

Special Oriental Carriages and Toys. We must reduce stock and sell regardless of cost. Sale Wing Lee & Co. Commercial Street near Cooper's Dry Goods Store.

A WOMAN'S WAY OF BUYING SHOES.....

is a good way if she's of a common sense turn of mind. A smart woman can generally tell if a shoe fits her foot. This being true the shoe man who tries to delude the woman makes the blunder of his life and drives his trade to a store where reliable shoes are sold and perfect fitting is performed.

JOHN HAHN, Astoria, Ore

Only \$35 Set Up The Born Steel Range Every One Guaranteed. W. J. SCULLY Sole Agent, 431 Bond Street.

The Pat Market Fresh Salmon Trout and Halibut 574 Commercial Street.

J. M. INSTRUMENTAL RECEIVED IN THE PRIMARY GRAMMAR AND ACADEMIC GRADES THE SISTERS OF THE Convent of the Holy Names ASTORIA, OREGON. Boarding pupils accepted for the school week. Date of opening September 1st. For rates, etc., address the Superioress DEPARTMENT

A. V. ALLEN Fancy and Staple Groceries... Prices Lower Than Ever.... Fruit Jars and Jelly Glasses With the Fruit to go in them

THE OCCIDENT Astoria's Leading Hotel Megler & Wright, Props.

OREGON STATE NORMAL SCHOOL Monmouth, Oregon A TRAINING SCHOOL FOR TEACHERS Regular Normal Course of three years (senior year wholly professional). Training department of nine grades with 200 children, instruction and training in Grammar (Spelling) system, and Vocal Music for public schools. The Normal diploma is recognized by law as a STATE LIFE CERTIFICATE to teach. Light expense. Tuition, books, board and lodging (ap proximately) \$18.00 per year. Students boarding themselves, \$14.00 per year. Academic grades accepted from high schools. Catalogues cheerfully sent on application. Address P. J. CAMPBELL, President, or W. A. WANN, Secretary of Faculty

Kopp's "Best" A DELICIOUS DRINK... AND ABSOLUTELY PURE The North Pacific Brewery, of which Mr. John Kopp is proprietor, makes beer for domestic and export trade. Bottled beer for family use, or keg beer supplied at any time, delivery in the city free. NORTH PACIFIC BREWERY

J. B. WYATT, Astoria, Oregon Hard ware, Ship Chandlery, Groceries, Provisions, PAINTS and OILS. THE PROOF IS IN SAMPLING That's an argument that's convincing—a demonstration. Ours will stand the test. HUGHES & CO.

SYRUP OF FIGS NEVER IMITATED IN QUALITY. THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guarantee of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company— CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. NEW YORK, N. Y. LOUISVILLE, KY.

