

CANNING RULES

The U. S. Department of Agriculture Gives Some Specific Instructions.

For the information of housewives the Sentinel prints the following from the News Letter from Washington, certain that everyone of them will find something new and helpful in it, no matter how many years' experience she may have had:

Careful, painstaking canning is the only kind of canning that pays, declares the United States Department of Agriculture in a statement warning housewives against carelessness in putting up fruits and vegetables.

"The faithful following of approved methods and directions is the only safe road to success in canning," says the statement. "Housewives who carelessly practice methods that are new to them, or who attempt to 'improve' on the methods, or to make short cuts, are taking a risk of spoiling good food. Canning is essentially a scientific process, however much it may have been simplified for home use. Method Should Be Followed in Detail.

"In the canning methods which the department advocates careful study has been made of the essentials for the preservation of food products, and all steps not absolutely necessary have been eliminated. There is good reason, therefore, for each step which is advocated. If home canners profess to follow a department method, they should follow it in detail; and if they fail so to follow it, they should frankly recognize that not the method but the application of it is at fault. Especially there should be no mixing of methods, whether those of the department or others. One method should be adopted and followed carefully in canning any given batch of products.

One-Period Cold-Pack Method.

"In the one-period cold-pack method of canning, in particular, canning has been simplified greatly as compared with some other methods. For this very reason every step called for in the directions is essential, and not one should be omitted or performed otherwise than as indicated. Specialists who have worked out and demonstrated this method of canning for the last five years have investigated all reports of the spoilage of products and have found in every case that the trouble was due to faulty equipment, including poor rubbers and containers, to failure to follow the directions carefully, to the use of old or spoiled vegetables or fruits, or to the local occurrence in certain vegetables of unusual spores which prove troublesome even under commercial canning practices. By following the simple directions exactly the specialists themselves have put up with homemade water-bath outfits, without loss, thousands of jars and cans of various products.

"The following points especially should be kept in mind when canning by the one-period cold-pack method: "Test jars, and use only those free from flaw. "Use only good quality live rubber rings. "Use only fresh, sound vegetables or fruits. "Wash products thoroughly. "Blanch in boiling water or live steam—hot water or vapor will not do. "Dip into cold water—not tepid or warm water. "Dip quickly into and out of cold water—do not soak. "Pack into jars immediately—do not let the dipped products stand uncovered while you attend to something else. "Be sure the jars are hot when the product is put into them. They can be kept hot in vessels of boiling water.

"Place the top and rubber on each jar as it is filled—do not wait until all the jars are filled. "Place the jars in boiling (not merely hot) water deep enough to cover them entirely (not merely part way up the side of the jars). "Sterilize for the full time indicated in the directions. Count time after boiling point has been reached. "After sealing, turn jars upside down to cool, so that those with leaky seals may be found easily and so that their contents may be re-sterilized in tight-sealing containers. "Store in a cool place—not in a hot kitchen or attic. "Above all, plan so that you will not be interrupted. Then work quickly and devote your whole attention to the work in hand. Let all other housework go, if possible, until all the jars are in the sterilizer. Any delay in performing the steps between blanching and sterilizing means risk of loss."

Nick Starbone, over at the Bay, is nursing a litter of seven baby rabbits which lost their mother, by using a medicine dropper as the nipple for a diminutive nursing bottle. He is going to succeed in doing his bit to conserve the meat supply.

The Submarine Problem.

We may look for tremendous efforts to break the German line near the coast and roll the enemy back into the interior of Belgium. It is worth while for the British to risk the heaviest losses, for if the German right flank can be turned back from the coast, and if the Allies can hold Ostend and Zeebrugge, the submarine peril will have been reduced perhaps 50 per cent, says the Salt Lake Tribune.

All the world can now understand just how serious was the blow struck at Great Britain when the Germans captured Antwerp and took possession of the Belgian coast. It has permitted the Germans to maintain submarine bases at the very threshold of England and thus to protect the right flank of the German armies. British warships cannot undertake any systematic bombardments of the Belgian coast for fear of the U-boats and also of the countless batteries which have been set up. The only alternative has been to reach the submarines and the batteries from the land side, and this has been an operation of a magnitude unparalleled in the history of war. It is an operation in which the American army, when it is created, will be called upon to assist unless, happily, the present drive attains its object.

