

WORLD HAPPENINGS OF CURRENT WEEK

Brief Resume Most Important Daily News Items.

COMPILED FOR YOU

Events of Noted People, Governments and Pacific Northwest, and Other Things Worth Knowing.

Mlle Foch, 82 years old, eldest sister of Marshal Foch, died Tuesday at the family mansion at Toulouse, France.

Ten of the counts in the indictment of Harry F. Sinclair for contempt of the senate were sustained Monday in the supreme court of the District of Columbia.

President Coolidge will be notified formally of his nomination as the republican presidential candidate at ceremonies to be held in Washington, D. C. Thursday night, August 14, in Continental Memorial hall.

Kaigan, province of Chihli, China, the largest commercial center north of Peking, has been destroyed in part by a flood along the Yangho river, according to advices. The damage to the city was unofficially estimated at \$1,600,000.

Recurrent earthquakes of great intensity have been registered at the seismographical observatory in Tashkent, Russian Turkestan, during the last four days. The center of the shocks is believed to be in the Pamirs on the Indian border.

Rev. Francis Nye, 22, pastor of the South Methodist church at Peoria, Oregon, was drowned near that place early Tuesday while working with a crew of men rolling logs into the river. He came to Peoria from Idaho a short time ago, is married and has one child.

Tammany Hall Monday chose George Washington Olvany, general session judge, as grand chief to succeed the late Charles F. Murphy, and voted its "undivided and loyal support" to the Davis-Bryan ticket and the "progressive and forward-looking platform" of the national democratic party.

Although the American government expects to maintain its policy of refusing to consider cancellation of war debts of European nations, calculations of treasury officials are being made on the theory that not more than one-fourth of the principal of the \$10,500,000,000 owed us will be paid back during the next 30 years.

Albert B. Fall, ex-secretary of the interior, Tuesday pleaded not guilty, waived preliminary hearing and refused to make any comment whatever when he was arraigned before United States Commissioner Schmid at El Paso, Texas on charges growing out of indictments returned by a special grand jury in the District of Columbia.

The federal power commission has postponed until next fall action on the application of the Washington Irrigation & Development company, a subsidiary of the Electric Bond & Share company of New York, for a license to construct a power dam 90 feet high and 2 1/2 miles long across the Columbia river between Pasco and Okanogan, Washington.

A Constantinople court has decided that poker is not a game of chance, according to the London Daily Mail's correspondent in the Turkish city. After hearing a gambling case, in which defendants were alleged to have violated the law by playing poker, the court held that there had been no gambling because chance did not enter into the competition.

Federal officers Monday night raged a passenger train from Grays harbor to Centralla, overtook it in their automobile there, seized opium and yen shee valued at \$150,000 and arrested three men charged with shipping narcotics from Aberdeen. The men under arrest are: Yeh Yip, Chinaman; Koek Wah, Chinaman, 37; and H. Samuels, 26, American overseas veteran.

The trade of the United States with Latin-America for the first 11 months of the fiscal year passed the billion and a half mark and exceeded figures for the 11 months ending May, 1923, by nearly \$42,000,000, according to R. F. O'Toole, chief, Latin-American division, bureau of foreign and domestic commerce. The value of American merchandise sold to Latin-American markets jumped some \$75,000,000, or from \$585,000,000 to nearly \$660,000,000. Our purchases of Latin-American products declined in value, however, dropping from \$957,000,000 to \$923,000,000.

U. S. AID PLEDGED EUROPE

Private Economic Assistance Declared Certain by Secretary Hughes.

London.—American assistance in necessary measures for the economic rehabilitation of Europe may be counted upon, Secretary Hughes of the American state department said here Monday, speaking at the Pilgrims dinner.

"It does not matter that this aid is not given by the government," Mr. Hughes continued. "I may give it as my conviction that had we attempted to make America's contribution to the recent plan of adjustment of a governmental matter, we should have been involved in a hopeless debate and there would have been no adequate action."

