ASHLAND CLIMATE, without the aid of medicine, cures nine cases out of ten of asthma. This is a proven fact.

ASHLAND DAILY TIDINGS

(International News Wire Service)

MALARIA GERMS cannot survive three months in the rich ozone at Ashland. The pure domestic water helps.

VOLUME 3 (Successor to the Semi-Weekly Tidings, Vol. 42) ASHLAND, OREGON, TUESDAY, MARCH 7, 1922 No. 157

Mrs. Caruso Tells How She Will Rear Gloria

Mrs Enrico Caruso & daughter Gloria. INTL.

By MARGERY REX
Written for International News Service

NEW YORK, March 7. — Childhood is the formative period. In youth we can acquire with ease what would make us overwhelmingly weary in adult years.

There are many children eager for learning often kept from the fullest opportunities by circumstances or by indifferent or indigent families. In the field of the arts, particularly in music, such deprivation is keenly felt by many boys and girls.

Special emphasis is placed upon childhood as a study period by Mrs. Enrico Caruso, the lovely young widow of that great tenor whose voice brought beauty into so many lives and whose death made a world mourn. Mrs. Caruso, who was Dorothy Benjamin, has settled down in New York in a new home and is interesting herself in plans for a great memorial to her husband. By means of this tribute to the dead, living talent is to be developed and aided by a million-dollar fund.

Children Like Wax

"Children are like wax," says Mrs. Caruso. "They can be moulded easily. That is the principle I go on in Gloria's education. Even though lessons sometimes become tedious, that is the only way to get technique.

"What do I think of the child who ran away from home and music lessons? Well, I believe I read that she was 16 years old. If she were 18 and decided that she still hated music, then I should say it would be all right for her to stop lessons.

"You know that children wouldn't go to school if their elders didn't insist upon it, and unless education is thrust upon them they would be very sorry indeed later in life."

Mrs. Caruso's views on the education of children are doubly interesting since she has not only her baby daughter Gloria, to rear, but also the care of Enrico, Caruso's son, whose education was left in her hands by the tenor when the brought the boy to America. Enrico is now a student at a military academy.

American Legion

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 7.—Adjusted compensation won a decided victory in the nation-wide referendum conducted by the United States Chamber of Commerce—4116 chambers voting favorably, 2657 voting against the measure.

"From the United States Chamber's point of view," said John Thomas Taylor, vice chairman of the American Legion's legislative committee, "the referendum was a flat failure, for that body represents the most highly organized opposition to the bonus. By trying to separate the cash feature from the more productive provisions of the bill, and by other means, it has done everything in its power to influence its constituent members against the bill. In spite of this fact, the vote shows almost two to one favorable.

"The Legion despises unfair discrimination—cash and the other features cannot be separated as the United States Chamber separated them in its referendum."

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 7.—On March 4, American Legion membership was 108,000 more than on March 4, 1921. New members have joined at the rate of 6600 a day since January 1. These figures have been given our from Legion headquarters to refute the statement that the organization is losing members because of its stand on adjusted compensation.

The American Legion has won the first suit in its history, brought to defend its name. Judgment by default and damages were awarded the Legion against Francis H. Shoemaker, alleged radical worker, for statements made in a speech last December. Shoemaker was quoted as saying that the Legion is "subsidized by big interests," and "opposed to organized labor."

DES MOINES, Ia., March 7.—A member of the American Legion or its Auxiliary will sit on every school board in Iowa, if plans of the Legion Americanism department in that state carry.

Cash payments ran fourth in a referendum on adjusted compensation taken by the Elgin, Neb., post of the American Legion in five townships. At Bozeman, Mont., there were no votes for the cash option.

CHICAGO, March 7.—Repudiating the stand against adjusted compensation taken by the United States Chamber of Commerce, the Chicago commerce board went on record in support of the bill, following a visit to Chicago of Hanford MacNider, commander of the American Legion.

BEND, Or., March 7.—To attend an American Legion initiation, an Oregon rancher trekked 35 miles—18 of them on snowshoes. Wounds received in France did not check his determination to "arrive."

BOSTON, March 7.—Before sunset of the first day, 500,000 daisies were sold in the American Legion's "daisy day" drive throughout Massachusetts for funds to help unemployed ex-soldiers. Four daisies brought $125.

"How a man worships his God is his own business," wrote Hanford MacNider, Legion commander, answering a magazine article entitled, "Rome Heads the American Legion." Mr. MacNider said religion is of no consideration in Legion membership.

THREE AND A HALF MILLION IRRIGATION BILL—McNARY IS UNANIMOUSLY APPROVED

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 7.—The $350,000,000 McNary irrigation bill providing for the reclamation of a million acres of swamp and arid land throughout the south and west, was unanimously approved by the senate committee on irrigation and reclamation today.

