

The Falls City News

D. L. WOOD & SON, Publishers.

Entered as second-class mail at the postoffice at Falls City, Polk County, Oregon, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Telephone—News Office, 83.

Subscription Rates: One year, \$1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents; single copy, 5 cts.

Advertising Rates: Display, 15 cents an inch; Business Notices, 5 cents a line; For Sale, Rent, Exchange, Want and Pay Entertainment Notices, 5 cts. a line. Card of Thanks 50 cts; Legal Notices, legal rates.

Copy for new ads. and changes should be sent to The News not later than Wednesday.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY OF FALLS CITY
H. J. Griffin, Mayor.
R. M. Wonderly, Councilman-at-Large
Phillip Gottfried
H. C. Brown
C. J. Bradley, Councilmen
I. G. Singleton
C. L. Hopkins
R. A. Titus
C. E. McPherson, Auditor and Police Judge
Walter L. Toose Jr., City Attorney
Pat Murphy, Marshal and Water Supt.
M. L. Thompson, Treasurer
Dr. F. M. Hellwarth, Health Officer.

The Council meets in regular session on the first Monday night of each month at 7:30 o'clock, in the office of the Falls City News.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1915

NEWS AND COMMENT

Special Tax Levy

The question of a special tax levy for road purposes will be voted on at the Oakhurst school house November 27 at 2:00 o'clock P. M. It is understood that a 2-mill levy will be asked for. It is up to the taxpayers to say whether they want it or not. Last year a 3-mill tax was levied. People should go out and vote their likes or dislikes or forever hold their peace. If you oppose the levy go out and vote against it. Don't stay away and then, if it carries, howl about it.

LATEST WAR NEWS

"I understand," said the Gad-about, "that Germany, France, England and Russia are now all in favor of disarmament."
"Is that so," asked Stupid.
"Yes, Germany is in favor of the disarmament of the other three, and they are equally in favor of disarming Germany."

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned taxpayers of Road District Number 21, in the County of Polk, State of Oregon, who are more than ten per cent. of the taxpayers of said District, that a meeting of the resident taxpayers of said Road District will be held on Saturday, the 27th day of November, in the year 1915, at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M., of said day, at the Public School House in School District No. 60 (Oakhurst) in said Road District for the purpose of voting on the question of whether or not an additional tax shall be levied by the resident taxpayers of said district on all the taxable property in said district for road purposes, under the provisions of Section 6321 of Lord's Oregon Laws as amended by Chapter 316, General Laws of Oregon, 1913. At said meeting the resident taxpayers of said district will by a majority vote of such taxpayers levy such additional tax (if any) as they may deem advisable to improve the roads of said district.

Witness our hands this 4th day of November, 1915.

Names: Barney Phillips, Mrs. K. Mack, Chas. Hartung, H. Hardt, M. L. Thompson, Thos. Valentine, J. M. Valentine, Mrs. Anna Mehrling, A. Brown, L. T. Murphy, R. Van Denbosh, Geo. M. Tice, Ella DeWitt, J. J. Sammons, D. Toller, C. L. Hopkins, J. Lowe, W. A. Persey, G. Fry, F. Droege, E. R. Lewis, J. C. Talbot, W. F. Nichols, Albert Teal, E. E. Lee, F. M. Hellwarth, E. G. White, R. A. Titus, E. A. LaDow, J. D. Moyer, J. A. Young, A. Sampson, G. W. Brentner, R. M. Wonderly, N. A. Lundie, E. S. Rich, Laura E. Grayum, S. R. Skeels, B. W. Brown, O. H. Hudson, John Wagner.

Date of first publication November 6th, 1915.

Extra copies of The News are printed each week, and will be sent to any address desired, postpaid, for 5 cents per copy.

TRAMPS 1,750 MILES WITH BURROS AS PALS

Prospector Seeking to Start New Life Startles San Francisco.

San Francisco.—Harry H. Cloud, sixty years "young," with his camping outfit of two burros and a cart, has walked 1,750 miles across burning desert and rugged mountain to get a "start in life."