"We should have been beset with demands, objections, instructions. This is not the way to make an American contribution to economic revival. You have the Dawes plan and you have had the participation of American experts with the liberty of constructive effort, which was essential because it was undertaken in the only way in which success was possible. When you deal with economic rehabilitation you doubtless have in mind such contribution as America may be able to give in disinterested advice and later in participation in the absolutely essential loan."

"The important, indeed, the indispensable thing is that methods should be contrived and that your disposition should be such that assistance of that sort can be rendered."

"All discussions will be futile unless the arrangements ultimately made satisfy the investing public. We appreciate the difficulties but we believe that the Dawes plan opens the path of confidence and prosperity. For that reason we are deeply interested in its prompt execution."

"My confidence that a way will be found to surmount all the existing difficulties lies in the fact that failure would invite chaos. There is no gain to anyone in that. On the other hand, going forward with reasonable measures to put the plan into effect gives hope to all."

Mr. Hughes led up to his specific reference to the deliberations now in progress in London in an effort to find a way to put the Dawes plan into effect by saying that he was "off duty tonight" and that his status was that of "a sympathetic and unofficial observer." He was also, the secretary continued, returning in an informal way the visit of the prince of Wales to the United States and took the opportunity to reaffirm President Coolidge's desire that there should be further conferences for limitation of armaments "as soon as the time is opportune."

FRANK MURDERERS PLEAD GUILTY

Chicago.—The fate of Richard Loeb and Nathan F. Leopold Jr., kidnapers and slayers of 13-year-old Robert Franks, was placed in the hands of one man—John R. Caverly, chief justice of the criminal court of Cook county—when they pleaded guilty Monday.

Robert E. Crowe, state's attorney, reiterated his intention of asking the death penalty for the two college students.

Clarence S. Darrow and Benjamin Bachrach, attorneys for the defense, announced in court their purpose to see their clients safely incarcerated for life.

"We have had no intention of trying to restore them to society," explained Mr. Darrow.

In behalf of his motion to charge the plea he addressed the court as follows:

"Your honor, Mr. Bachrach and myself and all of those concerned in this case for the defense are fully aware of the responsibilities involved."

"The case has attracted an unusual amount of attention, and the theory has been advanced that the defense wishes to restore the defendants to society."

"We are of the opinion that these two young men should be permanently isolated, and it never was our intention to attempt to restore them to freedom."

"It is our intention merely to see that these two defendants are safely incarcerated for the rest of their lives," Mr. Darrow said. "Therefore, I move to withdraw the plea of not guilty and to enter pleas of guilty for both defendants."

Ancient Relics Sought.

Salem, Or.—W. I. Staley, secretary of the Oregon Growers and E. E. Bragg, industrial accident commissioner, Sunday visited the Elkhorn district, where excavations are being made into the side of a huge pyramid which explorers believe hold the remains of some ancient peoples. Work has progressed in two tunnels about 30 feet. Excavators have located inside the pyramid marks which indicate they were made by human hands.

GERMAN WEALTH TO SECURE LOAN

Plan Agreed On in Case Berlin Defaults.

TREATY IS PRESERVED

Conclusions Raise High Hopes of Economic Restoration of European Nations.

London.—The committee on sanctions of the inter-allied conference agreed unanimously Saturday on two important principles to govern the action of the allies in event of possible default by Germany under the Dawes reparations plan, namely, to insure investors in the loan to Germany of priority on all German resources in event of such default, and to preserve the rights of the countries signatory to the Versailles treaty.

With this agreement, in the opinion of the American, British and French delegates, a long step has been taken toward the success of the conference upon which such high hopes have been raised for the economic restoration of Europe.

At the opening of the conference Wednesday it was generally recognized that the proposed loan to Germany was the crux of the Dawes plan, and after only four days' deliberations it was possible for the committee to agree that in any contingency, including default and resultant sanctions, the holders of the loan should have priority claim to the assets of Germany. With this is coupled an agreement that the protocol to make the conference action effective shall reserve all the rights enjoyed at present by those countries which signed the treaty of Versailles.

