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The Daily Astorian.

VOL. XLIX.

ASTORIA, OREGON, SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 24, 1899.

179

OUR Stoves and Tinware

Are not made from the scrap-pile or in a kindergarten school.

Eclipse Hardware Co.
We Give Trading Stamps.



BOOKS...

Blank and Miscellaneous.

PAPER...

New Crape and Type-writing.

Waterman Fountain Pens

Box Decorated Paper and Envelopes—Etc.

GRIFFIN & REED

RALSTON... HEALTH CLUB

Breakfast Food
Barley Food
Select Bran
Yeast
Cocoa

Acme Gluten Farina, Acme Wheat Flakes and Standard Rolled Oats

AT A. V. ALLEN'S

NEW LINE OF

Side-Boards, Dining-room Tables and Chairs

Chas. Heilborn & Son.

Here Is a List

Of some High Grade Goods at moderate prices

RALSTON HEALTH FOODS in great variety fresh from the mills.

AROMATIC SPICES, guaranteed the finest.

TILLMANN'S PURE EXTRACTS.

CHASE & SANBORN'S COFFEES are unrivalled. Together with a host of other good things.

ROSS, HIGGINS & CO

New Zealand Fire Insurance Co

Of New Zealand.

W. P. Thomas, Mgr., San Francisco.

UNLIMITED LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.

Subscribed Capital	\$5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	1,000,000
Assets	2,545,114
Assets in United States	300,000
Surplus to Policy Holders	1,718,792

Has been Underwriting on the Pacific Coast over Twenty-two years.

SAMUEL ELMORE & CO.,

Resident Agents, Astoria, Oregon.

Pacific Sheet Metal Works

MANUFACTURERS OF

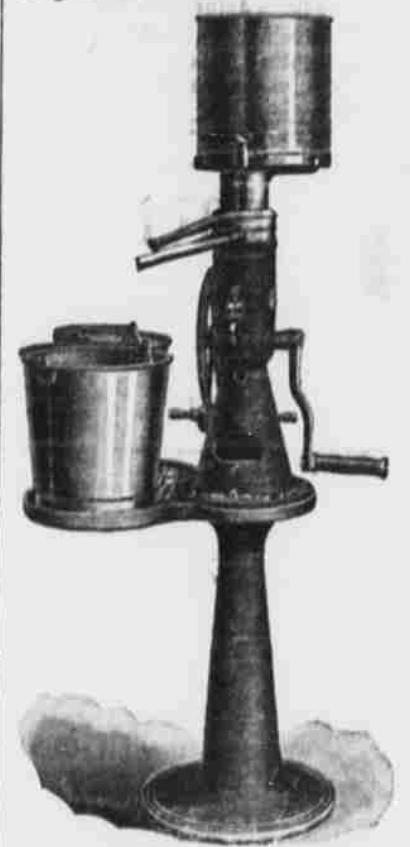
...CANS... Spice and Syrup

Lithographing on Tin a Specialty.

San Francisco, Cal. Astoria, Ore. Fairhaven, Wash.

Write Us for Prices

Improved Mikado and Empire Cream Separators.



They are the simplest and most efficient separators made. For sale by

Foard & Stokes Co. Astoria

Your Wife

Will like it; so will the cook.

Star Estate Range

Satisfy all who use them.



If your better half does the cooking, that is an additional reason why there should be a Star Estate Range in your kitchen. The use of them prevents worry and disappointment.

W. J. SCULLY, Agent, 41 Bond Street.

J. A. Fastabend

General Contractor and Builder

House-moving Tools for Rent.

Andrew Lake

522 COMMERCIAL ST.

...Merchant Tailor...

Perfect Fit Guaranteed. Low Prices.

Repairing and Cleaning Neatly Done.

THE PROOF

of the pudding is in the eating and the proof of liquor

IS IN SAMPLING

That's an argument that's conclusive—a demonstration. Ours will stand the test.

HUGHES & CO.

UNION ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF LONDON.

Established during the reign of Queen Anne, A. D. 1714.

FIRE AND LIFE.

Subscribed Capital	\$2,500,000.00
Assets to policy holders	\$4,000,000.00
Surplus	\$4,000,000.00
Exclusive of paid up capital	

Law Union and Crown Fire and Life Insurance Co.

Subscribed or guaranteed capital	\$1,500,000.00
Capital paid up	\$1,000,000.00
Assets	\$8,100,000.00

Catton, Bell & Co.

General Agents, San Francisco, Cal.

