

Ashland Tidings
 Established 1876
 Published Every Evening Except Sunday
THE ASHLAND PRINTING CO.
 OFFICIAL CITY AND COUNTY PAPER
 TELEPHONE 39
 C. K. LOGAN, Editor

Entered at the Ashland, Oregon Postoffice as Second-class Mail Matter.

Subscription Price Delivered in City:
 One month \$.65
 Three months 1.95
 Six months 3.75
 One year 7.50

Mail and Rural Routes
 One month \$.65
 Three months 1.95
 Six months 3.50
 One year 6.54

ADVERTISING RATES
 Display Advertising
 Single insertion, each inch 30c
 YEARLY CONTRACTS
 Display Advertising

One time a week 27 1/2 c
 Two times a week 25 c
 Every other day 20 c

Local Readers
 Each line, each time 10c
 To run every other day for one month, each line, each time 7c

To run every issue for one month or more, each line, each time 5c

Classified Column
 One cent the word each time.
 To run every issue for one month or more, 1/2 c the word each time.

Legal Rate
 First time, per 8-point line 10c
 Each subsequent time, per 8-point line 5c

Card of thanks \$1.00
 Obituaries, the line 2 1/2 c

Fraternities and Societies
 Advertising for fraternal orders or societies charging a regular initiation fee and dues, no discount. Religious and benevolent orders will be charged the regular rate for all advertising when an admission or other charge is made.

What Constitutes Advertising
 In order to allay a misunderstanding among some as to what constitutes news and what advertising, we print this very simple rule, which is used by newspapers to differentiate between them: "ALL future events, where an admission charge is made or a collection is taken IS ADVERTISING." This applies to organizations and societies of every kind as well as to individuals.

All reports of such activities after they have occurred is news.
 All coming social or organization meetings of societies where no money contribution is solicited, initiation charged, or collection taken IS NEWS.

THE DEADLIEST WEAPON
 Possessed with the buoyancy of youth and the charms that mark the transition between girlhood and womanhood, without a hint of the impending tragedy that would prostrate two families and forever place a blight upon the life of a boy not yet reached his majority, the life of an 18-year-old girl was suddenly snuffed out while she and the youth, a playmate of her childhood days, were engaged in a playful struggle over the possession of a revolver—the inevitable "gun that was not loaded."

In a flash, sunshine was changed to rain, as the mantle of Death enfolded Youth in its embraces. There was weeping where, but a few minutes previous, joyful laughter filled the air; grieving where there had been rejoicing; death where there was life. A report. A shriek. The "gun that was not loaded" had claimed another victim.

Though hours be spent in remorse and repentance, and the tenor of an entire lifetime be changed, no power can restore that life to those who loved it; hopes and prophecies for the fulfillment of the promises lying dormant in the bud that was about to burst into full bloom, were forever shattered, for the outcome of the "unloaded" gun is final.

The passage of the days as time flits quickly by, and the events of the hour gradually become the facts upon which history is builded, serves more and more to impress upon us the uncertainty of this existence. Almost daily the newspapers of the nation carry in their columns mention of the weapon that is most deadly—the gun that was not loaded. Such incidents as these serve to remind us of the words of the poet, William Cullen Bryant, when he says: "So live, that when thy summons comes to join the innumerable caravan * * * Thou go not, like the quarry-slave at night, scoured by his dun-geon, but sustained and soothed by an unflinching trust, approach thy grave, like one who wraps the drape-ry of his couch about him, and lies down to pleasant dreams."

U. OF O. WOMEN PROVE BETTER STUDENTS THAN MEN
 UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, Eugene, Oct. 2.—The men of the university fell behind the girls as usual in the grades for the spring term, according to a report from the registrar's office giving the fair co-eds of the institution 3.18 as compared with only 3.58 for the men. The university average was 3.37. House grades follow:

Alpha Chi Omega 2.84, Kappa Alpha Theta 2.87, Alpha Delta Pi 2.94, Pi Beta Phi 2.95, Zeta Rho Epsl. on 3.06, Friendly Hall 3.09, Hendricks Hall 3.13, Delta Gamma 3.15, Kappa Kappa Gamma 3.17, Delta Tau Delta 3.19, Alpha Phi 3.24, Alpha Sigma 3.28, Susan Campbell Hall 3.29, Delta Zeta 3.30, Gamma Phi Beta 3.32, Delta Delta Delta 3.33, Alpha Tau Omega 3.36, Beta Theta Pi 3.37, Thacher Cottage 3.38, Kappa Delta Phi 3.41, Phi Delta Theta 3.60, Kappa Theta Chi 3.61, Phi Sigma Pi 3.61, Phi Gamma Delta 3.61, Chi Psi 3.62, Chi Omega 3.64, Sigma Nu 3.66, Kappa Sigma 3.69, Sigma Chi 3.69, Sigma Alpha Epsilon 3.70, Bachelordon 3.92, Delta Theta Phi 4.02.