Admiral Jellicoe's announcement that Zeebrugge itself is not much of a submarine base, but that the real base is Bruges, about 30 miles up the Bruges canal, will shed a new light on the situation. No doubt the British have known of this for some time, for there have been frequent reports recently of air attacks on Bruges. At the base near Bruges the Germans have constructed strong "dugouts" under the tanks of the canal within which the U-boats can hide in perfect security from bombs.

Deer in the Way of Cars.

Speaking of the beauty of the auto trips by which Bandon may be approached, Fred Lockley says in the Oregon Journal:

"The Seven Devils road winds through heavy timber along the coast line, frequent glimpses of the surf or rocky shore being had through the trees. The road is full of sharp hair-pin curves and figure eights. One of the unusual features of this ride, particularly by night, is the fact that you are very apt to run across one or more deer in the road. The bright light of the auto headlights dazzles them. As the light approaches, the shadow of the deer is thrown into vivid relief. Oddly enough this seems to be more terrifying to the deer than the lights of the auto. In trying to escape from their own shadow the deer will, in place of running, leap high in the roadway until it is leaping five or six feet high. Occasionally they become confused and back into the auto. During the past few weeks one of the drivers on the auto stages between Coquille and Bandon had, on eight runs, bumped into four deer. "The country around Bandon is a veritable happy hunting ground for the sportsman and angler. Bandon is the gateway to Curry county and nowhere in the United States will you find a wilder, more remote or less developed district than Curry county. The ranchers build nine-foot fences to keep the deer out of their gardens. Bear, deer, cougar, bobcats and other game are abundant. The streams of Curry county are fished but little, on account of the inaccessibility of the district, and as a consequence one can fill his creel with gamey brook trout in a few hours. "The sea coast from Bandon southward almost to the California line is of rare beauty, being rugged and picturesque. Some day the Bandon district will be the mecca of tourists and summer vacationists."

County Payments for July.

For the month of July 852 warrants were drawn by the county clerk's office, totalling \$52,909.55. Segregated these warrants were drawn as follows: 239 on the general fund, 408 on the county road fund and 205 on the road bond fund. The amounts of the road bond warrants was \$22,293.91; on the special road fund \$3,281.68; on the general road fund \$3,949.47; on the road district funds \$16,055.89. Warrants for \$26 were drawn as scalp bonnettes for July. The balance of the \$52,909.55 was drawn from the general fund against the following accounts: registration and election, \$6.00; salaries and expenses of offices, \$2,900.30; court house expenses, including salary of janitor, \$163.70; circuit court, \$52.80; justice courts, \$36.35; insane, \$26.50; county school superintendent, \$165.05; vital statistics, \$33.55; indigent soldiers, \$129.60; widows' pensions, \$652.50; care of poor, \$1,238.07; jail, including board of prisoners, \$124.45; juvenile court, \$91.50; and miscellaneous, \$1,461.50.

County Payments for July.

For dedication of the new Moore Hall at Powers, Sunday, August 26th, a special train will run from North Bend and Marshfield, leaving Coquille about 8 a. m. and leaving Powers that night on the return trip at 8 p. m.

Anybody Can Unlock Them.

Contractor Burns, the man who is said to have stolen that he was willing to wager \$100 that he man could open the doors of the Coos county jail unless he had the master key or the regular key for the same, was certainly wise when he confined his risk to words only as it has been satisfactorily proven the past week that it is but an idle boast.

Members of the sheriff's office force, either the jailer or one of the deputies, Saturday found a small bunch of wire inside the jail and upon a careful investigation it was found to be so bent and twisted that it will unlock any of the doors of that "prisoner proof domicile." George O. Leach, one of the clerks in the office, after a few moments' practice became so adept that it took him less than one minute to open the outside door and even less time to handle the cell doors.

And this is still further proof that Raley and Weidner are in the jail merely because they wish to be there and not because of any precautions it is possibly for the sheriff or the jailer to take to keep them there. The young men say they wish to have their trial and be acquitted of the charge placed against them. They also say that this will be far better for them than to escape from the jail and have to always in future avoid re-arrest for the crime of embezzlement which they seem assured they can be acquitted of if tried on the charge.

Through their attorney, L. A. Liljeqvist, an effort will soon be made to raise the necessary bond so they may be released until the date of their trial is set. They say they will work on the roads of the county and will remain in call of the county seat until such a date is set. Their bail has been placed at \$500.

Boys Sheep Club.

We have had many boys' clubs to stimulate interest in hogs, poultry, farm crops, etc., but we have overlooked one of the most important and profitable additions to the average farm—the sheep. Yet, the sheep is the most important factor in supplying two very important needs of humanity, food and clothing.

