

Diarrhoea Quickly Cured.
 "I was taken with diarrhoea and Mr. York, the merchant here, persuaded me to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. After taking one dose of it I was cured. It also cured others that I gave it to," writes M. E. Gebhart, Oriole, Pa. That is not at all unusual. An ordinary attack of diarrhoea can almost invariably be cured by one or two doses of this remedy. For sale by Benson's Pharmacy.

H. Harrington
 WILL DO YOUR
DRAVING AND MOVING
 promptly and satisfactorily. They have every facility for handling all classes of goods, and simply solicit a trial. Feed Barn and Fire Proof Vault in Connection.
 All kinds of Hauling & Piano Moving
 Phone No. 72 Cottage Grove

The healing demulcent qualities of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound are not duplicated in any other medicine for coughs and colds. Any substitute offered you is an inferior article. Refuse to accept it for it can not produce the healing and soothing effect of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. Insist upon the genuine, which contains no opiates. For sale by all dealers everywhere.

A Nervous Woman Finds Relief After Many Years

Women who suffer from extreme nervousness, often endure much suffering before finding any relief. Mrs. Daniel Kintner, of Defiance, O., had such an experience, regarding which she says:

"I had stomach trouble when I was eighteen years old that broke down my health, and for years I suffered with nervousness, headache, indigestion and nervous spasms. The spasms got so bad I would have them three or four times a week. After trying nearly every remedy recommended, I began taking Dr. Miles' Nervine, and I must say it helped me wonderfully. I have had no severe nervousness for several years."

MRS. DAN KINTNER,
 1002 Pleasant St., Defiance, O.

Many remedies are recommended for diseases of the nervous system that fail to produce results because they do not reach the seat of the trouble. Dr. Miles' Nervine has proven its value in such cases so many times that it is unnecessary to make claims for it. You can prove its merits for yourself by getting a bottle of your druggist, who will return the price if you receive no benefit.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Caught a Bad Cold.
 "Last winter my son caught a very bad cold and the way he coughed was something dreadful," writes Mrs. Sarah E. Duncan of Tipton, Iowa. "We thought sure he was going into consumption. We bought just one bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and that one bottle stopped his cough and cured his cold completely." For sale by Benson's Pharmacy.

For wet weather, dry clothes and comfort
 wear **Tower's Fish Brand REFLEX SLICKER**
 It is all you want, or can get, in a rough and ready service coat. Thoroughly waterproof and strong at every point.
\$3.00 at your dealer's
 Satisfaction Guaranteed
A. J. Tower Co. BOSTON
 Tower Canadian Limited, Toronto. Catalog free

Safest Laxative for Women.
 Nearly every woman needs a good laxative. Dr. King's New Life Pills are good because they are prompt, safe and do not cause pain. Mrs. M. C. Dunlap of Leadville, Tenn., says: "Dr. King's New Life Pills helped her troubles greatly." Get a box today. Price 25c. Recommended by all druggists.

TYPEWRITER TO RENT
 APPLY
SENTINEL OFFICE

Get your "House for Rent" and "House for Sale" signs at The Sentinel office.

Popular Talks on Law

THE MUNICIPALITY AND SHADE TREES.

By WALTER K. TOWERS, A.B., J.D., of the Michigan Bar

The municipality, be it city, town or village is given a wide control over the streets within the corporate limits and in addition bears a heavy responsibility in this regard. Not infrequently difficulties arise between the municipal authorities having the streets within their charge and the owner of property facing on the streets. Shade trees are a constant cause of conflict. The property owner may have a fine row of trees along the street and these trees may appear to the authorities to be an obstruction to the highway. The owner objects to their removal. What are his rights? A shade tree may be in the way of a projected sidewalk. Must the tree be removed? The limbs of trees may overhang the street or sidewalk in such a way as to obstruct the public way. May the authorities remove the limbs or cut down the entire tree?

The first inquiry that arises in such cases is as to the legal ownership of the land upon which the trees are situated. Let us suppose that the trees have been planted on a strip between the sidewalk and the curb. This strip is usually a part of the land set aside for the use of the public as a street.

