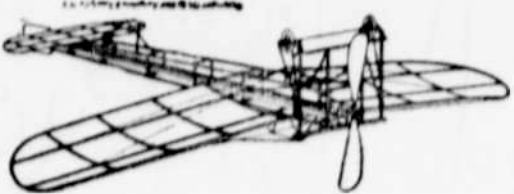


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SAYS PORCUPINE IS THE ANIMAL

WILL CATCH ONE TO PROVE HIS CLAIM IS TRUE.

R. W. Veatch Disputes Claim That Squirrels or Wood Rats Solve Timber Mystery.—Will Trap Some to Prove Theory.

"Porcupines are the mysterious animals that are doing the damage to the timber in this section. I know what I am talking about. I have made a careful examination of different patches of timber, and I expect to bring a 'porky' in before long to prove my claim." This is the statement made by R. W. Veatch when in the city Saturday. He laughs at the theory of squirrels, wood rats, bear, rakers, etc.

Mr. Veatch says he has spent much of his life in the timber, was a ranger five years, has made a study of animals that range through Oregon woods, has been watching the work of the porcupines for several years and is convinced that something will have to be done to clean them out of the country and stop their ravages. He has found some of their dens and is going to try to trap some himself and will then be able to give absolute proof of his statement.

When his attention was called to the reported scarcity of the animals in this part of Oregon, he said that there has always been a few and that colonies are now being developed. He also said that the 'porkys' work different in this country than anywhere else doing their work by night and hiding by day, instead of remaining up in the trees as they do in other sections of the country.

Word has been received from the state foresters at Corvallis, who examined a piece of the wood. He declares it to be the work of porcupines.

WOMEN IN THE HOME

We are forever being told that the place for women is in the home. Well, so be it. But what do we expect of her in the home? Merely to stay in the home is not enough. She is a failure unless she attends to the health and welfare, moral as well as physical, of her family, and especially of her children. She, more than anyone else, is held responsible for what they become.

She is responsible for the cleanliness of her house.

She is responsible for the wholesomeness of the food.

She is responsible for the children's health.

She, above all, is responsible for their morals.

How far can the mother control these things?

She can clean her own rooms, but if the neighbors are allowed to live in filth, she cannot keep her rooms from being filled with bad air and smells, or from being infested with vermin.

She can cook her food well, but if dealers are permitted to sell poor food, unclean milk or stale eggs, she cannot make the food wholesome for her children.

She can care for her own plumbing and refuse, but if the plumbing in the rest of the house is unsanitary, if garbage accumulates and the halls and stairs are left dirty, she cannot protect her children from the sickness and infection resulting.

She can take every care to avoid fire, but if the house has been badly built, if the fire-escapes are inadequate, she cannot guard her children from the horrors of being maimed or killed by fire.

She can open her windows to give

her children the air that we are told is so necessary, but if the air is laden with infection, with tuberculosis and other contagious diseases, she cannot protect her children from this danger.

She can send her children out for air and exercise, but if the conditions that surround them on the streets are immoral and degrading, she cannot protect them from these dangers.

Alone, she cannot make these things right. Who or what can?

The city can do it—the city government that is elected by the people, to take care of the interests of the people.

And who decides what the city government shall do?

First, the officials of that government; and, second, those who elect them.

Do the women elect them? No, the men do. So it is the men and not the women who are really responsible for the unclean houses, unwholesome food, risk of tuberculosis and other diseases, immoral influences of the street, bad plumbing, danger of fire.

In fact, men are responsible for the conditions under which the children live, but we hold women responsible for the results of those conditions. If we hold women responsible for the results, must we not, in simple justice, let them have something to say as to what these conditions shall be? There is one simple way of doing this. Give them the same means that men have. Let them vote.

Women are, by nature and training, housekeepers. Let them have a hand in the city's housekeeping, even if they introduce an occasional housecleaning.—Courtesy of the National American Woman Suffrage Association.

McKINLEY AT THE HEAD

Congressional Campaign Committee Chosen With Illinois Man as Chairman.

