

FALLS CITY NEWS

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FALLS CITY SCHOOL MAKES FINE SHOWING AT COUNTY FAIR

Booth Won Grand Champion Prize Besides Many Blue Ribbons Taken on Exhibits

The Falls City schools were well represented at the school fair held in Dallas last week.

The booth was one of the largest on the ground and showed a very good color scheme, tan burlap being used for the background and sweet briar for the decoration.

The work compared very favorably with other schools, the only thing lacking being canned fruit. The patrons should be proud of the work done in Domestic Science and Art since it has been in the schools.

In class A bread all five ribbons were awarded our schools. The first prize going to Laverne Meyers, second Lucile Tichenor, third Sibil Wilson, fourth Lurena Treat and fifth Evelyne Johnson. In class B the second prize was awarded to Hazel Wingo a fifth grade girl. Lurena Treat carried off the blue ribbon in class A cake baking while Helen Selig

won second and Myrtle Trask third in class B.

In the machine and hand-made dress contest, first place was won by Lurena Treat, second Nettie Murray and third Clara Sampson.

The manual training exhibit compared very favorably with that of other schools in the same class, the teacher's desk made by Byron Murray winning second place.

The vegetable exhibit was mostly due to the efforts of Paul Sayer, his garden making a very creditable showing. Clara Weiser furnished the blue ribbon potatoes.

The booth won the grand champion ribbon and in addition twenty ribbons were won on articles in the booth.

With the support of the student body the blue ribbon should be carried off by Falls City every year.

Rockefeller's Sincerity Doubted by Union Men

Visit to Colorado Mines and Hobnobbing With Miners Regarded as Grand Stand Play For Public Sentiment

Denver, Sept. 27.—An invitation to John D. Rockefeller, Jr. to meet representatives of the United Mine Workers of America and establish contract relations in Colorado, "if he has the welfare of his employes at heart," is contained in a formal statement given out last Saturday by Robert H. Harlin, Percy Tetlow and James E. Moran, committeemen representing the international executive board of the miner's organization in Colorado.

The committeemen recently came to Colorado vested with power to decide policies for the Miners' union in Colorado and take necessary steps to defend members in any legal proceedings.

Their statement expresses the opinion that newspaper accounts of Rockefeller's tour of mines in Southern Colorado, "will create an erroneous impression in the minds of those unacquainted with existing labor conditions in those fields."

Question Statement

The committee takes issue with a published statement by Rockefeller that the Colorado Fuel & Iron Co. does not care whether its employes are union men or not, and says:

"Since the strike was called off last December, this company (Colorado Fuel and Iron), has steadfastly refused to re-employ men who were still affiliated with the union, and we defy Mr. Rockefeller to produce from his entire working force in Southern Colorado a dozen men who are members of the union."

Union Not Represented

The statement says the miners' representatives with whom Rockefeller has conversed in the coal camps do not represent the union (United Mine Workers of America) but an organization created by the head officials of the company and afterward foisted upon the miners.

"To demonstrate the impotency of such an organization to establish equitable conditions," continues the statement, "we wish to point out that some few months ago the company enforced a reduction upon the miners of Fremont county of 10 cents per ton, notwithstanding the fact that the men had been asking for an increase in prices."

The statement says that despite Rockefeller's recent announcement, "800 or 900 members of our organization have been refused employment by the company, while others have been discharged on some flimsy trumped-up pretext," and that "the elements that led to the revolt of miners in Southern Colorado still obtains."

"I WILL NOT REFUSE TO MEET ANYONE"—JOHN D. JR

When John D. Rockefeller Jr.'s attention was called to a Denver dispatch stating that a committee, representing the international executive committee of the United Mine Workers of America, would invite him to a conference with a view to entering into a contract with the union, he said:

"I have received no invitation yet. However, I have not yet refused to meet anyone and do not intend to refuse to meet any one in the future. You may consider that as my reply."

Mr. Rockefeller refused to comment on the charges of discrimination contained in the committee's statement.

NO HOPE FOR BAD BOY.

Doctor Says Operation Didn't Cure Youth Who Set Refuge Afire.

New York.—Henry Samara, sixteen years old, of 2060 Washington avenue, the Bronx, who tried to set fire to the house of refuge out of sheer viciousness last April, was sentenced to the Elmira reformatory by Judge Malone in general sessions. The judge acted upon a report submitted by Dr. Gregory, chief of the psychopathic ward in Bellevue hospital, who informed the court that the boy was not of unsound mind, but so thoroughly bad that he would be source of danger to the community.

While the boy was under observation in the psychopathic ward he was operated upon for a depressed fracture of the skull, which was thought at first to be responsible for his mental aberrations and lack of moral sense. However, Dr. Gregory states that he does not believe the fracture had anything to do with the patient's viciousness.

Samara was sent to the house of refuge in July, 1914, for attempting to kill his stepfather and for trying to set fire to a building in the neighborhood of his home.