LARGE INCREASE IN EXPORTS. The World Has Confidence in American Goods and Mechanical Instruments. NEW YORK, August 27.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says: No greater compliment to American manufactures and American workmen can be imagined than that expressed in the increasing demand upon them by the world for high grade instruments and machinery. Course, heavy goods, which showed their quality upon their face and which are not subjected to special strain or breakage, are purchased in any market, but those who purchase complicated and delicate machinery which must be handled and operated by persons thousands of miles from the place of construction show a confidence in the quality of material and the faithfulness of construction, which is a marked testimony to those who make and to those who sell such articles. That the people of the world have confidence in American goods of this character, and therefore in the people who make and sell them, is shown by the large orders which American manufacturers of fine and complicated machinery have received in the fiscal year just ended. Telephones, telegraph instruments, typewriters, bicycles, steam engines, fire engines, railway engines, metal working machinery, shoe manufacturing machinery, electrical machinery, sewing machines, printing presses, scientific instruments, clocks, watches, photos and similar articles of delicate construction, amounting in value to \$20,000,000, have been sent by this country to other parts of the world in the fiscal year of 1897-98. From the forests of Africa and the islands of Oceania, from Turkey, Persia, Spain, Cuba, Aden, the Azores, Auckland, Fiji, Tonga, Samoa, Malacca, Tripoli, German Africa, Spanish Oceania, British Australasia, the Dutch East Indies, French Guiana, Portuguese Africa, Asiatic Russia, and the countries of Central and South America orders have come for these products of American factories. Japanese fingers manipulate American typewriters, Chinese feet and hands give motion to American sewing machines, operators in the European centers communicate with others in distant parts of the world with American telegraph instruments and the natives of Africa, India and Oceania transport themselves on American bicycles. For years this country has exported sewing machines to the value of \$2,000,000 or \$3,000,000, but the figures for the last year range far above the average of the decade. From the time the typewriters and bicycles came into use there has been a steady demand upon America for them, and now their exportation figures into the millions in value and their purchasers are found in every part of the globe. The following table shows the value of the exportation of typewriters, bicycles, sewing machines and instruments for scientific purposes from the United States during the last year by countries represented in the official figures of the treasury bureau of statistics: Exports during the year ending June 30, 1898: Typewriting machines—United Kingdom, \$96,333; France, \$9,438; Germany, \$23,611; other European countries, \$22,257; British America, \$1,774; Mexico, \$28,800; Central America, \$2,200; West Indies, \$5,857; South America, \$12,012; Asia and Oceania, \$3,900; Africa, \$38,342. Total, \$1,302,132. Bicycles—United Kingdom, \$183,166; France, \$48,000; Germany, \$12,244; other European countries, \$48,502; British America, \$11,000; Mexico, \$8,022; Central America, \$8,307; West Indies, \$8,137; South America, \$24,303; Asia and Oceania, \$30,922; Africa, \$19,700; other countries, \$1,710. Total, \$446,230. Sewing machines—United Kingdom, \$79,650; France, \$102,824; Germany, \$81,697; other European countries, \$211,042; British America, \$141,222; Mexico, \$10,642; Central America, \$30,312; West Indies, \$21,663; South America, \$56,902; Asia and Oceania, \$12,200; Africa, \$10,300; other countries, \$159. Total, \$2,318,283. Scientific and electrical instruments, etc.—United Kingdom, \$33,203; France, \$174,310; Germany, \$234,942; other European countries, \$225,513; British America, \$38,000; Mexico, \$287,720; Central America, \$38,211; West Indies, \$38,325; South America, \$23,022; Asia and Oceania, \$42,267; Africa, \$4,267; other countries, \$154. Total, \$2,706,803.

REIGN OF TERROR AT PONCE. Country Districts Are at the Mercy of the Guerrillas. NEW YORK, August 27.—A dispatch from Ponce to the Herald says: General Stone, who has just returned from the vicinity of Arrebo, reports that a state of anarchy exists in the country districts. The withdrawal of the Spanish troops gives the guerrillas free play. A force of irregulars attacked and burned a plantation near Adjuntas. General Stone says that the people are terrorized and are praying for American protection. The Spanish formerly covered the country with a mounted police patrol. Our forces have not yet been put in charge. The natives and the Spanish are busy cutting each others throats. General Stone made a full report to General Miles last night. Captain Waters and Lieutenant Palmer of battery C, of Pocomackville, Pa., have returned from the United States service. Lieutenant Palmer and Lieutenant Bean, who is in the same battery, were tried before an efficiency board, whose verdict has not yet been made known. An incendiary fire occurred a few nights ago at El Coto del Laurel, a hamlet near Ponce. The people, most of whom are Spanish, objected to the attempts of the men of the Nineteenth Infantry to extinguish it, and in a fight Lieutenant Lawson, who was in command, summed up the attacking party with a bullet near Ponce. Order was restored only when twenty prisoners had been taken.