Samuel Elmore & Co.

Resident Agents, Astoria, Oregon.

BUSINESS OUTLOOK

Steady Upward Tendency of Prices in All Lines of Trade.

IRON TAKES THE LEAD

The Industry More Active Than for Years—Every Plant in Operation.

STEEL RAILS FOR RUSSIA

That Country Places a Record Breaking Contract for Steel Rails.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Broadstreets tomorrow will say: Less than average effect of the approaching midsummer influenza is discernible in current trade reports. Prices, too, show strength unusual at this period and particularly in view of recent steady advances. This is notably manifest, of course, in the iron and steel industry, where the tendency of values is still upward, though advances reported are not uniform at all markets, pointing to individual instances of business done at the best possible prices. Where prompt delivery can be guaranteed fancy quotations are in many instances obtainable and testimony to scarcity of supplies is universal. The unprecedented weekly output of coke is coincident with the statements that the usual summer shut-down in iron and allied industries will be ignored and the claims from Pittsburg of the placing of record breaking contracts for steel rails for export to Russia, not, however, for immediate delivery. Hopes of improvements in woolen goods industry have materialized in an active demand at the leading markets for the manufactured product, and simultaneously from several markets come reports of abnormally small stocks of light weight goods in dealers' hands. Wool is more active and firm in sympathy therewith and sales are larger, though mostly on speculative account. Business failures probably reflect semi-annual settling, numbering for the week 19, as against 18 last week; 23 for this week a year ago. Business failures in Canada for the week number 19, against 25 last week; 19 in this week a year ago.

FOARD & STOKES CO. ASTORIA

NEW YORK, June 23.—A special to the Herald from Washington says:

President McKinley will authorize the enlistment of additional men for the Philippines when he returns to Washington. This is the understanding of well-informed war department officials. The administration has at last come to recognize the necessity of reinforcing Gen. Otis' command. It is apparent that some department officials are figuring on the advisability of enlisting sufficient men to form ten complete regiments. Acting Secretary of War Meiklejohn, said if the president authorized additional men the number would be determined after a consultation with Gen. Otis. It would not be surprising were the department to hear from General Otis before the return of the president in order that the latter may be supplied with the necessary information in order to take immediate action. "In any event," said Mr. Meiklejohn, "there is little probability of a formal call for volunteers. State organizations will not be accepted although there are many applications on file from them for muster in and be dispatched to the Philippines. The president, I think, will authorize the department to direct its recruiting officers to make enlistments and I am confident that men can be obtained in such numbers as to form a complete organization and be ready for service with General Otis during the fall months. Should the president authorize the formation of ten regiments, recruiting officers will have to obtain 15,000 men to fill them. At least four thousand men will be required for three volunteer organizations which General Otis has authority to organize, making about 10,000 of the 35,000 men of the provisional army, the enlistment of which is authorized by law.

TO MEET ENGLISH ATHLETES.

NEW YORK, June 23.—The last appearance of the Yale and Harvard athletes before sailing on the steamer St.

Louis on July 5 will be at the Knickerbocker Athletic club games, to be held on July 4, at Knickerbocker field, Bergen Point, N. J., and at this meet will be definitely decided what men would be taken to England to compete in the broad and high jumps. In order to give the broad and high jumpers of Yale and Harvard a chance to show their best form at the last possible moment, James E. Sullivan, president of the Knickerbocker Athletic club, will add to the program a scratch high jump and a scratch broad jump, open only to those Harvard and Yale men selected by the joint committee.

THE BICYCLE TRUST.

Is To Control the Wheel Trade of America.

NEW YORK, June 23.—The members of the newly formed American Bicycle Company, the so-called bicycle trust, capital \$50,000,000, held a meeting at the Waldorf-Astoria to arrange final details. A. G. Spalding, who is one of the originators of the trust, and who will probably be made the president of the company, acted as chairman. Mr. Spalding announced that the company had been formed on the lines originally decided upon. A committee, consisting of Albert A. Pope, R. Philip Gormally, R. L. Coleman, H. A. Losler, C. L. Ames, J. W. Kiser, A. L. Garford, A. Featherstone, R. S. Crawford, A. R. Peck and A. M. Johnson, was appointed to meet the underwriters. Committees on manufacturing, on domestic sales, and on foreign sales were named.

