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The Daily Astorian.

VOL. L

ASTORIA, OREGON, SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 22, 1899.

46

OUR Stoves and Tinware

Are not made from the scrap-pile or in a kindergarten school.

Eclipse Hardware Co. We Give Trading Stamps.



BOOKS... Blank and Miscellaneous.

PAPER... New Crape and Type-writing.

Waterman Fountain Pens

Box Decorated Paper and Envelopes—10c.

GRIFFIN & REED

RALSTON... HEALTH CLUB

Breakfast Food
Barley Food
Select Bran
Yeast
Cocoa

Acme Gluten Farina, Acme Wheat Flakes and Standard Rolled Oats

AT A. V. ALLEN'S

ASTORIA CASH GROCERY

Tenth and Duane Streets.

Look at the Following Prices.

Western Refinery Sugar, 48 pounds for	\$1.00.
Roast Coffee	10 " 1.00.
Good Quality Tea	1 " .30.
Roller Oats	8 " .25.
Beans	10 " .25.
Japan Rice	4 " .25.
Good Quality Flour	1 Sack .75.
Oysters	12 Cans 1.00.
Tomatoes	14 " 1.00.

Country Produce Bought.

Here Is a List

Of some High Grade Goods at moderate prices

RALSTON HEALTH FOODS in great variety fresh from the mills.

AROMATIC SPICES guaranteed the finest.

TILMANN'S PURE EXTRACTS.

CHASE & SANBORN'S COFFEES are unrivalled. Together with a host of other good things.

ROSS, HIGGINS & CO

New Zealand Fire Insurance Co Of New Zealand.

W. P. Thomas, Mgr., San Francisco.

UNLIMITED LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.

Subscribed Capital	\$5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	1,000,000
Assets	2,545,114
Assets in United States	300,000
Surplus to Policy Holders	1,718,792

Has been Underwriting on the Pacific Coast over Twenty-two years.

SAMUEL ELMORE & CO.,

Resident Agents, Astoria, Oregon.

Improved Mikado and Empire Cream Separators.



They are the simplest and most efficient separators made. For sale by Foard & Stokes Co., Astoria

Your Wife Will like it; so will the cook. Star Estate Range Satisfy all who use them.



If your better half does the cooking, that is an additional reason why there should be a Star Estate Range in your kitchen. The use of them prevents worry and disappointment.

W. J. SCULLY, Agent, 411 Bond Street.

Andrew Lake ...Merchant Tailor...

522 COMMERCIAL ST. Perfect Fit Guaranteed. Low Prices. Repairing and Cleaning Neatly Done.

THE PROOF IS IN SAMPLING

of the pudding is in the eating and the proof of liquor That's an argument that's conclusive—a demonstration. Ours will stand the test.

HUGHES & CO.

UNION ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF LONDON.

Established during the reign of Queen Anne, A. D. 1714.

FIRE AND LIFE.

Subscribed Capital \$1,250,000.00 Assets 1,001,400.00 Surplus to policy holders 4,081,325.00 Exclusive of paid up capital

Law Union and Crown Fire and Life Insurance Co.

Subscribed or guaranteed capital \$1,000,000.00 Capital paid up 1,584,000.00 Assets 2,128,000.00

Catton, Bell & Co. General Agents, San Francisco, Cal. Samuel Elmore & Co. Resident Agents, Astoria, Oregon.

INGERSOLL IS NO MORE

Stricken Down by Heart Disease in the Presence of His Wife.

THE END WAS PAINLESS

Had Been a Sufferer From the Disease Ever Since Republican Convention of 1896.

DIED AS HE WISHED

One of America's Most Famous Orators, Writers, Statesmen and Philanthropist.

NEW YORK, July 21.—Robert G. Ingersoll died at his home in Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., this afternoon, of apoplexy.

His death resulted from heart disease, from which he had suffered since 1896. In that year, during the republican national convention, he was taken ill and had to return home. He never fully recovered from the attack of heart disease and was under the care of physicians constantly.