CO-OPERATION IS BYWORD IN STONE QUARRY CITY
 SOUTH AMHERST, O., Oct. 2.—Co-operator has supplanted the rivalry of local stone quarry companies with the result that the 500 citizens of this recently incorporated village are claiming it is the "most co-operative" municipality in Ohio.

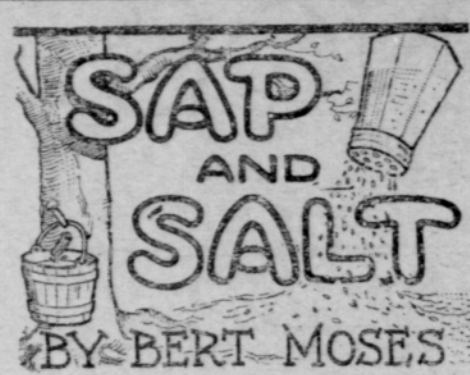
The Cleveland Stone company and the Ohio Quarries company operate mammoth quarries here—in the world's sandstone center.

Goods are sold at cost in a grocery and merchandizing store, an up-to-date playhouse entertains on Saturday nights and Sundays, being operated at cost, and a modern cigar store, poolroom and bowling alleys are being conducted "at a loss to the company." All were established by the quarries companies, who direct their operation.

THOUGHTS FROM OTHER SOURCES
 VALUE OF PUBLIC LIBRARIES (Eugene Guard)

Almost every community these days has a library—either a public institution supported by taxation, or a private one maintained by public subscription and endowment. Certainly every locality should have one.

After possessing a library, the next thing is for the public to use it. Too often its service is devoted



When prayer fails, try hard work.

More people go to court for revenge than they do for justice.

Stinginess and hate put more wrinkles in the face than old age.

This would be a better world if men thought less about if men thought less about clothes.

Calomel, quinine and morphine are not so good for the body as pure air, pure water and plain food.

When Nature wants things to grow a certain way, you can't get much of any results with hair-growers and bust-developers.

HEZ HECK SAYS:
 "Vamps don't bother men whose pants bag at the knees."

mainly to the accommodation of those who read nothing but fiction. A properly selected library should be a genuine storehouse of information—and many there are—affording the facilities of a complete liberal education for the learning of all the world, the result of generations of study and research, is gathered there.

The person who has passed school age, yet is conscious of a lack in the quality or quantity of his learning, can, if he has the ambition and patience, round out a very complete education within the quiet walls of the town library.

Here, too, the merchant can come and find facts as to raw materials, processes of manufacture, and the market for his goods in different parts of the country or the world.

The mother who wishes to know more about the care and feeding of her baby, the farmer who wants advice about wheat or mowing machines, the tired dry goods clerk who wants to turn chicken farmer—all these should find material suited to their needs in the house of books.

A well-stocked library, administered by a staff of workers that understand the possibilities it offers for public service, and patronized freely by all classes and conditions of readers, will repay its upkeep a thousand times in any community.

Supreme Court Opens Today With Big Docket; 600 Cases Assured

By A. O. HAYWARD
 I. N. S. Staff Correspondent

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The supreme court of the United States met at noon today for the October term, which will run until the first week in next June. On the court dockets there are over 600 cases entered, and this number will be swelled to more than 1000 before the close of the term.

Holding fast to customs established through its existence, the court will not begin the hearing of cases, or start the call of the docket until tomorrow. Its ordered procedure today was the administration of the oath of office to Associate Justice Sutherland, who succeeded Justice John H. Clarke. The latter resigned last month, and former United States Senator Sutherland, of Utah, was appointed to the vacancy by President Harding. At the beginning of the October term, 1921, Chief Justice Taft took the oath of office.

With the ceremony of swearing in Justice Sutherland completed, the court admitted to practice before it, a large number of lawyers who have assembled to argue the first cases appearing on the docket. A number of these cases were carried over from the last term of court, with dates for argument already set.

In the cases already docketed, there are few of vast importance to the country at large, although many are of considerable local interest. There are appeals for rehearings by the court of the Southern Pacific dissolution, United States Shoe Machinery monopoly and Coronado Coal company union labor liability cases. Decision was rendered in each of these cases by the court at the last

term. Rehearings in such cases are granted but seldom by the United States supreme court.