This is a list of the concerns that was named:

Bicycle manufacturers—Pope Manufacturing Company, Hartford; Western Wheel Works and Gormully & Jeffrey Manufacturing Company, Chicago; N. A. Lester & Company, Cleveland; A. G. Spalding & Bros., New York; A. Featherstone & Company, Monarch Cycle Manufacturing Company, Chicago; Crawford Manufacturing Company, Hagerstown, Md.; A. D. Meisbach, Milwaukee; Indiana Bicycle Company, Indianapolis; Sterne & Company, Barnes Cycle Company, Syracuse, N. Y.; Tagle Bicycle Company, Lorrington, Conn.; Black Manufacturing Company, Erie, Pa.; Grand Rapids Cycle Manufacturing Company, Grand Rapids; Acme Manufacturing Company, Reading, Pa.; White Sewing Machine Company, Cleveland; Ames & Frost, Chicago; Viking Manufacturing Company, Toledo; Shelby Cycle Company, Shelby, O.; Fanning Cycle Company, Chicago; Columbus Cycle Company, Columbus, O.; Fay Manufacturing Company, Elmira, O.; Geneva Cycle Company, Geneva, O.; Milwaukee Engineering Company, Milwaukee; Colton Cycle Company, Toledo, and the New Buffalo Wheel Company, Buffalo. The manufacturers of material are:

American Saddle Company, Cleveland; Hartford Rubber Works, Hartford; C. J. Smith & Sons Company, Milwaukee; Indianapolis Chain & Stamping Company, and Indiana Rubber Company, Indianapolis; Cleveland Machine & Screw Company, Cleveland; Indiana Novelty Company, Plymouth, Ind., and the George Thomson Company, Chicago.

In all 35 separate concerns, operating 41 plants, are involved. The American Saddle Company having six plants. All the concerns named were represented at the meeting.

FRUIT GROWERS TO COMBINE.

NEW YORK, June 23.—It is reported that P. D. Armour is at the head of a movement to attempt to control the fruit and vegetable trades. J. W. Coupland, manager of the California Fruit Transportation Company, is authority for the statement. Mr. Coupland has just returned from a meeting of the fruit growers of the south, held at Wilmington, N. C., at which he said an organization was effected to fight Mr. Armour's plan. It was said that Mr. Armour, assisted by others, has secured control of the fruit trade of the Pacific coast, and he is now endeavoring to get control of the fruit and vegetable trade of Florida, Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Maryland, Virginia, Delaware, Tennessee, Arkansas, Mississippi and Texas. Mr. Coupland said that the combination included the Porter Brothers' Fruit Company, the Continental Fruit Express and the Earl Fruit Company.

DON'T WANT TO PAY TAXES.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 23.—John W. Mackay and R. V. Dey, trustees under the will of the late Mrs. Theresa Fair, have sued the city and county of San Francisco and Tax Collector Sheehan to enjoin the collection of taxes on \$29,000 worth of Southern Pacific bonds, \$7,000 worth of West Shore railway bonds and 625 shares of the Commercial Cable Company.

ALL AMERICAN MINERS NOW.

WALLACE, Idaho, June 23.—Of the men to whom permits were issued at the Standard mine today all but three were native born Americans. At the time of the strike 80 per cent of the men employed were foreign born.

COLONIAL DEPARTMENT

Addition to the President's Cabinet Being Discussed.

SECRETARY FOR COLONIES

To Attend to the Needs and Interests of Our New Possessions.

TWO NEW TERRITORIES

Hawaii and Porto Rico Will Likely Be Made Territories.

NEW YORK, June 23.—A special to the Herald from Washington says:

A new executive branch of the government with the title "Department of Colonial Affairs and Foreign Commerce," or something similar to it, is deemed by the administration absolutely necessary to meet new conditions which confront the United States as a result of the war with Spain.

The word "colonial" is repugnant for political reasons to some of the members of the cabinet because it smacks of imperialism and it is probable that some other title will be adopted. The meaning, however, will be the same.

Preliminary to recommendations to congress on this subject, data is now being compiled concerning the control of the colonies by foreign powers and the extension of our commerce into foreign fields, and members of the cabinet and subordinate officials of the administration are giving much thought and time to the details of the proposed new department.

American consuls on duty in colonies belonging to foreign powers, especially those of Great Britain are to be called upon for full reports upon a list of questions now preparing for submission to them. Robert P. Porter, who is looking upon as the probable head of the proposed cabinet office when created, will be consulted in regard to the plans for extending foreign commerce, which is to become a feature of the new department.

