

No More Parcel Post... Eugene Daily...
 Cure of Stomach Trouble...
 Harrington...
 Biplan...
 Current...
 Silvers...
 Collars...
 Howell & Co...
 Riggs...
 Blacksmith...
 Shoeing and...
 Repairing...
 is the Answer...
 WEBSTER'S...
 INTERNATIONAL...
 Your Children...
 Against Bowel Trouble...
 Laxative Tablets...
 Want the...
 of every...
 man who...
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 LAWY...
 want to hear...
 from men who...
 new BUSINESS...
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 want to hear...
 from men who...
 new BUSINESS...

Cure of Stomach Trouble.
 You have trouble with your stomach, chronic constipation, don't let your case go beyond help. Your doctor fails to give you relief. Mrs. G. Stangle, Plainfield, N. J., writes: "For over a month past I have been troubled with my stomach. I ate upset it terribly. Chamberlain's advertising letters from people who had been cured by Chamberlain's Tablets, led me to try them. I have taken three-fourths of a package of Chamberlain's Tablets and feel as well as almost every day." For sale by all dealers.

Harrington
 WILL DO YOUR
PAINTING AND MOVING
 Fully and satisfactorily. We have every facility for painting all classes of goods, simply solicit a trial. Barn and Fire Proof in Connection.
 of Hauling & Piano Moving
 Cottage Grove

Slightly Face Spots.
 by Dr. Hobson's Eczema, which heals all skin eruptions, no matter how long you have had them, itching, burning, or humors, just put a little of this antiseptic, Dr. Hobson's Eczema, on the sores and the spots instantly. Healing begins every minute. Doctors use it in practice and recommend it. Dr. Littlejohn, Pa., says: "Eczema on forehead; Dr. Hobson's Ointment cured it in two weeks." Guaranteed to relieve or refund. All druggists, or by mail, 50c Pfeiffer Chemical Co., St. Louis and St. Louis.

Pacific Railway Time-Table
 COTTAGE GROVE STATION

Bound	North Bound
1:30 a. m.	No. 14
3:30 a. m.	No. 16
5:30 a. m.	No. 18
7:30 a. m.	No. 20
9:30 a. m.	No. 22
11:30 a. m.	No. 24
1:30 p. m.	No. 26
3:30 p. m.	No. 28
5:30 p. m.	No. 30
7:30 p. m.	No. 32
9:30 p. m.	No. 34
11:30 p. m.	No. 36

S. E. R. R. COMPANY.
 W. BOUND
 No. 2
 STATIONS
 COTTAGE GROVE... AR. 1:00
 WADSWORTH... 2:00
 CHAS. GOODENO... 2:15
 DUKOMA... 2:30
 VADUENS... 2:45
 ST. JAMES... 3:00
 RED BRIDGE... 3:15
 WILLOW... 3:30
 DUNSTON... 3:45
 WYATA... 4:00

Substitute is offered you for Foley's Kidney Pills, it means a cheaper price pressed upon you for the profit, not for yours. Foley's Pills may cost the dealer more than the substitute, but they give results than any other kidney medicine. Ask for Foley's Pills. For sale by all dealers.

Form and flavor of any medicine is very important, no matter how good the medicine is. The taste and appearance are especially important when children are concerned. All parents know how hard it is to give a child "medicine," even if the taste is partially disguised. In using Dr. Miles' Laxative Tablets, however, this difficulty is overcome. The shape of the tablets, their appearance and taste at once appeal to the child, with the result that they are taken without objection. The rich chocolate flavor and other taste, make Dr. Miles' Laxative Tablets the ideal medicine for children.

Stomach Troubles.
 Bad habits, lack of outdoor exercise, insufficient mastication of food, constipation, a torpid liver, worry, anxiety, overeating, partaking of rich and spicy food, and drinking not suited to your age and constitution. Correct your habits and take Chamberlain's Tablets and you will soon be well again. For sale by all dealers.

