

BIG LUMBER DEAL ON
UMPUQUA RIVER.

The big paper trust, the International Paper Company, is reported to have secured options on from three to five million dollars worth of timber, mostly spruce, on the lower Umpqua. Speaking of this deal the Coos Bay Harbor says:

"The timber lands in question comprise the last great body of spruce timber on the Pacific coast, with small exceptions. The land lies contiguous to the Umpqua and Smith rivers, from six to ten miles from the sea, and north and south on each side of the Willamette-Pacific railway, ten miles on each side of the Umpqua. Some of the spruce extends eastward from the Willamette-Pacific. The body is very concentrated and can be cut from the land and manufactured at great economic saving. The spruce lands run from two-thirds to three-fourths paper spruce, but the holdings on the Smith river are practically all fir. This timber will be utilized in common with the spruce when the company commences to manufacture, in certain proportions, understood to be small. Altogether, the 100,000 acres contain, according to cruises made in the past, 3,500,000,000 feet board measure, or sufficient to maintain large operations from 25 to 30 years.

Who Owns the Timber

The holdings on which the options are taken are owned by the following firms or corporations: The Gardiner Mill company, 55,000 acres; Coos Bay Lumber company, 27,000 acres; Sparrow and Kroll, of Spokane, 14,000 acres; J. O. Elrod, Portland, 8,000 acres; Reed and Mackay, of Reedsport and Portland, 8,000 acres; Standish and Hickay, San Francisco, 1,000 acres; besides these larger tracts there are a number of holdings which are smaller.

Much Money Expended

An estimate of the returns to owners of the larger tracts is interesting, as based upon the price agreed upon and the amount of timber the cruises show. The Gardiner Mill company, of course, will be paid the most money, owing to the fact it has the most extensive areas in the deal. It is said this concern will obtain for its entire interests on the Umpqua and Smith river over \$1,250,000, while the Coos Bay Lumber company will be paid upwards of \$1,000,000. Even the lesser holdings of Reed and Mackay, who have more than 400,000,000 feet of timber, will bring heavy returns, owing to the nearness of the land to tidewater.

The location of the various tracts is thus distributed: Gardiner Mill company, north and south of the Umpqua, mostly spruce, and some on Smith river; the Smith holdings, mostly south of the Umpqua; Sparrow and Kroll, north of the Umpqua and adjacent to the Willamette-Pacific; Standish and Hickay, south of the river, mostly spruce. The fir timber is owned by J. O. Elrod and lies largely on Smith river.

In this deal is included the Reedsport townsite where the Southern Pacific crosses the Umpqua. The Bay papers forecast in the deal immense castles in the air in the shape of vast paper mills involving an investment of \$2,000,000 or \$3,000,000 in addition to the amount paid for this timber by this fabulously rich paper trust, but that idea was dissipated at once when it was found that the unlimited supply of fresh water need for paper manufacture could not be secured in that section.

However the marketing of three and a half billion feet of timber will keep a big force of men at work for many years. Yet that amount is only about one-sixth as much as the total amount of standing timber in Coos county according to Dennis McCarthy's cruise.

Long Bridge Over Rogue.

The new suspension bridge across Rogue River at Agness is about completed, according to the Gold Beach Reporter. It is said to be the longest bridge of its kind on the coast, if not in the country. Its main span is 365 feet, and 635 feet separates one anchor from the other. The company furnishing the wire guarantees its stability and safety, and will have a representative on the ground to see that it is properly strung. The wire is expected in Rogue River on the Rustler this week, and everything is in readiness to have it put in place.

Wants a Clear Slate.

Cyrus B. Ferris, of North Bend, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, before Referee Schibred. Ferris says he has \$50 worth of household goods which are exempt.

He lists liabilities, grocery, medical and similar bills to the amount of \$247.50 and a cemetery lot on which he owes \$9, and asks to have the slate wiped clean for a new start.