The bill provides that the secretary of the interior direct all projects and the government will bear the expense, but the states, districts and individuals affected must repay within 40 years.

LARGE WAGE CUT DEMANDED BY RAILROAD HEADS

CHICAGO, March 7.—The railroads of the country requested the United States labor board to again slash the wages of their employes.

Cuts ranging from four to 27 cents per hour for employes on an hourly basis, and from $10.02 to $14.28 per month for those on a monthly basis were asked of the board.

Practically all railway employes except those in train service will be effected if the cuts are accepted.

WAY DOWN EAST AT VINING TODAY

D. W. Griffith's picturization of "Way Down East," based on the stage play by Lottie Blair Parker, which for the past 21 years was one of the rural classics of the American theater, will be presented at the Vining theater for three days, beginning today.

Mr. Griffith's production of "Way Down East" represents ten months' work of the most exacting character, for in his screen version of the story he has endeavored to follow closely the narrative of the stage play, with here and there a digression for the purpose of dramatic value or elaboration.

"Way Down East" is the biggest production Mr. Griffith has made. Several Griffith innovations are promised, including a thrilling snowstorm and a genuine New England ice break on the river.

SPANISH CABINET RESIGNS

MADRID, March 7.—The Spanish cabinet resigned today and the sitting of the chamber of deputies has been suspended due to opposition to the government.

ANTI-BANKER'S CANDIDATE GETS LARGEST VOTE

The polls in the Chamber of Commerce primary election were closed last evening at a few minutes after 7 o'clock, at which time 178 ballots had been cast. In addition to this, two ballots were found in the ballot box which could not be counted. One of these was turned in in an ordinary envelope without number, while the other ballot was placed in the ballot box without an envelope, and it was impossible to count either of these, as they might have been placed there by a person outside of the membership of the club.

There was a total of 237 paid-up members who were entitled to vote, but only slightly over 75 per cent of the total membership voted at the primary.

The vote was scattered over a wide field, there being 96 candidates who received one or more votes, which goes to show that there was a wide difference of opinion as to who would make suitable timber for directors for the next two years.

The anti-bankers ticket was led by Fred C. Holmes, who received a total of 121 votes and led the entire list of candidates. E. V. Carter was second with an even 100, V. O. N. Smith followed a close third with 99 votes to his credit, and J. W. McCoy was fourth with 98 votes. The balance of the candidates were bunched well together, and the vote for the balance of the twelve who will go on the final ballot is as follows: McNair 68, Nininger 67, Lamb 61, Ferguson 60, Dill 59, Dodge 58, Helman 54 and the twelfth man on the ballot will be Homer Billings, who received 11 votes.

Despite the fact that the bankers piled up a vote somewhat larger than the opposition, there is still a good chance to put the hotel proposition over, if all citizens will work toward that end.

Quite a few members who were in arrears in their dues and were not entitled to vote at the primary have paid up and will be entitled to vote in the final election. In addition to this, 71 new members were voted into the organization at a meeting of the directors of the Chamber of Commerce at the secretary's office last evening, all of whom will be entitled to a vote in the final election.

A representative of the Tidings was present at the counting of the ballots and before the ballot box was unlocked was told of the plan that had been decided on by the judges so as to make the ballot absolutely fair as well as absolutely secret. This plan was worked out to the satisfaction of all concerned and there is no room for criticism in any way in the counting of the ballots at the primary election of ether the judges or the directors.

PRESIDENT OPPOSES BONUS BILL BEING PREPARED BY HOUSE WITHOUT SALE TAX

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 7.—President Harding is opposed to the bonus bill which the house is ready to consider, because it does not carry a sales tax to raise the necessary revenue, it was officially stated at the White House today.

The president was represented as standing by the letter he wrote Chairman Fordney recommending the postponement of the bonus legislation unless a sales tax be made part of the bill.

CYSLONE CAUSES LOSS OF LIFE AND PROPERTY IN S. C.

AUGUSTA, Ga., March 7.—According to meager reports reaching Augusta from Warrensville, South Carolina, about 13 miles from here, six persons were killed and 40 or more houses destroyed by a cyclone which struck the town early this morning. All lines of communication have been severed.

Telephone linemen reached the Augusta office of the Southern Bell Telephone company with a brief message asking for assistance.

SOLDIERS' BONUS BEING MODIGIED

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 7.—Dependents and heirs of veterans who died since the armistice will not share in the bonus payments to be provided for ex-soldiers in the bill being prepared in the house.

