

RELIGIO-SCIENTIFIC SKETCHES ON HUMAN PROGRESS



THE FIFTH DAY OR EPOCH

The carboniferous qualities of the water and the atmosphere having been absorbed into the cretaceous organisms of the sea, which formed beds of limestone, and into the rank vegetation which went to form the coal beds, the atmosphere of Earth began to be pure enough to permit life in breathing animals. To this period, therefore, belong the amphibious developments of animal life, such as the crocodile and other animals which can live either on land or in the water. Birds belong to this period, and in the latter part of it appeared the great Mammoth and the Sloth.

The conflict between Evolution and the Bible has been sharp. Nevertheless, unnecessary friction has been generated.

Only in respect to man does the Bible declare a special, direct creation of God. The statements of Genesis in respect to the lower creatures rather favor something along the lines of specialized Evolution. God said, "Let the waters bring forth abundantly the moving creature that hath life, and fowl that may fly above the Earth." (Genesis 1:20, 21.) This is exactly in harmony with our scientific findings that the beginning of life came from the waters, and later extended to the birds, and later to land animals.

The Darwinian theory has disappointed those who swallowed it without a sufficiency of demonstration as to its truth. (1 Timothy 6:20.) Recent demonstrations show that every mixture of species and kind, even where partly successful, means a reversion to the original standards within the third or fourth generation in plants, flowers, fruits and in animals.

The correct thought would seem to be that under Divine supervision various orders of creation were brought to a state of development and a fixity of species, not to be turned aside nor thereafter altered. Not one suggestion is offered respecting human evolution from a lower creature; but quite the contrary. The Bible furnishes merely a basis for faith, "that the man of God may be thoroughly equipped."—2 Timothy 3:17.

SAVE THIS COUPON. IT IS WORTH FIVE CENTS

No. 6. Send this coupon with eleven others from this paper, each bearing a different number, and 15 cents in stamps for packing and postage, to the INTERNATIONAL BIBLE STUDENTS ASSOCIATION, Dept. C, 124 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, N. Y., and receive FREE a copy of "BIRTH DAYS OF MY FRIENDS," price 25 cents. This beautiful book is published to do good—not for profit. It contains an appropriate Scripture text and comment for every day in the year, with spaces for autographs opposite, etc. Hand some bound, gilt edges. Sample on display at the office of this paper.

Our Big Contest Now On!

Popular voting contests are always the source of much dissatisfaction. A big prize is offered and of course only ONE can win and the others naturally feel sore that all their time, energy and money goes for naught so far as they are concerned. Then the newspaper putting on the contest is the loser. They have to give the bulk of the amount collected to some company promoting contests and have to send the paper to the subscribers at a loss.

For the next sixty days we propose to give every one the opportunity to get \$1 in advertising absolutely free. The proposition is this:

TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS: Send \$1 to this office and receive THE FALLS CITY NEWS one year and receive credit for \$1 in advertising to be used anytime during the year.

TO OLD SUBSCRIBERS: Pay up all arrearages if there be any, and one year in advance and you will be entitled to an amount in advertising equal to the money paid.

You will want to advertise something during the year and in this manner you will get your advertising free.

**THE FALLS CITY NEWS,
FALLS CITY, OREGON.**

Notice to Electric Light Users

All persons owing the Falls City Electric Light Co. for service prior to April 1, 1914, will please pay the amount to D. L. Wood at The News office.

Gooseberries for sale, F. K. Hubbard, Falls City, Ore.

FOR SALE—Victor talking machine. \$10 will buy a Victor talking machine with 10 records. Can be seen at News office.

Snake Causes Auto Wreck.

Runaway Follows Owner's Effort to Kill Copperhead on Seat.

East Orange, N. J.—James Morrison of Orange went automobiling with his family the other afternoon and when over the Second mountain drove into a dirt road so that his wife and two children could pick wild flowers. They left the car under a large oak tree and sauntered off.

Half an hour later Mrs. Morrison and her two children returned to the car for the return trip. Coiled up on the front seat was a large copperhead snake. The mother and children, dropping the flowers, ran away screaming.

Mr. Morrison returned to the car and, as the branches hung low over it, pushed it back to the macadam road of Eagle Rock avenue. Getting a stout club from the woods, he swung at the snake, missed it and accidentally gave the car a push, and down the hill it went.

The grade was very steep, and the automobile ran through a wooden fence into the farm of Jacob Miller, striking a calf, killing a couple of chickens and finally halting after it had torn away part of Miller's back porch. By this time there was not much left of the car, and Mr. Morrison, with his wife and two children, walked four miles home. The snake escaped.

