DEAD AS A SMELT

George W. Perkins, Chairman of the New York City Committee on Food Supply, Finds That Science and Invention Are Forcing Revolutionary Changes in the World's Industrial Relations. Whether We Like It or Not.

T A RECENT public bearing on certain proposed food legislation which Mr. Perkins fav. ered and which recognized the necessity of co-operation some one remarked that the legislation was a violation of the principle of Individualism.

Mr. Perkins retorted, "Individnaffam is as dead as a smelt."

Mr. Perkins' reasons for his belief are outlined in the following article:--

By GEORGE W. PERKINS,

a of Mayor Mitchel's Food

One of the greatest stumbling blocks be progress is the human inclination to



GEORGE W. PERKINS.

desely. We find it difficult to strike sat along entirely new lines. Thomas Jefferson, in his old age.

wrote a letter in which he said --Some men ascribe to the men of the preceding age a wisdom more than husen, and suppose what they did to be be, end amendment. I knew that fof the Revolution | well. I benged to it and labored with it. It erved well of its country. It was

very like the present, but without the experience of the present; and forty years of experience is worth a century of book reading; and this they would say themselves were they to arise from the dead.

Great Changes Taking Place Rapidly.

The changes that occurred from the close of the Revolutionary War to Jefferson's old age made a deep impres sion on his mind; yet as we look back at them from this distance they seem infinitesimal when compared with the changes that have taken place in the world the last quarter of a century and the tremendous changes taking place

George Washington was a representathe of the best type of American a





the only flying machine we know abo

to Now York. It took him cover

wid, where everything is de

nery with which social and be of intercommunication and still add to the laws, the precedents and the book learning of their fathers.

This is OUR great problem. It is

inventor have left us no choice. must adjust our thought and action to new conditions.

The Day of Individualism Gone.

The changes of the last twenty-five ears socially, industrially and scones ically bave been great, yet I bell

I believe these changes are going to deal most largely with the relation chip of man to man.

In this country we have been living individual. It has been the individual istic period, when the order of the de olf and the devil take the hindmost."

We have gloried in the fre

d not affect many people.



"I DO AS I LIKE." -Individualism.

the world together in one centralized community, the act of the individual is simply another expression for lioffer exist.

he pleased without endangering any

But a case of smallpox in the northern end of Manhattan to-day must be quarantined immediately to protect

When I was a boy there was no So ciety for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, and bad any one suggested that a man could not whip his horse as beat his own child as he pleased was

When we were all driving horses and buggles there was no speed limit and man did not bave to procure a House to drive a horse. With the adknow that the man who operates an

Society is finding it necessary to take way much of what has bitherto been alled "freedom of the individual" - In my judgment this process is only in it infancy.

Relation of Capital and Labor

challenged, and I most beartily agree with what Mr. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., said recently at Cornell University to the effect that one of the chief qualithe human quality and ability to adfust differences between expitalist and laborer and to understand their rela-

waer and clave, then came the period of mester and man, then the period of me a decided step forward.

In my judgment we are just new on taring a period of copartnership. where the tool user will be part tool





What is the outlook? Is it -s mal.

been the simighty dellar.

Has the country been benefited by the course they have taken? A very

ige has not been a success, either for the individual, or the community in

on a period where the welfare of the Man's activities will bereafter be

igns of the times so certain as this.

lar—is receding into the background. The man of exceptional ability, of re than ordinary talent, will herepublic work accomplished, and, sec ndarily in wealth acquired.

In place of having it said of him at his death that he left so many hundred bougand dollars it will be said that he endered a certain amount of public ervice and, incidentally, left a certain

Such a goal will prove a far greater satisfaction to him, he will live a more rational, worth while life and he will be doing his share to provide a better

country in which to live. I have two reasons for believing that future conditions will be as I have briefly sketched them:

community through the wonderful deless work of the inventor.

pecially we are entering upon a new loudly for men who will render die interested public service.

interest military training is that it develops in the youth a sense of all around responsibility to his country,

Why a New Ero Co-operation Must Succeed Pure Individualism.

" TTI Intercommunication drawing the world together, the act of an individual can affect a large number of people; therefore that form of freedom which is simply another expression for license to do as one pleases can no longer exist." -GEORGE W. PERKINS.

he had not had military training. He duty and a desire to serve his e and his fellowmen. In recent years we have been bearing

tion is most successful. This is tre

The military training of the youth, is fact, the entire trend of education to Germany is to impress upon the young

Government ownership of railroads may be as desirable in this country as it is in Germany, but we must first come somewhere near the standard of Germany's public servants in efficien-

Look at the spectacle we are pre-senting to the world at this very moent in our pork barrel legislation! Could we afford to have our railroads operated by the same type of public

we are to take our proper place among the nations of the world civilisation, the man of the future must live not for himself alone but

Consideration for one another is speedily becoming a social, industrial

and economic necessity.

Centralization is the order of the day. The telegraph, the telephone, the automobile and the airship are the suses. They have wiped out not only old precedents and customs and national lines as well.

A man living in Boston who wishes to talk to a man living in San Franisco simply rings a bell, puts a little

cisco simply ringe a bell, puts a little instrument to his ear and proceeds to talk. There is hardly a miracle in the Bible more wonderful than this.

The doctrine of "state rights" is being rapidly demolished. The nation is being obliged to assume many of the functions of government heretofore performed by the state, and this tenders. ency is growing. The state, viewed as

with the right to do as it pleases within itself, without regard for other states, can no longer be tolerated.

Only the nation can act in matter that affect interstate relations, and with intercommunication and trans-portation developed to their present stage a considerable percentage of a state's activities are interstate in their effect and cons

The World Is Drawing Together. We must therefore take on a new nationalism. The world has been drawn very closely together by the cable and transatiantic liner, but it is on the verge of being drawn infinitely more closely together by the wireless, the airship and the submarine tele-

When these are practical, everyday and transportation the social practices and the industrial methods of one nation will quickly and seriously affect all other nations. This will require the yielding by nations of certain of their individ prerogatives in order to safeguard and

benefit the world as a whole. it presents problems that are intense ly interesting and of far-reaching im-

The period that is upon us offers large opportunities for individual thought, initiative and action, for constructive work and for constructive statesmanship.

The mighty changes taking place in Europe tell us with unmistakable voice that the reconstruction period is at hand. The man of the future must realize it. He must be ready to adjust himself to the new conditions. He must have sufficient vision, intelligence and courage to cast aside the thods and precedents of a bygone age. He must let the dead past bury its dead. He must not look back to the setting but forward to the rising

Lightening Bugs Had His Goat.

A Roseburg dispatch tells of a good one on the son of Sheriff Quine, of Douglas county. The young man recently enlisted and was sent to Fort Riley, Kansas, for training. A few nights after arrival he awoke late in the night and discovered numerous lights appearing at short intervals in the vicinity of camp, and they appeared so numerous and mysterious that he went but to investigate. He failed to locate them, though they flashed out repeatedly on every side. So he finally played the part of a good soldier and reported the mysterious lights to his superior office who told the young man the flashes came from the fire-flies, or "lightning bugs" as they are called a con sight of a summer night in the east. but a mysterious sight to one from the Pacific coast who had not heard of them and saw them for the first

Strawberries are about gone here for the present but we nave Oregon's famous wild blackberries, raspb ries, loganberries and currents now to take their place.