

Daily Astorian.

JOHN T. LIGHTER, Editor.

Telephone No. 64.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY.
Sent by mail, per year.....\$6.00
Sent by mail, per month..... .50
Served by carrier, per month..... .50

WEEKLY.
Sent by mail, per year, in advance.....\$2.00
Postage free to subscribers.

All communications intended for publication should be directed to the editor. Business communications of all kinds and remittances must be addressed to "The Astorian."

The Astorian guarantees to its advertisers the largest circulation of any newspaper published on the Columbia river.

Advertising rates can be had on application to the business manager.

R. G. Dunn & Company's weekly review of trade says: "More business is being done this year than in any previous July of which there are records. Payments through the clearing houses have been 1.5 per cent larger than in 1897, the year of greatest prosperity heretofore, and for the month thus far, 6.5 per cent larger than last year and 5.4 per cent larger than in 1892."

THE EQUALITY OF MANKIND.

"Equality" is the subject of a very interesting address delivered by James Bryce to the Municipal Society of Glasgow. In that address Mr. Bryce treated his subject, as he always does, in a new and very entertaining manner, a result not often attained in the discussion of such topics. He enumerated six senses, in which the term is, or may be employed. Two of these refer to man as a pure product of nature, the other four to man as a social being, existing under civil institutions of some sort or kind.

The first meaning is spiritual equality, or that equality denoted by the phrase, "all men are equal in the sight of God." This conception has become to most men a distinctly religious conception.

The other sense in which national equality might be said to exist is equality of gifts, physical, intellectual and moral, a condition which every one knows never did, and probably never can exist.

The remaining four kinds of equality may be known as civil, political, social and economic. By civil equality we understand the possession by every man of similar and equal rights in the sphere of private law, a species of equality quite general though not universal.

The term political equality describes the equal enjoyment by all who are citizens of a state of a share in its government, including both the right of voting and the right of holding office.

Social equality denotes the kind of mutual courtesy and respect which men show to one another when each feels the other to be "as good as himself." The extent to which it goes depends upon the particular form of intercourse, for there might be social equality between men as members of a public committee, which would not extend to dining at one another's houses.

Economic equality is the possession by every man of an equal quantity or value of property, a state of things which has never yet existed, and which has no necessary connection with the other kinds of equality, though it governs to a great extent social equality.

Of these various kinds of equality the first, or spiritual equality, is most widely recognized and has been the chief cause of the presumption in favor of every form of equality, a presumption that almost throws upon any kind of inequality the burden of justifying its existence.

Such inequality, if justified at all, must necessarily be founded upon the natural inequality of gift of ability, of industry, of virtue. Under the circumstances, an attempt to place all men on exactly the same footing would be to run counter to nature—an effort that must prove futile.

Civil equality is so generally admitted to be wholesome for the whole community as to have become a good practical test of the standard of civilization which any nation has reached. It's acceptance has been due partly to sympathy and sentiment, but more to an experience of the evils of inequality as giving rise to arrogance and injustice on the part of privileged classes, and exposing the less privileged to harsh treatment.

There is no general rule that can be laid down upon the question of political equality for its success or failure depends largely upon the capacity of the people who enjoy it. Where political power is committed to a mass of people who are ignorant and untrained, and where this mass is not disposed to be guided by those who are wiser and more experienced, bad rules may be chosen and evil measures adopted.

Social equality cannot exist without equality of mind and morals, nor can we say that it would be wise to effect an economic equality before men have come to have the same degree of ability, industry, frugality and desire.

NEW EPISCOPAL BISHOP.

The Brazilian Church Sends a Representative to the American Church.

New York, July 30.—The Rev. John G. Meem has arrived in this city from Brazil. He comes as the representative of the Protestant Episcopal church in the United States of Brazil to the American house of bishops, empowered to sign a concordat between the Episcopal communities between the two countries.

