of section 19, township 21 south, range 1 west of the Will. Mer., Lane County, Oregon, thence south 30 rods, thence east 80 rods, thence north 30 rods, thence west 80 rods to the place of beginning, containing 15 acres more or less, all in Lane County, Oregon.

Now, therefore, in the name of the State of Oregon, and in compliance with said Execution and in order to satisfy said judgment, attorney's fee and costs, I will on Saturday, the 2nd day of January, 1915, at the southwest door of the County Court House in Eugene, Lane County, Oregon, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., to-wit: at one o'clock p. m. on said day, offer for sale for cash, subject to redemption, all of the named defendants' right, title and interest in and to the above described real property.

J. C. PARKER,
Sheriff of Lane County, Oregon.

42-30. By D. A. ELKINS, Deputy.

ECHOES FROM

ROSEBURG HAZARD INTEREST

After reading our town who has Kidney Pills, arises: "Is this cessful in our neighborly generous statesman resident leaves this point.

G. H. Poole, shops 318 N. Ho says: "I have Pills on several and kidneys but ways found them from kidney trouble.

The above is a Poole is only one ty who have grat If your back a bother you—don't any remedy—ask Kidney Pills, the had. 50c all at Co., Props, Buffa

BUILDING PLANS

S. L.

43 SOUTH

COTTAGE GROVE

Prompt Action

When you first dicated by a snee up at once. The matter" often locutions. The reu ly and easily pe the throat is the King's New Dis itation, loosen better at once. vany spot of my many honest test druggist.

PROFESSOR

Practices in all Court

H. J. ATTORNEY

NOTA

Rader Building

Over Metson Shop

J. S. MEDIC

ATTORNEY

Special Attention

Corpo

OFFICE: WOO

A. K.

Attor

EUGENE

Both Office

Phone Office 47

Office Ho

DR. C.

Osteopathic ai

Chronic and Nervi

Modern Elec

X-Ray

COTTAGE GROVE

Office Phone Main 5

R. McCa

D

Su

F. L.

ALL WORK

Lawson Bldg.

J. E. YOU

ATTORNEY

Office o

COTTAGE GROVE

DR. A. J.

DEI

OVER FIRST

COTTA