

SEMI-WEEKLY HERALD.

Vol. 22: No. 49

COQUILLE, COOS COUNTY, OREGON, DECEMBER 30, 1904.

\$2.00 PER YEAR

Entered as second-class matter July 8, 1904, at the postoffice at Coquille, Oregon, under act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Walter Culin, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
COQUILLE CITY, ORE.
Kronenberg Bldg. Telephone 3.
Next Door to P. O.

Stanley & Burns,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Real Estate, Collections,
Specialties—Criminal and U. S. Land
Cases, Notaries Public.
COQUILLE, OREGON.

Geo. Russell, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office in RUSSELL PHARMACY.
Calls promptly answered day or night.
Phone, main 136.
Coquille, : : : Oregon.

A. J. Sherwood,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Coquille, : : : Oregon

Walter Sinclair,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Coquille, : : : Oregon.

I. Hacker,
ABSTRACTOR OF TITLES,
COQUILLE CITY, ORE

Hall & Hall,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Dealer in REAL ESTATE of all kinds.
Marshfield, Oregon.

J. Curtis Snook, D. D. S.
DENTIST.
Office two doors south Odd Fellow's Hall
Will make Bandon a professional visit
the first Monday in each quarter.
Coquille, Oregon.

E. D. Sperry. W. C. Chase.
SPERRY & CHASE,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in Robinson Building,
Coquille, Oregon.

E. G. D. Holden,
LAWYER,
City Recorder, U. S. Commissioner, Gen-
eral Insurance Agent, and Notary
Public. Offices in Robin-
son Building.
Coquille, Oregon.

A. F. Kirshman,
DENTIST.
Office at Residence, one block east of
Tuttle Hotel.
Coquille Oregon.

COQUILLE RIVER STEAMBOAT CO.
Str. DISPATCH
Tom White, Master.

Leaves Arrives
Bandon 7 A.M. Coquille 10 A.M.
Coquille 1 P.M. Bandon 4 P.M.
Connects at Coquille with train for Marshfield
and steamer Echo for Myrtle Point.

Str. FAVORITE
J. C. Moorman, Master.

Leaves Arrives
Coquille 7 A.M. Bandon 10:45 A.M.
Bandon 1 P.M. Coquille 4:45 P.M.

Str. RETA
Alva Lee, Master.

Leaves Arrives
Coquille 1 P.M. Bandon 5 P.M.
Bandon 7 A.M. Coquille 11 A.M.

Coquille River Transportation Co.
Str. LIBERTY
W. R. Panter, Master.

Leaves Arrives
Bandon 7 A.M. Coquille 10 A.M.
Coquille 1 P.M. Bandon 4 P.M.

Str. ECHO
T. W. McCloskey, Master.

Leaves Arrives
Myrtle Point 7 A.M. Coquille City 9:30 A.M.
Coquille City 1 P.M. Myrtle Pt. 4:00 P.M.
Daily except Sunday.

Hoodlums in College.

The encouragement of the spirit of lawlessness bordering upon anarchy at Columbia University is a disgrace to the management of that institution. Compromising with crime, the members of the faculty acknowledge their own incompetence and bring discredit upon higher education by admitting that college training at Columbia does not make good citizens. In conceding to the criminal any right other than that of a fair and impartial trial and punishment commensurate with the offense the faculty has fostered the spirit of disregard for personal rights.

Kingdon Gould, a freshman, was set upon by a gang of hoodlums who were members of the sophomore class. He fled until it became apparent that he could not escape, and then, turning upon his pursuers he drew a revolver and threatened to shoot anyone who should advance further in the attack. Though his warning was disregarded, he merely shot over the heads of his assailants and in the confusion found an avenue of escape. Four members of the mob were brought before the faculty, found guilty and suspended, whereupon the entire sophomore class held a meeting and voted to leave the school in a body if the faculty should carry out its determination. With a shameful display of instability the faculty receded from its position, left the entire matter in the hands of the students and made other concessions which tend to breed contempt for lawful authority.

The chief cause for regret in this disreputable affair is that Gould did not furnish material for a funeral. The determined exercise of the rights of an American citizen to defend himself would have done more to discourage hazing than all the lectures that could be given and all the rules that could be established. When a man is attacked without provocation and while in the exercise of his lawful rights, he is not bound to retreat or submit to indignities and injuries. It is his right to defend himself, even to taking the life of his assailant, and if there are college students who have not learned this first principle of American liberty they are hopelessly wanting in human intelligence. No one could do the country harm by shortening their earthly careers.