USE FOUND FOR BEAR GRASS.

Fiber Obtained From It Converted Into Cordage, Matting, Etc.

Tucumcari, N. M.—Gathering the spear-like leaves of the wild bear grass that grows profusely over a large area of western Texas and baling the fiber that is obtained therefrom is a new industry for this part of the country. A large plant for preparing the fiber for market has been established here.

The product is shipped to Chicago, where it is manufactured into rope, cordage, matting and other products. The available supply of the raw material is said to be practically inexhaustible.

Up to the time it was discovered that the leaves contain a valuable fiber bear grass was considered worthless by the ranchmen. It is now proving a source of considerable revenue for the land owners and the men who are employed in marketing it.

THE EUROPEAN WAR IN BIBLE PROPHECY.

Undreamed of passions have burst forth, devouring the lands that patient hands have beautified and made fertile, and centuries have stocked with art treasures. To the entire world the war has come as a complete surprise because they have not read our book (66 pages—cloth) telling that just such conditions would exist, only to be followed by the still greater devastation of anarchy. The first edition came from the press in 1897.

Of vaster interest and importance is its promise of better things in store for this earth, when the wrath of nations has run its course. Send thirty-four cents in stamps (with this coupon) to cover postage to The Temple, No. 26 W. 43rd St., New York City, and receive a copy promptly.

TERRIER'S LONG VIGIL.

Guarded Basket For Twenty-four Hours Before Yielding.

St. Louis.—Ignoring all blandishments, a Skye terrier guarded an empty basket for twenty-four hours at Taylor and Adams streets, Kirkwood, until finally a boy made friends with the dog and coaxed it to his home, to which he also took the basket.

Persons living in the neighborhood first observed the dog at its vigil the previous afternoon. It refused to let anybody touch the basket and could not be lured away by tempting offers of food.

Mrs. J. J. Wilkins carried food and water to the dog and gave it a sack to lie upon. King Ambler, fourteen-year-old son of Arthur Ambler, made overtures to the terrier for a long time before he won its confidence sufficiently for it to permit him to take the basket.

Who owns the dog and the basket could not be ascertained, and young Ambler said he hoped the owner would not turn up.

TEACHERS ALL GET MARRIED

Superintendent of Battle Creek (Mich.) Schools Is Growing Desperate.

Battle Creek, Mich.—William G. Coburn, superintendent of schools, complains of the inroads that Cupid makes on his corps of teachers. An amazing proportion of them leave each year to marry. This year nineteen teachers are wearing diamond solitaires.

Professor Coburn has made many visits to normal schools to fill vacancies, and he says that next year he will have to do it all over again.

Last year he warned the county clerk against issuing marriage licenses to schoolteachers under contract. He declared that "a woman who will break her contract with the school board would not hesitate very long about breaking a marriage contract." The county clerk couldn't see his way clear to turn down an applicant for a license.

Mr. Coburn has been superintendent of schools here for twenty years, and recently he was re-elected for another term.

Devastating Eelworm Found Again

Washington, D. C.—The devastating eelworm, or, to give it its scientific name, the Tylenchus devastatrix, has been found again in the Pacific Northwest several hundred miles from the point where it was discovered in 1913. This tiny threadlike organism is a member of the great family of nematodes and is remarkably destructive to many forms of bulbous plants. Commercially, its chief importance is due to its ravages in onion fields, but it also feeds to a great extent upon flowering bulbs such as hyacinths and upon such crops as rye, oats, hemp, potatoes, strawberries, etc. Hitherto, the United States appears to have been practically free from it, but the new infestation in the Northwest following upon that of two years ago indicates the existence of danger that it may establish itself here. The devastating eelworm thrives best in moist regions where the temperature varies to a comparatively small extent. These climatic conditions are found in Holland and in the areas in the Pacific Northwest where the pest has been discovered. On the other hand, there is reason to believe that this particular nematode will not survive cold winters in which the ground is frozen solid for a considerable depth, or that at least it will not become a serious menace under such conditions.

The devastating eelworm is so small that although under the most favorable circumstances it may occasionally be detected with the naked eye, it is practically certain to escape observation. As in the case of microbes its presence is usually made known only by its effects. The young nematodes hatching from eggs laid in the infested plant feed on the juices and tissues of the plant until it is destroyed. They multiply with extraordinary rapidity so that the bulb soon swarms with them, and they also often find their way into the upper leaves. In the case of the onion, the leaves of the affected plants become swollen and flabby and the bulb soft and puffy. The whole plant has a peculiar stunted and distorted appearance, and ultimately the bulb rots away. If a portion of the bulb or one of the swollen leaves be placed in a dish of water and observed under a magnifying glass, tiny transparent worms may be seen escaping into the water. This is perhaps the most convenient method for the farmer to ascertain what is killing his onion crop.