For the last three days Mr. Ingersoll has not been feeling well. Last night he was in much better health and spent a portion of the evening playing billiards with Walter N. Brown, his son-in-law, and C. P. Fadden, his brother-in-law and private secretary. He seemed to be in better health and spirits when he retired than he had been for several days. This morning he rose at the usual hour and joined his family at breakfast. He then said he had spent a bad night, but felt better. He had been suffering from abdominal pains and tightness about the chest. He did not think his condition at all dangerous. After breakfast he telephoned to Dr. Smith, his physician, who is at Bell Haven, and told him of his experience during the night. Dr. Smith told him to continue to use nitro glycerine, and that he would see him during the day. Colonel Ingersoll spent the morning swinging in a hammock and sitting on the veranda with members of his family. He said he was better and had no pain. At 12:30 he started to go up stairs.

On reaching the head of the stairs, Colonel Ingersoll turned into his wife's room. Mrs. Ingersoll was there. Together they discussed what they would have for luncheon, and Colonel Ingersoll said he had better not eat much, owing to the trouble with his stomach. He seemed in good spirits then. After talking for a few minutes, Colonel Ingersoll crossed the room and sat down in a rocking chair. He leaned his head upon his hand, which rested on the back of the chair. Mrs. Ingersoll asked him how he was feeling, and he replied: "Oh, better."

These were his last words. A second after they were uttered, he was dead, the only sign noticed by Mrs. Ingersoll was that the whites of his eyes suddenly showed. There was not even a sign or groan as death came. The doctors were hastily called but their verdict was death had come instantly.

Death came to him as he had recently expressed a desire it should. He often, in old times, said he wished to die slowly, with a full consciousness so he might tell those about him how he felt. Recently he experienced a change of desire to die painlessly and without warning.

(Robert Green Ingersoll was born in Dresden, Yates county, New York, August 11, 1831. He began the practice of law in Shawneetown, Ill., but in 1867 removed to Peoria. In 1862 he became colonel of the Eleventh Illinois cavalry. In 1868 he was appointed attorney-general for Illinois, and in 1877 refused the post of minister to Germany. He first attracted notice by his eulogy of James G. Blaine in the national republican convention in Cincinnati in 1876, and also by his Decoration day oration in New York in 1882. But he is known principally on account of his lectures and books which criticize the Bible and the Christian religion. He wrote "The Gods and Other Lectures; Some Mistakes of Moses; What

DEWEY ON DISARMAMENT

Wants to Know What Nation Is To Lead; Says Ours Shouldn't.

BANQUETED AT TRIESTE

Fired Ten Shots a Minute Against Three of the Spaniards at Manila.

BROOKLYN STRIKE FAILED

Six Italians Lynched by a Mob in Louisiana Over a Quarrel.

VIENNA, July 21.—In the course of an interview had with him by a representative of the Neue Presse today, Admiral Dewey, when asked what he expected would be developed from the international peace conference at The Hague said:

"Who is to disarm first? The experiment was tried in the United States and look what it cost us to get ready in time and how we had to fear the loss? We now think differently and are building up a new navy. We shall not be taken by surprise and found unprepared again; and it is hard to believe, in view of our terrific exertions, that the other powers will abandon the advantage of their armament and give them up."

At a banquet this evening, after the toast to President McKinley had been drunk, Mr. Harris proposed the health of Admiral Dewey, who in reply said simply: "I thank you sincerely and drink to your good health."

Captain Pass responded to the toast: "The American Navy." Mr. Harris then proposed "The Captain and Crew of the Olympia," and requested Admiral Dewey to relate something of the battle of Manila. The admiral replied: "I only know that, having asked the steward for something to drink, he gave me lukewarm coffee, which made me feel quite sick, but my flag lieutenant kept the record and I invite him to speak."

Flag Lieutenant Brumby said: "I was midshipman under Admiral Dewey and he taught me not to talk, so I will only say Dewey did it."

