

BRIEF NEWS OF OREGON

Bonds in the sum of \$30,000 for public improvements of Ontario have been subscribed by two banks of that city.

Labor Commissioner Hoff has notified logging companies that they must install logging bunks on cars by January 1.

A three mile electric railroad connecting Glendale and Teltitos lake is planned by capitalists of the Sluslaw section.

Work of grading has been resumed by the Willamette Pacific railroad near Springfield, and trains are hauling gravel.

Portland now is one of the five \$1,000,000 postal savings banks in the United States. The million mark was passed Saturday.

A petition calling for an election on the liquor issue has been signed by the wets at Grandd. At present Lane county is dry.

Thousands of tacks were scattered on the streets of Roseburg in order to annoy drivers of automobiles, and police are searching for the guilty ones.

A bounty of 25 cents a head having been offered for all animals killed, the farmers in numerous districts in Polk county are waging war on gophers.

Eric Anderson has been appointed postmaster at Pleasant Home, vice L. A. Shinselman, resigned, and Carrie R. Otley has been appointed at Sumner, vice E. O. Hall, deceased.

Professor Lewis, of the Oregon Agricultural college, advises Oregon fruit growers to use extreme care to select only the best grades of fruit for shipment outside, keeping only the poorer grades at home.

The beautiful new \$150,000 courthouse at The Dalles, of which Wasco county is proud and which is the finest county government home in Oregon outside of Portland, was formally opened Saturday.

An order permitting the Rogue River Water company to increase its rates about 3 per cent was issued by the state railroad commission. Rates fixed by the city were declared by the commission to be unjust.

Portland contractors, Boyajohn-Arnold, have commenced work on the new administration building for the university of Oregon, and it is expected that the building will be completed within seven and a half months.

More than 25,000,000 salmon eggs have been taken for hatching purposes so far this year by the state game and fish department, according to R. E. Clanton, state hatchery superintendent. This marks the year as a record breaker.

The third crop of alfalfa is now being cut on many of the ranches in the vicinity of Baker, where conditions have been better for large hay crops than in many years. The third crop is proving to be almost as large as the first and second.

The best state fair in the history of Oregon, from the standpoint of exhibits, came to a close Saturday at Salem. Because of rain two days, the attendance was not so large as last year, but it was sufficient, it is believed, for the proceeds to meet all expenses.

Secretary Lane has notified Senator Chamberlain that he has designated as non-irrigable more than 1,000,000 acres of land in Oregon. Persons having entries of 150 acres within the designated area may apply to enlarge their homesteads to 320 acres by taking up designated vacant land adjoining their present entries.

All records for attendance at Crater Lake national park were broken in the season of 1914. In 1913 the travel to September 27 totaled 6826 people and in 1914 the total September 27 was 6947. During the season of 1913 only 760 automobiles visited the park and this year up to September 27, 1252 had visited the park.

The Fort Vannoy (Elamann) orchard of 85 acres, four miles down the Rogue river from Grants Pass, was sold to J. P. Peckham, of Cincinnati, O., the consideration being \$150,000. The orchard consists of 10 acres of peach trees, four acres of pears, 30 of young apples and 35 of older apples in full bearing.

Five thousand men will be put to work through the resumption of construction of government projects already under way in the first and second Oregon districts. In addition to the 2000 men which the government will employ on its own plants, the Columbia contract and other sub-contractors will, it is estimated, employ 3000 more.

Figures gathered from the government engineer's records show that Coos Bay has been making a good showing in its commerce. During the first six months of the year 1914 the total incoming tonnage over the bar was 28,111 tons. The total outgoing was 222,396 tons. If as much is shipped the last six months this year as there was shipped the first six months, there would be a total for the year of 436,099 tons as compared to a total of 399,085 tons of lumber products shipped in 1913, or an increase of 10 per cent.

John M. Johnson Dead

John M. Johnson, formerly a resident of this place, died at Kennedy, Minn., September 26th at 5:50 p. m., at the home of Ole M. Johnson.

Funeral services were held Tuesday Sept. 29th, at the residence at 1:30 o'clock and at the church at 2:00 o'clock.

Mr. Johnson was suffering with his legs, through which the blood did not circulate freely. He was taken to a Portland hospital and underwent an amputation of one leg in the hopes of helping the circulation in the other. The operation did not bring the desired results and it was necessary to amputate the other leg. After the operation he went back to his old home in Minnesota.

He was well known in Falls City and liked by all who knew him and his many friends express their deepest sympathy.

Large Colony Proposed.

Secretary Moores of the Salem Commercial club is responsible for the statement that a colony of Scandinavians will be estab-

lished in Marion county next spring. He says between 500 and 1000 of these people will take timbered and logged-off land and improve it themselves.—Observer.

Post Office Time Card

Office hours: Daily, except Sunday, 8 a.m. to 6.30 p.m.