A part of it has not been paved but has been set aside for a parkway, or for future need should the paved portion of the street require widening. Thus the trees are, technically speaking, within the street. In perhaps a majority of cases the owners of the property adjoining the street own the land in front of their lots to the center of the street. They may not exercise such complete control over the portion of their ground beyond the sidewalk since that part has been set aside for the use of the public as a whole in passing. In legal phraseology the landowner retains title to the land beyond the street line to the center of the street, but he owns it subject to an easement. That is he must allow all members of the public to go and come at will using the way for the normal purposes of a street. He must allow the municipality to control it, pave it and keep it in a condition fit for public use. The owner may not use his property beyond the street line in a manner that will in any way interfere with the passage of the public. There are few practical uses to which the owner may put the property beyond the street line without interfering with its use as a highway and so he comes to regard his holdings as extending simply to the street line.

In not a few cases the municipality does own the street—has actual legal title to it—the owner of the adjoining property having no title. Who owns the street, whether property owner or municipality, is a question of fact in each individual case. This may vary from state to state or even from town to town or street to street. It depends not only on the law of the particular state, but upon the exact rights which the public was given when that particular street was dedicated to public use, or was opened by other means.

If the property owner owns the title to the street he owns the trees that grow in front of his property within the street line. But though he may own the tree this does not prove that the municipality may not insist that they be removed. The power and duty rests with the municipal authorities to keep the street in a proper condition for travel. If the trees amount to obstruction in the street the municipality may require that they be removed. Trees in the street that are obstructions amount to a legal nuisance and may be removed as such. But shade trees are generally regarded with favor by the law and they do not amount to a nuisance where they do not actually obstruct travel along the street or highway. Not a few cases have ruled that municipal authorities cannot declare trees in the streets to be a nuisance unless they actually do obstruct travel. Such rulings have been made in such states as Georgia, Iowa, Maryland, Michigan, New Jersey, New York and Ohio. In other states, as California, Illinois, North Carolina and Wisconsin, it has been held that the decision of the municipal authorities in the matter is final. They are in control of the streets and if they rule that a tree is an obstruction their decision is final and the courts of law will not consider the question.

In any state a wide control over the streets by the municipality must be recognized. If the public authorities rule that a tree is an obstruction to the street the property owner had best bow to their decision rather than enter upon involved and expensive litigation, unless the action of the authorities is clearly not in any way an obstruction to the street.

Perhaps the principal advantage of the position of the landowner who has title to the center of the street is that as he owns the tree he has direct property rights in it. If such is the cause the authorities must first notify the owner to remove his tree from the public way. A reasonable length of time

must be allowed him to either transplant the tree or cut it down and utilize the timber for his own purposes. If he does not do this the authorities may then remove the obstructing tree and charge the expense against the owner.

A tree which in any way obstructs a sidewalk is as truly an obstruction to the street as though it blocked the wagon way and may be treated in the same manner. If overhanging limbs amount to an obstruction the tree may be trimmed up, or if necessary, removed entirely.

If the municipal authorities remove shade trees belonging to a property owner for a legal reason the property owner has, in law, suffered no wrong. But if the municipality removes trees without legal basis the property owner may recover damages for the loss and injury to his property. If any other parties injure the trees without justification the owner may recover damages in a suit at law. Even though the city hold title to the streets and so to the trees in the street the owner of property fronting on the streets still has some right in the trees. In one case he was allowed to recover from a gas company which had negligently allowed gas to escape from its mains and kill shade trees located in front of the property but within the street, which was owned by the city.

Generally telephone and telegraph companies may be given authority to string their wires along public highways, though the courts of some states do not permit this. In such cases the legislative body may also give authority to trim trees away from the wires in cases of necessity. But generally the companies are given no great liberties in this regard and must raise their wires above trees and otherwise avoid injuring them in every possible way, even though it involves additional difficulty and expense.

Legislatures and city councils may pass regulations to protect trees located within the line of the roads and so enforce these measures as to prevent any damage to the shade trees.

(Copyright, 1913, by W. K. Towers.)

The value of a paper's advertising is gauged by the number of people it reaches. No other paper reaches more than a quarter as many Cottage Grove people as does The Sentinel.

GRANGE FAIR PRIZE LIST

(Continued from page 5.)

