

# FALLS CITY NEWS

VOL. XIII

FALLS CITY, OREGON, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1916

No. 4.

## Receiver Finishes Work

J. Goldsmith, Receiver for the Falls City Lumber Company Checks Out and Departs Wednesday Evening

After more than a year's shut-down there now appears reason to hope that the mill will resume operations. J. Goldsmith, of Portland, who has been in charge ever since the shut down, has been called in and departed Wednesday evening. It has been generally understood that so long as Mr. Goldsmith remained there would be little doing; hence fervent prayers were offered, by saint and sinner that he might be taken from our midst. He has gone! That Falls City will return to her old-time prosperity there is no doubt.

## PEACE RECORD

Is President Wilson trying to deceive the voters? Or is his single one-track mind unable to differentiate between what constitutes war and what constitutes peace. When McKinley was President the casualties among the sailors and marines engaged in fighting was 84, of whom 16 were killed and 68 wounded. It was called war then.

Under Wilson, who says he has kept the country out of war, the casualties among the soldiers and sailors engaged in fighting in Mexico, San Domingo and Hayti were 107. At Vera Cruz 19 sailors and marines were killed and 90 wounded. In the Hati campaign four marines were killed, and in the Santo Domingo campaign four marines, including one officer, were killed.

This is how President Wilson has kept the country out of war. More sailors and marines killed in fighting since President Wilson has been "keeping us out of war" than were killed during the whole Spanish-American War, to say nothing about the citizens killed by stray shots across the border. Why doesn't the President tell the truth about it? He can't fool the people when the records of the Navy Department are available.

## HIGH FINANCIERING

The new county bridge near Independence fell of its own weight Wednesday after the false work was removed. The contract price was \$6,300, all of which has been paid and the contractors were not put under bond. So says the Itemizer. Business methods, surely?

## Report of the condition of the Bank of Falls City

at Falls City, in the State of Oregon, at the close of business, Sept. 12th, 1916:

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	\$42,287.29
Bonds and warrants	9,607.97
Furniture, and fixtures	1,730.00
Due from banks (not reserve banks)	8,939.89
Due from approved reserve banks	11,028.67
Checks and other cash items	8.85
Cash on hand	5,470.29
Expenses	102.17
TOTAL	\$79,125.11
LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	15,000.00
Surplus Fund	4,050.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	3,782.59
Postal savings bank deposits	50,211.48
Individual deposits subject to check	528.60
Demand certificates of Deposit	5,862.46
Time and saving deposits	5,862.46
TOTAL	\$79,125.11

State of Oregon, ss.  
County of Polk, ss.  
I, R. G. White, Asst. Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.  
R. G. WHITE, Assistant Cashier.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of Sept. 1916.  
[L.S.] W. F. NICHOLS, Notary Public.  
Commission expires Oct. 6, 1919.  
Correct - Attest:  
Ira J. Mehrling, M. L. Thompson, E. G. White, Directing

## SEEK PROGRESSIVE AND LABOR VOTES ON FALSE CLAIMS

Democrats Posing as the Enactors of Legislation Which the Indisputable Facts Show to Be of Republican Origin.

## AUTHORITY ON SOUND SOCIAL LAW CITES 11 GLARING CASES

Organized Labor Resents This Deception and Running True to Form Will in November as at Many Previous Elections Indignantly Smite Those Who Without Justice Lay Claim to Its Gratitude—Even the Much Touted Federal Reserve Law is Based Entirely on the Statistical Research of a Republican Administration.

That "No class is more instant than labor to condemn and punish those who without foundation lay claim to its gratitude" is the assertion of John Williams, ex-commissioner of labor, apropos of certain false claims set forth by Vance McCormick, Democratic national chairman, in behalf of his party.

Chairman McCormick caused to be published in the New York Times, on July 31, an appeal for Progressive and Labor support, based on "twenty measures enacted by congress while President Wilson has been in the White House," and for which he claims credit for the Wilson administration and asks Progressive approbation. Commenting on this statement, the former commissioner of labor says: "Students and promoters of sound social legislation will do well to examine this list, for it contains a number of items of unusual interest."

"We may well believe that it was with a great deal of pride that Mr. McCormick contemplated the record of his party and that he drew a vivid mental picture of Progressives flocking to the support of Mr. Wilson because of the things claimed on behalf of this administration.