Only cowards will band together in overpowering numbers to inflict injury upon a helpless victim. Having no self-respect, they have no regard for the rights of others. Devoid of the sense of justice and actuated by the propensities of brutes, they have less honor than a Hottentot or a Sioux. Unworthy of the liberty of a land of the free, they seek to set aside law and overthrow government. Their removal to another world in the midst of their deeds of violence would be good riddance of bad rubbish.—Oregonian.

We are getting improvements in our language every day from our distinguished officials. Senator Platt has added to the dictionary the word "rotabiles," meaning men over twenty-one. Senator Lodge startled the Senate the other day by alluding to the return of tourists as "post liminious." Congressman Sperry of Connecticut called certain lizards "ambiguous animals," President Roosevelt in his speech introducing Parson Wagner, gave to the word "either" the pronunciation first, of "eyther" then "eether." When conversing with Bourke Cockran he probably says "ayther."

"I was much afflicted with sciatia," writes Ed C. Nud, Iowaville, Sedgwick Co., Kan., "going about about on crutches and suffering a deal of pain. I was induced to try Balland's Snow Liniment, which relieved me. I used three 50c bottles. It is the greatest liniment I ever used; have recommended it to a number of persons; all express themselves as being benefited by it. I now walk without crutches, able to perform a great deal of light labor on the farm. 25c, 50c, \$1.00. Sold by R. S. Knowlton.

Profit-Sharing With Employees.

Several leading Chicago firms will divide over a million dollars at the end of the year among their employees, one firm thus disbursing \$250,000. This is done on the principle of profit-sharing, which is slowly coming into vogue, and merits unqualified approval. The members of these firms or corporations, the employers, at the end of every year figure up their profits and divide them with their employees. In some cases the amounts received by the workmen as a Christmas gift amounts to 10 per cent of their year's wages. If a man has earned \$1,000 during the year he gets a present of \$100; if his wages amount to \$700, he gets \$70 extra, and so on.

This is not the result of any pressure on the part of the employees, nor of a purely charitable impulse or disposition on the part of the employers. It is done partly, no doubt, in some instances at least, because it is ethically the right thing to do, because it is in accordance with the chief commandment, obedience to which brings a richer reward than money; but it is done mostly because it pays to be thus fair, just and even liberal with employees.

The workingman who knows that if his employer succeeds and prospers and makes a good profit, the employe will receive a portion of the profit, not as charity, but as his due, will do better and more faithful work than the employe who has no such inducement before him. The employer's interest is his interest, and he is working not only for his employer but for himself. He is in a limited but an important sense a partner in the concern. He has nothing to say in dictating its policy, making its contracts or managing its business, but he has a vital interest in its success, in which he will be a sharer.

Some railroads, notably the Pennsylvania railroad, look out for their employes' interests in another practical way, by pensioning them when they become old, or after a certain number of years of faithful service. Thus the men are in a large measure relieved from worry or care about what will become of them or their families if they should not be able to lay up a competence during their working years.

This policy, and the spirit which prompts it, on the part of large and prosperous business institutions, is entitled to ecumium and encouragement. When such a practice becomes general strikes and lockouts will be few and far between, and our standard of citizenship will be higher.—Portland Journal.

A traveling man who drove across the country to a little town in western Kansas the other day met a farmer hauling a wagon load of water.

"Where do you get water?" he asked.
"Up the road about seven miles," the farmer replied.
"And you haul water seven miles for your family and stock?"
"Yep."
"Why in the name of sense don't you dig a well?" asked the traveler.
"Because it is just as far one way as the other, stranger."—Denver Republican.

Ella Wheeler Wilcox has done a good deal by her wisdom in prose and verse to make the American tolerable and even readable. Here is a bit: "Woman is rapidly pushing herself to a position where man will regard her with less consideration in her time of trial. The fact is already shown in public conveyances, where he is no longer solicitous for her comfort and health. One man gives a woman a seat now in a crowded vehicle where a hundred sprang to their feet twenty years ago. It is the egotism, the vanity, the pity and the reverence in man which make him so much more sympathetic toward a woman criminal than toward a sinner of his own sex." These are truths which need to be spoken often.

