

The Falls City News

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Copy for new ads, and changes should be sent to The News not later than Wednesday.

Official Newspaper of the City of Falls City

ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY OF FALLS CITY

H. J. Griffin, Mayor.
E. M. Wonderly, Councilman-at-Large
G. W. Brentner,
George C. March,
C. J. Bradley,
I. G. Singleton,
C. L. Hopkins,
N. Selig,
C. E. McPherson, Auditor and Police Judge
Walter L. Toose Jr., City Attorney.
Pat Murphy, Marshal and Water Supt.
M. L. Thompson, Treasurer
Dr. F. M. Hellwarth, Health Officer.

The Council meets in regular session on the first Monday night of each month, at 7.30 o'clock, in the office of the Falls City News.

Professional Cards

PHYSICIAN

F. M. HELLWARTH
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office one door east of P. O.
Office and Phone 368 Falls City,
Residence Phone 368 Oregon

Business Cards

HOTEL

Falls City Hotel
Sample Rooms
Best Accommodations
F. Droegge, Proprietor

BARBER SHOPS

Bohle's Barber Shops
Falls City, Oregon
Where you can get a Shave, Hair Cut, Bath or "Shine"
Agent for Dallas Steam Laundry
Bundles forwarded Tuesday evening

MONUMENTS

G. L. HAWKINS
MARBLE AND GRANITE
MONUMENTS
Dallas, Oregon

FUNERAL DIRECTOR

R. L. CHAPMAN
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
We attend to all work promptly.
Dallas and Falls City, Ore.

REAL ESTATE

J. O. MICKALSON
Dealer in
REAL ESTATE
Falls City, Oregon.

BROWN-SIBLEY ABSTRACT CO.

610 Mill Street, Dallas, Oregon.
JOHN B. SIBLEY, Manager.
Our abstract plant is posted daily from
Polk County Records.

Notice to News Subscribers

A mark here indicates that your subscription is delinquent. Please call and fix it.

Mr. Home Seeker—
COME TO FALLS CITY, OREGON
and Buy Orchard Land

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY

Passenger Train Schedule
Effective Oct. 4, 1914

	161	163	167
WESTBOUND	am.	am.	pm.
Salem . . .	7:00	9:45	4:00
Dallas . . .	8:15	11:02	5:30
Falls City .	8:50	11:35	6:05
Bl'k Rock . .		11:55	
EASTBOUND	am.	pm.	pm.
Bl'k Rock . .		1:05	
Falls City .	9:30	1:25	6:10
Dallas . . .	10:10	2:00	6:40
Salem . . .	11:01	3:15	7:45

A. C. POWERS, AGENT

WORLD'S DOINGS OF CURRENT WEEK

Brief Resume of General News From All Around the Earth.

UNIVERSAL HAPPENINGS IN A NUTSHELL

Live News Items of All Nations and Pacific Northwest Condensed for Our Busy Readers.

King Constantine undergoes operation, by which a part of his tenth rib was removed.

The senate, under Democratic caucus control, is unable to bring the immigration bill to a vote.

Wheat at Chicago takes a tumble of 11 cents per bushel when news of Roumania's entrance into the war was received.

John D. Shoop, superintendent of the Chicago public schools, had eight ribs broken in an auto wreck at Danville, Ill.

A fire in the Snoqualmie forest reserve on the Whitechuck river, near the Cascades, is again beyond control, after being reported under control Sunday night.

President Wilson is preparing a message to congress this week on the nationwide railroad strike situation and advising measures with which to adjust the difficulties.

The epidemic of infantile paralysis in New York is on the wane according to statistics of the health department. One day showed 39 cases were dismissed from hospitals and 36 admitted.

Capt. John Astor, of England, and son of Baron William Waldorf Astor, formerly of New York, marries Lady Charles Mercer Nairne, widow of Lord Nairne, who was killed early in the war.

The San Francisco chamber of commerce and the Union Iron Works have lost their fight in the United States District court to forestall inauguration of higher transcontinental freight rates to and from Pacific Coast ports September 1.

The German emperor has ordered postponement until after the war of the execution of all sentences imposed for the punishment of French prisoners, both civilian and military, on account of acts committed up to September 1 of this year.

