



Illinols Experiment Station Secured Reliable Figures From 680

Dairy Farms. There are various estimates on milk

production costs and they are likely to be different under different circumstances. Moreover, there is considerable variation in milk quality, also, ait ranges from barely three per cerbutterfat test to nearly five per cer-However, none of the figures avails le show that the producer of mill. is "profiteering."

In Illinois the state experiment station secured accurate figures on milk production costs from 680 dairy farms with a total of 18,902 cows. Those figures showed the cost of all items entering into the production of 100 pounds of milk as follows: Grain, 44 pounds at \$55 per ton., \$1,21

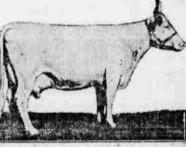
Total cost per 100 pounds.....\$3.46 The cost is 3.46 cents per pound, or, taking 2.15 pounds per quart, 7.44 cents per quart.

EYE TEST FOR TUBERCULOSIS

Used as Check Upon Older Methods, as it Happens Occasionally Reactors Escape.

The eye test for detecting tuberculosis in cattle has the approval of the scientists of the bureau of animal industry, United States Department of Agriculture. The ophthalmic or eye test is used as a check upon the older methods, as it happens occasionally that an animal that will not react to the subcutaneous injection or intradermal test will react to the eye test. Two tuberculin tablets are placed in

the conjunctival sac beneath the lower lid of the left eye and observations are taken at approximately the third hour



Eye Test for Tuberculosis Has its Best Use on Dairy Farm, Where Conditions Are Best Suited.

following and at frequent intervals up to 24 hours. Reaction to the test is indicated by discharge and swelling. The bureau of animal industry is not prepared to accept the evidence of the Automobiles using the state highway for the transportation of freight or passengers are placed under the supervision and control of the state public service commission.

The co-operative marketing association measure was amended so as to make it more effective. It will require a couple of years to determine how it will work out with respect to the producers, the middlemen and the consumers. Much, however, was expected of it.

The fish and game matters have been divorced and the commercial fishing laws been put into the hands of the fish commission, while the game fish and game propagation and regulation have been put in the hands of the game commission. The administrative law under which these two commissions must operate has been separated into a distinct and separate fish code and a game code.

 $\overline{w}$  omen of Oregon will be permitted to serve on juries. The privilege of jury service, however, is only optional with the members of the gentler sex who may refuse to serve in this capacity if they so choose, giving only their sex as the reason for such refusal.

The conferees on the agricultural appropriation bill allowed three strictly Oregon items, put in by Senator McNary, to stand, with a little reduction in two cases. An appropriation of \$15,000 to fight the pine beetle in the forests of Klamath county was agreed to, along with \$15,000 for the irrigation experiment station at Hermiston and \$9000 for a frost service in the Rogue river valley, with headquarters at Medford.

The personnel of the new fish commission for Oregon and the new state game commission, as provided for in the segregation bills which were passed it the recent session of the legislature and which have been signed by Governor Olcott, have been announced by the governor. Members of the fish commission are: Frank M. Warren, Portland, appointment to June 1, 1925; Christian F. Schmidt, Astoria, appointment to June 1, 1924; Al H. Powers, Powers, Coos county, appointment to June 1, 1923. The state game commission personnel follows: State at large -George H. Kelly, Portland, five-year term; game distric' No. 1 (counties west of the Cascade mountains), I. N. Fleischner, Portland, four-year term: Bert Anderson, Medford, twoyear term. Game district No. 2 (counties east of the Cascade .mountains), M. A. Lynch, Redmond, three year term; Blaine Hallock, Baker, one-year Under the new laws, the juristerm. diction over commercial fishing and over the administration of affairs of the wild game life of the state are completely divorced and placed under two separate commissions.

One of the cheapest and best winter rations for the dairy heifer, according to the Missouri station, is an average daily of about six pounds of alfalfa hay, two pounds of corn, and sliage at free will (this means on the average about twenty pounds daily). This

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eye test alone where cattle are intended for interstate shipment. The test, however, furnishes an additional safeguard when used with the older method.

The eye test is not well adapted for use upon range cattle or cattle in transit, because of the possibility for dust setting up an irritation not related to tuberculosis. It has its best use on the dairy farm, where conditions are such as to give sure results.

The experts have observed that in herds which are frequently tested by the subcutaneous method it is advisable to apply the intradermal and the eye test. The combined test sometimes detect reactors which have escaped detection by other means.

#### CRUSHED GRAIN IS FAVORED

#### Any Aid Given Cow in Digestion of Food Will Show in Increased Flow of Milk.

There is no animal harder worked than the dairy cow giving a large flow of milk, and any aid given her in digestion will show decided increase in milk and in her condition. Some grains are easy of mastication and digestion, but the usual ration of the corn belt is comprised mainly of wheat, corn, oats, rye and barley. All of these grains will show up in the fecess if fed whole and unless the cattle are followed by hogs it is entirely lost.

Crushing grain is better than grinding it fine, for the digestibility may be decreased due to failure to mix properly with the saliva. Beware of dairy feeds too finely ground, for they may contain filler and cannot be properly digested.

### BEETS ARE EXCELLENT FEED

Because of Labor in Harvesting and Cost of Handling Are Not as Cheap as Silage.

Sugar beets are an excellent feed for dairy cows, but because of the labor in harvesting and the expense of handling, are not as economical as corn slinge. They have a larger amount of nutriment than mangels or rutabagas, but it is generally held that the latter will yield somewhat more per acre and are less difficult to handle. Sugar beets are not hard on the kidneys, but if fed in too large quantities there is a tendency to scour the animals. This is due to the high sugar content of the beet. kind of ration has kept the heifers growing at just about the right rate to make the best kind of mature cows, and yit the expense has not been unduly great.

To Weigh and Measure Children. To establish a standard table of the heights and weights of children a conference of representatives of the United States children's bureau, the United States burcau of education, the United States public health service and various educational and private organizations working for the betterment of children has just been held in New York city. At the present time various tables of measurement are in use by the different organizations engaged in weighing and measuring children. The results of the tests are not enclourable; also considerable confusion has arisen because of apparent differences in the standards of normal development as given out by the various organizations.

A complete standard table will be prepared by a committee, and all future weighing and measuring of children can then be in accordance with their uniform table. The findings of the tests will be comparable and much greater use can be neade of the facts revealed.

#### Falling Manna.

Nobody has over seen the lazlest man in the Texas oil fields do a stroke of work, yet he already had a few deep holes bored in his hand and was confidently predicting that some day he would strike oil.

"How d'ye do it, Bill?" asked a neighbor. "Ye sit around yer pi-azzy all day and next mornin' ye got a new hole as deep as any of us?" "It's by the grace of God and the

Wright brothers," the laziest man confided. "The air passenger route to Mexico passes right over my place and pretty near every day they throw a bum off the aerial express."--American Legion Weekly.

Egg Made Monster Omelet. An ostrich's egg from the New York zoological garden has sufficed for an omelet for 30 people. The food value and davor are about the same as those of the egg of the domestic hen. The ostrich egg has less protein and more fait than meat, and its useful constituents include from and phosphorus.

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