There are few farms that cannot profitably raise a few sheep. In order to stimulate the sheep industry, thereby increasing our supply of wool and meat, the Bradley Knitting company, of Delavan, Wisconsin, is organizing the "Bradley Sheep Club." They will put flocks of bred ewes in every state in the Union. Boys to be eligible must be between the ages of thirteen and seventeen, and live on a farm where no sheep are kept at present. The sheep will be distributed to boys who best answer questions pertaining to sheep raising. In order to inform boys who have had no practical experience in sheep raising, the Bradley Knitting company will mail, free, a sixteen-page booklet, edited by Mr. Anthony Gould of the American Sheep Breeder. This book covers the industry from start to finish. Write for it. Do your part to help preserve the supply of that precious staple—wool—of which we produce only half of our consumption. It is the patriotic duty of every one to assist in the "More Sheep—More Wool" movement, and for years to come large profits from wool and mutton are assured.

We will enter your application for the Bradley Sheep Club—we want every boy in this vicinity to get the book "More Sheep—More Wool." Come in and let us give you particulars.

We Are Builders and Burners.

When the French commission left the United States one of its notable members said, "You are the greatest nation of builders and burners that the world has ever seen."

Builders and burners. We have built buildings and gardens the size of which make the pyramids of Egypt and the hanging gardens of old, children's playthings. We have spanned the seas with our wires and the oceans greet each other through the work of our hands.

Builders are we, master builders. We are burners, too. The fire loss of Italy is scarcely twelve cents per capita. The fire loss of France is scarcely fifty cents per capita. The fire loss of the United States is over \$2.50 for every man, woman and child each year.

Builders are we and burners. The fire waste of America would pay our national debt in ten years. Our yearly waste is greater than our yearly output of gold, wheat and cotton combined.

We are a nation that bakes a loaf, eats the center, and throws away the crust. But we have reached the end of our prodigality. We have burned our forests. We have burned more human lives in twenty years than were lost in the war with Spain.

We have wasted enough money in fifty years to meet the English war debt. Builders and burners we are.

Will Turn on the Light.

All the light that publicity can give is to be turned on applications for exemption or discharge from military service under the draft.

The United States government believes a man's neighbors can sometimes supply some interesting information as to the real motives behind an application for exemption or discharge. So the government is taking steps to see that the neighbors, and the public generally, have every opportunity to find out, through the newspapers, what men have asked exemption, and the reasons they have assigned for asking it.

To insure the necessary publicity, all exemption boards, by direction of the provost marshal general at Washington, have received positive instructions from the adjutant general at Portland immediately to make available to the press the names of all persons claiming exemption or discharge and the grounds on which such claims are based.

If any person has information contrary to the facts as alleged by the claimant, the government representative—who usually is the county attorney—will investigate.

If he finds the claimant has wrongly stated the facts, the government representative will inform the local board, and, if necessary, carry the case on appeal to the district board.

Thus the interests of other men who would be called up for service ahead of their proper time if exemptions were granted to men ahead of them not entitled to exemption, will be protected.

In explaining the reasons for making this order to local boards, the provost marshal general said in part:

"The names of all registered men are on a list arranged in the order in which they will be called for military service. Wherever any registered person imposes upon a local board and improperly secures a certificate of exemption or discharge, he advances the time of call of all other un-called persons on the list. "For this reason every registered person and, to some extent, every person in the community is more or less directly interested in seeing that the true facts are brought to the attention of the government."

Thrills Without Number.

There are countless thrills, two unusual love stories, a powerful theme of a good woman's sacrifice for the glory of her nation, immense spectacles, magnificent pageants, some exceptionally beautiful dancing girls and remarkable photography in the six-act super-production, "Her Condoned Sin," which comes to the Scenic Theatre on Monday, Aug. 27. The cast of this remarkable picture, which was made by D. W. Griffith, the producer of "Intolerance," "The Birth of a Nation" and others of the world's greatest cinema spectacles, includes such stars as Mae Marsh, Robert Harron, Blanche Sweet, Dorothy and Lillian Gish and Henry B. Walthall. "Her Condoned Sin" is regarded by many critics as the most remarkable play of recent years.

He Has the Boose Cashed.

W. J. Ritz appeared before City Recorder Butler, of Marshfield, Wednesday morning and entered a plea of guilty of violating the city liquor ordinance, the charges having been filed by Marshal Carter and Constable Cox, who raided his offices in his residence in North Marshfield the day before and secured 20 quarts of Old Sage whiskey and 52 bottles of beer.

