

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Newsy Items Gathered from All Parts of the World.

PREPARED FOR THE BUSY READER

Less Important but Not Less Interesting Happenings from Points Outside the State.

A. C. Swinburne, the poet, is dead. Many anthracite coal operators have prepared for a strike.

Holland is eagerly awaiting the birth of an heir to the throne.

New York City alone consumed about 25,000,000 eggs Easter.

The army transport Dix is en route to Seattle with exhibits from the Philippines for the fair.

Governor Lilley, of Connecticut, is dangerously sick and little hope is held out for his recovery.

Indictments against Haskell and other prominent Oklahomans for land frauds have been dismissed.

Castro's wife will attempt to have Gomez resign as president of Venezuela and place the dictator again in power.

Figures gathered by the bureau of statistics show that marriages are falling off and divorces increasing in Indiana.

For the first time since the Spanish war the United States army is up to its full strength and recruiting has stopped except to re-enlist men.

A special train was used by a large Eastern firm to carry bonds from San Francisco to New York. This method was cheaper than paying express.

Roosevelt has arrived at Port Said.

Emma Goldman will fight any effort to deport her.

Eleven jurors have been finally accepted in the Calhoun case.

Experiments are being conducted at New York with wireless telephones.

Fifteen automobiles were destroyed in a fire which burned a Chicago garage.

Revenue officers engaged in a pitched battle with moonshiners in West Virginia.

Preparations are nearly complete for the Harriman merger suit at Salt Lake, when the government will try to break the combine said to exist.

Two men were burned to death and three others seriously injured by an explosion of oil tanks at Point Richmond, Cal. The damage will reach \$50,000.

The defense has closed its argument in the case to dissolve the Standard Oil company. After the government finishes the court will take the case under advisement and a decision is not looked for before fall.

Further earthquake shocks are being felt at Messina.

A large gray wolf has been captured in a Chicago suburb.

An Erie, Pa., millionaire has been asked to give up \$5,000 or suffer death.

Reports that the relief work at Messina is a farce continue to find their way out.

All West Indian colonies have been closed against Castro and France will expel him from Martinique.

A 6-year old South Carolina boy shot his 3-year old brother and is said to have attempted to hide the body.

A Columbus, O., official has received a "Black Hand" warning against issuing marriage licenses to blacks and whites.

Someone put a \$10,000 bill in the collection plate of a Washington, D. C., church and the deacons are looking for the donor, feeling sure that it was a mistake.

Immigration authorities have found that the husband of Emma Goldman obtained his naturalization by fraud. This makes the noted anarchist an alien and she may be deported.

Robbers held up an Ogden, Utah, gambler and secured \$1,500.

The New York legislature has turned down a direct primary measure.

Anthracite miners and operators have split on recognition of the union.

Prairie wolves killed the 10-year old son of a Kingman, Kansas, farmer.

Two Ohio autoists plunged into the Miami river with their car rather than run down a little girl.

Passengers from the wrecked steamer Indiana have arrived at San Francisco on board a warship.

M. Iswolsky, Russian foreign minister, has tendered his resignation, as he is not in accord with the czar.

Ex-Queen Liliuokalani, of Hawaii, must pay her doctors \$11,600, according to the Supreme court of the District of Columbia.

Confederate veterans in the Florida legislature warmly defended a resolution to make Lincoln's birthday a holiday when other members moved to table the proposition.

Ether Mitchell, central figure in the "Holy Roller" murders at Seattle in 1906, has been released from the asylum on parole.

CASTRO IS DEPORTED.

French Government Refuses Him Asylum in Martinique.

Fort De France, April 12.—Cipriano Castro, ex-president of Venezuela, was expelled Saturday from the island of Martinique by the French government. He protested to the last against his expulsion, but his protests were in vain. He is now on board the French line steamship Versailles, bound for St. Nazaire.

Official notice was served on Castro of the decision of the French government that he must leave the island within nine hours from the receipt of such notice, and that the commissary of police at Fort de France had been charged with the execution of the order.

The ex-president railed against the French government and the local authorities, denouncing them for forcing upon him alternative of deportation or imprisonment for six months. He declared that he would not budge and that it would be necessary to take him on board the steamer on a stretcher. This the commissary of police, who finally entered Castro's room with an escort of gendarmes, prepared to do, but Castro's lawyer took steps to find the chief justice, and at the very last moment the governor and public prosecutor decided to have another medical examination made.

