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THE ASTORIAN has the largest circulation of any paper on the Columbia River

# The Daily Astorian.

THE DAILY ASTORIAN is the biggest and best paper on the Columbia River.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

VOL. XLIX.

ASTORIA, OREGON, FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 28, 1899.

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## OUR Stoves and Tinware

Are not made from the scrap-pile or in a kindergarten school.

Eclipse Hardware Co. We Give Trading Stamps.

**BOOKS...**  
Blank and Miscellaneous.

**PAPER...**  
New Crape and Type-writing.  
Waterman Fountain Pens  
Box Decorated Paper and Envelopes—10c.

## GRIFFIN & REED

Fishermen, Attention!

**THE STRAIGHTEST, BEST, STRONGEST AND LIGHTEST OARS AT Foard & Stokes Co**

**Larrowe's Pure BUCKWHEAT H. O. Self-Rising**  
Best N. O. Molasses, Honey and Maple Syrup, Etc....

**A. V. ALLEN'S** Grocery Store.

**Columbian Soups, fine and Palatable, 15c a can.**

**New Made Cream Cheese, Creamery Butter.**

**Pyramid Washing Powder.**

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**ROSS, HIGGINS & CO**

# Prices That Tempt!

We want your trade and your friends and their friends. We mean to make and hold them as our friends with our good goods and pleasing prices.

<b>Notion Bargains.</b> Safety pins, per package .....10 Long Japanned Wire Hairpins, per package .....10 A good pair of black or drab Corset Steels .....50 Best quality of aluminum Thimbles, each at .....10 Lounce bottle of good sewing machine oil, per bottle .....50 Linch Bone Hairpins, per dozen .....50 Japanned Hooks and Eyes, two dozen .....10 New Idea Paper Patterns, each .....50 Best quality Cord Machine Thread, three spools for .....10 Large cake Rose Beauty Glycerine Soap, per cake .....10 The Flexo Wire Bustle, the best made each .....50	<b>Ribbon Bargains.</b> No 5 all silk Satin Ribbon, per yard.....35c No. 7 all Silk Satin Ribbon, per yard.....45c No. 9 all Silk Satin Ribbon, per yard.....55c No. 12 all Silk Satin Ribbon, per yd.....65c No. 15 all Silk Satin Ribbon, per yd.....75c Piquet Edge Baby Ribbon, 10 yards.....50 All Silk Colored Velling, to be closed out at per yard.....50 \$1.50 KID GLOVES, slightly soiled, per pair .....75c Ladies' White Jersey Ribbed Sleeveless Vest, each .....10c	<b>Domestic Bargains.</b> Heavy Cotton Huck Towels, three for 5c. Good quality Apron Gingham, per yard .....35 One yard wide, good quality, Unbleached Muslin, per yard .....45c One yard wide Heavy Bleached Muslin, per yard .....50 Good Outing Flannel, all nice patterns, per yard .....50 Large size Crochet Bed Spreads, each 50c Extra Large Size, Marcelline pattern, big value, each .....75c 40-Inches wide White Dress Lawns, per yard .....95c Good quality Bleached Canton Flannel, per yard .....50 Scotch Lawns, in dainty patterns, fast colors, per yard .....50
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# Shanahan Bros.

## Good Meals Well Cooked

With no trouble and little fuel are assured by the use of the

## Star Estate Range



Half century in the lead, and still there. W. J. SULLIVAN, Agent, 411 Bond Street.

## SWISS WATCH REPAIR SHOP

## Victor Rost

Chronometers  
Watches and  
Nautical Instruments

Promptly fixed and repaired.  
Alarm Clocks from \$1 up.  
Warranted. 110 Eleventh St.  
Next to Postal Telegraph



## WE STAND BACK OF EVERY PAIR OF SHOES.

Some people are harder upon their shoes than others. Some are apparently hardy upon them. That's when the shoe has something to do with it. It's easy to be hard on a poor shoe—hard to be hard on a good one. How much longer will one shoe (good) last than another (bad)? Just twice in most cases. That perhaps surprises you. EXPERIMENT. TRY OURS against any others you can get in town. Compare in other respects—all respects too.