Designs for a 9.5-inch howitzer have been virtually completed and U. S. army officers believe the gun a more powerful and better weapon in every way than the 11-inch and 12-inch guns of similar type now in use abroad. It will have a range of nearly ten miles.

Two and one-half ounces were taken from each loaf of bread baked Wednesday by San Francisco bakers to be sold for 5 cents, and doughnuts were raised from 12 to 15 cents a dozen, as also were snails, rolls and buns. Herebefore the 5-cent loaves have weighed 15 ounces.

Suit for \$1,500,000 against an alleged cement combine seeking absolute control or the ruin of the Oregon Portland Cement company, of Oswego, is filed in the Federal court at Portland by Aman Moore, largest individual stockholder, vice president and treasurer, in the name of the company.

Major General Leonard Wood, commanding the army's Eastern department, has been appointed head of a joint army and navy board, to pass judgment on the radio-controlled torpedo, provision for the purchase of which from the inventor, John Hays Hammond Jr., has been made in congress.

The meeting of the American-Mexico conferees to settle border questions will meet during the first week of September somewhere along the New England coast.

Patricia Burke, a noted California beauty, is another American girl who has married an English title. She is now the Countess Cottenham, having been married to the Earl of Cottenham in London on August 16.

Russian forces operating in Southern Turkish Armenia have recaptured Mush, captured by the Turks on August 8, says an official announcement. The statement adds the Russians captured 2300 prisoners at Rahta.

The 22d battalion, Sonora Infantry, 200 strong, was practically annihilated after it had been ambushed by Yaquis near Batamonte, in the Alamos district, about 10 days ago, according to reports from Sahuaripa. The Mexican troops were passing through a narrow canyon. Only a few stragglers escaped.

After seven months' session the English parliament adjourns to October, 10.

An important advance in the campaign for the conquest of German East Africa is reported in a Reuter dispatch from Nairobi.

Julius Pullen, 11 years old, of Eureka, Cal., must have sloughed like a deer when he raised his hand to wipe the sweat from his brow, for just as he did so an unknown hunter shot at him. The bullet carried away three fingers and a thumb from the youngster's left hand.

WILSON CALLS ON CONGRESS TO AVERT NATION-WIDE R. R. STRIKE

Washington, D. C.—President Wilson, laying the railway strike situation before congress Tuesday with recommendations for legislation, advanced the crisis to a stage where the next developments depend upon two points. They are:

Whether the legislation he proposes can be passed.

If enacted, will it be effective to prevent a strike already called for 7 a. m. September 4?

The brotherhoods, announcing their intention to fight certain portions of the President's program, are at loggerheads over whether its enactment would prevent the strike.

The railway presidents favorable to President Wilson's plan in the main, think it would make it difficult for the strike to begin. Meanwhile, although negotiations between the employers and men were broken off by the rejection of the railway president's latest proposal for arbitration, President Wilson is continuing his efforts to bring the two sides together on some form of agreement. Efforts which might be described as "almost super-human" are being exerted to that end.

Three important phases of arbitration contention in the railway controversy are:

Employees declare that compulsory investigation law would "insure the bondage of the workingman." They contend that "the period of investigation is eternally utilized by the employer to intract himself in his effort to defeat the demands of the men."

Managers say they cannot surrender the valuable principle of arbitration. They do not assent to the assertion that the eight-hour day has the sanction of society, but say that society has not recorded its judgment. They suggest investigation of cost of granting demands and offer to abide by decision of impartial tribunal.

President Wilson says he agrees to arbitration in principle, but contends that there is now no law by which it can be put into action. He asks congress to enact legislation establishing the eight-hour day as a "legal basis," empowering the Interstate Commerce commission to take account of wages in fixing freight rates, requiring investigation before strike or lockout can be declared, and empowering the President to draft railroad men in the event of military necessity.

U. S. Cruiser Memphis Goes Ashore at San Domingo; 20 Lost

Santo Domingo—The United States armored cruiser Memphis was driven ashore on the rocks of the outer harbor Tuesday by a great and sudden ground swell. It is said that many lives were lost as a result of the disaster. All fires under the boilers of the Memphis were extinguished by the inrush of water.