At a convention held recently in Porto Alegre, a recommendation was made of a bishop of Rio de Janeiro do Sul, or perhaps of Brazil, the title not yet having been decided. The nominee was the Rev. Lucien Lee Kinsolving, a missionary to Brazil and a brother of Rev. A. Kinsolving of Christ church, Brooklyn, and of the bishop Kinsolving of Texas. One of the members of the American house of bishops, Dr. Meem is to present the matter of Rev. Mr. Kinsolving's nomination to the house of bishops of the United States and secure confirmation of the action.

The concordat is based upon that between the Episcopal communities in this country and Haiti, but provides that when there shall be three Brazilian bishops, the Protestant Episcopal church in Brazil shall become an independent body. Meanwhile it provides for a temporary board of administration to be composed of four members of the American house of bishops and the new bishop to Brazil, the same to have charge until such time as the church in Brazil may become self-supporting and independent.

HOAR ON TERRITORIAL EXPANSION

The Massachusetts Senator Does Not Think We Can Govern Colonies.

Boston, July 30.—Senator Hoar was the guest of honor at the annual outing of the Massachusetts Club at Marblehead Neck and made a long and carefully prepared speech, in the course of which he discussed the question of our foreign relations growing out of the war. Upon this question he said:

"It is impossible without eyes on this constantly changing landscape to predict with certainty how we are to solve different problems that are coming on at the end of the war with Spain. But this country may be sure that the vote of every person who now has legislative responsibility in either house of congress, by the choice of republicans of Massachusetts, is likely to have such responsibility hereafter, will be cast in accordance with the opinion of Massachusetts. Her opinions on such questions are the result of nearly 30 years of great and honorable history.

"She will not depart from the declaration of independence. She will not depart from the doctrine of liberty laid down in her constitution. She will not consent to be the ruler over racial states or a subject people. She will enter upon no mad career of empire in distant seas. She will not seek to force her trade upon unwilling people at the cannon's mouth. She will not exact tribute or revenues from men who have no voice in regard to her. She will not consent to enter with the powers of Europe into a partnership of alliance, or contest for the plunder of China, or the subjugation of the eastern archipelagoes or for compelling unwilling people to trade with her.

"If the American flag appears in the east it will be as the emblem of their liberty and not of our dominion. She will desire to meet the great responsibilities which the end of this war seems likely to bring to the American people, solely in the interest of the provinces we may deliver from Spain and not for our own. The power of the United States is to be exerted through example and influence and not by force. It will be a sad thing for the country, it will be a sad thing for mankind if the people of the United States come to abandon their fundamental doctrine.

"If we attempt to govern great masses of people, aliens in birth, of strange languages, of different religions, our spirit will not, I am afraid—God grant that it may be wrong—the American spirit will not enter into and possess us. The best thing we could hope for in such cases, and that we should succeed as England has succeeded with those of her colonies whom she admits to no considerable self-government. It is much more likely that we may fail, as Spain has failed.

"Let us wait until the negro throughout the South can cast his vote and have it counted in freedom and honor. Let us wait until the poor immigrant can come into the northern ports and be received as a brother and an equal without being used as an instrument to debase the elections in New York or Baltimore or Chicago.

"Mr. Gladstone, in his famous comparison of England and the United States, in which he expressed his admiration for our constitution, says:

"In England inequality lies at the very base of the social structure. Equality combined with liberty was the ground work of the social creed of the Americans.

"An aristocracy or a monarchy may govern subject states. It never will govern and never will be done successfully by a democracy or a republic."

MAIL FOR CUBA.

Washington, July 30.—The war department has received large numbers of complaints from persons all over the country of the non-receipt of mail from soldiers in Cuba. The postmaster general has just completed arrangements for trips carrying the mail and will not depend as heretofore on the irregular trips of transients. Mail deliveries, however, will be retarded by quarantine regulations owing to yellow fever.

SISTER SUPERIOR DYING.

San Francisco, July 30.—Mother Mary Baptiste Russell, a prominent member of the religious order of the Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy and sister of the lord chief justice of England, is dying at St. Mary's hospital, of which she is the superior.

THE SICK SOLDIERS.