The Rural High School
 EUGENE REGISTER

Reports of high school commencement exercises all over Lane county call attention to an educational situation of which the people of this county may well be proud—the large number of rural high schools that are to be found. The rural high school idea originated in Lane county, and has reached its fullest development here.

The rural high school is an important educational step. Only a few years ago when the children of the country districts had finished the eighth grade, they were compelled either to quit school long before their education was complete, or to leave home and go to some nearby town or city where high school advantages were available.

There were abundant objections to either course. Quitting school at the end of the eighth grade handicapped the child seriously, for education is coming to be more and more of a necessity. Nor is it desirable for children of high school age to leave home, for this is a period of their lives when they need parental counsel and restraint almost more than at any other time.

The large classes that have graduated from the rural high schools of Lane county prove that a real need is being filled. We believe, too, that the graduates themselves will prove the value of rural high school education, and that they will make the products of the city schools look to their laurels. The opportunities for quiet and effective study that are presented by these smaller schools are great. None of the distractions that are found in cities of the size of Eugene are present to turn the attention of the student away from the serious business of acquiring an education.

Real Estate Transfers.
 Pearl Yancey et al to Ralph L. Kirk—Lot 7, 8 and 9, blk. 6, Latham, \$1.
 Albert V. Whitney to James L. Cline et ux—1/4 acre sec. 33, tp. 20 SR 3 W, \$10.
 Henry S. McKibben et ux to Morris A. McKibben et ux—1/4 64 acres sec. 27, tp. 20 SR 3 W, \$10.
 Morris A. McKibben et ux to Henry S. McKibben et ux—1/4 62 acres sec. 27, tp. 20 SR 3 W, \$10.
 Martin H. Anderson to Arthur M. Harris—South 1/2 of 19 acres tp. 21 SR 3 W, \$10.
 Martin H. Anderson to Sopronia Vinson—N 1/2 of 19 acres tp. 21 SR 3 W, \$10.
 J. F. Spray et ux to Frank R. Sherman—Tracts tp. 21 SR 3 W, \$2000.
 John F. Spray et ux to G. F. King et ux—Lots 37 and 38 Cedar Park, \$1000.
 Philomax Willard to O. H. Willard W 1/2 lot 2, blk. 5, D. G. McFarland's second addition to Cottage Grove, \$10.
 George Farman et al to Nancy Farman—NE 1/4 sec. 4, tp. 20 SR 5 W, \$1.
 Maggie A. Gilbertson to Marion Veatch—N 1/2 of NW 1/4 of SW 1/4 sec. 26 tp. 20 SR 4 W \$1.
 J. L. Clark et ux to L. W. Riggs, lots 2 block 5 D. G. McFarland's third addition to Cottage Grove, \$100.
 Arthur W. Sumers et ux to Edna L. Hedrick, part lot 1 block 10 Long and Landess addition to Cottage Grove, \$10.
 Zola Taylor et vir to Edna L. Hedrick, part lot 3 block 10 Long and Landess addition to Cottage Grove, \$10.
 Ella Cooper to Zola Taylor part of lot 3 block 10 Long and Landess addition to Cottage Grove, \$10.
 W. B. Cooper et ux to A. W. Shortridge—Undivided 1/2 interest in part of lots 2 and 3, blk. 7, Long and Landess addition to Cottage Grove, \$1500.
 D. J. Gover et ux to L. W. Chapin et ux tract in section 35 township 20 SR 3 W, \$450.
 James Henry McFarland et ux to John Bader—Tract sec. 29 tp. 20 SR 3 W, \$5.
 Lydia F. Stouffer et al to A. E. Whitebeck—5.31 acres sec. 28 tp. 20 SR 3 W, \$500.

Creswell Cannery Operating.
 The Creswell Creamery commenced operations Tuesday of last week. The machinery all worked to perfection and no trouble was experienced in getting started. A process man from the Eugene cannery was engaged to oversee the work in making the first run.