France hailed the latter decision as a distinct victory for her, and takes it to mean that she still has the right to separate action should Germany default. Premier Herriot announced his satisfaction with the great progress which has been made and his adherents construed this as calculated to silence any claims by his opponents that the premier bartered away the rights of France under the treaty of Versailles.

The Americans and British share in the French enthusiasm over the fact that the unanimous agreement has carried the work of the conference so far forward, although they do not share the inference that France is ready to draw from Saturday's understanding.

The Americans and British do not concede that the document agreed upon empowers separate action by France. In fact, neither the present MacDonald government, nor any previous government, nor any considerable section of public opinion has ever recognized the legality under the treaty of Versailles, of the present occupation of the Ruhr.

Rebels to Fight Hard.

Buenos Aires.—The officially heralded decisive action by which the Brazilian government expects to put an end to the Sao Paulo rebellion will find the rebels well prepared, according to unconfirmed dispatches reaching Buenos Aires from near the scene of the struggle.

With approximately 20,000 well-armed and munitioned men, the rebels are said to be awaiting with confidence an attack by the federal forces. It is asserted that the rebels hold all the strategic points in and about the city of Sao Paulo and also have artillery placed on what are known as the English Bluffs, which command the route leading to the city and from which the Portuguese a century ago used to watch for hostile Indians.

Farms Gain \$1,500,000.

Spokane, Wash.—Stocks of 1923 wheat on hand in eastern Washington and northern Idaho are worth \$1,500,000 more today than if they had been sold at the low price level, because of the recent rise in prices, according to Walter J. Robinson, manager of the Washington Wheat Growers. He estimates that there is between 5,000,000 and 6,000,000 bushels of wheat held over. The new crop is not being sold, Mr. Robinson said.

Lava Fountains Flow.

Honolulu, T. H.—Lava began flowing in the crater of Halemaumau Saturday afternoon for the first time since the severe eruptions in May. Lava fountains, including Old Faithful, began shooting their geysers from 50 to 200 feet high, over a radius of several acres. Reflections from these displays have been visible for miles.

Has Anyone Laughed At You Because—

By ETHEL R. PEYSER

You Can't Enjoy a Play From Cheap Seats?

You are probably told this by your friends who are satisfied to go in cheap seats forever. You probably do enjoy the play in cheap seats but not as much as in expensive seats. It is probably true that the scoffers do, too, but they are too snobbish to admit it. Many folk say when they are poor, "I think the music and the play from the gallery is much more delightful." But upon getting rich—they go like greased lightning not only to the box office for best seats, but open accounts with ticket agencies at big prices! Everyone likes the best seats, but you are truthful, so stick to your opinion—and you'll earn the best seats somehow!

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Your get-away here is:
If the expensive seats were less delightful they would be the cheap seats!

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Reflections of a Bachelor Girl

By HELEN ROWLAND

IF I could write the ten commandments of matrimony, the first nine would be—"Mind Your Own Business!"

Many a man stops loving his wife so gradually that he never finds it out, unless she happens to mention it to him.

Never believe a man when he says he is "through with women, forever"—nor a dentist when he says "it won't hurt."

Every woman prays to be ideally happy, but she can endure being passionately miserable; it's being drably, dully, eternally UNCOMFORTABLE that makes Reno sound so alluring to the average wife.

An "understanding" is simply that point in a love affair, where the man understands that the girl will marry him, if he can make up his mind to ask her.

Perhaps the reason why the ideas of the rising generation are so inflated is because it is being brought up chiefly on a yeast cake.

Every now and then a man "discovers" something that a woman has known all her life. For instance, the "tear-bomb," for capturing a man (before marriage) and subduing him (after marriage) was probably invented and perfected in the Garden of Eden.

Once a woman has let a man see that she admires him, it is useless for her to tell him that her admiration has cooled. A man's mind is a perfect thermostat for keeping flattering impressions of himself at just the right temperature.

It's a clever woman who can keep her husband from ever discovering what a string of "also rans" he won out against.

(© by Helen Rowland.)

The Young Lady Across the Way



The young lady across the way says she has been having a good deal of trouble with her eyes lately and she hopes she won't have to wear glasses, but doesn't feel optimistic about it.