Accordingly a medical commission composed of Drs. Bouvier, Costet and Barbe, proceeded to the examination in order to establish definitely if Castro's health were such that he could make the voyage.

The consultation of the physicians lasted more than half an hour, and they agreed that the life of the ex-president would not be jeopardized by his removal to the steamer and the return voyage across the ocean.

ADOPT HARRIMAN PLAN.

New York Hospitals Will Buy Their Supplies Through Bureau.

New York, April 12.—Acting upon the suggestion of W. V. S. Thorne, purchasing agent of the Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and other Harriman lines, the 45 hospitals of New York holding membership in the hospital conference are to be brought under a central supply purchasing department, which will buy all the drugs, foods, furnishings, fuel and instruments not furnished individually by each of the 45 institutions.

The proposal to apply Harriman methods to the purchasing departments of the hospitals in question was made by Mr. Thorne at a meeting of the conference held here at the Academy of Medicine.

Mr. Thorne showed that in \$1,688,647 spent for supplies last year by the 45 institutions a saving of \$161,318 could be effected at a cost of \$24,000. This \$24,000 would be used for the maintenance of a central purchasing department, in charge of a head buyer at a salary of \$7,500 a year, and with a staff of clerks and an office of its own.

REVOLUTION THREATENED.

France is Hotbed of Discontent on Part of Laboring Class.

Paris, April 12.—"You will see the streets of Paris running with blood 'ere long," solemnly prophesied a leading Royalist today.

Royalists are inclined to exaggerate the seriousness of conditions in the French capital, but it certainly is true that not since the days of General Boulanger has revolution been so openly and so freely talked of as it is today. The outlook would be more alarming, however, if the revolutionists knew just what they want, or whom they should choose for a leader. In the eyes of the public the head and front of the present agitation is "Citizen Pataud," chief of the electricians' union. His name sends fear into hearts of the Bourgeois shopkeepers and other employers.

"Premier Clemenceau and others pretend to smile at the great success of their meeting in the hippodrome," said Pataud today, in discussing the situation, "but they will laugh out of the wrong corner of their mouths if they think this movement is not serious. This isn't the end. The dance is just about to begin; the orchestra is merely tuning up."

STRIKERS WRECK FACTORIES.

Meru, France, April 12.—The strike of the buttonmakers of Meru has entered upon a critical phase. All the departmental authorities are hurrying here and reinforcements of cavalry and gendarmes are coming by every train. Many arrests have been made. Negotiations have been futile and disorders broke out last night that recalled the revolution. Agitators came down from Paris and harangued the mob, which stormed and wrecked four button factories and practically destroyed the residences of the employers.

NIGHT RIDERS BREAK OUT.

Nashville, Tenn., April 12.—Night rider depredations in the Humphreys county peanut growing industry have caused the authorities to appeal to Governor Patterson for military protection. Tonight a formal request was made. An attempt to liberate certain prisoners at Waverly under indictment for nightriding outrages is feared. One of the offenses was the whipping of a justice of the peace so mercilessly that he begged that he be killed.

ASK DENMARK TO BAR CASTRO.

Copenhagen, April 12.—The United States has approached Denmark in the matter of forbidding Cipriano Castro to remain in the Danish West Indian island of St. Thomas in case the former president of Venezuela should proceed there from Martinique. A definite answer is expected tomorrow.

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

NEW PROJECTS FOR OREGON

Reclamation Service Makes Three Filings in Eastern Oregon.

Salem—More irrigation projects are in view for Eastern Oregon. The United States reclamation service has made three important filings on Eastern Oregon streams within the past few days. The filings were made on the Umatilla, Owyhee and Malheur rivers and are on record in the office of the state engineer.

At this time the filings are not definite enough to admit of any enlargement upon the proposed projects that the United States government expects to make. The filings must be approved and several months will be consumed before anything of a definite nature can result from them.

The topographical surveys that have been made in Eastern Oregon are the most valuable means whereby feasible reclamation projects are discovered. At the last session of the legislature an attempt was made to increase the appropriation from \$5,000 to \$20,000 annually for making these surveys. The bill passed the house but failed to pass the senate.