The cannery is equipped to handle berries as fast as they are brought in and after canning strawberries a run will be made on gooseberries for a few days. Other products will be canned days. Other products will be canned days. Other products will be canned days. Other products will be canned days. Other products will be canned days.

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Popular Talks on Law
 CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

By WALTER K. TOWERS, A.B., J.D., of the Michigan Bar

Can one be cruel to an anglerworm? Can one be cruel to an oyster? These queries are not part of any foolish question series, but are examples of the inquiries upon which courts of law have engaged themselves in their effort to prevent unnecessary suffering to animals. As the judge leaves the decision of these questions to the jury, one average citizen is as competent to answer them as another. It all depends upon what happened to the worm or the oyster, whether it hurt the victim, why it was done, the viewpoint of the person making the decision, and a few simple rules of law.

A recent case of similar nature has attracted public attention and drawn forth an interesting opinion from the judge. The case arose in New York and involved the question as to whether cruelty to turtles is cruelty to animals, and further, whether you can be cruel to a turtle. Sixty-five green turtles were shipped from Cuba on a steamship with their flippers perforated and tied together by means of ropes passing through the holes. The turtles were placed on their backs and so allowed to remain until the ship reached New York City. The captain of the steamship was prosecuted under the penal law of New York, the charge being that he had caused these turtles unnecessary and unjustifiable pain and suffering while in transit.

The first objection made was that a turtle is not an animal and so the act was not covered by the statute. The statute of New York defines an animal as not including the human race, but every other living creature. Notwithstanding that a turtle is a species of reptile, the court held that a turtle is included in the definition.

It was next considered as to whether unjustifiable pain was inflicted. On this point the court commented as follows: "Hogs have the nose perforated and a ring placed in it; ears of calves are similarly treated; chickens are crowded into freight cars; codfish is taken out of the waters and thrown into barrels of ice and sold on the market as 'live cod'; eels have been known to squirm in the frying pan; and snails, lobsters and crabs are thrown into boiling water. Irrespective of the devious means that might be adopted to destroy life before these cruelties are perpetrated upon them, still no one has raised a voice in protest. . . . The Emperor Augustus nearly exterminated peacocks to regale himself in Rome with their brains. Today the world would hold their death unjustifiable. Then again juries and magistrates of different localities, race, or education, with varying ideas of taste and cuisine, may hold wisely divergent ideas as to whether the improved flavor of lobsters boiled alive makes such torture 'justifiable.'"

The court left the matter to the jury. How would you decide the case? The protection afforded dumb animals against needless cruelty rests upon particular statutes as enacted by the legislatures of the various states, and not upon any general principle of English law, unless the act be done in public and so amount to a nuisance. Thus, just what may be punished as cruelty to animals in a particular state depends upon the wording of the laws of that state. Criminal statutes against cruelty to animals are virtually universal. These laws are generally of similar nature and usually apply to all animals other than humans, as does the New York statute. The law does not, of course, prohibit all acts that cause animals pain or suffering, but only such as are unjustifiable and not necessary to the accomplishment of some lawful purpose. The butcher may kill the steer he has bought, and is not legally guilty of cruelty since his act is in the accomplishment of a lawful purpose. But if he slaughters the steer in a needlessly cruel manner he becomes guilty of cruelty to animals. Thus a butcher who disemboweled hogs and plunged them into boiling water before they were dead, in the process of slaughtering and dressing them, was punished for cruelty to animals. Further, a needless, wanton killing, even though unaccompanied by any torture, has been punished as "cruelty," and that though the animal was a chicken.

Cock-fighting is quite generally held to be cruelty to animals within the terms of the ordinary statute. Releasing a captive fox and permitting it to be hunted by dogs, who tear and mangle it, has been punished as a criminal act. Shooting captive pigeons for sport or to improve marksmanship, has been held to constitute legal cruelty by some courts; but others have held that where the wounded birds were at once killed and with those shot dead used for food, the killing was justifiable. We need not remark that the familiar case of the old lady who protested against the shooting of clay pigeons as being cruelty to animals failed.