Representative William B. McKinley of Illinois has been re-elected chairman of the Republican congressional committee for the next campaign. The committee will be made up as follows:

California, Representative J. C. Needham; Colorado, Senator Simon Guggenheim; Connecticut, Representative E. J. Hill; Idaho, Representative Burton L. French; Illinois, Representative William B. McKinley; Indiana, Representative E. D. Crumpacker; Iowa, Representative Frank P. Woods; Kansas, Representative Victor Murdock; Kentucky, Representative Caleb Powers; Maine, Representative F. E. Guernsey; Maryland, Representative Thomas Parran; Massachusetts, Representative John W. Weeks; Michigan, Representative E. L. Hamilton; Minnesota, Representative Frederick C. Stevens; Missouri, Representative Richard Bartholdt; Montana, Representative Charles N. Pray; Nebraska, Representative M. P. Kinkaid; Nevada, Representative E. E. Roberts; New Hampshire, Senator J. H. Gallinger; New Jersey, Representative John J. Gardner; New Mexico, Representative Joe Curry; New York, Representative J. W. Fairchild; North Dakota, Representative H. T. Helgesen; Ohio, Representative E. L. Taylor, Jr.; Oklahoma, Representative D. T. Morgan; Oregon, Representative A. W. Lafferty; Pennsylvania, Representative Hampton Moore; Rhode Island, Representative G. Utter; South Dakota, Representative Charles Burke; Utah, Representative Joseph Howell; Vermont, Representative D. J. Foster; Virginia, Representative C. B. Slemmons; Washington, Representative W. L. La Follette; West Virginia, Representative J. A. Hughes; Wisconsin, Representative James H. Davidson; Wyoming, Representative Frank Mondell; Alaska, Delegate James Wickersham; Arizona, Delegate R. H. Cameron; Hawaii, Delegate J. K. Kalaianaloe.

Tennessee and Delaware will name their members of the committee later.

"Does your wife ever tell you about the fine men she might have married?" "Oh, yes. We debate that question regularly Tuesday and Thursday nights."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

PERSECUTED MAN TO GET RIGHTS

PERJURED WITNESS IN LAND FRAUD CASE CONFESSES.

Human Interest Story Hangs About H. H. Hendricks, Former Cottage Grove School Boy, Victim of Purchased Testimony.

(Continued from first page.)

In February, 1905, before the grand jury at Portland, Hendricks was indicted for subornation of perjury on the testimony of Geo. W. Hawks, who said Hendricks asked him to testify falsely before the federal grand jury concerning his homestead proof, and was found guilty, the case being appealed to the supreme court, where it now is, and through the confession of Hawks, Hendricks will escape serving an unjust sentence.

Petitions to His Excellency, the President of the United States, are being circulated by the persecuted man and his friends and are being signed by everyone approached. In Wheeler county, where Hendricks resides and was ever held to be an honorable man, even when under the shadow of sentence, the petitions are being signed by every voter. At Eugene, where his family resides during the school year, there is no end to signatures for pardon and at Cottage Grove petitions are being signed by all to whom presented.

The petition to the president says that the Hendricks' prosecution was of a political nature because the defendant belonged to the Mitchell-Williamson faction of the republican party and was a friend of Binger Herman. It is further stated that the jury lists were not made by drawing them impartially from the taxrolls, but that they were prepared by detectives and others acting for the government, with an eye to the conviction of the defendant.

Attached to the petition for pardon is the affidavit of Geo. W. Hawks, the man Hendricks was convicted of having suborned, in which he swears that not only was the latter not guilty of inducing him to commit perjury, but actually warned him against the commission of the act. It would appear from the affidavit and other facts in the case that Mr. Hendricks was simply caught in the dragnet of land fraud prosecutions and owing to the technicality of the law, could not legally escape paying the penalty for a crime of which he was innocent.

Hawks gives as his reason for making the false testimony that he himself was threatened unless he swore falsely. Suffering under the lash of his own conscience Hawks has now made a clean breast of the affair.

Style Print Shop—The Sentinel.

MANY YEARS' EXPERIENCE

New Minister to Brazil Is Man of Long Experience and Many Attainments.