A piano for sale on easy terms. Will take part in trade. Enquire at this office.

Another Mammoth Exhibition Palace.

Portland, Dec. 27.—In order to provide for the best of the overwhelming array of exhibitors who wish to participate in the Lewis and Clark Exposition, it has been necessary to make a re-adjustment of the exhibit buildings and to provide for 30,000 square feet of additional space. This space will be added to the new exhibit palace recently provided by the executive board, so that the building will contain 90,000 feet of floor space, and equal in size to the Agricultural Palace, the largest building at the Exposition. With this additional space it will be possible to provide for all exhibitors.

The new structure will be known as the Palace of Manufactures, Liberal Arts, and Varied Industries. It will be located near the Plaza of States, due east of the Agricultural Palace. The cost will be about \$50,000, and bids for the construction work will be called for at an early date.

The re-adjustment made necessary by the overwhelming demand for exhibit space will result in the Foreign Exhibits building, being given over exclusively to Oriental exhibitors, instead of being used to house the displays from all nations, as was originally the plan. In this building will be the exhibits from Siam, Corea, East Indies, Turkey, Algeria, Persia, Egypt, Japan and China. The building formerly designed for Liberal Arts will be called the European building, and will contain exhibits from Great Britain, Germany, France, Italy, Russia, Denmark, Sweden, Austria, Switzerland, Hungary and Belgium. The educational exhibit will be located in the new Palace of Manufactures, Liberal Arts and Varied Industries.

Magnificent Statuary For the Fair.

Portland, Dec. 27.—Statuary valued at \$2,500,000 is the magnificent gift of St. Louis to the Lewis and Clark Centennial. This represents the cream of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition statuary, and will add an element of beauty to the Exposition that nothing else could give.

The statuary was selected a few days ago by Oscar Huber, director of works, who went to St. Louis for the purpose. Notable among the sculptors whose works are represented in the selection are Borglum, Vaudell, Frederic Remington, Weinman, Bitner, Lopez and Ruckstuhl. In selecting the statues care was taken to secure only such pieces as would harmonize with the Western World's Fair. The titles of some of the works selected bear out this. They are: "Group of Buffalo," "Sioux Chief," "Resting Cowboy," "Step to Civilization," "Destiny of the Red Man," "Cherokee Chief," "Four Neptunes," "Captains Meriwether Lewis and William Clark," "Thomas Jefferson," "Daniel Boone," "Pioneer Seeking Shelter," "Buffalo Dance."

One of the cowboy groups will probably be placed at the main entrance, just in front of the Colonnade. This group, by Remington, shows four cowboys, mounted on Western ponies, shooting off their pistols into the air. The statue is done in staff, but will receive a covering of bronze before being placed in position.

The campaign for the restoration of the whipping post for the punishment of wife beaters goes merrily on. "Some objections are raised. Nobody distinctly advocates wife beating as an improving diversion; though, as an Iowa editor frankly remarks, "Such a law would be awful rough on some of us." A few seem to regard the whipping post as brutalizing, but is it any worse to whip a man than to hang him? "Odds bodikin," as Hamlet observes. "Use every man after his desert, and who shall scape a whipping?"

Any school district in need of an experienced teacher can be put in communication with one by enquiring at this office.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

The copper bulls are charging it up to profit and loss, while the bears are crediting it to the Lawson prophet.

Is Boston the headquarters of the civil service millenium? One J. M. Curley, now serving a term in Boston jail under conviction in the Federal court for defrauding the United States government by impersonating another man in a civil service examination, was re-elected alderman on Tuesday, receiving the third highest number of votes cast in a list of thirteen aldermen elected. Is this a record at which American Athenians can point with pride.

A striking feature of the election is the insignificant vote in the South. Ohio lost a million votes, while the nine states along the extreme southern border cast only 800,000 altogether including third parties. People in every section know perfectly well that this is not a normal or healthful condition.

Good-bye candle lantern! A little pocket searchlight has been invented, costing only \$2.00, including the electric battery to be recharged every two months at a cost of 25 cents. Henceforth the girls can go home from singing school alone.