Calling cards 75c per 100 here.

Items From the Bay.

(From the Coos Bay News.)

Engineer Jan. H. Polhemus arrived from Portland Wednesday to inspect government work here and on the Coquille.

Liquor shipments were numerous last week, preparatory to the drought that is anticipated when "bone dry" goes into effect.

A resolution has been introduced in the legislature making land within a radius of two miles of the city limits a game preserve.

There was a rise of six feet in North Coos river at Allegany Sunday morning, caused by the rain of Saturday and Saturday night.

Florence, on the Stuslaw, is to have a shingle mill. W. D. Hull expects to have a mill running there within 60 days, with a capacity of 100,000 shingles a day.

Phillip Bros., who operate cars between Marshfield and North Bend, on Saturday announced a 5 cent fare. Gorst & King up to the present have not met the cut.

Hugh McLain has been appointed vice president for Oregon of the National Rivers & Harbors Congress. He will fill the vacancy caused by the death of J. W. Bennett, of Marshfield.

Ralph Barker was here from the Cape Arago section Wednesday with a cart load of rutabagas, hauled by an ox team. The outfit was a reminder of pioneer days and attracted much attention on the streets.

On Wednesday evening in Recorder Butler's court a jury found Otto Richter, of North First street, guilty of having liquor illegally obtained in his possession. He was fined \$70.

It is reported that the keels for two more vessels will soon be laid at the Kruse & Banks' shipyard at North Bend. The vessels will be large steam schooners similar to those recently built at the yard.

The registration of the Bushner Lumber Co's vessels, A. M. Simpson and Hardy, is being changed, and their home port hereafter will be Coos Bay instead of San Francisco. The A. M. Simpson's name will be changed to Martha Bushner.

Andrew Hill, who jumped from the train while coming here from Portland last week, and who was subsequently adjudged insane, escaped Friday while taking a walk with Axel Arnl, a guard, and nothing has since been heard of him. He is supposed to be on his way back to Portland.

A number of bottles of booze, a quantity of which had been seized by the police in bootlegging raids, turned up missing at the station Thursday when Marshal Carter checked up his stock. The liquor was under lock and key, but nevertheless was not as safe as the officers anticipated.

The total enrollment of Marshfield public schools last week was 734. Pupils in the high school building number 416; Central school 278; and Englewood 40. The enrollment in the high school is 160, and the entering class numbers 25. This is the largest enrollment which the Marshfield public schools has ever had.

Clearance papers were issued Monday by H. J. Kimball for the schooner Bertie Minor, which loaded lumber at the Bay Park mill for Hilo. Capt. Pedersen, master of the schooner, says that the vessel is to be kept steadily on the Hawaiian route, and that other vessels will probably also be employed, as North Bend mills have orders for considerable lumber for the islands.

The old Western Union line, via the Coos Bay wagon road, between Marshfield and Roseburg, is being taken down. This line was built in the '70's, under the direction of Frederick Schetter, father of the present local manager, Otto Schetter who succeeded him. The line passed over the mountains through heavy timber, and during winter storms was frequently out of commission, but nevertheless was highly appreciated in early days. The line was used until last summer when the railroad from Eugene to Coos Bay was completed.

15 Lights Under Bushel

There are fifteen business concerns in Glendale that have not got a line of advertising in the Glendale News this week—in fact some of them never do advertise from one year's end to another. But you can safely bet your last red cent that the mail order houses are not asleep. It is simply a case of different business methods. Who's getting the business?—Glendale News.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonic known, combined with the best blood purifier, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CLEMENT & CO., PROP., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, everywhere. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Items From Arago.

The League of the M. E. Church South gave a social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Becket on Fishtrap Saturday night which was well attended and all enjoyed the occasion.

Miss Ivy Williams, a former school teacher on Fishtrap and also in this county, was married to Mr. Frank January 13 at El Centro, California.