The bill failed mainly because the Eastern Oregon senators opposed it, those representing the section to be most benefited by the appropriation. Consequently, the irrigation projects must come more slowly. For every dollar the state appropriates for the topographical surveys the United States appropriates another dollar. Had the bill that was piloted through the house by Representative Rusk passed the senate \$40,000 a year would have been available.

The state engineer has gone to Wyoming to study the workings of the water code of that state, which was the model from which was formed Oregon's new code. Mr. Lewis expects to be absent about 10 days or two weeks.

NORMAL GETS LITTLE AID.

Eastern Oregon Indifferent as to Fate of Institution.

Weston—J. O. Russel, physical director and teacher of mathematics at the Weston normal, has returned from an Eastern Oregon trip in the interests of the school. Among the places visited were Hermiston, Arlington, Cove, La Grande and Elgin.

Mr. Russel reports that he met with most popular misconception as to the nature and sphere of normal school work, and the financial encouragement offered was rather slim. For instance, the La Grande subscription toward running the school until the end of the present year, which closes with commencement May 25, was only \$55. In Mr. Russel's view there is no hope for any general assistance throughout Eastern Oregon toward continuing the school until such time as it would be possible to obtain state aid by means of the initiative measure, which it is proposed to submit at the November election in 1910.

SMUGGLED OATS, SAYS O. R. & N.

Salem—Complaint is made against the Frank L. Smith Meat company by the Oregon Railroad & Navigation company before the railroad commission for false billing, by which, it is claimed, the meat company smuggled 60 sacks of oats into Portland with a consignment of baled hay from Hutchinson spur. It is the contention of the attorneys for the Oregon Railroad & Navigation company that persons and corporations other than railroad companies may be found guilty of a misdemeanor under the railroad commission act of 1907, and that when the corporation by false billing obtains transportation for less than the published tariff it may be prosecuted, and if found guilty, be subject to a fine of not less than \$50 or more than \$1,000.

Shearing Season Is On.

Pendleton—With the starting of large sheep shearing plants at Arlington and Echo, the shearing season in Eastern Oregon has formally opened. Those shearing are Symthe & Symthe, at Arlington, and Stanfield Bros., at Echo. With an exceptionally clean fleece of good quality and prices from two to five cents higher than last year, the season has opened under the most auspicious circumstances for some years.

Improve Drewsey-Burns Road.

Drewsey—A new road is being made this week over the Drewsey mountain, which is crossed by passengers en route to Burns. When completed the road will be greatly improved. Heretofore it has been so steep as to make it difficult for horses to pull even an empty wagon, and the drive down has been very dangerous. The new road is being cut around the mountain.

State Gets Ship's Guns.

Salem—Governor Benson has received a letter from Secretary of the Navy George L. von Meyer, stating that the 13-inch guns of the Oregon have not yet been condemned and consequently cannot be given to the state or to other applicants. It is understood the government will send two of the 6-inch guns to Salem for the state-house lawn.

Land to Be Thrown Open.

Salem—The desert land board, at its meeting in the statehouse decided to grant the application of the Deschutes Irrigation & Power company and throw open the company's segregation of about 8,000 acres. The land opened is known as list No. 6. The protest of A. M. Drake, of Portland, was thus overruled.

LOADS MUST BE HEAVY.

Some Absurd Blunders in New Oregon Road Law.

Salem—Among the quaint and curious blunders of the recent session of the Oregon legislature was the passage of a bill making it unlawful to drive a wagon on any improved road west of the Cascade range, weighing with its burden less than 2,500 pounds. The bill is house bill No. 81, and is designed to protect the roads from the result of overloading narrow-tire wagons.

The bill was referred to the house committee on roads and highways and by them amended and jumbled up. Section 2 gives county courts authority to regulate the weight of all loads of various commodities, between the first day of October and the first day of May of each year. Section 3 was amended to read, in referring to the weight of loads that may be hauled:

"And the maximum weight thereof shall not be made less than 2,500 pounds nor more than 3,000 pounds for any vehicle having tires of any width less than four inches, nor less than 3,500 pounds nor more than 4,500 pounds for any vehicle having tires of more than four inches and less than six inches in width, nor less than 4,500 pounds for any vehicle having tires of six inches or more in width," etc.