Edwin Vernon Morgan, the new United States ambassador to Brazil, has had a long experience in the diplomatic service. At the time of his promotion he was minister to Portugal. He succeeds Irving B. Dudley, deceased, as Uncle Sam's representative at Rio Janeiro.

The new ambassador is a native of Aurora, N. Y., and is forty-seven years old. After graduating from Harvard and the University of Berlin he be-



came instructor in history at the former institution, subsequently going to Adelbert college, Cleveland, in the same capacity. He entered the government service as secretary to the United States commission to the Samoan Islands in 1899 and was soon thereafter transferred to St. Petersburg as second secretary of the embassy. He was appointed consul to Dalny in 1904; but, the war preventing him from taking the post, he was made minister to Korea. From 1905 to 1909 he was minister to Cuba, going thence to Uruguay. He was made minister to Portugal in May of last year.

HAVE BEEN MARRIED FOR 59 YEARS

MARRIED ON THIRTEENTH BUT HAVE GOOD LUCK.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Shortridge, Probably Longest Married Couple in Willamette Valley, Celebrate Anniversary of Marriage.

(Continued from first page.)

ried soon after Mr. Shortridge arrived from California and just two years to a day after Mr. Shortridge left the east. Mrs. Shortridge was 18 years of age and Mr. Shortridge 21. They immediately took up a donation claim of 320 acres, now known as the Shortridge place and located near Cottage Grove. They spent 54 years of their lives on the place and went through many a hard struggle to clear away the forest and wrest a living from the earth. They moved to Cottage Grove five years ago.

Mrs. Shortridge was the first white woman to set foot in the country where they took up their claim. J. P. Taylor, who died last week, was one of the first people they got acquainted with, and the two families were life-long friends.

The couple can tell many interesting tales of the old Oregon, which they would have both left if there had been any means of getting away. They have since learned to love the beautiful Willamette and think it the best place next to the heaven which they are so peacefully approaching.

In the olden days there were three tribes of Indians living around their place and it became necessary to learn the Indian jargon. The red men, while envious of the white man who came to take their tribal lands away from them, were disposed to be friendly to their pale face brothers and the Shortridges had many warm friends among the bucks and squaws, all of whom are now dead with the exception of Jake Fearnce.

In those early pioneer days the only meat was venison and the settlers ate that until they got tired of it. The Indians always kept them supplied if they did not take the trouble to supply themselves. Many of the clothes were made of deer hide and many a wagon load of buckskin garments made by the settlers was taken to Portland and sold. The Indians did the tanning of the skins and their secret method of dressing the hides to make them soft and pliable died with them.

Seven children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Shortridge, four of whom are living. They are Mrs. J. J. Weeden, who lives on the old donation claim; Franklyn Boone Shortridge of this city; Mrs. J. W. Harris of Eugene; Mrs. S. M. Lacey of Portland.

CANAL 70 PER CENT DONE

Goethals Says Great Panama Waterway Likely to Be Open Before Jan. 1, 1915

Colonel George W. Goethals, chairman and chief engineer of the isthmian canal commission, is on a visit to Washington.

Colonel Goethals said that the canal was surely going to be opened officially on Jan. 1, 1915. To the question, "When will the canal be actually completed?" he answered:

"It will never be completed."

He meant thereby that there would have to be a perpetual tinkering and perhaps reconstruction in certain parts of the work. He could not generalize on the percentage of work that had been completed. At Culebra the percentage completed was about 75 and at the Gatun section about 87. In the several other parts of the canal the percentage was between 50 and 90. Perhaps the general average might be put at more than 70.

The great ditch maker said that the slides in the Gatun and Culebra sections had been practically nullified by reducing the pressure on the slides. The cement gun for strengthening the embankments had been given up.

When Colonel Goethals learned that the house committee had decided not to make the canal free, but to charge tolls for ships of all nationalities, including American, he said gleefully, "That is what I told them." The colonel said his views on the fortification of the canal were well known, and it was not necessary for him to say more about the subject. He has advocated fortification and the operation of the canal under trained officers and employees. The actual work will be completed, he has said, before January, 1915, and it is likely that the ditch will be unofficially opened months before the formal ceremony of opening, when all ships that pay the tolls may go through.

Garrels to Leave Michigan.