And Mirandy Cloud has established the long distance walker's record for babies of ten-months. Mirandy is one of Cloud's burros.

Cloud, who abandoned his mining "prospect" thirty miles from Prescott, Ariz., spread his blankets in the shadow of the Tower of Jewels outside the exposition grounds.

The glitter and glare of the exposition have never had a more colorful contrast than this picture of sturdy, sun bronzed age in top boots and khaki. The "tenderfeet" of the city stood amazed.

Traffic piled up on Market street as the strange caravan from the desert plodded down the great business artery. Crowds followed. Men cheered. Babies cooed in glee.

"Sell me the baby burro?" said a Miss Louise Burton.

"Won't part 'er from 'er mother," replied Cloud.

"I'll buy them both," said Miss Burton's sister Mabel. "How much?"

"Ten thousand dollars," answered Harry.

"Oh," said the girls. Then they gasped again.

"Well, these 'ere burros are my only pals," said Cloud. "Would you value a friend at less? I'm startin' after a fortune. I'll need it when I get old. An' I've got to have friends to help get it. If I have the ten thousand I won't need burros for friends. That's proved philosophy. Getap there, Jinnle!"

SUSPENDS PAPER TO WED.

Young Western Editor Apologizes For Taking Week Off.

Wenatchee, Wash.—Ashley E. Holden, graduate of the Wenatchee high school, who is editing a newspaper at Orient, asked the indulgence of his subscribers for suspending the paper a week while he went away to be married. Holden said:

"We don't know whether it is customary for an editor to take a vacation or not. We do know that we want to get off for a week, and as this paper is yours and you are the boss we are going to ask your indulgence and omit next week's issue. No, our grandmother isn't dead, nor it isn't a ball game, nor even the Spokane fair, nor the open bird season which is calling us. The fact of the matter is that we are going to obey the Biblical injunction that advises a man not to live alone."

MEMORY BACK, SPEECH GONE.

Man Tells Strange Story of Being Lost Since Boer War.

Seattle.—His mind a blank for the thirteen years that have elapsed since he was rendered unconscious beneath a horse's hoofs in a skirmish in the Boer war. Sergeant William Tait, who says he commanded a party of British scouts at Mafeking, has come to himself in the county hospital here.

Tait was found in the woods of the Duwamish river, near Seattle. He imagined that he was seeking lost troops. The bursting of a blood vessel in his brain has now restored his memory, but has deprived him of the power of speech.

He has no recollection of how he came to America.

NO ALIMONY PENDING SUIT.

Indiana Judge Makes New Ruling in Divorce Actions.

South Bend, Ind.—Women who start proceedings for separate maintenance in the St. Joseph county superior court will not receive temporary support and attorneys' fees by order of the court pending trial, according to a ruling made by George Ford, judge of the court. The decision is against all precedent in the state, but, according to Judge Ford, is in accordance with a recent statute.

Local attorneys say the ruling will work a hardship on many women who cannot prosecute their suits without an order of court compelling the husbands to support them meanwhile.

Sixty-two, She Wants Divorce.

St. Paul.—Desertion and nonsupport are charged in a suit for divorce recently filed in district court by Mrs. Augusta Geldermann, sixty-two years old, against Fritz Geldermann, sixty-three years old, a blacksmith. The Geldermanns were married April 17, 1900, and the wife alleges her husband left her in September, 1914. She asserts that during the first years of their married life she worked daily as well as he.

Starts, Can't Stop Car.

Hartford City, Ind.—John Holcroft, a farmer near here, bought an automobile and took it out to practice running it. He laid the book of instructions open on the seat beside him and just as he turned into the highway a gust of wind wafted away the book of instructions, and he did not know how to stop the car. Holcroft was carried on, shouting to be told how to stop. Halfway to town, however, he ran out of gasoline.

FREE PORTS BUILDERS OF COMMERCE

CONGRESS SHOULD GIVE THEM PREFERENCE IN APPROPRIATIONS.