The bill is intended to apply to counties wholly or in part west of the Cascade range.

Any violation may be punished by county courts for contempt of court.

Gilliam Land Leased.

Mitchell—What is considered as the largest lease of land ever transacted in this county was completed recently when G. L. Frizzell, of Gird's creek, rented all his grazing and farming land to Perry Reames, of Mitchell. The property is considered one of the best stock ranches in this section. It consists of 2,150 acres, situated at the head of Gird creek. Mr. Reames has taken immediate charge, while Mr. Frizzell will drive about 300 head of cattle to Toppish, Wash., where he has been feeding 650 head the past winter. The whole herd, 950 head, will be fattened for the northern markets.

New County Up to Voters.

Salem—Advocates of the creation of a county of Nesmith have not given up the fight, but will initiate the measure which failed in the legislature. This became evident when A. B. Wood, of Cottage Grove, called on Attorney General Crawford to secure the latter's opinion as to the legality of an initiative petition prepared for the purpose of appealing the Nesmith county matter to the people of the state at the next election.

Land Brings \$1,000 an Acre.

Milwaukie—Mrs. M. D. Reid has completed the sale of 22 acres of her home place to B. Lee Paget and others of Portland for an average of \$1,000 an acre. The land sold is under a high state of cultivation and contains one of the most productive grape vineyards in Clackamas county.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Bluestem milling, \$1.25; bluestem shipping, \$1.17 1/2 @ 1.18; club, \$1.12 @ 1.15; Turkey red, \$1.15; red Russian, \$1.08; valley, \$1.10 1/2.

Oats—No. 1 white, \$39 @ 40 per ton. Barley—Feed, \$31 @ 32 per ton.

Hay—Timothy, Willamette valley, \$13 @ 15 per ton; Eastern Oregon, \$16 @ 18; clover, \$12 @ 13; alfalfa, \$14.50 @ 15; grain hay, \$13 @ 14; vetch, \$13.50 @ 14.50; cheat, \$13.50 @ 14.50.

Potatoes—\$1.25 @ 1.35 per hundred; sweet potatoes, 2 1/2 @ 3c per sack.

Vegetables—Turnips, \$1 per sack; carrots, 90c; parsnips, \$1.50; beets, \$1.75; horseradish, 10c per pound; artichokes, 65 @ 85c per dozen; cabbage, 3 @ 4c per pound; cauliflower, \$2.50; celery, \$4.50 per crate; lettuce, head, 85c per dozen; onions, 40 @ 50c per dozen; parsley, 35c per dozen; peas, 15c per pound; radishes, 35c per dozen; rhubarb, 5 @ 8c per pound; spinach, 6c per pound.

Onions—Oregon, \$1.75 @ 1.85 per hundred.

Butter—City creamery, extras, 29c; fancy outside creamery, 27 1/2 @ 29c per pound; California, 27 1/2 @ 29c; store, 18 @ 20c. Butter fat prices average 1 1/2c per pound under regular butter prices.

Eggs—Oregon ranch, 21 @ 22c per dozen.

Poultry—Hens, 16 @ 16 1/2c per pound; broilers, 24 @ 25c; fryers, 18 @ 20c; roosters, old, 10 @ 11c; young, 14 @ 15c; ducks, 20 @ 22 1/2c; geese, 10c; turkeys, 18 @ 19c; squabs, \$2.50 @ 3c per dozen.

Veal—Extras, 10 @ 10 1/2c per pound; ordinary, 7 @ 8c; heavy, 6c.

Pork—Fancy, 9 @ 9 1/2c per pound; large, 8 @ 8 1/2c.

Hops—1909 contracts, 9 @ 10c per pound; 1908 crop, 7 @ 7 1/2c; 1907 crop, 3 @ 4 1/2c; 1906 crop, 1 1/2 @ 2c.

Wool—Eastern Oregon, contracts, 16 @ 18c per pound; valley, 18c; mohair, choice, 23 @ 23 1/2c.

Cattle—Top steers, \$5.25 @ 5.50; fair to good, \$4.75 @ 5; common to medium, \$3.25 @ 4.50; cows, top, \$4.25; fair to good, \$3.50 @ 4; common to medium, \$2.50 @ 3.50; calves, top, \$5 @ 5.50; heavy, \$3.50 @ 4; bulls and stags, fat, \$3 @ 3.50; common, \$2 @ 2.75.