In pleading guilty, Mr. Ritz said that he wished to inform the court that he had never sold any liquor for profit. He said that the liquor which the officers took from his place was

ANSCO CAMERAS & SPEEDY FILM



Carry the AnSCO Vest-Pocket No. 9 in your pocket as you do your watch, and by following directions you will miss but few good shots.

It is the only self-opening camera in the world. Press the buttons and the camera front jumps out—ready for use.

See our line of AnSCO Cameras, Speedy Film, Cyls, Paper and supplies.

FUHRMAN'S PHARMACY

HEATERS.

Our Fall Heaters have arrived and those who are wise will take advantage of the early market.

These stoves were bought several months ago and there has since been several advances in stove prices and you will get the advantage of the early buy. We carry the famous

COLE HEATER

H. O. ANDERSON

Furniture and Hardware

some he had brought in the day before from a secret cache on the Seven Devils road where he had a supply for the bone dry era.

Recorder Butler said that in view of the circumstances, he would be as lenient as possible and make the fine only \$100. Mr. Ritz paid it promptly. —Times.

Perhaps a word from the reader might induce a neighbor or friend to enroll himself on the Sentinel list. Try it.

Calling cards 100 for \$1.00.

M. E. and M. E. South.

The notice given in the pupils of the two M. E. churches last Sunday evening announcing of a union service for next Sunday has been recalled, owing to inability to secure a speaker. There will be a union service at the M. E. church Sunday evening, with a community sing and the reading of popular short sermons.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at the M. E. church South.

Regular services as usual on Sunday, August 27.

Presbyterian Church.

Teaching service from 10 to 11 a. m.

St. James Episcopal Church.

There will be no services during the month of August. They will be resumed on Sunday, September 2nd. Notice will be given through the local press.

Rev. Frederick G. Jennings, Vicar.

Christian Church.

Bible School at 10 a. m.

Preaching services at 11 a. m.

Y. P. S. C. E. at 7:00 p. m.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8 p. m.

Victor P. Morris, minister.

Christian Science Society.

Services next Sunday at 11:00 a. m.

Subject, "Soul."

Wednesday evening meeting at 8 o'clock.

Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

Free public reading room open every day, except Sundays and holidays, from 2 to 4 p. m.

Cornor Third and Hall streets.

Catarhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarhal Deafness that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. Circulars free. All Druggists use. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

BARGAINS IN TOWELS

A large and complete shipment of Bath and Hand Towels just received. We bought them right and can offer you splendid bargains on towels of extra good quality.

Bath Towels - 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c
Hand Towels - 10c, 20c, 25c
Wash Rags - 10c

ALL KINDS OF SOAP

RACKET STORE

MRS. BONNIE WALKER, Prop.

Hereafter all automobile and repair work must be settled for before it leaves the garage. A. A. Faul.

Ned C. Kelley

INSURANCE

Fire Life Accident

Want Ads

One Cent a Word Each Insertion

LOST—A child's silk cap on the street. Finder please return to this office.

FOR RENT—Partly furnished or unfurnished six room house near school house. See Mrs. E. T. Lowe, Coquille, Oregon. P. O. Box 85.

FOR SALE—Bred Duroc Jersey sows. Farrow in September. Phone 986. O. L. Smallwood, Coquille. 31tf

FOR SALE—A No. 1 Lease all equipped. C. O. King, Gravel Ford, Ore. Phone 43x7. 31tf

YOUNG GRADE PERCHERON teams for sale. Four miles up the river from Coquille on west side. Andrew Anderson. 31td

LOST—an automobile robe between here and Lee on the Norway road, Wednesday night. Finder please leave at the Sentinel office.

FOR SALE—Choice residence property containing 10 acres—three blocks north and two east of court house. Inquire of Matt Kerrigan on the place for terms. Old age reason for selling. 30tf

FOR RENT—Seven room house, electric lights, furniture and stoves in house. Close in. J. E. Quick. Phone 46. 29tf

HOUSE FOR RENT close in. Apply to James Watson. 28tf

CANARY and cage for sale.—Mrs. C. A. Pendleton.

WANTED—Chittam Bark 1017 Peel. Wool & Mohair. Geo. T. Moulton.

WANTED—Second hand furniture. Highest prices paid. Coquille Furniture Co. 21tf

FOR SALE—15 acres, all bottom, one mile from Coquille postoffice; city water. Inquire John Hickam. 9tf.

WANTED—Half ton Oregon Grape root. Geo. T. Moulton.