Fall Fashions In Women's Footwear

Discriminating dealers everywhere, who recognize thorough shoe goodness, are now displaying the Fall models of

Utz & Dunn Co.
Shoes For Women

For thirty years and more the superb style, the perfect fitting quality, the absolute comfort of these shoes, have set and maintained a high standard of merit. They are always correct and never fail to give complete satisfaction. For women with sensitive feet we make and recommend the

Dr. Edison Cushion Shoe

In addition to its correct style, the insole of wool felt makes this "the easiest shoe for women." Utz & Dunn Co. shoes are sold at $3.00 to $6.00. The price of the Dr. Edison Cushion Shoe is $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00 per pair.

The Golden Rule Store
Powell & Co.
Fifth and Main Sts.

As illustrating the importance of an early application for patent, Bell filed his telephone application in the U. S. Patent Office at 10 a. m., while another man filed his application for the same idea at 3 p. m. of the same day, thus missing Bell's $100,000,000 by a nose.

There is only one way to get all the news of the Grove country. That is in The Sentinel.

The changeable weather of early fall brings on coughs and colds that have a weakening effect on the system, and may become chronic. Use Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. It has a very soothing and healing effect on the irritated and inflamed air passages, and will help very quickly. It is a well known family medicine that gives results. For sale by all dealers everywhere.

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Popular Talks on Law

THE RIGHT TO AN EDUCATION.

By WALTER K. TOWERS, A.B., J.D., of the Michigan Bar

The American public school is undoubtedly one of our most important institutions. No branch of government comes more intimately into contact with all of us, and so it is that affairs relating to public education are of importance to almost every person.

Almost everywhere the government provides schools for its young citizens. Education is the function of the state and so it is the state that provides for public schools. The legislature enacts the laws which provide for those schools and by which they are governed. The school district is a political subdivision of the state, organized under state law.

One theory of the public school is that a state provides schools in order that its citizens may be trained to become useful members of society, capable of being self-supporting, profitable members of the community instead of a burden to the state. It is further recognized that intellectual enlightenment is necessary if our democratic form of government is to succeed. The future voter must he educated. And so it is that the state not only provides free schools, but further requires that residents within the school age attend school. Another theory of public instruction is that it is a sort of mutual benefit arrangement by which all join together to share the expense and thus secure greater efficiency at a lower relative cost.

But whatever the theory of the reason for the public school most parents desire that their children attend school and a majority of children probably appreciate the advantages of an education. So there is usually a desire to attend school and the question frequently arises as to the rights of a child to attend school. These questions frequently find their way into a court of law.

Generally speaking a child of school age who is within the rules of eligibility prescribed by law, and is a resident within the school district is entitled to attend the public school in that district without charge. The school laws of the state usually fix upon the school authorities of the district the responsibility of providing reasonable and convenient accommodations and opportunity for instruction. These privileges are open to all who are legally entitled to attend the schools and who wish to do so.

As has been before stated the school system is conducted by the state and so is within the control of state law. So it is that the right to attend school depends upon the laws passed by the legislature. Under the laws in force in most of our states the right to attend the public school depends primarily upon residence. The resident child may attend the public school without cost; the child who is not a resident may be refused entrance, or may be charged a tuition. The residence of the child is generally that of his parent or guardian. The residence necessary to secure the right to attend school need not be a legal domicile, but any genuine residence of ordinary permanence. If parents move into a school district for the school season and only for the purpose of allowing the child to attend school in that district, the right will not be secured, and the child may be barred from school as a nonresident, or tuition may be charged. But, generally speaking, if the parents move into the district for other purposes, even though it be but a temporary residence during the school term, the child is regarded as a resident with the right to attend the public schools.

It is possible for a child to secure a residence apart from his parents and if this occurs the child has school rights in the district of his residence. A child who comes into a school district to make a permanent home with a family living there, it being the intention of his parents that he make a permanent home there, secures school rights. One does not secure a residence by coming into the district to live with others temporarily, or simply for the purpose of attending school there. The school board may accept nonresident pupils on such terms as it may fix,—as the payment of tuition—if this does not interfere with the other pupils, who, being residents of that district have the first right to the school accommodations of the district.