Petersen & Brown.

## THE PROOF

of the pudding is in the eating and the proof of liquors

## IS IN SAMPLING

That's an argument that's conclusive—a demonstration. Ours will stand the test.

HUGHES & CO.

## A CYCLONE'S DEADLY WORK

Missouri and Iowa Towns Devastated With Appalling Loss of Life.

## OVER ONE HUNDRED DEAD

Number of Schools and Semina-ries Wrecked, and Fire Adds Horror to the Scene.

## ONE THOUSAND INJURED

The Twisting Monster Leaves a Trail of Ruin and Desolation Across Two States.

ST. LOUIS, April 27.—A special to the Globe-Democrat from Kirksville, Mo., says: The gathering storm that had been threatening all the afternoon broke upon Kirksville at 6:20 o'clock tonight in all the fury of a cyclone. A path a quarter of a mile wide and as clean as a prairie was swept through the eastern portion of the city and 400 buildings, homes and mercantile houses were leveled to the ground in scattered ruins. In the heavy rain that followed, the people who had escaped turned out to rescue the injured. For two hours not much was accomplished as all was confusion but by 8 o'clock 25 dead bodies had been taken from the ruins. It is confidently expected that the list of dead will reach between 50 and 60. If it does not exceed that. Almost a thousand people were more or less injured. Daylight will be necessary before an adequate conception of the destruction of life and property can be had. The list of killed so far as known follows:

William B. Howells, student of the American school of Osteopathy.  
Mrs. W. H. Sherburne, wife of a student of the school of Osteopathy.  
James Weaver, sr., retired contractor.  
Theodore Brigham, merchant.  
Ed. Beaman, boy.  
Mrs. W. W. Green and daughter.  
Miss Beasie Green.  
Mrs. Henry Billington.  
A. W. Glaze.  
Mrs. Ben Green.  
Mrs. John Larkin, sr.  
C. A. Gibbs.  
Mrs. C. A. Gibbs.  
A. C. Beal.  
James Cunningham.  
Mrs. Mitchell.  
Those reported killed are:  
Mr. Peck.  
Mr. Anderson.  
Mr. Stephens.  
Dr. Hillings.  
Colonel Little, and family.  
Mrs. Penscott and child.  
The known injured are:  
Mr. and Mrs. Denniston.  
Mrs. Hobson.  
Harry Mitchell.  
Mary Mitchell.  
Miss Evans.  
Sam Weaver.  
Will Parks.  
Two Ingalls brothers.  
Willis Kellogg.  
Hollis Kellogg.  
The reported injured are:  
Maud Wadsworth.  
Mrs. T. Mullock.  
Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Kirk.  
A. L. Deal.  
W. S. Smith.  
Mrs. Hennons.  
Mrs. Millen.  
Duan Mills.  
Ernest Mills.  
Andrew Roberts.  
Esher Little.  
Ina Green.  
William Bragg.  
Mrs. John Barley.  
A. C. Bowman.  
Mrs. Mary Rehman.  
A. T. Cook.  
Reeman Child.  
Abury Green.  
Mrs. T. Mahaffey.  
Mrs. C. Woods.  
Mrs. A. Little.  
A. Little.  
Mrs. J. C. Woods.  
Mrs. A. W. Rainscott.

Intense darkness prevailed after the cyclone, and the rescuers were at a disadvantage for a short time until fire broke out in a dozen places in the ruins and shed light over the scene. In all probability a number of bodies have been encumbered.

The storm first struck the eastern portion of the city, near that part occupied by the boarding houses of the students of the American school of Osteopathy, the state normal school and McWard's seminary.

It was just supper time for the students, and it is thought very probable the list of dead will be well filled with students, as a large number of these boarding houses were demolished.

The second edition of the cyclone followed the first 30 minutes later. It came as an inky black cloud, widely distributed and covered the whole town, but passed above the houses, doing no material damage.