"It is a pity that in the interest of truth, which knows neither Democrat, Progressive nor Republican, we must mar this remarkable statement. Nevertheless it is our duty to call attention to the fact that in his effort to induce support for Mr. Wilson the chairman of the Democratic national committee has fallen into a glaring error. We have no desire to disparage the achievements of the Wilson administration, but we must enter emphatic protest against any attempt to pad the record.

"Mr. McCormick claims twenty measures enacted by congress while President Wilson has been in the White House. This claim we dispute. More than one-half are measures enacted under a Republican administration and were approved by ex-President Taft, and for others the Democratic administration deserves no credit.

"Lest any one think that this is a groundless assertion, we herewith furnish the record, which can easily be verified:

"From among the twenty pieces of legislation cited by Chairman McCormick I select the following:

"(1) Eight hour law on government work. In effect March 1, 1913. Signed by Mr. Taft.

"(2) Eight hour provision for post-office clerks. In effect generally Aug. 24, 1912.

"(3) Eight hour provision applicable to the manufacture of ordinance for the government. In effect Jan. 1, 1913. Signed by Mr. Taft.

"(4) Children's bureau. In effect April 9, 1912. Signed by Mr. Taft.

"(5) Industrial commission law to investigate industrial relations. In effect Aug. 23, 1912. Signed by Mr. Taft.

"(6) The phosphorus match law. Enacted in 1912, effective as to the importation of white phosphorus matches July 1, 1913, and as to the manufacture of such matches July 1, 1913. Signed by Mr. Taft.

"(7) The department of labor law creating a department with a secretary who shall be a member of the president's cabinet. In effect March 4, 1913. Signed by Mr. Taft.

"(8) The parcel post law. In effect Jan. 1, 1913. Signed by Mr. Taft.

"(9) The federal reserve law, which was passed during this administration, is based entirely on the vast work of investigation and compilation done by the monetary commission during the Taft administration and closely follows, except in certain details, the legislation recommended by that commission.

"(10) The eight hour law for the District of Columbia was fathered and

put through by a Republican, Senator La Follette.

"The anti-trust law antedates the Cleveland administration, although President Cleveland never enforced it. From time to time, as with all great legislative acts, it has been necessary to amend or add to it, and the anti-trust law of the Wilson administration was merely such an amendment, a logical development of the original act.

"(11) The Commerce Court was actually abolished during the Taft Administration, although it has not been demonstrated that its abolition was a wise step.

"Any statement hereafter emanating from Mr. McCormick will be subjected to the closest scrutiny. The errors in his first effort are inexcusable and can only arouse resentment among labor men and social workers. No class is more instant than labor to condemn and punish those who without foundation lay claim to its gratitude.

"Will Mr. McCormick explain his padding of the Record?"  
(Signed) JOHN WILLIAMS,  
Ex-Commissioner of Labor, New York State.

## AN UNBIASED VIEW.

Comment in Washington Shows Hughes' Speeches Have Concrete Effect.

From Washington correspondence New York Evening Post.

It is idle even for the Democrats to claim that Mr. Hughes' speeches have not been effective. Whether or not they have seemed so to the voters in the west and northwest is something very difficult to judge at this distance, but it is not to be denied that right here in Washington Mr. Hughes' utterances have had a very concrete effect. It is an ill wind that blows no good. The rumormongers that Mr. Hughes has stirred up about civil service reform has really got under the skin of the administration. It is something which the president and his political advisers carelessly ignored. So it is with a portion of Mr. Hughes' criticism of the Mexican policy. When he argues that the paramount duty of the United States is to protect its citizens abroad in their lives and property he is standing on unimpeachable ground. And the administration knows it. The effect certainly of Mr. Hughes' remarks will be to stiffen the hand of the administration in dealing with a question of protection for Americans abroad.