By Peter Radford.

This nation is now entering upon an era of marine development. The wreckage of European commerce has drifted to our shores and the world war is making unprecedented demands for the products of farm and factory. In transportation facilities on land we lead the world but our port facilities are inadequate, and our flag is seldom seen in foreign ports. If our government would only divert the energy we have displayed in conquering the railroads to mastering the commerce of the sea, a foreign bottom would be unknown on the ocean's highways.

This article will be confined to a discussion of our ports for the products of the farm must pass over our wharfs before reaching the water. We have in this nation 51 ports, of which 41 are on the Atlantic and 10 are on the Pacific Coast. The Sixty-second Congress appropriated over \$51,000,000 for improving our Rivers and Harbors and private enterprise levies a toll of approximately \$50,000,000 annually in wharfage and charges for which no tangible service is rendered. The latter item should be lifted off the backs of the farmer of this nation and this can be done by Congress directing its appropriations to ports that are free where vessels can tie up to a wharf and discharge her cargo free of any fee or charge.

A free port is progress. It takes out the unnecessary link in the chain of transactions in commerce which has for centuries laid a heavy hand upon commerce. No movement is so heavily laden with results or will more widely and equally distribute its benefits as that of a free port and none can be more easily and effectively secured.

THE VITAL PROBLEM OF AGRICULTURE

By Peter Radford.

There is no escaping the market problem and the highest development of agriculture will not be attained until it is solved, for a market is as necessary for the producer as land on which to grow his crop. Governmental and educational institutions have spent \$180,000,000 in the United States during the past ten years for improving soil production and improving seeds and plants, but very little attention and less money has been given to the marketing side of agriculture.

The problem is a monumental one and one which will never be solved until it gets within the grasp of a gigantic organization where master minds can concentrate the combined experience and wisdom of the age upon it. It is a problem which the farmers, merchants, bankers, editors and statesmen must unite in solving.

The Farmers' Union stands for all there is in farming from the most scientific methods of seed selection to the most systematic and profitable plans of marketing, but does not believe in promoting one to the neglect of the other. We consider the work of farm demonstrators valuable and we ask that governmental and commercial agencies seeking to help us, continue to give us their assistance and advice, but we believe that their influence should be extended to the marketing side of our farm problems also.

We cannot hope to develop manufacturing by over-production of the factory; we cannot build up mercantile enterprises by the merchants loading their shelves with surplus goods and no more can we develop agriculture by glutting the market with a surplus of products.

DARIUS

The neigh of a horse made Darius King of Persia, the six contending powers for the throne agreeing among themselves that the one whose horse should neigh first should possess the kingdom. This ancient method of settling disputes among politicians could be revived with profit today. If our partisan factions and petty politicians could only settle their disputes by the neigh of a horse, the bark of a dog or the bray of a donkey, it would be a great blessing and would give our citizens a better opportunity to pursue the vocations of industry free from political strife.

Let those who pick political plums by raising rows and who flash swords dripping in the blood of industry understand that they cannot turn the public forum into a political arena and by a clash of personal aspirations still the hammer and stop the plow and that their quarrels must be settled in the back alleys of civilization.

NEVADA DIVORCE IGNORED.

Bridgeport Suit May Bring Adjudication on Validity of Western Decree.

Greenwich, Conn.—In the superior court at Bridgeport before Judge Case the many side issues in the divorce petition of Rudolph Ernest Tiedemann against Gertrude Eleanor Tiedemann of this place were disclosed on a motion to strike out an alleged amended reply.

The real issue of the case will show the attitude of the Connecticut court on divorces issued in Nevada. Three years ago Mrs. Tiedemann obtained a divorce in Nevada and was allowed custody of the child and alimony. Last March the husband sued for divorce, alleging desertion, paying no attention to the Nevada decree. He never paid any of the alimony, it is alleged, and now seeks custody of the child.

The amended reply is that the Nevada divorce is not good, because neither of the parties was a resident. Decision was reserved.