This decision was reached by the members of the house ways and means committee today, after it was figured that such a provision would add $25,000,000 as a direct charge against the treasury to the obligations undertaken by the government when the bonus bill is enacted.

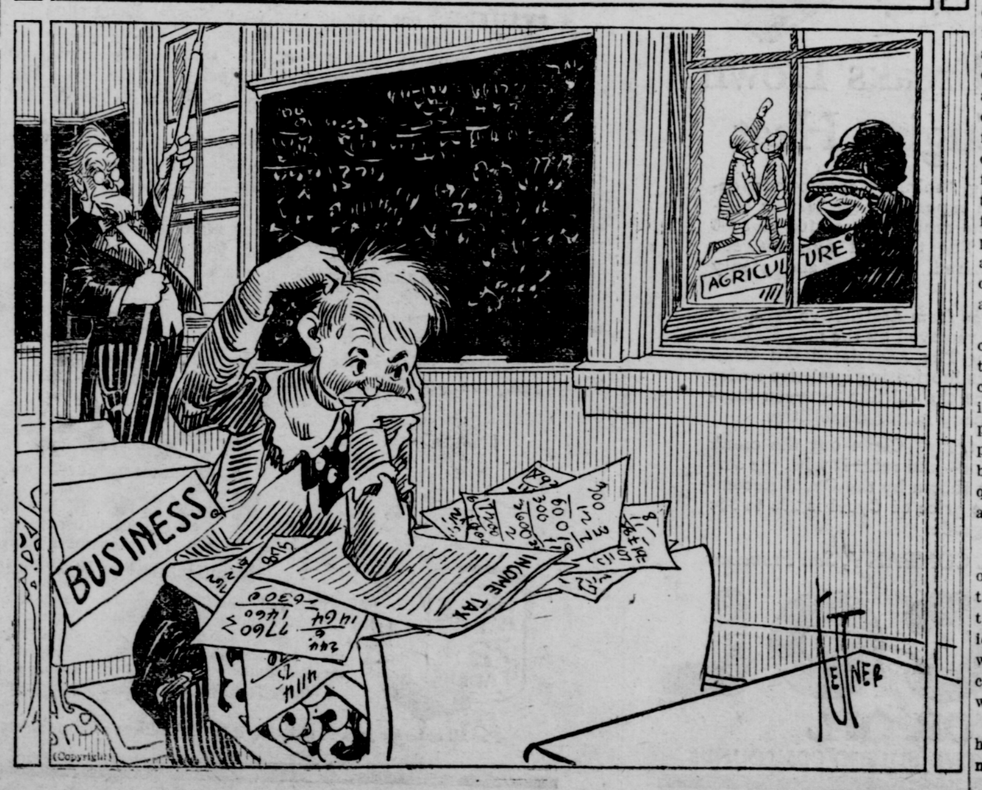
OREGON PRODUCTS WEEK IN PROGRESS AT EUGENE

EUGENE, March 7.—In a blaze of home production glory, the second annual Oregon Products show opened at the Hampton building last night.

The show will remain open all this week, forenoons, afternoons and evenings. A free program will be given each evening and Saturday afternoon.

Practically all the large industries in the state are represented by booths and some of the floats used at the Portland Rose festival are being used.

Stuck!!!



Hyatt Reservoir And East Ditch This Year

Bids are now being called for the construction of the east lateral and the Hyatt Prairie dam by the Talent Irrigation district. The bids will be opened by the directors of the district on March 14. Shortly after that date dirt will be flying on one of the largest projects ever undertaken in Jackson county, and the dream of the past quarter century will soon be realized.

Since the formation of the Talent Irrigation district in 1916, the directors have worked constantly and faithfully, in face of opposition, disappointments and delays. The first bond issue of August 21, 1917, for the sum of $600,000, carried by a vote of 86 to 60, but owing to the conditions arising from the entrance of the United States into the war, no part of the bonds were sold until after the war. Not until February 1922 were they able to dispose of sufficient bonds to construct the reservoir and east canal as planned.

In January, 1919, bonds to the amount of $155,000 were sold to Freeman, Smith and Camp, of Portland, at a price of 90. This fund was used to construct the McDonald creek unit in 1919 and the early spring of 1920. Other bonds amounting to $75,000 were sold in 1920 to construct the Talent lateral which diverts water from Bear creek near Ashland and covers a portion of the west side unit lands.

In October 1920, an additional $450,000 bond issue was voted for the purpose of contsructing the Hyatt reservoir and the east lateral, making the entire cost per acre, of the 11,000 acres of irrigable land in the district, $105.

In February, 1922, the sale of $474,000 in bonds to the Citizens' bank of Los Angeles at the rate of 86, has made it possible to carry the project on to completion.

