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Burkholder-Woods Company

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BELGIAN RESISTANCE IS FEATURE OF WAR

Stubbornly Oppose and Block
Advance of German Army
on France.

London.—A remarkable and unexpected feature of the opening days of the great European war was the stubborn resistance offered by the Belgians of Liege to the German advance through Belgium.

Though the city has been occupied by the Germans, it held out heroically for days against the wave of German invasion which shattered itself against the forts held by the brave Third Division and the Fifteenth mixed brigade, commanded by General Leman.

The initial loss sustained by the German invaders is the most serious encountered by any army in modern times.

The great Prussian assault on Fort Boncelles ended in a terrible slaughter, storming infantry melting away before the machine guns of the defenders.

During the German night attack on Liege they were received with a terrible fire from the head of the street as well as the houses on either side. Women and children carried ammunition for the defenders.

The Belgians fell on them like furies, soldiers and civilians alike using knives, revolvers and rifles, and women and children and graybeards taking part, many of the women pouring boiling water from the windows on the charging Germans in the narrow streets below.

London.—Messages received here in official quarters from the Belgian general staff assert that the occupation of the town of Liege by the German troops has not had the slightest influence on the strategic situation.

It is declared that so long as the ring of forts around Liege remains intact, the guns command three of the principal roads by which the German army can advance. This, it is pointed out, makes it impossible for the Germans, under the present circumstances, to receive supplies or ammunition.

As far as can be learned by the Belgian general staff, some 120,000 German troops were engaged at Liege. They are said to have been so weak-

ened as to be unable effectively to attack the forts. On the other hand, it is argued it is not possible for the forts to concentrate their fire on the town of Liege itself.

ALL EMBASSIES ARE REACHED BY BRYAN

Washington.—Secretary Bryan announced that the American government now was in communication with all its European embassies and legations.

For many days the state department has been unable to communicate with Ambassador Gerard, at Berlin, but communication was restored. Mr. Bryan telegraphed inquiring about Archibald M. Huntington, president of the American geographical society, and others, reported arrested as spies.

Assurances that Americans soon would be able to leave Germany were given several days ago and the opening of communication with Ambassador Gerard was expected to clear up all doubts on the subject.

One of the first messages from Mr. Gerard was a formal notification from the German foreign office that most German ports had been mined and requesting that American ships be warned against navigating in any ports which might be bases of hostilities for foreign forces.

State department officials denied a report that Ambassador Guthrie, at Tokio, had presented a note to the Japanese government, dealing with possible developments involving Japan in China. It was indicated, however, that Ambassador Guthrie was making informal inquiries to learn the intentions of the Japanese government with respect to the war.

Germans Invade Russia.

Copenhagen.—According to advices received here, the German invasion of Russia began with the landing of 40,000 men from transports at Ekeneas. This expeditionary force, said to have been conveyed by the German Baltic fleet, is reported marching on Helsinki, the capital of Finland.

The movement is believed to mean that Germany plans an offensive movement directly against St. Petersburg.

Germans Fight British at Sea.

London.—The admiralty has announced that one of the cruiser squadrons of the main fleet was attacked by German submarines.

COUNT VON MOLTKE



Count Von Moltke, chief of staff of the German army, who will direct the German forces in the European war.

BRIEF WAR NEWS

Russian warships captured the German steamer Sabine Rickmers in Chinese waters.

Cholera is reported to have broken out among Austrian and Serbian soldiers.

A Russian decree has been issued suspending gold payments and authorizing a large issue of paper money.

A Japanese war fleet sailed for the sea of Japan to watch Germany's oriental naval movements.

Arthur M. Huntington, president of American Geographical Society, and his wife were held as spies at Nuremberg.

The German cruiser Augsburg was reported sunk by Russian torpedo boats in Baltic Sea, after bombarding Libau.

Austrian cavalry has occupied the towns of Olkusz and Wolbrun, in Russian Poland.

Many Czech soldiers in the Austrian army were shot for refusing to fight Slavs.

The Belgian government seized 34 German steamers and two sailing ships in port at Antwerp.

Austrian troops having been withdrawn from the Serbian frontier, Serbia began an invasion of Austria.

Hundreds of American school teachers were marooned abroad. It was predicted that the opening of a number of eastern schools would have to be postponed as a result.

Enough German reservists to form a large regiment were taken in custody by the police in provincial towns of the British Isles.

President Poincare, of France, telegraphed King Albert complimenting him on the bravery displayed by the Belgian troops in the battles with Germans at Liege.

Despite strong pressure by Germany and Austria, Italy remained neutral. It was believed Germany withheld a declaration of war only because it still hoped to win Italy over.

Norway and Sweden have exchanged obligatory assurances with the view of preventing hostile measures being taken by either against the other because of the war.

The secretary of agriculture introduced a bill into the house of commons giving the British government power to seize all foodstuffs. The bill passed through all its stages.

The German minister, Baron von Griesing, has left Serbia after entrusting the affairs of the German legation to the American minister, Charles J. Vopicka.