Overdriving or overloading horses and work-animals are familiar forms of cruelty and are frequently punished. Driving animals which are unfit to work is also a cruelty. The cruelty may consist of a passive act of neglect as well as an active abuse or mistreatment. The man who left his horse hitched to the buggy, standing in the woods for over twenty-four hours, without food or water, was held guilty of cruelty. Transportation of animals for like periods of time without food, water or exercise, has also been held cruelty.

Some juries have ruled that dehorning cattle was cruelty, because unnecessary and unreasonable; but generally a different view is taken, and if the act is customary in the community, skillfully performed and for proper purposes, no legal liability attaches. Working a dog in a treadmill is not in itself cruelty; but harsh and unreasonable treatment of a dog in a treadmill was held criminal. Unnecessary and unreasonable beating is a commonly punished form of cruelty to animals. Poisoning is also cruelty where there is no justification for the action. Hacking a pig with an axe and permitting it to lie wounded without attention, pouring turpentine on a chicken and setting fire to it, and keeping a horse with a badly diseased leg in a pasture in which in order to support life by grazing it was inevitably put to great pain, have caused criminal convictions. That unjustifiable killing is cruelty has been stated. One man killed chickens which had invaded his garden to eat his peas, and for doing so was subject to prosecution for cruelty to animals. The court stated that his proper remedy to protect his garden was to impound the chickens until their owner made good the loss, or to sue for damages.

The owner of an animal, if cruel to it, is as liable as others under most of the statutes. One who advises the doing of a cruel act may be convicted as an aider and abettor. A man who incited a dog to attack and tear a cow was held guilty.

Prosecutions for cruelty to animals, being criminal, are generally instituted and conducted by the public prosecutor. Any person, noticing an act of cruelty that should be redressed, may bring the matter to the attention of the prosecutor, who will then act. (Copyright, 1913, by Walter K. Towers.)

WAR DECLARED
 Catarrh Germs Must Be Conquered or Health Will Be Destroyed.

If you have Catarrh you must vanquish an army of persistent, destructive microbes before you can be healthy. You might as well choose your weapons, declare war and destroy this army of Catarrh germs right now. Booth's Hyomei, a pleasant germ destroying air breathed over the entire membrane will kill Catarrh germs. Booth's Hyomei (pronounce it High-o-me) is guaranteed by The Modern Pharmacy to end Catarrh or money back. It surely is fine for coughs, colds and croup. If you own a little Hyomei hard rubber pocket inhaler get a separate bottle of Hyomei for only 50 cents. If you haven't an inhaler secure a complete outfit for only \$1.00. Just breathe it—no stomach dosing.

NO REASON FOR IT
 You Are Shown a Way Out.