The Talent Irrigation district is situated in Jackson county and lies at the southern end of Bear creek valley, adjacent to the towns of Ashland, Talent and Phoenix. The irrigable land in the district lies in the upper part of the valley at an elevation of 1500 to 2500 feet above sea level. It begins a short distance below the diversion point on Emigrant creek some four miles southeast of the city of Ashland, and extends down the valley in a northwesterly direction, the north line of the project being in the vicinity of Phoenix. The east side lateral follows the base of the foothills and includes most of the improved land, while the west side lateral is supplied by a siphon some two miles north of Ashland and follows the foothills to the Phoenix lateral some two miles west of the town of Phoenix. Mountains rise abruptly to the west and the foothills rise more gradually on the east side of the valley.

The approximate total acreage in the district is 12,00 0acres. One thousand six hundred and fifty acres are now irrigated by the McDonald creek canal and about 2900 acres receive a partial supply from the Talent lateral diverting from Bear creek. The new construction contemplated consists of the proposed east lateral, the Keene diversion canal and the Hyatt Prairie dam. It is proposed to furnish 1:5 acre-feet of water to 7000 acres by gravity flow from Emigrant, Bear and Keene creeks, with a suplemental supply through storage in the proposed Hyatt Prairie reservoir. This is in addition to the 1650 acres already irrigated by the supply from McDonald creek.

The Hyatt Prairie reservoir site is located 12 miles east of Ashland at the head of Keene creek. Keene creek is a tributary of Jenny creek, which flows into Klamath river. The reservoir lies well toward the top of the mountain range and at an elevation of 5000 feet above sea level. It is surrounded by hills covered by pine and fir timber, whose summits are a thousand feet higher. The site is a natural and compartively level mountain prairie formed by low, rounded hills closing in at the lower end, which forms the outlet and provides a natural dam site. There are approximately 600 acres in prairie and meadow land, the remainder being covered with a heavy growth of timber. The drainage area tributary to the reservoir site is approximately 11 square miles. The yearly average precipitation is about 34 inches, the greater part of which falls in the form of snow. Most of this area lies within the Crater national forest

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Savings in War Bureau Claimed By Republicans

By HARRY L. ROGERS
I. N. S. Staff Correspondent

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 7.—The war department is back upon a pre-war basis.

Under direction of John W. Weeks, called" the business man of the cabinet," the organization inherited from the Wilson administration has during the year just closed been gradually diminshed with great savings to the government, it is claimed by republican leaders.

The department has been occupied during the year with a variety of important matters. Outstanding among these were the adjustment incident to reduction of the regular army to 150,000 men, inauguration of the provisions of the national defense act and the carrying out of obligations and duties remaining from the world war, such as the interment of fallen soldiers in their final resting places, disposal of surplus property and equipment and the adjustment of a great mass of claims left over from the previous administration.

The major portion of the work of contracting all activities of the military establishment is practically complete. What remains to be done is being undertaken with a view to preserving as far as possible those parts of the war-time organization best suited to permit expansion quickly and economically in case of another emergency.

Lops Off Expenditures

When Mr. Weeks assumed the job of Secretary of War he announced that the keynote of his administration would be economy. He had an idea that the best way to economize was to stop spending money, and, accordingly, he lopped off estimates with a merciless hand.

On the whole President Harding has been very well pleased with the manner in which the heads of the various executive departments have followed out his program of economy in government, but he has made no secret of the fact that he regards Secretary Weeks as the banner cabinet member in so far, at least, as savings to the government are concerned.

Following are a few of the items which go to make up the war department's economy record:

A saving of approximately $4,000,000 by reduction of army transport service and withdrawal from active operation of 225 vessels in harbor boat service and coast artillery boat service; $36,000 by limitation of annual reports; $300,000 by putting the shoe, clothing and hat repair shops on a self-supporting basis; $1,554,000 through sale of waste; $316,000 by laundry operations; $400,000 by use of stock of compressed forage; $4,900,000 by reorganization of supply depot service, thereby reducing rentals and personnel; $24,000 on uniforms; $730,000 by reorganization of the remount service, and $1,200,000 by revision of the clothing allowance.

Where Savings Made

Many other measures have resulted in savings which can not be readily computed, as, for example; Utilization of regular transport service in return of troops from Germany; restriction in use of motor transport; reduction in number of public animals; changes in design of new construction; curtailment in use of water, heat ad light utilities of all stations; changes in disbursing and accounting methods and an enormous saving through the termination of leases of buildings, factories and real estate.

In addition to its other activities the war department has carried on an enormous selling campaign for the disposal of vast quantities of

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