The Creuzot steel works has presented to the French Government 26 complete batteries of 105 millimeter guns of a new type, which had been ordered by a foreign government just before the war broke out.

German Charge d'Affaires tells Secretary Bryan reports emanating from London and Paris put Kaiser in wrong light; alleges Britain wanted to tie up Germany, and make her fleet useless and otherwise sought to humiliate the German emperor.

The German reservists here apparently have despaired of getting back to the Fatherland. There are 56,000 stranded in New York. They were notified to return to their homes until further notice. Similar instructions were given to 10,000 Austrians and several hundred Dutch reservists. The German federal council decided not to proclaim a moratorium for the present. The courts were empowered to deal leniently with debtors and the term for the payment of debts may be extended for three months.

The long list of captures of German merchantmen appearing every day are evidence of the exercise of sea pressure. Nothing in the shape of food can enter Germany by sea. Her seaboard supplies of every kind are stopped. The cessation of her trade and commerce and the consequent scarcity

will presently have an influence upon her population generally and also upon her provisioning of her huge military forces.

MRS. WOODROW WILSON



Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the President, who died in Washington and was interred in Rome, Ga., Tuesday.

MRS. WILSON MOURNED

Simple Services Held over Remains of President's Wife.

Washington.—Without any formality except that of the church and with all the simplicity which she desired, the funeral of Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the president, was held in the east room of the White House at 2 o'clock. Official business was banished from the executive mansion, and Washington and the nation joined with the president in mourning for his dead.

Immediately after the service here the body was taken to Rome, Ga., the burial place of Mrs. Wilson's parents.

Outside of members of the Wilson family only members of the cabinet and their wives, the members of special committees from the senate and house, a few intimate friends and the employees of the White House were present at the services here.

Carranza Must Fight Carbajal.

All hope for peace between the federalists and the constitutionalists is now apparently gone.

The war party at the capitol is in control and unless concessions are made, General Carranza, it seems, must fight his way into the capital and to power.

"Be Fair," Germans Ask.

New York.—The United German Alliance, in resolutions made public, calls upon the press of the country to accord "impartial and just treatment to all sides," in the European conflict, and condemns what is styled as the "attitude of certain portions of an English-speaking American press to spread impressions which lead to hatred of Germany and Germans."

Unions Form Wet League.

North Yakima, Wash. — Secretly called together by letter, 35 representatives of labor unions opposed to state-wide prohibition assembled in North Yakima from all parts of the state and organized the Washington labor anti-prohibition league.

If it's in The Sentinel it's news—if it's news it's in The Sentinel.

Answer the Call

COTTAGE GROVE PEOPLE HAVE FOUND THAT THIS IS NECESSARY.

A cold, a strain, a sudden wrench, a little cause may hurt the kidneys. Spells of backache often follow, or some irregularity of the urine. A splendid remedy for such attacks, a medicine that has satisfied thousands.

Is Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands of people rely upon it. Here is one case:

Mrs. Alma Hunt, 565 W. Sixth St., Eugene, Ore., says: "Continued use of Doan's Kidney Pills did me a world of good, so I don't hesitate to again endorse them. I believe that they are the very best kidney remedy to be had."

The above is not an isolated case. Mrs. Hunt is only one of many in this vicinity who have gratefully endorsed Doan's. If your back aches—if your kidneys bother you, don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—ask distinctly for Doan's Kidney Pills, the same as Mrs. Hunt had. 50c all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y. aug5-12

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First

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Many Man

Any item in
mark (. . .) is
compliance with

Mrs. Archie Thompson
Avanella returned from
a week's outing.
Miss Aline Holmes
guest of Miss Esther
A party of seven,
Jessie Berg and her
class, are enjoying
camping on Mosby
Mountain. In the pa
thways, Mae Armstrong
Ruth DeLong, Marjor
Hendry.

RANGES, COOK
HEAT
A Large Ass
KINTER
HOUSE FURN
PHONE 6

Dr. J. O. Watts the
gene optician will be
gon Wednesday and
12 and 13. Have him
shape.

Mrs. C. A. Hedrick
morning to Leona.
burned there last week
death of three men,
rebuild and operations

Mrs. Horace Bigelow
Bigelow and Glenn B
day morning for Mola
expects to follow them
Mrs. Jennie Salloway
visiting her parents in

JOE BA
General Bla
AND REPAIR
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War has raised the
leather. Those who ge
paired now will get the
price paid for leather.
Leather manufacturers
vance of 100 per cent
You can't afford to w
Shoe Hospital.

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city Monday.

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city Monday.

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\$25 Down and \$
Cheaper Than P
Apply Sentinel C

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. J
were in the city Sund
of Mr. and Mrs. L. S.

Mrs. G. P. Miller of
in this city Monday.

Dr. Watts' glasses
for headaches. See h
Oregon Wednesday an
next week.

R. W. Rose returned
Corvallis where he
school. He has accept
Molalla high school
year. He expects to sp
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Our Bread Re
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Always Get the
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