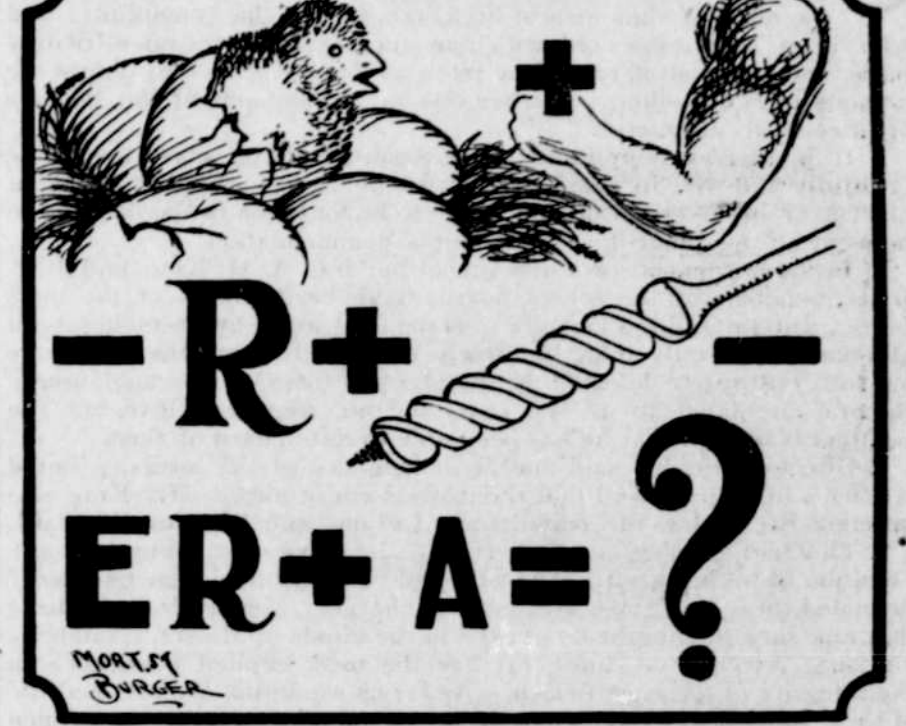
There can be no reason why any reader of this who suffers the tortures of an aching back, the annoyance of urinary disorders, the pains and dangers of kidney ills will fail to heed the word of a resident of this locality who has found relief. The following is convincing proof:

Mrs. A. E. Carroll, 302 E. Washington St., Roseburg, Ore., says: "Off and on for years I suffered from kidney complaint and spent my days and nights in misery from pains and other disorders resulting. I became irritable and nervous, had dizzy spells and there were spots floating before my eyes. I was about giving up hope of getting relief when I tried Doan's Kidney Pills. It was some years ago and since that time I have always used them when kidney trouble has come on me and they have never once failed to do me good. Doan's Kidney Pills are the one remedy that gave me relief and kept me on my feet and I am only too willing to publicly endorse them. I believe that Doan's Kidney Pills are the best kidney remedy to be had."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Royal Baking Powder
 ABSOLUTELY PURE
 The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
 Makes delicious home-baked foods of maximum quality at minimum cost. Makes home baking pleasant and profitable

Widows Ask Pensions.
 Thirty-seven Lane County widows have applied at the county court for pensions under the new law which went into effect June 1st. The court has not yet acted upon any of them.



HISTORY OF THE WORLD TWO-IN-ONE PUZZLE.
 Add and subtract according to pictures, etc., and you will then be able to find out the name of the battle that took place Sept. 19 and 20, 1863. After you have done this find the picture of one of the soldiers. Answer to last puzzle: Dorr's rebellion. Picture face on top of woman's head.



A Picture of Contentment
 All men look pleased when they smoke this choice tobacco—for all men like the rich quality and true, natural flavor of Liggett & Myers
Duke's Mixture
 Smoked in pipes by thousands of men—everywhere known to cigarette smokers as "the makings."
 We take unusual pride in Liggett & Myers Duke's Mixture. It is our leading brand of granulated tobacco—and every sack we make is a challenge to all other tobacco manufacturers. Every 5c sack of this famous tobacco contains one and a half ounces of choice granulated tobacco, in every way equal to the best you can buy at any price, and with each sack you get a book of cigarette papers FREE.
 If you have not smoked the Duke's Mixture made by the Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co. at Durham, N. C., try it now.
Get a Camera with the Coupons
 Save the coupons. With them you can get all sorts of valuable presents—articles suitable for young and old; men, women, boys and girls. You'll be delighted to see what you can get free without one cent of cost to you. Get our new illustrated catalog. As a special offer, we will send it free during December and January only. Your name and address on a postal will bring it to you.
 Coupons from Duke's Mixture may be secured with tags from HORSE SHOE, J. T. TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, GRAN GER TWIST, coupons from FOUR ROSES (the fine double crown), PICK PLUG CUT, PIEDMONT CIGARETTES, CLIX CIGARETTES, and other tags or coupons issued by us.
 Premium Dept.
 Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.
 ST. LOUIS, MO.