The United States gunboat Castine managed to escape by putting to sea.

Washington, D. C.—Rear Admiral Pond, at San Domingo City, cabled the Navy department that the armored cruiser Memphis, swept upon the rocks by a heavy sea in the harbor there Tuesday, would be a total loss, and although it was expected all on board would be saved, 20 men returning to the ship from shore leave in a motorboat had been drowned.

Governor Johnson, California, Wins Nomination for U. S. Senatorship

San Francisco—Governor Hiram W. Johnson has won the Republican nomination for United States senator, according to the returns from half the precincts in the state, which give him a lead over Willis H. Booth, of 17,199.

The figures as they stand on about one-half the state counted at 1 o'clock Wednesday morning, are as follows: Booth, 75,363; Johnson, 97,552.

This is the result of Tuesday's statewide primary election within the Republican party as it is shown by the latest returns, scattered over the entire state and numbering 2759 precincts out of a total in the state, including the city and county of San Francisco, of 5443.

These figures show that the state administration has been successful, apparently, in securing a considerable number of the northern and central counties in the state and with having held down the vote in some of the expected strong supporting districts in the south for Booth.

Crank Follows Hughes.

Cheyenne, Wyo.—The police of Northern Colorado have been warned to watch for a man believed to be A. L. Gans, of Chicago, whose actions here in connection with the visit of Charles E. Hughes, Republican presidential nominee, have been the subject of an investigation. According to the police, Gans was ejected from the Hughes special Friday night. While at a hotel here Gans is said to have exhibited several pieces of burned time fuse and remarked: "You fellows did not search my grip the other night."

Greeks Shout for Allies.

Athens, Sunday, Aug. 27, via London—After a pro-entente demonstration before the residence of ex-Premier Venizelos today, in which 50,000 persons took part, a committee was appointed to present to King Constantine the resolutions outlined by M. Venizelos. The resolutions concluded: "If we, the people, are not heard in these, our resolutions, we must take counsel what is to be done to minimize the ruin which awaits."

EMPLOYEES REFUSE TO MODIFY TERMS

Congress Paves Way for Legislation to Prevent Catastrophe.

"SETTLEMENT" MUST BE MADE

Confidence Still Prevails That Walk-out Will Be Averted—President May Appeal Direct to Men.

Washington, D. C.—All the influence of the administration was brought to bear Wednesday in an effort to persuade the railroad brotherhood leaders to cancel or postpone the order calling for a nation-wide strike Monday, while leaders in congress began paving the way for legislation designed to prevent or stop the threatened industrial catastrophe.

Little progress was made in either direction, but nevertheless in official quarters there still prevailed confidence that in one way or another the walkout would be averted.

To the spokesmen of President Wilson who approached them, all of the brotherhood officials gave the same reply—that they had no power to recall the strike order and that only one thing, "a satisfactory settlement," would keep their men at work after 7 a. m. Labor Day.

Further pressure will be brought to bear, and as a last resort the President is considering a public appeal to the men themselves to have the order rescinded.

Apparently the legislation which is being counted upon to stay the brotherhoods is that part of the President's program which would fix an eight-hour day for railroad employees engaged in operating trains in interstate commerce and provide for an investigation of its effects by a commission or board.

This embodies the principal features of the President's original plan, accepted by the trainmen, and W. G. Lee, head of the trainmen, said that its enactment with a guarantee of the present rate of daily pay would be regarded by the brotherhood leaders as a "satisfactory settlement." Immediately upon its becoming a law, he said, the brotherhood leaders would notify general chairmen that the strike order should not go into effect.

15,000 State Troops Ordered Home From Mexican Border Duty

Washington, D. C.—Orders for the return to their state mobilization camps of 15,000 National guardsmen now on the Mexican border were issued by the War department Wednesday night.

General Funston was directed to return three regiments from New York, two from New Jersey, two from Illinois, two from Missouri and one each from California, Oregon, Washington and Louisiana.

Secretary Baker announced the order after a conference with President Wilson at the White House. Earlier in the day the department had ordered to their home stations 6000 regular coast artillerymen who have been serving as infantry on the border.

The secretary's statement said: "In view of the fact that substantially the number of troops who have now done patrol duty on the border are not on their way there, it is felt that this number can be spared."
In a few days, if transportation facilities remain undisturbed, the department intends to order home some more regiments.