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Just to Celebrate

The morning after the recent Republican convention one of the successful candidates was getting ready to go to the office. She said: "I believe I'll take down some of our gorgeous iris to celebrate."

Her daughter, who was an interested spectator at the convention and is quickly learning politics, said: "Sure, bring in the flag; that always gets a hand."—Indianapolis News.

DAIRY TAE DAIRY

SOY BEAN SUPERIOR FOR DAIRY CATTLE

One of the best home-grown feeds that can be grown anywhere is soy beans, a crop that should be known on every dairy farm. The soy bean may be combined advantageously in many systems of crop rotations. It is especially adapted to short rotations that take either an entire season or a part of a season following some grain crop. In the Southern states the crop is adapted to practically the same places as cowpeas, says W. J. Keegan, dairy husbandman at Clemson college, who believes that soy beans should have a prominent place on every dairy farm in the state.

The feeding value of soy-bean seed, which contain from 30 to 40 per cent protein, is very high and compares favorably with other concentrated feeds. The growing of soy-bean seed will enable the dairy farmer to produce at a moderate cost at least part of the high protein concentrates necessary for milk production. Soy-bean seed contain a higher percentage of digestible nutrients than cottonseed meal, linseed meal or wheat bran.

Soy-bean seed ground into meal has been found a most excellent feed for dairy cows. The Massachusetts agricultural experiment station compared soy-bean meal and cottonseed meal, using the same ration otherwise. The quantity of milk produced from the soy-bean ration was slightly higher. At the Tennessee station in a similar comparison of the two feeds, the yields both of milk and butterfat were about 5 per cent greater for the soy-bean meal.

In the South, as a feed for dairy cows, perhaps soy beans in hay form is the most valuable. As compared with hay from other leguminous crops, soy-bean hay is equal or superior to any, not excluding alfalfa. Soy-bean hay can be much more readily and easily cured than cowpea hay. The chief value of soy-bean hay lies in its high content of digestible protein. In feeding value it is superior to red clover or cowpeas, and as indicated by comparative feeding tests, is equal to alfalfa for milk production.

Spring Freshened Cows Are Not Meeting Favor

Custom says, "Freshen your cows in the spring." Her arguments are: Feed is cheap in the spring; cows will go out on luxuriant pastures, take care of themselves, produce a lot of milk and all their owners need to do is to milk them and make money. Custom argues that it costs too much to feed cows and raise calves during the winter months, and that expensively equipped barns, ventilating systems, etc., are necessary where winter dairying is followed.

These are all the arguments custom advances and she refuses to listen to the many objections to spring and summer dairying, a few of which are as follows:

Although it is true that it is much cheaper to produce milk in April, May and June, so is it true that the price secured for milk in those months is extremely low—not once in a while, but always.

Spring-freshened cows have only three good months to work. July and August bring droughts, dry pastures, heat, flies and busy harvest. If there are any worse factors for turning cows dry, they are not readily apparent. These factors do turn cows dry, rob them of flesh and condition and they are largely accountable for the very low average production of milk.

Spring-freshened cows are dry when fall comes along with high prices for milk and its products, or they are so nearly dry that all that can be afforded is just to winter them as cheaply as possible and look forward to spring freshening when they will again give a lot of milk for three months when milk is cheapest.

Dairy Hints

Provide covered salt boxes in the shade and easily accessible.

To prevent being overrun with flies, clean the premises daily in summer if possible.

Select new dairy animals to be shown at fairs next fall and begin fitting them.

The young spring calves should be placed in lots or pastures which have abundant shade and clean fresh water. They should also be provided with salt the same as the milking herd.

Watch the milk weights and try to prevent sudden drops in production because of hot weather, short pasture, or flies.

It pays to talk gently to the cows before starting to milk; then, start slowly and gradually increase the speed, neither fast nor slow.

Scours in calves may usually be traced to overfeeding, the feeding of cold milk, the use of dirty pails or feed boxes, or the keeping of the calves in insanitary conditions.

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