Charles Moomaw, of Lyons, Colorado, has been visiting his brother, Ben Moomaw, and family whom he had not seen for thirty years. The new railroad is helping us to see many relatives and friends that the fear of ocean steamers and old stage coaches has kept away.

Ralph Edmunds, whom many will remember as a boy on Fishtrap, is now located at Idaho Falls, Idaho, as a successful lawyer and is also called "the Idaho big game hunter." Last October he was on a trip in the Casiar district of British Columbia seeking specimens of the biggest and best that prolific land affords. He writes exclusively for the Outdoor Life magazine and an article and his picture in hunting suit and equipment was published in the October number and further articles entitled "Game Fields de Luxe," accompanied by photographs taken by Mr. Edmunds of his hunting trips will appear in later numbers of the magazine.

L. A. Pinkston lost a good cow last week.

The river has not overflowed its banks yet this winter but it looks as if it would soon, the water being very high and snow on the distant mountains being seen from here. There was also a sprinkling of snow here, just enough to make everything beautiful for a short time.

Yesterday the county clerk's office received 15 wild cat pelts on which there is a \$2 bounty. Only 30 were punched at the office for January.

NOTICE OF SALE ON FORECLOSURE.

NOTICE is hereby given that under and by virtue of an execution and order of sale issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Coos, on the 19th day of January, 1917, in a certain cause wherein S. K. Gulliford is plaintiff and E. H. Kern and Mary E. Kern, husband and wife, are defendants, commanding me to make the sum of \$223.50 with interest thereon at the rate of 10% per annum from the 11th day of January, 1917, and an attorney fee of \$25.00, and costs and disbursements taxed at \$10.20, and costs upon said execution out of the herein after described real property. I will, on Saturday, the 3rd day of March, 1917, at the hour of Ten o'clock, in the forenoon of said day at the front door of the County Court House, in the City of Coquille, Coos County, Oregon, offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, all of the right, title and interest of the said defendants in and to the following described real property, to-wit: Lots One and Two in block Sixty-four in Elliott's Addition to Coquille City, Coos County, Oregon, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the County Clerk of said Coos County, Oregon. Said sale being made subject to redemption in the manner provided by law.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1917.

W. W. Gage,
Sheriff of Coos County, Oregon.



**New Home
Users
—ARE—
Quality
Choosers**

For Sale by
M. J. HARTSON
COQUILLE OREGON

New Home Sewing Machine Company
San Francisco California

In the Name of God the Father

LET US STOP THE SLOW STARVATION OF 1,000,000 BELGIAN CHILDREN

After two years and a half beneath the upper and nether millstones of war, the Belgium people find themselves facing a new peril—the slow starvation of more than one million children.

The meagre rations that have barely sufficed for adults have proved insufficient for growing children. There are 1,250,000 of these children who are directly dependant upon the food supplied by the Commission for Relief in Belgium. The ration with which that Commission has been able to supply is less than is provided to British prisoners in Germany, less than that provided German prisoners in England and about two-thirds that supplied to poorhouses of England by the British Government. It is enough to keep body and soul together in an adult. It is not enough to even do that for the growing children. It consists of "a hunk of bread and a bowl of broth each day" and it costs about six cents

One million Belgian children must have an extra ration each day or they are going to die of slow starvation. This extra ration consists of a biscuit made of lard or fat and a cup of cocoa. THAT IS ALL; but it is enough to arrest the degeneration of the growing child. THAT IS ALL; but it is enough to check the ravages of tuberculosis, rickets and other diseases that have begun to develop with alarming rapidity among the un nourished children. THAT IS ALL; but it means the difference between life and death, between continued vitality and slow starvation. One biscuit a day! "A little more, and oh, how much it is!"