Papers May Have to Quit.

New York—A large number of the daily newspapers of the United States will be forced to suspend publication on account of lack of paper if a nationwide railroad strike continues for two weeks, it was declared Thursday by Lincoln B. Palmer, manager of the American Newspaper Publishers' association. "The print paper situation is acute, from causes entirely outside the problem of transportation, and many publishers are on a hand-to-mouth basis, getting a carload just as they exhaust the carload on hand."

Enraged Mob Injures Sheriff.

Lima, O.—Enraged at the success of Sheriff Sherman Eley in spiriting Charles Daniels, a negro accused of attacking Mrs. John Barber, young wife of a prominent farmer, out of their reach early Wednesday evening, a mob captured the sheriff, seriously wounded him, placed a noose around his neck and forced him to direct a cortege of a hundred automobiles into the rough country north of this city, where it was supposed the negro prisoner was in hiding.

Loading Charge Held Up.

Washington, D. C.—The Interstate Commerce commission Wednesday suspended until December 30 a proposal of Western roads to make a charge for loading and unloading shipments of less than carload lots.
The roads proposed to charge 10 cents per hundred pounds for such loading and unloading, a charge which would have materially increased revenue and which was to have gone into effect September 1.

ROUMANIA DECLARES WAR ON AUSTRIA-HUNGARY; JOINS ALLIES

Berlin, Aug. 28, via London—Roumania declared war on Austria-Hungary on Sunday evening, it is announced officially here.

Paris, Aug. 28—Roumania declared war against Austria-Hungary last night, says a Havas dispatch from Bern, Switzerland, which declares that the Wolff agency at Berlin made the announcement.

Roumania's decision to enter the war was reached at a meeting of the Crown council held at Bucharest yesterday morning, says a Havas dispatch from Geneva.

The Wolff agency announces that the German federal council was convoked immediately after the decision became known.

Will Investigate New President of Panama



RAMON VALDEZ

A report has reached Washington that Ramon Valdez has been instrumental in getting a large land concession for the Japanese government near the Panama canal. Secretary Lansing has ordered an investigation to ascertain whether Valdez has made the concession of land to a Spaniard named Fernandez, who is the Havana agent for Japanese silk firms. The land, approximately 60,000 acres, is said to be on the Atlantic seaboard, directly opposite the Bay of San Miguel. It might be very valuable to the Japanese government for the establishment of a naval base there.

Last Chance to Avert Strike Appears To Lie in Action of Congress

Washington, D. C.—President Wilson's negotiations for averting the threatened nation-wide railroad strike are in the last stage with a break or a settlement apparently not far off. With the railway executives standing firm against conceding the eight-hour day and the brotherhood leaders still standing out against arbitrating it, the hope of preventing a tie-up of the country's transportation systems seems to lie with congress.

Just exactly what can be done, none of the congressional leaders themselves seem to know. Conferences among them and with President Wilson, which began Sunday night, were continued Monday.

The situation was viewed on all sides as the most perilous since the negotiations began two weeks ago. The hope of the President and administration leaders was in the possibility of getting the brotherhood men to give more time to continue the negotiations.

It is reliably reported that the strike order which the chairman carried in sealed envelopes when he left Washington Monday, is to enter into effect on September 4, unless an agreement should be reached prior to that date.

The four brotherhood heads issued a statement replying to President Rea, of the Pennsylvania, who made an announcement that rather than give up to arbitration the roads preferred to face a strike. The statement charged the Pennsylvania with inconsistency in that two years ago it fought the efforts of its shophmen to organize and arbitrate. It also declared that as the controlling interest in five small roads it has refused them representation on the managers' conference committee, and that if arbitration were agreed upon it would apply to these roads.

Mexicans Beg for Help.

El Paso, Texas—An appeal of the people of Aguas Calientes and Zacatecas to authorities of the defunct government in Mexico City to send physicians, medicines and food to alleviate disease and famine rampant in the two states has been fruitless, according to private advices here. The report said there was not more than enough food in the Federal district to provide for the people there, and that if there were any physicians available they could do nothing, for there were no serms to combat the epidemics.