Children of persons kept upon the county poor farm are usually held to be entitled to attend school in the district where the farm is situated. But the law frequently rules against the right of orphans or paupers at public institutions to attend the public school in the district where the institution is situated, especially where funds are provided for the education of young inmates. In some of our states a broader view is taken, however, and school privileges are freely extended to inmates of denominational orphan homes and similar charitable institutions.

The school board, or other officials in charge of the schools are allowed a wide discretion in the management of the schools and regulation of the pupils, except as restrained by the state law, and unless their acts are clearly unreasonable and prejudiced, the courts will not interfere. The redress of a parent whose child has been illegally barred from school is by a legal remedy known as "mandamus." A parent who finds it necessary to take such steps to enforce his legal rights should consult a competent attorney.

A child cannot be barred from the schools altogether because of color, but separate schools may be provided if the accommodations are equal. The age within which pupils may, or must, attend school is usually fixed by state law.

Children have been barred from the public schools on the ground of immoral character even where no acts evidencing this have been committed in school. Proven immorality is recognized by the law as a proper cause for barring a child from the public schools, yet some states require that evidences be presented during school hours before such action may be taken

The matter of transfers often causes much difficulty, and in this the school board has a wide discretion, its action, unless clearly unreasonable and improper, being final. These matters are frequently regulated by state law.

Health regulations may be legally imposed upon attendants at a public school. The right to require vaccination of all pupils is generally held to be within the legislative power, and children who are not vaccinated as required may be barred from the public schools.

(Copyright, 1913, by W. K. Towers.)

Get your "House for Rent" and "House for Sale" signs at The Sentinel office.

Sheriff's Sale on Foreclosure.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an execution and order of sale issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Lane, on the 9th day of September, 1913, on a judgment rendered in said Court on the 18th day of August, 1913, in that certain foreclosure suit then pending in said Court, wherein George Melvin Miller and Lizzie M. Miller his wife, Plaintiffs and A. E. German, A. L. Stover and F. E. Melvin, Defendants, and wherein judgment was rendered in favor of said George Melvin Miller and Lizzie M. Miller his wife, Plaintiffs, and against F. E. Melvin, Defendant, for nine hundred eighty-three and seventeen one-hundredths ($983.17) dollars with interest thereon from the 18th day of August, 1913, at the rate of six per cent per annum and the further sum of fourteen and fifty one-hundredths ($14.50) dollars costs, which sums are now due and payable, and for the further sum of six hundred twerty ($620.00) dollars, to become due in installments of three hundred ten ($310.00) dollars each on the 20th day of June, 1914, and on the 20th day of June, 1915, with interest at the rate of six per cent (6%) per annum, which judgment was enrolled and docketed in the clerk's office of said Court in said County on the 9th day of September, 1913, and said execution to me directed commanding me in the name of the State of Oregon in order to satisfy said judgment, costs and accruing costs to sell the following described premises to-wit:

Beginning at a point 4.66 feet east of the northeast corner of the James W. Gay and wife donation land claim, notification No. 6551, claim No. 71, in Township 19 South, Range 3 West, thence South 0 deg.25 mi.east 915 feet, thence west 89 deg.35 mi. South 1783.3 feet, thence north 33 deg. 27 mi. east 710 feet; thence north 1 deg. 22 mi. west 346.9 feet; thence north 89 deg. 35 mi. east 1404.2 feet to the place of beginning, containing 32.14 acres and the same being further described as lot No. 19 in Morning Glory Farm Plat. That the proceeds of said sale of said real property shall be applied to the satisfaction of the plaintiff's said judgment, the costs and disbursements of said suit, and the execution and charges of making said sale, and that the same be applied to the payment of both the amount due and to grow due as herein specified, provided further that if at any time before the sale of said premises the said amount due as above specified of principal, interest, taxes, costs and accruing costs shall be paid, then in that event the execution shall be withdrawn and returned, provided further that the plaintiff shall receive in full satisfaction of said sum to become due the principal thereof, six hundred twenty ($620.00) dollars, together with interest thereon from the 18th day of August, 1913, to the date of payment, less such sum as the said interest computed from the 18th day of August, 1913, to the date of payment will produce from the date of such payment until the 20th day of June, 1914, on first installment, and until the 20th day of June, 1915, on the second installment, computed at six per cent (6%) per annum.