## HUGHES' LABOR RECORD.

When Mr. Gompers, remembering only that he is a Democrat and forgetting that he is a leader of organized labor, ventured to assert that Mr. Hughes is unfriendly to labor because he concurred in the unanimous decision in the Danbury haters' case, he ventured on very thin ice. The Chicago Tribune promptly reminds him that an honest judge must apply the law as he thinks it is, not as he thinks it ought to be, and asks him to tell those who look to him for political advice something about the record of Mr. Hughes as governor. Read what the Legislative Labor News, the official organ of the New York Federation of Labor, said editorially when Mr. Hughes left the governor's chair at Albany for his place on the supreme court. Here it is:

"Now that Governor Hughes has retired from politics and ascended to a place on the highest judicial tribunal in the world, the fact can be acknowledged without hurting anybody's political corns that he was the greatest friend of labor laws that ever occupied the governor's chair at Albany. During his two terms he has signed fifty-six labor laws, including among them the best labor laws ever enacted in this or any state.

"He also urged the enactment of labor laws in his messages to the legislature, even going so far as to place the demand for a labor law in one of his messages to an extra session of the legislature.

"Only 162 labor laws have been enacted in this state since its erection in 1777—in 133 years. One-third of these, exceeding in quality all of the others, have been enacted and signed during Governor Hughes' term of three years and nine months."

Let organized labor take to heart what the Chicago Tribune says on this point: "Mr. Hughes is no demagogue and no visionary. He is a man of courage and conscience, and if labor cannot confide in his cause to his rock bottom Americanism there is something wrong with its cause."—Boston Herald.

## THE GREATEST OF READJUSTERS

[From the New York Evening Post.]

We do not see why there should have been any stir in the senate over the discovery that President Wilson has completely reversed himself in the matter of the proposed child labor law. Senator Borah was able to show that Mr. Wilson described this legislation in his "Constitutional Government" as unconstitutional and "obviously absurd extravagance," carrying the congressional power to regulate commerce beyond the "utmost bounda-

## OREGON STATE FAIR

[State Fair Grounds] Salem, Ore.

Sept. 25-30, Inc

## Low Round Trip Fares

will be on sale from all stations in Oregon, Sept. 21 to 30th with final return limit of Oct. 4th.

Live Stock, Agricultural, Horticultural Poultry, and many other exhibits. Races daily. Special events.

## All Trains Stop at Fair Grounds

Ask local agent for fares train service, etc. or write

JOHN M. SCOTT, General Passenger Agent Portland, Oregon

## Southern Pacific Lines

ries of reasonable and honest inference," and making it possible, if sustained, for congress to legislate over "every particular of the industrial organization and action of the country." That, we must confess, has also been the Evening Post's view. But the Evening Post and Senator Borah are old fogies, dating back to the time when it was the custom to have fixed beliefs and principles and stick to them.

The senator has evidently not read Mr. Wilson's letter in explaining his change of front on the tariff commission—that it is only a narrow man whose mind is stupidly closed to new ideas, who does not alter his opinions. By this test Mr. Wilson is obviously one of the broadest minded men this country has ever produced, for he has changed his mind to date on the initiative, referendum, recall, woman suffrage, the tariff commission, tariffs for revenue only, a permanent diplomatic service beyond politics, the merit system in the civil service, the proper place of Tammany Hall in the scheme of the universe, child labor legislation, preparedness, Bryan, a continental army—but why continue? It is a long enough list to prove that Mr. Wilson's political views are not fossilized by any fear of inconsistency.

The students of the Rosburg High School resent the dismissal of Rev. C. H. Cleaves and greeted the new Principal, H. O. Bennett with hisses.

## New Goods AT RIGHT PRICES

New Outings marked at the old price of 10c a yard  
New Warner Corsets priced from \$1.00 up  
New Silk Art Thread 10c, \$1.00 a box

## SPECIALS IN GROCERIES

Canned String Beans	-	10c
" Hominy	-	10c
" Peas	-	10c
" Sauer Kraut	-	10c
Peaches	-	15c
3 Cans Astor Milk	-	25c
3 Boxes Quaker Corn Flakes	-	25c

## SELIG'S, Cash Price Store, "Meeting and Beating Competition".



ROBERT CAYNE'S CARTON, in New York Evening Sun

"WELL, I RECKON HE WILL FIND OUT NEXT NOVEMBER!"

There are stores and stores, but when you find a store that features

## Vogan's Chocolates

you can make up your mind that it is run by a quality man, every time. These stores are quality stores—they sell VOGAN'S  
Falls City Mercantile Co., L. B. Wonderly;  
R. L. Bradley, G. W. Brentnor.

Modern Confectionery Company  
Factory and Offices Portland Oregon