Reports coming in from the country districts state that many farmers have suffered severely, and that several lives have been lost outside of Kirksville.

TEN KILLED AT NEWTON. KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 27.—A spe-

cial to the Journal from Chillicothe, Mo., says: The tornado, probably the same one that swept over Kirksville, struck Newton, a small town in Sullivan county tonight, and caused terrible destruction. It is reported that 15 persons were killed in the city and that many others were killed in the country near there. A great number of buildings were blown down. A heavy rain followed the tornado, adding greatly to the damage.

Only a partial list of casualties can be obtained. The station agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, at Newton, reports the killed and wounded as follows:  
The killed:  
Sherman Deeper, wife and three children.  
Lahon Evans and two daughters.  
William Hays, wife and child.  
Those seriously injured are:  
Three Hays children.  
Julia Evans.  
A. J. Jones, wife and two children.  
Slightly injured:  
Mrs. Mary Gregory and daughter.  
Mrs. Pierce and sister.  
Mrs. Flagg.  
Mrs. Herman Wilson.  
Mrs. Lambrey.  
Dave Sanford, wife and three children.  
Mr. McQuiston and wife.  
Mrs. John Johnson.  
Mose Guymon and wife.

THE KILLED AT ONAWA.  
ONAWA, Ia., April 27.—A tornado swept the farming country, 20 miles east of here, last night. Three persons were killed. Great damage was done to farm property.

The killed are said to be:  
Hans Severson, farmer.  
Boy named Ferrin.  
An unknown man.  
John Amerson was carried half a mile, dropped into the river, but escaped alive. The house of George Ferrin, three miles southeast of Onawa, was demolished. A boy 10 years old was killed, and Mr. and Mrs. Ferrin and five daughters are not expected to live.

NEW ORIENTAL LINE  
OUT OF SAN FRANCISCO.  
The Santa Fe Railroad Will Commence Operating One With New Steamships on July 1.

CHICAGO, April 27.—The Chronicle says: Officers of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad have about decided to put on a line of trans-Pacific steamers to ply between San Francisco and the Orient. The company is now planning to open its new line into the metropolitan area of the coast July 1, and it is in connection with this road that the new boat line is to be inaugurated.

Several months ago the Santa Fe opened a trans-Pacific route from San Diego, and the service has been successful. Instead of adding more steamers to the San Diego service, it has thought best to put on a second line to run from San Francisco. The new line will in no way interfere with the one already established, the second one being auxiliary to the first.

One of the Pacific steamship companies has awarded contracts to the Cramps for the construction of four new passenger and freight steamers of 3,000 tons capacity each, and two or all of these vessels may be used by the Santa Fe. Just how the new line will be operated has not yet been determined. It is said that the Santa Fe Company may buy outright one or more of the steamers now building. If this is not done they may be run by the railroad under a lease.

When the Santa Fe's new rail line is finished it will be the first and only company to run its trains over its own tracks between Chicago and San Francisco.

ANOTHER WIND FALL FOR PUGET SOUND.  
Largest Copper Ledges in the Northwest Discovered Close to Tacoma.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 27.—A special from Tacoma says:  
It is reported that the largest copper ledges ever discovered in the Northwest have been found in the Carbon district, north of Mount Ranier, 60 miles east of this city. The ore is said to be similar in character and geological situation to that found in Montana, and to be fully as rich as that of the Butte mines.

Chester Thorne, president of the National Bank of Commerce of this city, has had prospectors at work in the new district for two years. It is stated that a large force of men will engage in the work of development as soon as the snow disappears.

D. O. Mills, of New York, and Alvinza Hayward, of San Francisco, are here on a tour of inspection of their properties in this section.

The Tacoma smelter is being enlarged to four times its present capacity with the primary object of handling the output of Idaho and Alaska mines controlled by these capitalists. Before returning, home they will inspect the recent coal discoveries in the Mount Baker district. The Bellingham Bay and British Columbia Railway may be extended to the new mines.