EDUCATION IN CUBA. The President is Devoting Much Attention to the Subject. NEW YORK, August 27.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says: New questions are constantly arising in respect to the government of Cuba and Porto Rico, some of which are not only of great importance, but such as demand prompt attention. Among these are matters relating to public education which, under the Spanish regime, were dealt with in a manner entirely different from that which prevails in the United States. This subject is one to which the president is devoting much attention, and in regard to which his action is awaited with interest. In the Spanish West Indies the colored people, who form a large proportion of the total population, have never enjoyed the privileges of common or free schools and the same thing is true in a large degree of the whole white population. In the educational field in either island is comparatively speaking, a virgin one. How, and by whom it shall be cultivated, is a question of practical moment. It is not improbable that the agencies of private and associated benefaction which was so powerful and useful among the trustees of the south in the later years of the civil war and long afterwards, will be found active in Cuba and Porto Rico. There, as was the case in the Southern states, however, the co-operation of the government will be necessary. In the case of the freedmen schools, the government not only furnished protection and supervision, but money to assist in the payment of rental of school buildings and also the wages of teachers. Whether expenditures for like objects in Cuba and Porto Rico, especially the latter, will be regarded as advisable, remains to be seen but it is certain that the United States cannot afford to ignore the common school as an element in the construction of society and government of those islands.

THE VESUVIUS AT NEW YORK. The Dynamite Cruiser Given a Great Reception by Sampson's Fleet. NEW YORK, August 27.—Admiral Sampson's squadron down the bay has been increased by the arrival of the Vesuvius. The dynamite cruiser came up from Guantanamo, Cuba, where it sailed on August 18, under orders to proceed to New York. The excursionists down the bay recognized Lieutenant Commander Pillsbury's boat and crowded about immediately after it came to anchor off Tompkinsville. Only the booming of great guns was lacking to make the welcome complete, for there was a dipping of flags and whistles and horns of all kinds made a terrific noise. The Vesuvius' officers were proud of the way their boat behaved in the bombardment of Santiago's defenses. "Her eyes were effective in their work," said Commander Pillsbury. "You can say the Vesuvius is a great success," added another officer. Twenty-six shots in all were fired by the dynamite cruiser at the batteries commanding the entrance to Santiago harbor. They contained a charge of gunpowder varying from 100 to 200 pounds. As to the alarm the Vesuvius' shots created and the damage they caused, abundant evidence was obtained from captured officers and men of the Cervena fleet. Captain Conca of the Spanish flagship Maria Teresa, told Commander Pillsbury that one of the Vesuvius shells struck the barracks between the lighthouse and Morro Castle and killed over 100 soldiers.

HER SERVICE ENDED. The Wampatuck After Performing Good Service Reaches the Navy Yard. NEW YORK, August 27.—The Wampatuck, formerly a Standard oil tug in New York harbor, known as the Atlas, has reached the navy yard and her career as a war tug, is considered to be at an end. The Wampatuck was in the first fight at Manzanillo. She led the way under fire when the first of Shafter's army landed in Cuba. She helped the St. Louis cut the cable between Santiago and Jamaica. Again she was with the St. Louis cutting the Manzanillo cable that shut off communication with Madrid.

NAVAL RESERVE MUSTERED OUT. SAN FRANCISCO, August 27.—The United States steamers Iroquois, Vigilant and Active are now manned by officers and enlisted men from the navy, and the members of the naval reserve who have recently had charge of these vessels will soon return to private life. Lieutenant Turner of the Iroquois, will resume command of the naval battalion, while Lieutenants Shaw and Gunn of the Active and Vigilant, will take their former duties on the steamer Marion. The members of the Chicago naval reserve, who came, as far as Mare Island on their way to join Admiral Dewey's fleet, are to be sent home and mustered out of the service.

PHILIP SUCCEEDS SAMPSON. CHICAGO, August 27.—A special to the Tribune from New York says: Commodore John P. Phillip has received telegraphic advice from Washington assigning him to the command of the North Atlantic squadron. Commodore Phillip, by the same order, is detached from the Texas. The cruiser New York will be his flagship. He will leave the Texas and take up his quarters on the New York as soon as Admiral Sampson relinquishes command. No orders, so far as known, have been sent from Washington in regard to the future movements of the North Atlantic squadron, but it is probable that the ships will remain in this port for some time to come.