On April 6 last, while he was employed in the laundry of the house of refuge, he piled a bundle of papers under the stairs and threw a lighted match among them. The fire was extinguished, and the boy later pleaded guilty to arson. He was sent to Bellevue hospital for observation.

MARRIED AT MIDNIGHT.

Bride's Brother and Sister Surprised Witnesses on Auto Trip.

West Orange, N. J.—A courtship of eleven years reached a climax when, after an automobile ride through the Orange mountains, Charles J. Grady and Miss Ella M. Enderlin, daughter of Herman Enderlin of this town, aroused the Rev. Louis Sheld, pastor of the German Presbyterian church in Pleasantdale, and had him marry them.

Mr. and Mrs. Grady, in company with Miss Clara Enderlin and Herbert Enderlin, started out in the automobile of Grady for a ride. Shortly after midnight Grady told his companions that he brought them along as witnesses to his marriage to their sister. The ceremony over, Mr. and Mrs. Grady continued their honeymoon in the machine after leaving the latter's sister and brother at their home.

AVIATORS WILL HUNT IN SEARCH FOR SEALS

Fur Men Engage Aeroplanes to Overcome Winter Difficulties.

New York.—No ice pack hereafter will prevent a successful season's catch of seals. Aeroplanes have been engaged by the sealing companies of the northern states and Canada, with expert aviators to help locate the herds.

The preparation for the coming season have been thrust upon sealers by the disastrous ice conditions along the eastern coast and the gulf of St. Lawrence. All last winter constant inshore winds piled hummocks of ice wherever the water shallowed.

These high walls of broken ice prevented the lookouts on the sealing steamers and sailing vessels from locating the seal herds. As a result the catch was one of the smallest on record, the total being less than 50,000 pelts. This has meant a financial loss to the sealing companies of not less than \$250,000.

Cruising along the shores, the aeroplanes will follow scouting tactics, not only locating the herds, but returning to the vessels and plotting them to the navigable channels through the ice. As these "leads" change from hour to hour, the need for the aviator is constant. This will prevent fruitless months of search on the part of the sailing vessels.

Moreover, the aeroplanes will be able to report adverse ice conditions at a distance, so that vessels will be able to make their way to a point of safety before the heralded ice pack comes down to crush them. This alone will mean the saving of many vessels, annually caught by the treacherous foe.

Owing to the restriction on the killing of fur seals, which are extinct except in the Bering sea, the pelt of the

PEEP AT OUR LOVELY FALL MILLINERY



OUR STYLES IN FALL MILLINERY ARE FRESH—RIGHT UP TO THE SECOND. WE CANNOT DESCRIBE THE BEAUTIFUL COLORS OR SHAPES OF OUR MANY, MANY, BEAUTIFUL HATS. COME, LOOK AT THEM. YOU'LL NOT GO ANY FURTHER BUT BUY YOURS WHEN YOU FIRST GLANCE AT THEM.

N. SELIG'S

FALLS CITY DEPARTMENT STORE

true seal is in great demand. The greater ease in locating the herds will give the sealing companies the opportunity to select the bigger and more mature animals.

PINE ENRICHES INDIANS.

Chippewas Get Property Valued at \$820,500.

Ashland, Wis.—Pine timber valued at \$820,500 on the Bad River reservation, near Ashland, will be distributed among 547 Indians, many of whom are children, according to official notice received by the Indian office from the secretary of the interior.

In addition to the timber each Indian will have title to the land on which the timber stands, averaging about eighty acres for each person.

It is claimed by government experts that the Chippewa Indians of the Bad River reservation are the richest tribe in America, with one exception. They have more than \$1,500,000 to their credit in the vaults of Ashland and Duluth from the sale of pine from former allotments.

THE PROBLEM OF TAXES

(From the Tacoma Daily Tribune)

Let the county, school and city officials make no mistake. The citizens are fast nearing the point where patience ceases to be a virtue. The attitude of many officials seem to be this—use up every possible cent that the law permits and the traffic will bear. As to effecting economics and endeavoring to keep below the legal limit of the tax levy—that is an attitude of mind that some board members believe worthy of an insane asylum.

And so we go merrily along. A \$50,000 gymnasium, a \$20,000

playground, new roads, the most expensive obtainable, autos for all our employes to bowl around in! The faster we can make the money fly, the better. And yet many pieces of property are today taxed beyond their earning power. Home owners are straining every nerve to meet assessments that each year are sky-rocketing upward. Taxes are far too high in our cities. We are urging factories to come here, forgetful of tax clubs we brandish in both hands. With a strictly business administration and the elimination of waste, thousands of dollars could be saved the city and county.

Some officials have awakened to the necessity of saving. They have made a good beginning and if they follow out the path they have indicated the public may get some relief. Yet too many have their heads in air, go on their way serenely.

Thus is the complaint of extravagance and high taxes sounded from all quarters of the country. It is not a question, do we need it or can we afford it; but can we get by with the deal. Less work and more pay is the goal the average official appears to be striving for. To create as many lucrative offices as possible and fill them with self-perpetuating employes results in doubling taxation.