Admiral Dewey rose again and said: "You ask me about the guns and the superiority of our firing. We fired 19 shots per minute, with five-inch guns, against three shots a minute. I found at Manila a more neutral flag than the Austrian." At this point Mr. Harris interposed, saying: "Austria is sincerely friendly to the United States." Admiral Dewey then addressing himself to the Olympia's chief engineer, said that he had contributed to the success of the ship in entering the bay of Manila by admirable steaming, bringing the speed up to 13 knots immediately, when ordered to put on full steam.

In concluding the banquet, Mr. Harris proposed a toast to Emperor Francis Joseph.

DEWEY'S ACCEPTANCE.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The following cablegram was received at the navy department from Admiral Dewey: "Trieste, July 21.—Secretary of the navy, Washington. The proposed arrangements for reception and presentation at Washington as approved by the president and secretary are entirely agreeable to me."

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Workman Parsons was asked last night what he would do if convinced that the street car strike is a failure.

"On Friday night next," replied Mr. Parsons, "there is to be a mass meeting in the Grand Central Palace. That meeting is called for the purpose of enlisting the support of all branches of labor. We hope to have the financial aid of all the various organizations of labor. To that meeting practically will be referred the question of what the striking surface railroad men will do. If it gives substantial aid then, no matter what the superficial indications are in Brooklyn, the men will be encouraged to fight it out to a finish. If I had money now to get employment for those who are out and to support them and their families in cases where employment could not be secured, I would advise them to hold out right on the line for the next 60 days. I should say, in speaking of the Grand Central Palace meeting; that there will be a similar meeting in the rink in Brooklyn next Saturday night."

Mr. Parsons has issued the following call for tonight's labor conference: "A meeting will be held at Grand Central Palace, Forty-fourth street and Lexington avenue on Friday evening, July 21, at 8 o'clock, of the presidents and secretaries or their representatives, of each organization of organized labor in New York and Brooklyn, without regard to their affiliation or non-affiliation with a national organization of labor, for the purpose of conferring about the situation of the present street railway strike in these two cities and devising plans whereby the assistance of organized labor may be given to these men now struggling to compel the corporations to observe the labor law and secure for them the right to organize. This issue is one that concerns every friend and supporter of organized labor and should secure their support. Whatever else we may differ about, the right to organize is the foundation stone of the whole structure of labor."

A mass meeting has been called for tomorrow night at Cooper-Union to discuss further the plans for rendering assistance to the strikers.

Daniel Harris, president of the Workmen's Federation of the state of New York, has sent to all unions a request that each send two delegates to a conference to be held on Saturday evening to formulate a plan of action to be taken by organized labor in reference to the strikes now existing in New York and Brooklyn.

DARTARDLY OUTRAGE IN THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

An Italian Wounded a Citizen and Is Lynched, With Five of His Friends.

NEW ORLEANS, July 21.—Special dispatch from Tallulah, La., says: Six Italians were lynched there last night. The names of the lynched were unobtainable. Yesterday Dr. Hodges, a prominent physician of Tallulah, quarreled with an Italian. The latter wounded the physician with a shotgun. The shooting created intense excitement. A mob immediately rounded up the wounded assassin and five of his friends, strung them all to trees and then filled their bodies with buckshot.

Tallulah is a small town 17 miles from the river. It is in the heart of the best cotton producing section of the state, and many men prominent in state affairs are residents there and on surrounding plantations.

NO RUBONIC PLAGUE ON THE AMERICA MARU.

San Francisco Doctors Rendered Redulous in Their Conflict With Federal Authorities.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21.—Dr. Kinne's examination into the case of the Japanese apprentice, who showed symptoms of pneumonia before the America Maru reached Honolulu, showed that there was not the slightest indication of the bubonic plague. The vessel will be disinfected today and will then be allowed to dock and discharge her freight.

A reception and ball given by General Ludlow in Havana was attended by a throng of the most prominent residents of Cuba.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

(Continued on Page Three.)