NO SECTIONAL HATRED. SAN FRANCISCO, August 27.—General James Longstreet, United States commissioner with railroad, has arrived here on an official inspection trip of the subsidized railroads. In an interview he said: "I believe what little, if any, sectional feeling which prevailed before the war has now been entirely obliterated, and that the popular conviction that such feeling no longer exists is one of the grand achievements of the war with Spain."

MCKINLEY IN PENNSYLVANIA. SOMERSET, Pa., August 27.—The presidential party, composed of the president and Mrs. McKinley, Assistant Secretary Corbin and Major Webb Hayes, of the Sixth Ohio cavalry, reached Somerset by special train from Johnston this evening. The president was given a tremendous ovation by the citizens, after which the party was driven to the home of Abner McKinley, where the distinguished guests will remain during their stay here. The party will leave at 11 o'clock Monday for Ohio.

PERRY IN GREENLAND. ST. JOHN'S, N. F., August 27.—The steamer hope arrived here last night from her trip to Greenland, whether she carried the Perry expedition. Perry and party will make their winter quarters at Sheard Osborne Fiord.

MATTHEWS DYING. INDIANAPOLIS, August 27.—Ex-Governor Matthews, who was stricken with paralysis, Tuesday, is reported to be dying.

who perished in the explosion of the U. S. S. Maine on the night of February 15, 1898, in the harbor of Havana, Cuba. He was the son of a man. Erected by his classmates.

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Heilborn & Son Furniture and Carpet.. SPECIAL SALE—Japanese Linen Warp Mattings. Prices Guaranteed Lower Than Portland.

C. J. TRENCHARD, Commission, Brokerage, Insurance and Shipping. Custom House Broker. ASTORIA, OREGON. Agent W. F. & Co., and Pacific Express Co's.

W. F. SCHEIBE, Manufacturer and Dealer in FINE CIGARS! 74 Commercial St.

Astoria Steam Laundry WHITE LABOR PERFECT WORK SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

The IMPERIAL Hotel THOS. GUINEAN, Proprietor Seventh and Washington Sts. Portland, Or.

If you can't be Queen of the Regatta, buy your groceries of DeYo and Get a fine dinner set free.

Oregon Industrial Exposition OPENS IN Portland, September 22.. CLOSES October 22, 1898. The Finest and Greatest Exposition ever held in the Northwest. HORTICULTURAL and AGRICULTURAL Products of Oregon and Washington will be displayed in wonderful profusion, including more varieties than ever before gathered together in one exhibit. Gold, Silver and Bronze Medals will be awarded. Marvelously Rich Specimens from our Gold, Silver and Other Mines. Bennett's Renowned Military Band. Has been engaged for the season. Astounding Aerial Feats and Acrobatic Performances. Very Low Rates on all Railroads. Admission: 25 Cents Children 10 Cents

Chas. Kan & Co. 367 COMMERCIAL STREET. Manufacturers of Ladies' UNDERWEAR and Wrappers, etc. The lowest prices in Astoria. We also carry a fine stock of Japanese Fancy Goods, fine Chinaware, Notions and Toys at wholesale prices.

Estes-Conn Drug Co. Leading Druggists of Astoria. Try "Prestole," a sure and pleasant cure for the Headache.

West Shore Mills Co. Wood... Fir Cord Wood - 3.75 per Cord Slab Wood - 2.50 " " First-class trains leave Warrenton for Lavel and New Astoria at 7:45 9:15 and 10:30 a. m., and 12:30, 5:30 and 6:35 p. m. and returning arrive at Warrenton at 8:00, 9:30, 11:35 a. m., and 12:40, 5:15 and 7:05 p. m. Trains leave Seaside 7:00 a. m., 10:20 a. m., 4:30 p. m. daily for Astoria. Portland trains leave Seaside on Sunday at 5:30 p. m. J. C. MAYO, G. F. & P. A.

THE PALACE Astoria's Leading Restaurant Everything Strictly First-Class. W. W. WHIPPLE, Prop.

P. A. STOKES.... Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods CUSTOM MADE SUITS A SPECIALTY.