Seize Counterfeiting Plant.

Oakland—Operatives of the United States secret service seized here Monday a complete counterfeiting plant, which included mchds, dies and bogus coins made in imitation of silver dollars and gold \$5 and \$10 pieces. The seizure was made following the arrest of Charles G. Bush and Louis Miller, the former of whom, according to Harry M. Moffitt, head of the secret service bureau at San Francisco, has served a sentence for counterfeiting.

ITALY DECLARES WAR ON GERMANY

Formal Action Against Kaiser Result of Pressure by Allies.

MILITARY PHASE UNCHANGED

Both Countries Have Been Drifting Steadily Toward Break—Troops Now Available Anywhere.

Rome—Italy Sunday declared war on Germany.

Italy and Germany have been drifting steadily toward war. The declaration became inevitable when Italy recently sent troops to Saloniki to cooperate in the campaign of the entente allies on the Macedonian front, as Germany is directing the opposing forces and has troops on this battle line.

Italy's position in regard to Germany has been an anomalous one since Italy withdrew from the Triple Alliance May 23 of last year and declared war on Austria. Although by this act she arrayed herself against her former allies, Germany and Austria, she remained officially at peace with Germany until Sunday.

Before Italy took this step Germany exerted every effort to induce her to remain neutral, sending to Rome as an ambassador Prince von Buelow. The prince for some time averted war between Austria and Italy, and when he saw a rupture was inevitable took steps toward preservation of an official peace between Germany and Italy. He negotiated a special agreement under which, in case of war between Austria and Italy, Germany and Italy pledged themselves to respect the properties and lives of their respective subjects in one another's domains.

According to unofficial reports from Europe, Italy's allies were dissatisfied and at the Paris council of entente powers in February last asked the Italian representatives why their nation was not at war with Germany. Italy already had agreed not to conclude a separate peace and at the Paris conference sanctioned the plan for a permanent high council of the entente powers for future conduct of the war.

The increasing co-operation among the entente allies and the necessity for bringing into service Italy's surplus of troops gradually brought Italy into such a position that it became evident a declaration of hostilities against Germany was certain. The first overt act in this direction occurred shortly after the Paris conference, February 29, when Italy requisitioned 34 of the 37 German steamships interned in Italian ports to help meet the pressing need of the allies for shipping facilities. Other indications of approaching war have been observed in recent weeks.

U. S. Fleet "Sunk," "Enemy" Lands Army on Long Island

Washington, D. C.—The greatest war game ever undertaken by the American navy ended Sunday with a victory for Admiral Mayo's "Red" fleet, which, theoretically, wiped out the defending "Blue" fleet and landed an invading army at Far Rockaway Beach, Long Island.

Rear-Admiral Knight, acting as umpire, announced the result in this report to the navy department: "Maneuver completed. Red and Blue forces engaged 9:30 to 10:30, 10 miles south of Ambrose Lightship. Blue decisively defeated. Red gaining command of sea. Red effects landing at Fort Rockaway and secured base."

The final report followed one announcing that Rear-Admiral Helm's "Blue" defending fleet virtually had been annihilated in a dramatic fight off Scotland Lightship at the entrance to the New York harbor. With the exception of a few light craft, the entire "Blue" fleet was "sunk." The full extent of the "Red" losses was not known, although early reports showed that they included the super-dreadnaughts Nevada and Texas and two destroyers.

Infantile Paralysis as Old as World.

Paris—Infantile paralysis, whose appearance in France seemed to be feared, is said by Prof. Arnold Netter, a member of the Academy of Medicine and an authority on the disease, to be a malady as old as the world and one long known in the form of sporadic epidemics, affecting adults as well as children. He says: "It exists now in England and France. Thousands of persons were affected by the disease in Sweden in 1905 and France suffered in its turn in 1909 and 1910, and even as late as 1914."

Word "Clk" Held Deceit.

New York—The Federal Trade Commission has issued an order directing the Circle Clk company, of Philadelphia, to discontinue using the word "clk" in reference to any of its products other than real silk in connection with sales, trademarks and advertising matter. The commission held that the use of the word "clk" for products made of mercerized sea island cotton thread was deceptive. The decision is looked on as a precedent.