SLIP BRINGS DREAM TRUE.

Printer Laughed, but Loses Hand Exactly as Foretold.

Kansas City.—John W. Reed of the Reed Printing company dreamed the other night of cutting off his hand in a paper cutter in his shop. He laughed when he told about the dream and said he was not superstitious and had no fear.

Next day as he passed the cutter Reed slipped and struck the lever. His left hand went under the blade and was severed at the wrist.

The workmen, remembering the dream, became confused and ten minutes passed before a physician was called.

LOST GIRL CRAWLS MILES.

Thrown by Runaway, She is Left Crippled in Desert.

Needles, Cal.—Lost in the desert, forced to crawl for miles on her hands and knees during the night and finally rescued by a railroad engineer as she lay unconscious on the tracks, were the adventures that befell Miss Louise M. Pearson, twenty-two of Oakland, in the Mohave desert.

Miss Pearson left Ludlow on horseback to locate a mine in Old Dad mountains. Ten miles out her horse threw her. Her ankle was so severely sprained she could not walk, and the horse, carrying food supplies, raced away.

OVER 240 NEW GAME LAWS ENACTED BY U. S.

Agricultural Department Presses Campaign of Protection.

Washington.—The department of agriculture has inaugurated a vigorous campaign for the protection of game under the federal law and is aiding the various states in carrying out their statutes.

More than 240 new game laws were enacted during 1915—a larger number than in any previous year except 1911. Forty-three states held regular legislative sessions, and in all of these states except Arizona, Georgia and Nebraska some changes were made in the statutes protecting game. The largest number of new game laws passed in any one state was sixty-one, in North Carolina, but in California, Connecticut, Maine, New Jersey, Oregon, Pennsylvania and Wisconsin the number reached ten or more. Several measures were vetoed, including a general game bill in Idaho, the first bill appropriating the hunting license fund in Pennsylvania, a bill protecting bears in California and three sections of the game bill in Washington state.

A number of bills were introduced for the purpose of harmonizing the state laws on migratory birds with the federal regulations. In at least nine states changes were made which brought the seasons into substantial agreement—namely, California, Connecticut, Maine, Michigan, New Hampshire, Tennessee and West Virginia. In Illinois the seasons for all migratory birds except coot and waterfowl and in Washington for the smaller shore birds were made to conform with the regulations under the federal law.

Uniformity was also secured by provisions in the laws of Connecticut, Maine, New Mexico, North Dakota, Washington and Wisconsin, prohibiting hunting between sunset and sunrise. On the other hand, Delaware adopted a resolution opposing the migratory bird law, and Ohio and Rhode Island, which had harmonized their seasons in 1914, changed the seasons on waterfowl this year.

As a result of the decision of the supreme court of the United States on Jan. 19, 1914, sustaining the alien hunting law of Pennsylvania, legislation prohibiting aliens from hunting or owning shotguns or rifles was enacted in at least four states—Massachusetts, New Jersey, North Dakota and West Virginia—but certain exceptions based on property qualifications were made in Massachusetts and New Jersey.

Owl Causes Auto Smash.

Peru, Ind.—Marion Dillman took a party of friends automobiling, and when near Chili an owl struck him in the face. Dillman let go of the steering wheel, and the car ran down an embankment and against a fence. None of the occupants was hurt, but Dillman's face was scratched by the owl's claws.

POLITICAL AGITATORS

POLITICIANS WHO CAPITALIZE STRIFE A MENACE TO GOVERNMENT.

Neglect of Agricultural and Industrial Opportunities a National Crime.

By Peter Radford.

There never was a time in the history of this nation when we needed statesmen more or agitators less than at the present moment. The opportunities now afforded us on land and sea demand the best there is in statecraft and the possibilities that are confronting us call for national issues that unite the people, build industry and expand trade. The agricultural and industrial development of this nation has suffered severely at the hands of agitators who have sent torpedoes crashing into the port side of business and whose neglect of the interests of the farmer makes them little less than political criminals. We need no more of these evil spirits to predominate in government. Too long their hysterical cry has sent a shiver down the spinal column of industry. Too long have the political agitators capitalized strife, pillaged progress and murdered opportunity. An industrial corpse is not a desirable thing, a crippled business an achievement or neglect an accomplishment about which any representative of the government has a right to boast.