There are more than a dozen cases growing out of enforcement of the national prohibition laws, each case bringing up to the court some alleged new complication or conflicting provision of the prohibition law and other federal statutes for final decision. There is an even larger number of cases involving interpretations of the federal employers' liability law, many of them dealing with cases against the government during the period the railroads were under control of the federal government.

Some 16 cases deal with boundary disputes among the several states. Massachusetts has brought an original action testing the validity of the maternity and child federal aid bill, and New York state has a similar action against the federal water power law.

The first case for argument on the docket is one which raises the test whether a Japanese is a white man, and as such is eligible to citizenship in the United States, or is not a white man and so is barred from citizenship under federal statutes, which grant citizenship to members of the white race, negroes and those of negro descent. This case is a test one and was brought from Hawaii, a Japanese resident of Hawaii whose children are citizens of the United States because born in Hawaii, claiming right to citizenship because of descent from the white race and being himself a "white man." There are three cases before the court with similar issues, one being the claimed right of a high-class Hindu to citizenship.

NOT WHAT MOTHER EXPECTED

Teacher's Message Sent by Little Clarence by No Means the Kind She Looked For.

Clarence recently made his debut as a Sunday school scholar. When he came home his father and mother waited to hear a report of his experiences, but Clarence evidently was too much dazed by them to begin.

"Well, dear," said his mother helpfully, "did you say the text?"

"Yes, mother."

"And did you remember the story of the lesson?"

"Yes, mother, I said it all off by heart."

"And did you put your penny in the basket?"

"Yes, mother."

Clarence's mother caught him up and hugged him ecstatically.

"Oh, you little precious!" she exclaimed. "Your teacher must have been so proud! I know she just loved you. She said something to you, didn't she?"

"Yes, mother."

"I knew it!" with a proud glance at Clarence's father over Clarence's head. "Come, darling, tell mother what the teacher said to mother's little man."

"She said for me to bring two cents next Sunday."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Copper a Water Purifier.

The use of copper sulphate for the disinfection of reservoirs and the destruction of algae and noxious germs in water has led to much discussion of the old idea that copper is dangerous to health, comments the Washington Star. An official of the Department of Agriculture maintains that a change has come over scientific opinion on this subject. Strange as it may seem, he says, there is not an authentic case of copper poisoning on record, either in this country or abroad, and he adds that toxicologists and physiologists who have scientifically studied the subject agree that copper, in the amount used for purification of water, is harmless. On account of the many defects in the practical use of filtration plants he regards purification of water supplies by copper as a preferable method, or at least, as a safe auxiliary.

Composed for Washington.

"Hall Columbia" has the honor of having been composed for President Washington. The father of his country was fond of the play and sometimes attended a little rickety theater, one of the best available, which had the "enormous" capacity of 300 persons. A piece called "The President's March" was composed by the leader of the orchestra for one of those occasions and it was played on the entrance of the President and his friends. It was afterward slightly altered and given the name of "Hall Columbia." On that same night there were lines in the play that referred to America's chief which made the subject of them somewhat restless, for he was modest and not fond of compliments.

Missing His Money's Worth.

"How long has this movie been running?" asked Mr. Gumpson.

"About half an hour," said the usher.

"Has the villain choked the hero some hero yet?"

"The fight occurs in the next reels. They meet again, you know, and here wins."

"The first time only one I caught."

ALL OBSTACLES REMOVED BY PACIFIC GAS & ELECTRIC

REDDING, Calif., Oct. 2.—The Pacific Gas and Electric company removed the last obstacle to the opening of its new power plant at Pit No. 1, when it paid into the superior court here \$62,500 to satisfy the judgment in the Dennis condemnation suit over riparian rights.

Unless this judgment had been paid, the new power plant could not have been opened Saturday. The formal opening is to take the shape of a big celebration, at which visitors from many places will be present.

JAIL SENTENCES GIVEN TO TWO MEDFORD BOYS

Chauncy Hooker and George Brown, two of the members of the alleged gang of youngsters, who pled guilty to various charges of petty thievery, were sentenced to three and two months, respectively in the county jail, with a fine of \$50 assessed against the former, and \$25 against the latter.

The young Penni lad, who was implicated in the confessions made, was fined \$25 and released, as it was shown that he was a hard-working boy. It is thought bad company was responsible for his being implicated.

The three younger members of the gang were released in juvenile court several days ago, with instructions that they need not expect light treatment should they be caught again.

UKRAINIA JOAN OF ARC

Miss Olga Kopachuk, termed the Joan of Arc of Ukraina, active leader in the spiritual struggle for emancipation of the people of Little Russia, came to this country as the advance guard of the Ukrainian National chorus. The other members soon followed her and will make a tour of the United States, the purpose being to indicate to Americans the artistic, intelligent, peace loving nature of the Ukrainians. Miss Kopachuk is a graduate of the Vienna conservatory.