Joe Beasley of Middlesboro, Ky., is in jail because he refused to surrender an accordion which he received in exchange for his wife, after the other man had repented of his bargain. He probably wanted to play under the other man's window.

The total republican plurality in the election was 2,546,470—the largest ever obtained at any presidential election in the United States, larger than Grant's or McKinley's.

In a short time the Chinese population of the United States will become extinct. During the last ten years they have diminished from 126,778 to 112,050. In the fiscal year ending June 30, 1903 more than 4,000 voluntarily left San Francisco for the land of their birth. A generation ago there were 40,000 Chinamen in San Francisco; now there are less than 10,000.

The cable tells us that Russians are driven to desperation and main themselves rather than go into the army. Forty years ago some Americans on both sides of the line cut off trigger fingers to avoid the draft. Same old story.

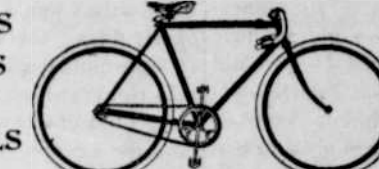
If the disembodied inhabitants of horse heaven had had a meeting lately they can probably express their opinion of Senator Hale of Maine, who violently tore up a temporary railroad in Washington because his aristocratic team shied at it, and threw the burden of transportation again upon hundreds of wretched government horses which had been superseded by the iron horse in the interests of humanity. What is it that the poet says about "cruel pride"?

Six miles of freight cars loaded with the products of the mills in the lower Monongahela valley, block the yards of the Homestead plant. The railroads are seriously handicapped in the way of motive power. If relief is not forthcoming soon some of the mills will have to shut down. This is a most remarkable state of affairs, and indicates what a vast amount of iron material is wanted by the country. It doesn't look like hard times.

Coughing Spell Causes Death.

"Harry Duckwell, aged 25 years, choked to death early yesterday morning at his home, in the presence of his wife and child. He contracted a slight cold a few days ago and paid but little attention to it. Yesterday morning he was seized with a fit of coughing which continued for some time. His wife sent for a physician but before he could arrive, another coughing spell came on and Duckwell died from suffocation.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat, Dec. 1, 1901." Ballard's Horehound Syrup would have saved him. 25c, 50c and \$1.00. For sale by R. S. Knowlton

Knowlton's Drug Store
Is Displaying a choice
Line of Kodak Goods.
Coquille, Oregon.

RAMBLERS TRIBUNES AND MITCHELLS  **NEW, LATEST AND Best Wheels Out**
Rare Bargains in Second-Hand Wheels. Wheels to Rent. Repairing Done on Short Notice.
ALBERT FISH,
East End of Front St. COQUILLE, OREGON
A. J. SHERWOOD, Pres. R. E. SHINE, Vice Pres. L. H. HAZARD, Cashier

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF COQUILLE, OREGON.
Transacts a General Banking Business
Board of Directors: R. C. Dement, A. J. Sherwood, National Bank of Commerce, New York City
L. Harlocker, L. H. Hazard, Crocker Woolworth N1 Bank, San Francisco
Isiah Hacker, R. E. Shine, First Nat'l Bank of Portland, Portland, Or.

MRS. BERTHA PAYNE,
COQUILLE, OREGON.
Dealer in Fancy and Ladies' Furnishing Goods. Also a complete line of Seasonable Millinery.

FOX BROS.
GENERAL DRAYING.
COQUILLE, OREGON.
Meets all Boats and Trains. Goods Handled with Care and Dispatch.
AGENT FOR RIVERTON COAL.
WOOD FOR SALE. Leave orders at T. J. Little's Livery Stable.

COQUILLE
Steam Laundry
HONE 116
NOSLER & LYONS
PROPRIETORS
Experienced Help Best of Work Reasonable Rates
Special Rates to Families and Hotels
We make our own soap and know its ingredients. No injurious chemicals used. Our baskets will be left at all the principal points on the river. Goods called for and delivered in Coquille City.

J. B. POINTER,
Coquille, Oregon.
General Draying, Transferring and Delivering.
Orders for Wood Promptly filled.
Leave all orders at P. E. Drane's Meat Market

THE MAN
Who tied the cow's tail to his leg in the process of milking; said she had not dragged him over two miles before he realized he had made a mistake.
How Much Farther
Must you be dragged before you realize you are making a mistake in not using Electric Lights.