Mail arrives, from Salem 8.50 a.m., 5:35 p.m.

Mail arrives from Dallas, 8:50 a. m., and 3:35 p. m.

Mail closes for Salem, 9:00 a. m., 1 p. m. and 5:00 p. m.

Mail closes for Dallas 9:00 a. m. and 5:00 p. m.

Mail closes for Black Rock 11:00 a. m.

Mail arrives from Black Rock 2 p. m.

SUNDAY ONLY

Mail arrives from Salem, 8:50 a. m.

Mail closes for Salem, 9:00 a. m.

Office hours: Sunday only, 9:30 to 10:30 a.m.

Effective September 4, 1914.

IRA C. MEHRLING, Postmaster Falls City, Polk Co., Ore.

Mrs. T. B. Hooker was in Dallas Monday.

Rock Haulers Strike

The rock haulers employed by W. B. Stevens in hauling rock on the streets struck for more pay Wednesday afternoon. The price offered was 17 cents per yard and furnish a snap team or 20 cents per yard without. The men wanted 20 cents with snap team and 25 cents without. Stevens refused to give it and the men pulled off the job. Some of the men went back to work. The town wags suggested that the that the State Militia be called, but as Sergeant Charlie Lee was out of town it was not done.

Stung By Yellow Jackets

Thursday morning Mrs. Charles Norris noticed that her cow, that was picketed near the house was running and kicking, and on going to investigate ran into a yellow jackets nest. They attacked her covering her head and face, causing her to fall to the ground. She got up but fell again. A neighbor ran to her assistance and succeeded in getting her away from them. She was badly stung about the face and neck.

Notice to Electric Light Users

All persons owing the Falls City Electric Light Co. for service prior to April 1, 1914, will please pay the amount to D. L. Wood at The News office.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. P. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, price 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Abstracts of title promptly furnished. Rates reasonable. Brown & Sibley, 610 Mill St., Dallas, Or.



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Attorney at Law

Practice in all the State courts. Suite 11 Bush-Bryman Bldg. phone 298 Salem, Oregon

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We attend to all work promptly. Dallas and Falls City, Or.

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Where you can get a Shave, Hair Cut, Bath or 'Shine' Agent for Dallas Steam Laundry Bundles forwarded Tuesday evening

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The Oregon

C. W. Matthews, Proprietor

PHONE 127

The Idaho

CHAS. MIX, PROPRIETOR

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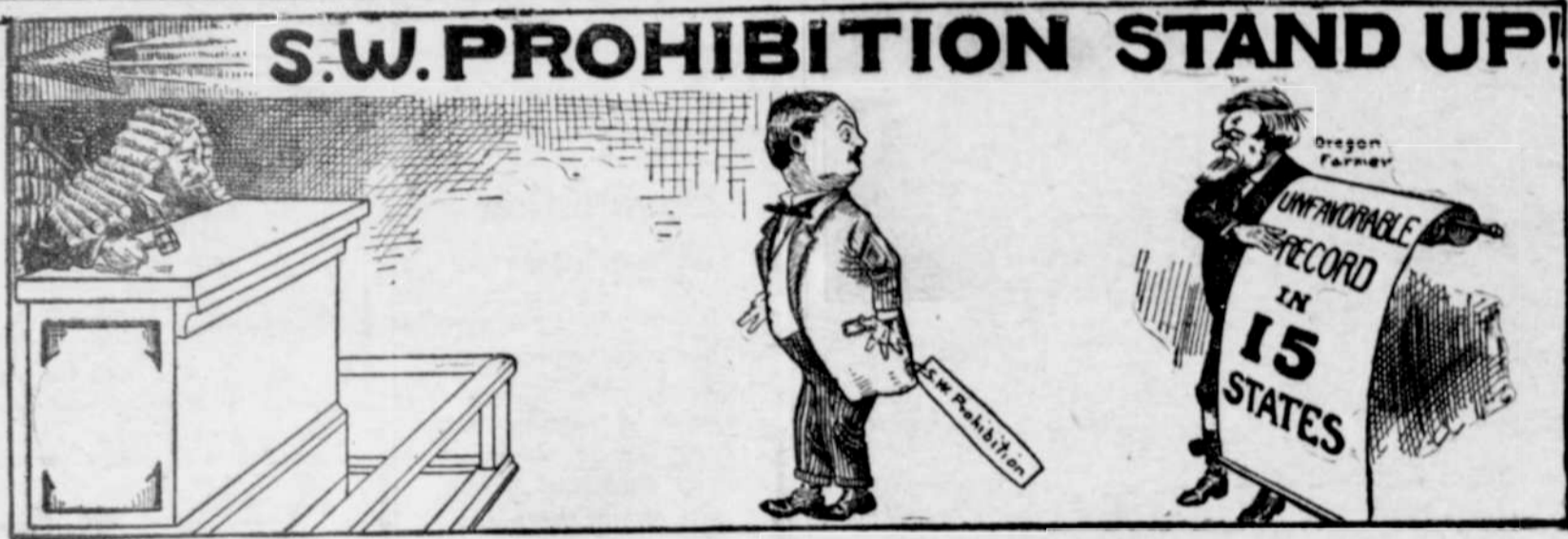
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Real Estate bought, sold, and exchanged. Collections, Insurance, Abstracts. Notarial work; Legal Documents Prepared. Office, in the Falls City News office.