Allen Garrels, who was counted on to win the hurdles at the intercollegiate meet next May, will leave the University of Michigan at the end of the present semester, Feb. 9. He had three more seasons of track and two of football before him. He is a brother of Johnny Garrels, also a hurdler and left guard on the university football team last season.

KNOCK 'EM SILLY

BOSS SQUIRREL POISON
Poisoned Wheat
Per can, each
25c

Gopher-Go
Raisin and
Barley mixture
\$1.00 and 50c

Protect your
grain and potatoes
with
Formaldehyde
Solution

Fight 'em to a finish; give 'em no quarter; put 'em down and out so far that there will be no "coming back." No matter how prosperous you are, you can't afford to feed a horde of hungry squirrels, etc.

The Modern Pharmacy

The Rexall Store

PIONEER OF 1852 DIES AT AGE OF 82

CROSSED PLAINS WITH OX TEAM IN EARLY DAYS.

Joseph Peterson Taylor, Who Took Up Donation Claim in Willamette Valley in Early 50's, Dies at Ripe Old Age.

(Continued from first page.)

Small, in the year 1853 and who survives him. Nine children were born to them, five of whom are still living: Lincoln, Ida, Ethel, Harvey and Lillie, all residents of Cottage Grove and vicinity. Mr. Taylor was a man who enjoyed unusual good health, and he had never been confined to his bed, except by accidents, until his last illness. He was a member and active worker in the M. E. church from his youth and was a charter member of the M. E. church of Cottage Grove. He had been associated with the Prohibition party for the last twenty-five years, and was elected delegate to the Prohibition state convention for this year, his credentials arriving two days after his death.

His funeral was conducted by two of his former pastors, Rev. W. J. Gardner and Rev. Joseph Sams and he was laid to rest in the Taylor-Lane cemetery on his father's and mother's donation claim, on Sunday March 10, 1912.

MARRIAGE CEREMONY IS DELAYED

Prospective Bride Refuses to Submit to "Obey" Clause.

That the wedding of a Cottage Grove couple is being delayed by the refusal of the bride-to-be to submit to the "obey" clause in the marriage ceremony, has been learned by The Sentinel this week.

Why the bridegroom should insist on its being put in the service, knowing he can't enforce it, has not been made plain, but nevertheless it seems that one prospective piece of society news is destined never to be published.

The names of the parties are withheld for obvious reasons, but the man in the case has his name on the recently published eligible list.

Artistic job printing—The Sentinel.

POSTAL BANK WILL BE ESTABLISHED

WILL START BUSINESS ON FIRST DAY OF APRIL.

Local Postal Authorities Receive Unexpected Orders to Prepare for Establishment.—Some of the Regulations for Depositors.

(Continued from first page.)

or control by her husband. No person can have more than one account at any one time.

No person may open a postal-savings account at any postoffice who is not a patron of that office.

All accounts must be opened in person by the depositor or his authorized representative. After opening an account a depositor may forward subsequent deposits to the post office by mail.

Deposits will be accepted only from individuals, and no account will be opened in the name of any corporation, association, society, firm or partnership, or in the name of two or more persons jointly.

No account will be opened in the name of one person in trust for or on behalf of another person or persons.

No account may be opened for less than \$1, nor will fractions of a dollar be accepted for deposit.

No person is permitted to deposit more than \$100 in any one calendar month nor to have a total balance to his credit at one time of more than \$500 exclusive of accumulated interest.

TALK ABOUT REAL TAXES

Some Interesting Figures About What Taxes Are Where They Pay Real Taxes.

Review, North Branch, Minn.: Speaking of taxes being high in North Branch (54.2 mills) what do you think of the figures taken from the levies of a few other villages nearby. Carlton pays 78 mills, Hinckley 75.8 mills, Sandstone 89 mills and Moose Lake 90 mills. We'll admit taxes are plenty high enough here for the most of us, but how would you like to pay the taxes these other places must meet?

Are You On?

In all the World no Suits Like These to Sell at

\$15

They are so perfect in fitting qualities, so serviceable in quality of fabric, and so handsome in style that when any man sees them he is sure to want one.

Come and see them. They are lined with Taffeta silk.

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