Hogs—Best, \$7.25 @ 7.50; fair to good, \$6.75 @ 7; stockers, \$5.50 @ 6; China fats, \$6.75.

Sheep—Top wethers, \$5 @ 5.75; fair to good, \$4.50 @ 4.75; ewes, 1/2c less on all grades; yearlings, top, \$6.25 @ 6.50; fair to good, \$6 @ 6.25; spring lambs, \$9 @ 10.

GALE CAUSES LOSS.

Severe Wind Storm Passes Over Atlantic Coast States.

Boston, April 9.—Moving Eastward with increasing velocity, the storm which has done so much damage in the Central and Lake states today swept over New England, and a tale of woe has poured into this city from shipping interests as a result. The gale has varied in velocity from 50 to over 92 miles an hour, and shipping up and down the coast has sought shelter.

From off the Rhode island coast it is reported that three barges with their crews have been blown out to sea, and staunch ocean-going tugs have started to their relief. On the treacherous sands off Cape Cod a sloop is reported ashore, and from Vineyard Haven it is reported that many vessels have put in there in a disabled condition.

In the path swept by the storm wires are just being restored to working order, and tales of loss of life and suffering are rapidly coming in.

Throughout Eastern Canada the gale was particularly severe, and from Ontario it is reported that many houses were unroofed. A schoolhouse at Guelph was demolished and many persons injured.

In Rochester, N. Y., the gale acquired a velocity of 58 miles an hour, and one man was killed. At Wheeling, W. Va., one man was killed and three seriously injured.

The oil country near Pittsburg suffered great damage in the gale, and over 2,000 derricks over the wells were blown down. The loss to oil men will total at least \$100,000. Houses, barns and fences throughout the country were wrecked.

MODJESKA PASSES AWAY.

Famous Actress Loses in Her Battle Against Death.

Los Angeles, Cal., April 9.—Madame Helena Modjeska, the famous Polish tragedienne and one of the most noted actresses of the American stage, died at 10 o'clock yesterday at her island home at Bay City, in Orange county, at the age of 65, after an illness of about two months. For several days she had been unconscious and her death was almost hourly expected. Bright's disease, complicated with heart trouble, was the immediate cause of death.

Gathered around the bedside of the noted actress when she died were Count Bozenta, husband of Madame Modjeska; Ralph Modjeska and his wife, son and daughter-in-law, of Chicago, and Dr. J. C. Boyd, the family physician. The fatal illness of Madame Modjeska has been a hard strain on the count and the other members of the family, who have watched almost incessantly at her side for a month past.

The body of the actress will be embalmed and taken to Los Angeles, where it will lie in a vault for some time. Later Count Bozenta will take the body to Cracow, Poland, the early home of Modjeska, and there it will be interred.

UNITED STATES AROUSED.

Nicaraguan President Must Account for Mutilating Papers.

Washington, April 9.—Nicaraguan mutilation of official dispatches to this government and continued grave conditions in Central America, are under earnest consideration of the Washington government. Investigation have convinced the officials here that cipher dispatches passing between John H. Gregory, the American charge at Managua, Nicaragua, and the State department at Washington were purposely mutilated.

It would not be surprising, in view of the unsatisfactory conditions, if the American government should take active steps to end the existing state of affairs in Central America and notify Nicaragua that henceforth peace must prevail at all hazards.

Moral suasion with Nicaragua has failed to accomplish the object sought—that of impressing her with the desire both of the United States and Mexico that there be a cessation of the contentions which keep other Central American republics constantly guessing. Intervention in Central American affairs has been talked of unofficially.

Autoists Sacrifice Car.

Dayton, O., April 9.—Rather than run down a little girl who was in their path, James L. Dinsmore and F. O. Probaseo turned their automobile down a 30-foot embankment and plunged into the waters of the Miami river today. The men were driving the car along the top of the levee, only eight feet wide, when the child was seen a few feet ahead. Probaseo, who was driving said: "Is it the child or the river, Jim?" He received the reply, "The river for ours." Although the river was high both men escaped.

Boosts for Irrigation.