Now, therefore, in the name of the State of Oregon and in compliance with said execution and order of sale, I will on Saturday, the 18th day of October, 1913, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. towit: at one o'clock p. m. on said day at the southwest door of the County Court house in Eugene, Lane County, Oregon, offer for sale for cash, subject to redemption all the above named defendants, A. E. German, A. L. Stover and F. E. Melvin's right, title and interest in and to the above described real property.

Dated this 18th day of Aug., 1913.

JAMES C. PARKER,
Sheriff of Lane County, Oregon.
s17-o15 By D. A. Elkins, Deputy.

BLANKETS— Winter Warmth, with October Economies

All wool, wool finish and cotton blankets of superior quality—firmly woven. Made with pretty, fancy borders in tan, brown, pink, blue. Plaids in both wool and cotton.

All wool grey Blankets Priced at **$5.00**
Cotton fleeced Blankets in heavy, warm, winter weight, pretty striped borders, come in sizes 66x72, 72x84 and 90. Priced $1.25, $1.50, $2.25 and $2.50.

All wool grey Blankets Priced at **$6.00**
Plaid wool Blankets, broken or block designs—very serviceable. Priced $2.25, $4.00 and $5.00.

Wear a Royal Worchester Corset

When you wear an "R. W." Corset you present your figure at its very best. These corsets represent the highest thought of experts in corset designing and most careful workmanship.

Front Lace, Habit Back Corsets, Priced from
$2 to $3.75

Others, long hip, free hip bone in all the late shapes, ranging in prices from $1.00 to $3.00. Come in and look them over. We have just received all the new shapes.

Rain Capes for Children—the need of the hour—prices from $2.50 to $4.00. These capes are sateen, rubber lined, warranted rain proof.

Dr. Denton's Sleeping Garments for children, 50c to $1.00. Mixed wool and cotton, sizes from 2 to 14 years. Prices run according to size.

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To filter the blood is the kidneys' duty,
When they fail to do this the kidneys are weak.
Backache and other kidney ills may follow.
Help the kidneys do the work.
Use Doan's Kidney Pills—the tested kidney remedy.
Proof of their worth in the following:

William A. Haskell, retired, 272 W. Seventh St., Eugene, Ore., says: "I am still enthusiastic for Doan's Kidney Pills and heartily endorse them again. They are the very best remedy to be had for kidney and bladder trouble and I cannot speak too highly in their praises in return for the good they have done me."

"When your back is lame—remember the name." Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—ask distinctly for Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Haskell had. 50c all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Booth's Hyomei

Has Benefitted Thousands of Catarrh Sufferers—Will Do the Same for You or Money Back.

The Hyomei treatment that has effectively benefited many thousands of sufferers from catarrh, bronchitis, husky voice and colds in the head is easy and pleasant to use. Just pour a few drops in the inhaler and breathe it in—no stomach dosing. The healing, soothing and antiseptic air will reach every nook and crevice of the mucous membrane of the nose and throat; will surely stop crusts in the nose, raising of mucous, hawking and that choked-up feeling. It will quickly allay the inflammation and banish the disease or money refunded by the Modern Pharmacy.

A complete Hyomei outfit, including inhaler and bottle of liquid costs only $1.00, and an extra bottle of liquid if afterwards needed, is but 50 cents.

Get your "House for Rent" and "House for Sale" signs at The Sentinel office.

Jolly Old Couple Wed.

"I succeeded in fooling one woman into marrying me, and I guess I'll try another." This was the jest of one William T. Devore of Jefferson county, Ohio, aged 73, who yesterday married Mrs. Lizzie Saltzman, aged 56, of Saginaw, Oregon. The two applied for their license yesterday shortly after dinner, and went directly to the Justice of Peace to be married. Both joked over the ages, and the fact that it was the second marriage, in each case. The groom is a retired farmer. The bride states that her mother is a native Irishwoman, and her father a native German.—Eugene Register.

No business can get along without customers. Customers can not be secured without advertising of some kind. No feature of a business deserves more attention than the advertisnig.

No other paper, daily or weekly, reaches one quarter as many people in the Cottage Grove country as does The Sentinel.

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Give us your next order and you'll surely be pleased with the results.

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If you don't read The Sentinel you don't get more than half the news of the Cottage Grove country.

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Surprisingly if you make it a rule to pay by check only and deposit all your cash at the Bank of Cottage Grove. Then you stop to think before you buy and in many cases thinking means refraining. Ambition to have a good balance prevents many a spending, and thus your deposits roll up. :: ::

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