CAPTAIN COGHIAN MUST BE SEVERELY PUNISHED.  
The German Newspapers Are Very Indignant, and Pronounce His Utterances "Criminal."

NEW YORK, April 27.—A special to the World from Berlin says: The morning papers here, owing to the receipt of fresh telegrams from London giving further details of the feeling in America, are almost unanimous in insisting that Captain Coghian must be adequately punished. They declare that it is only quibbling to say that he spoke to a private club, as his subsequent proceedings prove that he had no objection to publicity. The song about the Kaiser excites far more indignation than the revelations about Dewey's difficulties with Dedrichs.

The government, however, will take no official action, although it is expected that Captain Coghian will receive punishment commensurate with his offense. The newspapers call his utterances criminal.

## M'ARTHUR AT APELIT

Flower of the Rebel Army Routed From That City by His Division.

## OUR LOSS WAS SLIGHT

One Man Killed and Six Wounded While the Rebel Loss Was Heavy.

## FIRST NEBRASKA ENGAGED

The Rebels Were Driven From Their Trenches With Heavy Loss and Retreat to Macabete.

MANILA, April 27.—6:45 p. m.—General MacArthur's division crossed the Rio Grande today and advanced on Apelit, completely routing the flower of the rebel army. Most of the rebels fled to Apelit station, where trains were waiting for them. They left hurriedly, presumably for San Fernando.

The towns of San Vincente and Apelit were simultaneously burned and evacuated by the natives.  
Twenty prisoners were captured, including a Spaniard.  
The Americans also captured a brass cannon and a quantity of arms and ammunition, and the same evening they captured a Maxim gun on the railroad. The fighting lasted from noon until 4 o'clock.

The American loss is one man of the Montana regiment killed and three officers and six men wounded.  
The enemy were very strongly entrenched on the river bank near both sides of the railroad bridge. General Wheaton sent Colonel Fuston across with two companies of the Twentieth Kansas regiment, a couple of privates swimming the swift stream with a rope, under a galling fire, for the purpose of guiding the raft.

The men crossed in squads of 20, and attacked the left flank of the rebels, who scuttled like rabbits into the covered ways and trenches. The rest of the regiment was compelled to cross the bridge in single file along stringers, as the wood work and much of the iron work had been removed. The First Montana followed the Kansas regiment across the bridge, the First Nebraska regiment acting as a reserve. They attacked the rebels in three lines.

In the meantime a large body of Filipinos, estimated at no fewer than 200, led by General Antonio Luna, on a black charger, that was evidently coming to reinforce the rebels, who were engaged with the Nebraskans, appeared in an open field two miles to the left. Emerging from the jungle the enemy formed in open skirmish line, nearly two miles in length, with very thick reserves behind. They then advanced at double-quick until they were about 200 yards from the American line, when General Wheaton ordered his troops to fire.

The rebels, who were evidently unaware that the Americans had crossed the river bank, broke and ran in the direction of Macabete. The other Filipinos fled toward Apelit station.  
The heat in the early part of the afternoon was terrific, but a drenching thunderstorm, which came later, greatly refreshed the Americans.

GENERAL LAWTON'S ADVANCE.  
MANILA, April 27.—6:10 p. m.—General Lawton's advance has been a remarkable demonstration of the resistible energy which characterizes all his undertakings.

The last troops forming his column only reached Norzagaray today. The men were badly played out, as during the past two days they have dragged their bullock carts over roadless jungles and through swamps, cutting their way for miles. They will rest for three days and then, with Colonel Sumner's command, consisting of the Oregon and Minnesota regiments, the troops will resume the march westward, co-operating with General MacArthur's forces in their important enterprise.

Ambulances today, with a strong escort, are bringing General Lawton's wounded and a few of those who have been prostrated by the heat across the

country to the railroad. A report has gained wide currency among the volunteers that the government intends to ask that there be no fighting after Calumpit is captured, and that it is the intention to replace them at the front with the regulars, which are being brought here on board transports.