NINE ARE INDICTED BY KLAMATH FALLS GRAND JURY

KLAMATH FALLS, Oct. 2.—Defalcations totaling \$27,550.20 are alleged in nine true bills returned by the grand jury against John W. Siemens and John Siemens Jr., in connection with administration of the affairs of the defunct First State and Savings bank, of which the accused were president and cashier, respectively. The defendants waived reading of all but one indictment and asked three weeks in which to enter a plea or demurrer to the charges. The request was granted by Judge Leavitt.

Both defendants were served with warrants for their arrest following the return of the indictments. They were released under bond of \$33,000 each, which was furnished by George and Ed Bloomingcamp.

The indictments charge illegal and willful misapplication of the bank's funds through honoring worthless checks drawn on the bank by firms in which the defendants were interested, and illegally making loans.

WEATHER OUTLOOK THIS WEEK

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—Weather outlook for the period October 2 to October 7, 1922, inclusive:

Pacific coast states—Generally fair in California, unsettled and occasional showers in Oregon and Washington; normal temperature.

Northern Rocky Mountain and Plateau regions: Generally fair with normal temperature, but local rains are probable during latter part of week.

SUES FOR \$100 FOR NINE INCHES OF REALTY

CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 2.—A suit over nine inches of real estate is pending in Hamilton county common pleas court. It was filed against Joseph Heine by his next-door neighbor, Joseph Novak, who asserts that the disputed territory had been "seized and held" and that he is unlawfully kept out of it. He asks that the land be restored to him, and that he be paid \$100 damages for the loss of its use.

BOND ISSUE PROVIDES SATURDAY NIGHT BATH

MUSKEGON, Mich., Oct. 2.—Saturday night baths will soon be added to the domestic refinements of North Muskegon.

By a vote of more than two to one, the city has approved a bond issue of \$39,000 for an electric power addition to the water system and extension of the mains so that water can be furnished in homes on Saturday nights. Water pressure now ceases at 6 p. m.

Have two very good buys in residence property on Granite street, and on All'son street, at very attractive prices. Ashland Realty Co. 5-1mo

Opera Stars Praise Tanlac Both Now Enjoy Fine Health



Mme. Rosina Agostini, soprano, and Sig. Giuseppe Agostini, tenor, noted opera stars, who declare their stomach troubles have been completely overcome since taking Tanlac.

"If ever a person felt like they had been made over I am that person, thanks to Tanlac," declared Mme. Rosina Agostini, noted leading soprano of the San Carlo Opera company, residing at Hotel Grenoble, New York City.

"I suffered from a nervous run-down condition and got so I dreaded to face my audiences. But as soon as I started taking Tanlac, I began to improve, and now I am perfectly normal."

The experience of Mme. Agostini's husband, Sig. Giuseppe Agostini, famous leading tenor of the same troupe, also shows the value of Tanlac as a tonic and stomach corrector. He said:

"My stomach went back on me and I soon got into pretty bad condition. I followed my wife's example and took Tanlac. It helped to fix me up in a short time, and now I always feel fit."

NOTE—The International Proprietaries Co., distributors of Tanlac, have on file in their offices at Atlanta, Georgia, over fifty thousand signed statements from representative men and women from every state in the Union and every province in Canada. Many of these are from prominent people in this city and section and have been previously published in this paper.

Tanlac is sold by all good druggists.

Women the Greatest Buyers in the World

There are 22,000,000 homes in the United States. The women who buy for these homes spend on the average \$500 each, or a total of \$11,000,000,000 each year. That is more than \$36,000,000 every working day. Every year it amounts to half as much as America's Liberty Bond issue.

Each woman is a part of this army of buyers, and each, if she will, may be guided to wise and economical purchases if she will but make up her mind each day to read as many as she can of the advertisements which manufacturers are printing for her benefit.

The advertising in every newspaper and every magazine is a buying guide for the greatest buying force in the world. This advertising makes it safe and easy for every member of this buying army to make her purchases.

It establishes in her mind a buying habit and gives her a preference of one brand of goods to another, or an advertised article to one that is unknown.

It identifies for her a certain product as being standard, so that she may easily dodge the wiles of sellers who try to sell something that is not so good.

It fixes merit as an everlasting adjunct to certain articles.

It makes her know that the manufacturer who is proud of his product and jealous of his reputation and character cannot do otherwise than make his product at least as good as he says it is.

More than likely it is better.

Advertising points out where this greatest buyer in all the world's history may find quality goods by showing her pictures of them over and over again, which enables her to recognize them easily and quickly.