President McKinley's policy in regard to the future form of government for the Philippines and Cuba is still undefined, regardless of what future developments may bring forth as to our attitude toward those islands he and the members of the cabinet fully appreciate that the military governments in all of our dependencies must give way to civil government as speedily as possible. Preliminary to the establishment of civil government, the cabinet has concluded that there should be a new civil department, with cabinet officers at its head, inaugurated and have control of the new governments which sooner or later will be formed. A cabinet officer thus explains the necessity for such a department.

"At the present there is no central head for the consideration of the many questions constantly arising in connection with Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines. The war department has control of these matters now but there are many questions which our army officers are not competent to deal with and ought not be required to pass upon. As matters go now, there is a disposition to shift from one department to another and from one bureau to another to escape responsibility for settling intricate and embarrassing questions.

"A territorial form of government for Porto Rico and Hawaii has already been agreed upon and there is little doubt that the next congress will pass measures in this direction.

"As to Cuba, it will be impossible to have any other form of government than the present military one until the people of the island have taken steps for the formation of a civil government which the United States can recognize.

"The island is now ripe for civil government. But how is this to be applied? The president's hands are tied. Under the act of congress he is required, after

the 'pacification' of the island, to leave the government and control of the island to its people. It has been held that the president has no legislative authority to keep military forces in Cuba after the treaty of peace was ratified, but the forces have been held there and the president, if necessary, can take the technical ground that the 'pacification' of the island will not be complete until there is a 'stable and independent government of the people there,' as contemplated by the title of the resolution adopted by congress. Thus you see the president must wait under the terms of the act of congress for the people of the island to establish a stable government which he can recognize. It is high time that the people were getting together in convention for the purpose of drawing up a constitution preliminary to a popular vote as to the kind of government they want. Until this is done and a stable government is elected, or the people of the islands have voted for annexation to the United States, or the American congress has directed otherwise, the president will be constrained to maintain a military government in Cuba.

"Though the war department will in all probability remain in nominal control of Cuba for some time to come, there will be many questions arising that ought to be passed upon by the proposed new colonial department. The same may be said of the Philippines. The collection and distribution of the revenues of those islands, aggregating already \$2,000,000 a month in the two places, ought to go into the hands of experts, with a proper system of accounting under a single civilian head. No one doubts the honesty of the army officers who are now performing the duty, but it is unfair to the officers and dangerous for the government to open wide the doors for wrong doing."

DISAPPOINTED KLONDIKERS RETURN.

Some Few Have Dust, But Many Are Without—Estimated Ten Thousand Men Will Leave Dawson This Summer.

SEATTLE, June 23.—The second big lot of returning Klondikers since the river navigation opened, reached here this afternoon on the steamer Humboldt. There were about 250 of them, and a few brought considerable gold dust. Others were reported to have drafts for large amounts, while others came home without riches. No accurate estimate of the amount of gold dust can be made, for the reason that the figures given by different passengers vary widely, ranging all the way from \$20,000 to \$50,000. Still more diverging are the conjectures as to the amount of drafts. Including drafts and dust estimates range from \$50,000 to \$1,250,000. Puber Carroll claims that he had in his custody \$280,000 in dust and estimates that there was about \$200,000 more in the different state rooms that was not turned over to him. At 4 o'clock this afternoon \$150,000 worth of dust had been deposited in the United States assay office, and a \$50,000 lot was billed at an express office for shipment to Philadelphia. H. Wolsten and Dan Saunders, of England, had the reputation of being the richest men on board. They were credited with having between them about half a million, the proceeds of the sale of several claims.

Some of the passengers left Dawson as late as June 8, and they report that the cleanup is practically finished. Estimates on the total cleanup this season range from \$12,000,000 to \$16,000,000. Times are said to be very quiet in Dawson and there are a great many idle men there. James S. Clark, of Victoria, estimates that at least 10,000 men will come out this summer, but their places will be filled by men going in. Michael White, an old California miner, reports that there are 300 penniless men at Dawson.

YELLOW FEVER IN CUBA.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Dr. A. H. Doty, health officer of the port, is of the opinion that there is more yellow fever among the troops in Cuba than is reported by the war department. Within six months, he says, 600 soldiers have returned from Cuba and more than 600 more will arrive here, within the next two months. He proposes to take special precautions.

Vessels from Cuban ports are to be held at quarantine until they have been thoroughly washed and cleaned and the baggage fumigated. Passengers not having certificates of acclimatization in Cuba are held for five days from the time of their leaving Cuba. Should the fever become epidemic in Cuba, stricter regulations for its exclusion will be adopted.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. NEW YORK.