One dollar a month will supply this extra ration and save a child. The appeal comes to the United States to furnish that money and save these children. It comes from Herbert Hoover, chairman of the Commission for Relief of Belgium. It comes from the Pope, in a letter to Cardinal Gibbons. It comes from American Physicians (Dr. Lucas, of the University of California, is one of them) who have made examinations of these children for the Commission. It is an appeal that comes from the most distressed nation on earth to the wealthiest nation the sun ever shone upon.

How in God's Name Can Such Appeal Be Disregarded?

Think of it, you Americans who read this, you fathers and mothers of growing children! The Controller of the Currency, in Washington, a few days ago proclaimed the wealth of the United States as 220 billions of dollars. On the first day of this new year one single industry—the railways—had \$412,000,000 to be paid out as interest due that day on railway bonds. For two and one-half years (nearly) Belgium, formerly "the beehive of Europe," has been rescued from destruction at a cost of over \$200,000,000, and the United States has contributed less than \$9,000,000 of this sum. Yet the Commission for Relief in Belgium is composed almost entirely of Americans. It works under the American flag. That flag has protected its workers, protected the trucks that carried the provisions, protected the ships that brought them. All through the towns and villages of Belgium, the people in gratitude took bits of yarn and cotton and made small American flags, colored them with paints and dyes, pinned or sewed them to their ragged garments, and wore them proudly week after week. It is to America that their hearts have gone out. Yet while France and England have been between them providing \$7,000,000 a month for the support of Belgium; the people of the United States have contributed less than \$9,000,000 in two years. While scores of Americans have been devoting their whole time to the work of the relief, without a dollar of recompense—some of them were capable of earning the highest salaries paid—winning for their country and flag imperishable honor and gratitude, the support they have received from their own countrymen has been pitifully inadequate. For all the distressed people of Europe, Asia and Africa, according to the Comptroller of Currency, we have contributed, since the war began, less than one-twentieth of one per cent of our aggregate income. That is to say, we have diverted one dollar out of \$2,000 of income to the relief of such distress as the world has never before seen. And in this same time, provisions for the Belgians alone have been purchased from this country to the amount of over \$100,000,000, according to the official documents of the Relief Commission.

The Children of Belgium for whom this Appeal is Made

Under 3 years of age	465,000
Between 3 and 7	609,000
Between 7 and 12	771,000
Between 12 and 17	730,000
Total	2,575,000

Of these 1,250,000 are directly dependant upon the Commission for Relief in Belgium. For more than two years they have been upon less than poorhouse rations. They must have more. America must give it to them.

What will Coos County do to save the Belgian children?

It is not generally understood that, even in times of peace, Belgium has to import 78 per cent of her breadstuffs. Even in normal conditions she produces but 22 per cent. The harvest of 1914 was never reaped. The American commissioners all testify that those Belgians who have means have done and are doing their utmost in relief-work. It is "up to" America to save these million starving children, if they are to be saved—to give a biscuit a day as a supplementary meal, in addition to the less than poorhouse rations now received.

\$12 will give that extra meal to One Child for a year

The SENTINEL appeals for contributions in sums of \$100, \$50, \$25, \$10, \$5, \$3, \$2, \$1, or anything you can contribute and get your friends to help make up the total. All gifts will be acknowledged in our columns. Every cent of every dollar will go to the feeding of a Belgian child. Not a cent will be deducted anywhere along the line for postage or clerical help or transportation or administrative expenses. All the money will be applied to the purpose for which it is given, through the Commission for Relief in Belgium.

Let the response be quick and prompt and generous. The SENTINEL will start the list by taking care of eight children for one year—\$100. Remember, \$12 will save a Belgian child from slow starvation. HELP US TO RAISE ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS. Readers of the SENTINEL should do that, and do it quickly. How many children will YOU save from slow starvation during the year 1917. Ten? Five? Three? One? It is time for Americans to show the whole world the size of their hearts.

Make all checks, money orders or other remittance payable to the BELGIAN CHILDREN'S FUND, and make them as large as possible, and address all letters to

COQUILLE VALLEY SENTINEL, Coquille, Oregon