Helena, Mont., April 9.—Arthur Hoeker, secretary of the National Irrigation congress, which will meet in Spokane August 9 to 14 next, is in attendance at the Montana publicity meeting here. He said: "The irrigation congress has a national policy to preserve the forests, store the floods, reclaim the deserts, make homes on the land. It emphasizes the great value of water to American people. It shows the immense development possible."

Balloon Italia Tumbles.

Schio, Italy, April 9.—The trial of the dirigible balloon Italia today ended disastrously. After maneuvering for some time at a height of 1,200 feet, the engine broke down and the balloon descended precipitately. It was badly damaged, but the aeronauts were not hurt.

WILL DEPORT CASTRO

France Tells United States He Will Be Driven Away.

PUT HIM ABOARD FIRST STEAMER

Will Be Returned to Europe, Where He Will Be Out of Touch With Venezuela.

Washington, April 10.—The French government has informed the State department of its determination to put into effect immediately its decision to expel ex-President Castro, of Venezuela, from Fort de France and compel him to return to Europe.

The program is to put him aboard the vessel first touching at Fort de France. If this is carried out, Castro will be on his way to Europe in a day or two, unless his physical condition is such that the ocean trip would put his life in jeopardy.

The State department officials are much gratified at the manner in which the French government has acted, and feel relieved that Castro is to be sent back to Europe, where he will have no immediate influence in the affairs of Venezuela, where his personal following is believed to be considerable.

HITCHCOCK PASSES AWAY.

Former Cabinet Officer Dies After Weeks of Illness.

Washington, April 10.—Ethan Allen Hitchcock, secretary of the interior under Presidents McKinley and Roosevelt, died here yesterday morning at 11 o'clock, aged 74. He had been critically ill for several days.

Mr. Hitchcock had been ill for some weeks. He contracted a severe cold while in the West, and his condition became so serious that he hurried to Washington to place himself in the hands of a specialist who had attended him during his office career here. He suffered from a complication of kidney, heart and pulmonary diseases.

At the bedside when the end came were Mrs. Hitchcock, the three daughters, Lieutenant Commander Sims, and a nephew, George C. Hitchcock, of St. Louis.

His condition had become steadily worse during the last two days.

The body will be taken to St. Louis today, arriving there Sunday night. The funeral will be held Monday, the interment being at the Bellefontaine cemetery in that city.

NO COAL STRIKE LIKELY.

Operators Say Danger of Interruption of Business Remote.

Philadelphia, April 10.—Although a disagreement was reached at the concluding conference of the anthracite operators and miners today concerning the question of a wage agreement in the hard coal fields of Pennsylvania, there will be no strike and no danger of suspension of mining, according to mine workers' officials.

The operators rejected the modified demands presented yesterday by the miners. The answer of the miners was given to the mine workers today in a conference which lasted more than an hour.

The officials of the United Mine workers of three districts will hold another meeting to decide upon a course of action.

The operators having headquarters in New York City left on the noon train, and announced they would give out a statement soon after their arrival.

Signs Point to Bean.

Washington, April 10.—Indications strongly point to the selection of Judge Bean for the new Federal judgeship in Oregon. The attorney general, at the request of the president, has been making inquiries as to Judge Bean's qualifications, and, so far as known, all reports are favorable. Senator Fulton made no recommendations, realizing that it was the president's purpose to make his own selection irrespective of politics and political endorsements. Judge Bean had endorsed Mr. Fulton for the position.

Right to Spank Is Upheld.

Detroit, Mich., April 10.—In the police court here today Justice Jeffers upheld the right of a father to administer the old-fashioned spanking to his 17-year old daughter, even if her dignity suffered. Margaret Granin, aged 17, had her father arrested for disturbing the peace. Granin told the judge that the punishment was part of an effort to keep his daughter away from cheap theaters and the justice decided that spanking was permissible.

Ice Jam in Niagara River.

Lewiston, N. Y., April 10.—Owing to a jam of ice in the gorge just above here, the docks of the Niagara River Navigation company at Queenston and Lewiston are covered with about 30 feet of ice. The stay wires of Lewiston suspension bridge were carried away.

Unearth Pot of Gold.

Lexington, Ky., April 10.—While digging a posthole in an abandoned lot today, workmen discovered a brass kettle containing \$8,500 in gold and silver that apparently had been buried off a half century.