The committee of Filipinos organized to mediate between the Americans and Aguinaldo fears to approach the rebels after the refusal of the latter to receive the Spanish commissioners, who were bearing a white flag. The committee, after consulting with the American commissioners, propose to tell Aguinaldo that while no terms except unconditional surrender could be offered after the lengths to which the war has been carried, they could assure the rebels that they would be treated according to the American traditions of leniency to the conquered and that there would be no punishments or confiscations of property if they laid their arms down.

The committee told United States Consul Williams that they would go if he would accompany them, believing that the rebels trusted Williams. The latter, however, refused, having no authority in the matter. He said: "I do not believe the Filipinos would harm me, but they might detain me for many months."

The American commission is hampered in its work of enlisting the support of the friendly Filipinos by the fear expressed by many of them that the "anti-expansionists" may obtain control of the American government and cause the withdrawal of the American troops from the Philippine islands, thus, they claim, leaving the natives who have assisted the Americans at the mercy of Aguinaldo's followers. Under these circumstances men of property are reluctant to risk the results of becoming identified with the American regime.

EQUESTRIAN STATUE OF GENERAL GRANT UNVEILED.  
Thousands Pay Homage to the Memory of the Great General at the Birthday Anniversary at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, April 27.—The equestrian statue of General Grant in Fairmount park was unveiled this morning with appropriate ceremonies by Mrs. Rosemary Sartoris, granddaughter of the dead hero, in the presence of President McKinley, members of the cabinet, representatives of foreign governments and a large gathering of distinguished citizens.

Promptly at 2 o'clock the Philadelphia city cavalry escorted the presidential party from the hotel to the reviewing stand in front of the monument. Upon arrival at the monument, the president was received with a salute of 21 guns. Simultaneously, the guns of the Raleigh, in the Delaware river, fired a salute.

Near to the president and his wife, Mrs. Grant and Miss Sartoris shared the attention of the people, and they were cheered every where they were recognized. As John H. Converse, who presented the statue to the commissioners of Fairmount park, concluded speaking, Miss Sartoris pulled a cord, which held the national colors about the figure, and the horse and rider were brought into view. As the drapery fell Mrs. Grant took long at the bronze figure of her husband, and she could be seen wiping tears from her eyes.

The reserves of this city, organized by the Christian League, marched up and laid a wreath at the base. In the center was the inscription: "From his excellency, the Chinese minister to the United States, Wu Ying Fang, as a token of his respect for the memory of the late General Grant and a tribute of friendship from the Chinese emperor." In the return trip General Miles rode in a carriage with the president.

BIG MOVEMENTS IN IRON TRADE IMPENDING.  
Control by Large Corporations Not Only the Desires, but the Present Condition.

CLEVELAND, April 27.—The Iron Trade Review says:  
Big movements in the iron trade have been in the air the past week. Their significance is paramount. They show that control by a few large corporations is not only the destiny of the iron trade of the country but is practically its condition today, and that movements just ahead will mean further dominance by large corporations.

Greater certainty of profitable prices year in and year out and of harmonious action by the few large interests is to result from the deals now under way. The only apparent element of uncertainty is that growing out of the \$15,000,000 steel works at Buffalo. While on the face of it this may promise conflict, its final form may give ample guarantee of peace.

Meantime the trade is even more bewildered than at any time of the consolidation campaign, appreciating fully the fact that a single day's developments may be of far reaching significance.

CHICAGO LOOKED TO FOR RECRUIT.  
CHICAGO, April 27.—The Tribune says: "The war department expects Chicago to supply 5,000 recruits before January 1, 1900, for service in Cuba and Manila. About 50 men a day are examined at the recruiting station, 32 West Madison street, and additional stations are to be opened soon."

KAUTZ MUST BE MORE CAREFUL.  
WASHINGTON, April 27.—It has been felt proper to admonish Admiral Kautz to be more careful either in writing such letters as that published yesterday from Cincinnati, or in guarding his letters from publicity. A letter of that character was addressed to him yesterday.

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ABSOLUTELY PURE  
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome  
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. NEW YORK.