Once a crop has become infested with these nematodes, there is no known cure. In fact there is no known way of absolutely eradicating any of the soil-inhabiting, plant-infesting nematodes. The most effective measure is to starve the pest out either by allowing the land to lie fallow, or by planting it to crops that furnish little or no nourishment to the eelworm. Corn and barley are among the crops recommended for this purpose. It is cheaper, however, to prevent the pests gaining a foothold than to fight them in this way. Any diseased plant should be uprooted and burned at once, and no bulbs or seed should be purchased from localities where the devastating eelworm is known to exist, for the pest is most commonly spread by shipments of infected bulbs and seeds. The eggs and larvae of this species of nematode have been known to revive after having been in a lethargic condition in the upper layers of the soil for years. Once a nematode has gained a footing in any locality it may spread in any number of ways. Running water, the feet of men and animals, and infected plant material blown about by the wind are among the most common means.

FALLS CITY MARKET REPORT

Flour, per sack \$1.85, \$2, \$2.10
Bacon, per pound 20-22-cents
Hams, per pound 22-cents
Picnic hams, per pound 16-cents
Choice Dairy butter 25-cents;
Roll 50-cents.
Creamery, per pound 35-cents;
Roll 70-cents.
Eggs, per dozen 18-cents
Coffee, per pound 25 to 45-cents
Sugar, 13-pound for \$1.00
Beans, small white, per pound 8-cents.
Lard, per 5-lb pail 85-cents; per 10-lb pail \$1.65.
Potatoes, per pound 2½-cents

Feed

Wheat, per bushel \$1.80
Bran, per sack \$1.15
Shorts, per sack \$1.75
Barley, Midd per sack \$2.25
Rolled Barley, per sack \$1.75
Alfalfa meal, per 100-lbs \$1.75

Post Office Time Card

Office hours: Daily, except Sunday, 8 a. m. to 6.30 p. m.

Mail arrives, from

Salem 9:00 a. m., 5:45 p. m.
Dallas, 9:00 A. M., 5:45 P. M.
Portland and Dallas train No. 351, 1:55 A. M.
Black Rock, 1:30 P. M.
Mail closes for:
Salem, 8:50 A. M., 1 P. M. and 5 P. M.
Dallas, 8:50 A. M. and 5 P. M.
Portland-Dallas train, 3:58, 1 P. M.
Black Rock, 11 A. M.

SUNDAY ONLY

Office hours: 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail arrives from Salem, 9:00 a. m.
Mail closes for Salem, 8:50 a. m.
Effective May 13, 1915.

IRA C. MEHRLING, Postmaster

Walter L. Tooze, Jr., Lawyer, Dallas, Oregon. ff.

For Rent—Dwelling house. Apply at News office.

Get your butter wrappers printed at the News office.

Correspondents wanted in every neighborhood in this section of the country.

Good house for sale in Falls City, part time. Enquire at News office.

Extra copies of The News are printed each week, and will be sent to any address desired, postpaid, for 5 cents per copy.

Guard Your Children Against Bowel Trouble

Many children at an early age become constipated, and frequently serious consequences result. Not being able to realize his own condition, a child's bowels should be constantly watched, and a gentle laxative given when necessary. Dr. Miles' Laxative Tablets are especially well adapted to women and children. The Sisters of Christian Charity, 531 Charles St., Luzerne, Pa., who attend many cases of sickness say of them:

"Some time ago we began using Dr. Miles' Laxative Tablets and find that we like them very much. Their action is excellent and we are grateful for having been made acquainted with them. We have had good results in every case and the Sisters are very much pleased."

The form and flavor of any medicine is very important, no matter who is to take it. The taste and appearance are especially important when children are concerned. All parents know how hard it is to give the average child "medicine," even though the taste is partially disguised. In using Dr. Miles' Laxative Tablets, however, this difficulty is overcome. The shape of the tablets, their appearance and candy-like taste at once appeal to any child, with the result that they are taken without objection.

The rich chocolate flavor and absence of other taste, make Dr. Miles' Laxative Tablets the ideal remedy for children.

If the first box fails to benefit, the price is returned. Ask your druggist. A box of 25 doses costs only 25 cents. Never sold in bulk.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.