Issues that Breed Agitators Should be Eliminated.

The political agitator must be eliminated from public life before thoughtful consideration can be given to a constructive program in government. The liquor question is the most prolific breeding ground for agitators and whether pro or anti, the hatch is equally as undesirable. This article is in no sense a discussion of the liquor question but deals solely and by way of illustration with the political products of that issue. Other subjects will be dealt with in the order of their importance.

In the history of our government the liquor issue has never produced a constructive statesman worth mentioning and it never will. It has sent more freaks to Congress, Lilliputians to the Senate and incompetents to office than any other political issue under the sun. The recent experience of the English Parliament which lashed itself into a fury over the liquor question has a lesson that it is well for the farmers of this nation to observe; for the subject in some form or other is constantly before the public for solution and oftentimes to the exclusion of more important problems to the American politician.

Too Many Political Drunkards.

Lloyd-George, the Prohibition leader of Europe who led the prohibition fight in England, has declared that he will never again take a drink politically and there are many American politicians—pro and anti—who would render their country a service by climbing on the water wagon or signing a pledge of political temperance. Too often our legislative halls are turned into political bar-rooms and many of the members become intoxicated on liquor discussions. We have too many political drunkards—pro and anti—in our public affairs. No one who is a slave to the political liquor habit is quite so capable of dealing with the business affairs of government as the sober and industrious. We have few public men in this day who are strong enough to resist the temptation of strong drink politically and when the demon Rum once becomes firmly entrenched in the mind of a politician, he is less capable of meeting the demands for constructive statesmanship now confronting this nation.

We have in this country too many red-nosed politicians—both pro and anti. A candidate with political delirium tremens, a preacher with political snakes in his boots and an agitator drunk on the liquor question are the saddest sights in civilization and they should all be forced to take the political Keeley Cure.

It is far more important in government to make it easier for those who toil to eat than to make it more difficult for a few toppers to drink. There is not one person in one hundred of our rural population that ever touches liquor but we all eat three times a day.

THE LAYMAN'S DUTY

There never was a time when preachers and politicians formed an unholy alliance that civilization did not shriek out and Christianity cry aloud. Since the beginning of government, politicians have sought to decoy the ministry into the meshes of politics and make them carry banners in political processions. They have taken the ministry to the mountaintop of power and offered to make them monarch of all they surveyed, and while most of them have said, "Get thee behind me Satan," a few have fallen with a crash that has shaken every pulpit in Christendom.

Professional Cards

PHYSICIAN
F. M. HELLWARTH
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office one door east of P. O.
Office and Residence Phone 368 Falls City, Oregon

CHIROPRACTIC
DR. W. L. Holloway
CHIROPRACTIC
Will be at Falls City Hotel
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY
Afternoons Each Week.

Business Cards
HOTEL
Falls City Hotel
Sample Rooms
Best Accommodations
F. Droege, Proprietor

BARBER SHOPS
Bohle's Barber Shops
Falls City, Oregon!
Where you can get a Shave, Hair Cut, Bath or 'Shine'
Agent for Dallas Steam Laundry
Bundles forwarded Tuesday evening

MONUMENTS
G. L. HAWKINS
MARBLE AND GRANITE
MONUMENTS
Dallas, Oregon

FUNERAL DIRECTOR
R. L. CHAPMAN
Funeral Director
We attend to all work promptly.
Dallas and Falls City, Or

FRONTS 91
The Oregon
C. W. Matthews, Proprietor

FRONTS 127
The Idaho
CHAS. MIX, PROPRIETOR



Home Made Candies.
HARRINGTON

There is a Jack for every Gill and some one wants the articles you want to sell. Advertising in the News brings results. Try one.

How's This?
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.
NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,
Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.