Extra copies of The News are printed each week, and will be sent to any address desired, postpaid, for 2 cents per copy.

Walter L. Tceze, Jr., Lawyer, Nat'l Bank B'ld'g., Dallas, Ph e: Man 1621.



In the Supreme Court of Public Opinion

FREE STATE OF OREGON vs. S. (STATE) W. (WIDE) PROHIBITION

Foreword

The trial of S. W. Prohibition is a prosecution against the theory of the proposed state-wide amendment and is not an attack against the supporters of the measure whose motives are, no doubt, above reproach.

In opening the case against S. W. Prohibition we propose to submit the first charge of Intemperance. We call Mr. Experience, formerly a resident of Vermont and now domiciled in the State of Oregon.

Mr. Experience testified as follows. I have known the defendant for 53 years. I met him when he came to Vermont in 1859 and knew him intimately up to the time of his eviction in 1903, when he was thoroughly discredited.

He was welcomed after he had made the same promises and prophecies that he now makes in Oregon. Vermont accepted in good faith his theory under the BELIEF that it was practical in the following applications.

- (1) That it would stop the use of liquor in the State.
- (2) That it would stop drunkenness.
- (3) That it would stop crime.
- (4) That business conditions would be improved.
- (5) That Taxes would be lowered.

After the adoption of State Wide Prohibition we found the following conditions in the State of Vermont:

- (1) That intoxicants were still accessible and indulged in not only by those addicted to its use before Pro-

hibition but by those who were attracted to its influence by its secrecy in all human nature we are prone to crave that which is forbidden.

(2) Drunkenness in its chronic state increased by reason of the fact that liquor was obtained in bulk and when a man came in contact with it he drank by the wholesale at one sitting.

(3) Whereas practically overnight through the adoption of the prohibition law it was made a crime to indulge temperately in a beverage which before was NO CRIME, there were thousands whose moral character was weakened by being compelled to connive and sneak a privilege he was told was a crime. He lost his respect for law when in his heart and mind he realized his Personal Freedom was trampled. The records show that violent crimes against property and persons did not decrease but rather INCREASED. All was largely brought about by the increased sale of liquor brewed in illicit stills not inspected by the United States Government and which was FATAL to humanity. THE USE OF DRUGS INCREASED ALARMINGLY.

(4) Thousands of men were thrown out of employment into an already overcrowded labor market. Real Estate values tumbled. Stores became vacant. Money ordinarily circulated in the State leaked away into nearby licensed states, where general purchases of supplies INCREASED.

(5) Revenue from licenses having been cut down by Thousands the deficit caused in State, city and county funds had to be met by INCREASED TAXATION. Property rendered valueless WITHOUT COMPENSATION became dilapidated. This with the slackening of business condi-

tions resulted in comparative Stagnation.

I have seen Statewide Prohibition in other States where the same conditions have been met. From my KNOWLEDGE OF HIM I say that his representations and promises are intemperate. I further charge him with intemperance in attempting to foist on Oregon theories that are not new but which have been tried for over half a century and then REJECTED as FAILURES.

N. B.—This trial will proceed from day to day.

CHARGES

Intemperance. Obtaining Recognition Under False Pretenses. Bringing into the State of Oregon Paid Agitators for the Purpose of inoculating her citizens with the Germs of Hysteria.

Offering for acceptance in Oregon broken theories rejected by 15 Eastern States where defendant was ordered "out" after years of bitter experience.

Attempting to Rob Independent Communities of their Rights of Self Government.

Attempting to Kill the Hop Industry of Oregon.

EXTRACTS

One of the Jurors asked Judge Wisdom, "Why is it necessary to try S. W. Prohibition in Oregon when the same prophecies and promises being made here were tested in 15 Eastern States and found to be false." The Judge replied that there were some people who would not profit by the experience of their neighbors.



S. W. Prohibition as He Appeared on the First Day of His Trial

Bishop Neely of the Methodist Episcopal Church says: "Don't become Intemperate in preaching Temperance. Intemperance is not only over indulgence in Liquor."

Speaking of Intemperance, a newspaperman yesterday drew attention to the fact that there were some newspaper so Intemperate that they would not allow their readers access to both sides of the argument.