Live Stock.

DRAFT HORSES.

Best brood mare, McDole Bros. 1st; M. M. Wheeler, 2nd.
 Best single driver, Walt Rogers, 1st; C. A. McFarland, 2nd.
 Best colt foaled in 1913, McDole Bros. 1st; Wm. Bainbridge 2nd; M. M. Wheeler, 3rd.
 Mule colt, A. J. Stevens, 1st.

CATTLE

Best Jersey bull, Ernest Sears, 1st; J. W. Anderson, 2nd.
 Jersey cow, Ernest Sears, 1st; Sylvia and Sibyl Veatch, 2nd.
 Jersey calf, Sylvia and Sibyl Veatch, 1st; Ernest Sears, 2nd.
 Jersey heifer, Ernest Sears, 1st; Sylvia and Sibyl Veatch, 2nd; H. Raley, 3rd.
 Best Holstein bull, Curtis Veatch, 1st.
 Holstein cow, Ansel Wood, 1st.
 Holstein calf, Jas. Benson, 1st.
 Durham bull, Wm. Bainbridge, 1st.
 Best Short horn cow, J. Henderson McFarland, 1st.

SHEEP.

Best Hampshire ram, ewe and lambs, all awards to Wm. Bainbridge.
 Cotswold ram, C. W. Sears, 1st, Ernest Sears, 2nd.
 Cotswold ram lamb, McDole Bros., 1st and 2nd.
 Cotswold ewe lamb, John Harms, 1st; McDole Bros., 2nd.
 Cotswold ewes, Ernest Sears, 1st; John Harms, 2nd.

GOATS.

Best Angora buck, McDole Bros., 1st, Curtis Veatch, 2nd.
 Angora buck kid, McDole Bros. 1st.
 Angora doe, Curtis Veatch, 1st McDole, Bros. 2nd.

SWINE.

Duroc boar and sow, Curtis Veatch, 1st.
 Sow under 1 year, A. J. Stevens, 1st, and 2nd.
 Young boar, Curtis Veatch, 1st.
 Poland China sow, John Harms, 1st.

Vegetables.

Largest and best collection, M. M. Wheeler, 1st; T. M. DeLong, 2nd.
 Largest squash, Merl Kimball, 1st; S. K. Lewis, 2nd; A. Wood, 3rd.

Largest pumpkin, Judson Allen, 1st; Curtis Veatch, 2nd; A. Wood, 3rd.
 Largest Cabbage, G. W. McFarland 1st.

Best half doz. table beets, J. M. McDole 1st, B. F. Adams, 2nd; Judson Allen, 3rd.

Best half doz. Mangel beets, Donald DeLong, 1st, J. M. McDole, 2nd; S. K. Lewis, 3rd.

Best half doz. carrots, J. M. McDole 1st, Donald DeLong, 2nd; Mrs. O. Robinson, 3rd.

One-half doz. turnips, S. K. Lewis, 1st; G. W. McFarland 2nd. Half doz. rutabagas, Judson Allen, 1st.

Half doz. parsnips, Miram Piper 1st.

Half doz. onions, A. Lobsch, 1st. Half doz. tomatoes, T. W. DeLong 1st; B. F. Adams, 2nd; J. R. Cooley 3rd.

Half peck potatoes, G. M. Miller, 1st; A. Wood, 2nd.

Largest head live kale in box, A. Wood, 1st.

Sweet potato squash, J. A. Sears, 1st.

Summer squash, Miss Elsie Lea, 1st; A. Stewart 2nd.

Vine of beans, C. Sears, 1st.

Green Fruit.

Largest collection of apples, B. G. Crowe, 1st; H. W. Doolittle 2nd.

Best collection pears, Ben Larch, 1st; B. G. Crowe, 2nd.

Peaches, W. C. Conner, 1st; W. P. Hall, 2nd.

Prunes, John Spray, 1st; Judson Allen, 2nd.

Plums, Bomen Hartley, 1st; L. H. Slagle 2nd.

Best collection berries, H. Rusley, 1st; Ruth Stewart 2nd.

Poultry Exhibit and Awards.
 Barred Plymouth Rocks, Chas. Sears, all awards.

Partridge Plymouth Rocks, D. B. Chamberlen, all awards.

Golden Barred Rocks, Tom Abrams, all awards.

Black Orpingtons, A. L. Wynne, all awards.

White Orpingtons, Mrs. E. R. Spencer, all awards.

Buff Orpingtons, Ernest Sears, 1st cock, 1st hen, 2nd hen.

Mrs. Jas. Henderson McFarland, 1st cockerel, 1st pullet.

Miss Grace Bennett, 2nd pullet.

Wilbur Spray 2nd cock.

Silver Leghorns, Mrs. John Sears, all awards.

White Leghorns, J. E. Miles, 1st, O. W. Blackmore, 2nd.

Buff Leghorns, Shelby Teeters, all awards.

French Houdans, Clare Conner, all awards.

Silver Spangled Hamburgs, D. B. Chamberlen, 1st, Mrs. T. Richardson 2nd.

Golden Laced Hamburgs, Jennings King, all awards.

Silver Campines, Lloyd Bisbey, all awards.

Buff Langshans, Lloyd Bisbey, all awards.

Sicilian Buttercups, Lloyd Bisbey, all awards.

White Minorcas, V. S. Goff, 1st; John Spriggs, 2nd.

Barred Minorcas, John Spriggs all awards.

Black Minorcas, Heston Bainbridge, all awards.

Blue Andalusians, Eugene Miller, all awards.

English Red Caps, Tom Abrams, all awards.

White Pekin Ducks, Ernest Sears, 1st; Robt. Earl, 2nd; Mrs. Orin Robinson, 3rd.

Old Pekin ducks, Mrs. Orin Robinson, all awards.

Penciled Indian Runners, Clare Conner, 1st; Stewart Smith, 2nd; Mrs. Orin Robinson, 3rd.

Indian Runners, John Groves, all awards.

White Muscovies, Tom Abrams, all awards.

The poultry was well cooped and cared for by Supt. A. L. Wynne, and the awards were placed by D. B. Chamberlen and W. C. Conner, who judged the exhibit by the comparison system.

Sherwin-Williams House Paints

FOR ALL PURPOSES

They are without a peer. We do not sell stoves or hay rakes, but we do sell

Doors, Windows, Shingles, Building Paper, Beaver Board, Lime, Cement Etc. Ask for a "Home Decorator"

Cottage Grove Manfg. Co.

SPEND A FEW DAYS

TO THE

OREGON STATE FAIR

Sept. 29 to Oct. 4

THE



"The Exposition Line—1915"

will have in effect from all stations Main Line and Branches the following low

ROUND TRIP FARES

Woodburn	\$.70	Harrisburg	\$2.15
Albany	1.10	Junction City	2.30
Corvallis	1.55	Eugene	2.80

All Other Points

One and One-Third Fare

SALE DATES:

September 25 to October 4, inclusive. Final return limit October 8, 1913

All Trains Direct to Fair Grounds

Further particulars relative to fares, train service, etc., from any S. P. Agent

JOHN M. SCOTT, Gen'l Passenger Agent, Portland, Ore.

Stop! Look! Listen!

Remember the Date of the First Annual Exhibition of the

LANE COUNTY FAIR

EUGENE, OREGON

Sept. 24, 25, 26, 27, 1913

Premiums on Agricultural, Livestock, Poultry, Dairy, Grains, Grasses, Fruit and other exhibits.

Horse Races

Concerts, Children's Playgrounds, and other Free Attractions. Viola's Animal and four other high class shows. Music by the Oregon State Band

Better Baby Show, one of the Leading Features

You are invited to attend—Free camp grounds

REDUCED RATES ON ALL RAILROADS

Send for Premium List at Once

WALTER B. JONES, Secy., 8th and Willamette, Eugene, Ore.

Wanted!

We want you to know that there are several good business opportunities waiting for you at the new town of Imperial, in Southeastern Crook County, Oregon.

If you are looking for a location and want to get in a good, prosperous community and grow up with the town, you should write us and learn the inducements we will offer you to come here.

Tell us your line of business and we will not advise you to come here unless there is a chance for you to make good. Address

IMPERIAL TOWNSITE CO.
 IMPERIAL, OREGON