San Francisco, July 30.—There are 250 cases in the military hospital as against 230 on Thursday. Privates Wm. Marake, company G, Seventh California, and A. C. Bobb, company E, Fifty-first Iowa regiment, who died on Thursday, were buried with military honors. The remains of Private Joseph C. Wheeler, company L, First California recruits, who died at the Marine hospital, were also interred. Private Irwin J. Shelton, company E, First Tennessee regiment, has died of pneumonia.

A CHILD ENJOYS

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effect of Syrup of Pigs, when in mother or father or child, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle. Manufactured by the California Pig Syrup Co.

Isn't it strange how long it takes to forge the chain of friendship, and how quickly and easily the links are broken?

THE LAVELLE YOUNG SAFE.

Letter From St. Michaels Tells of the Harshness of the Trip.

Mrs. Henry Sherman yesterday received the following letter from her brother, who sailed for the Yukon in June with the river steamer Lavelle Young:

On Board Lavelle Young, St. Michaels, July 31, 1898.
"As we are nearing St. Michaels, I will send you this letter from there. We are still about 30 miles out at sea and will date this letter on our arrival there. Our trip was delightful, and as we followed along the coast the scenery was something grand.

"We put to sea on the 21st of last month from Astoria. On the 24th a storm came up that was something awful, the breakers rolling mountains high, so that the bulwarks broke away. We had just got them fastened when the hog-chain broke, then that left all the weight on the truss. The boat squeaked and groaned, and all thought every minute was our last. There were only six men able to work on account of sea-sickness. All we could hear was someone in agony praying to die. Between the boat squeaking and groaning, and the men moaning, it was anything but a pleasant position to be in. Six of us were working for dear life, and at 10 o'clock a man and a woman, who were both sea-sick, were not looking very much. I was up and down in the hold, and in fact everywhere, working with all my strength. I was thrown about until I was black and blue, especially my arms and knees. Every piece of timber was strained to its utmost. Had she not been a well built boat we all would have found a watery grave.

"We were told at two different towns about boats being lost. At one place they told us of ten that were blown to pieces. At another place they told us of seven lost. That was very discouraging for us, but we pushed ahead just the same. While on our trip we have seen five steamers wrecked, four of them stern wheel boats.

"On the 28th of last month we encountered another such storm as that of the 24th. We were compelled to use oil bags to save the boat. Words could not express the suspense we were in. The boat was well braced and the hawser well secured so that we got along very nicely during this storm, which although we have been rolling and pitching every day for two weeks, which still continues as I write this letter.

"There is not another man on board that you could persuade to take another trip, especially like this one, for all the money in the world. As for myself, except one from going thirty-two hundred miles on a storm, which boat out at sea, I have not been sick and will save that bottle of sea-sick medicine you gave me until I return.

"We have been steaming our boat for three weeks so as to hurry along. There have been times when we could not give any assistance on account of the weather.

At Departure Bay we took on 25 tons of coal and we will arrive at the river with all of our wood—115 cords.

"It does not get dark until 12 o'clock at night, and is daylight at 2 o'clock. You can see the sun at 11:30 p.m.

"The 31st—Have arrived all O. K. This is the only boat of this kind that has reached here this year. All that did start were wrecked. We are about sixty miles from the mouth of the Yukon, will leave shortly for the Yukon. Give my best regards to all.

"LEONARD WIRT."

A MANILA RELIC.

Chicago, July 30.—Mayor Harrison has received a commodore's pennant taken from the Spanish man-of-war *Isle de Luzon* in Manila bay. The pennant is two feet square and is spotted with blood. It was sent as a gift to the city by a party of Chicago men serving on board the U. S. S. Boston.

How long will it take you to find out whether Schilling's Best

are good enough for you?

For sale by
Ross, Higgins & Company

The single girls always declare that all the nicest men are married ones. The married women perhaps echo this sentiment, but they do not explain to whom they are married.

Persons troubled with diarrhoea will be interested in the experience of Mr. W. M. Bush, clerk of Hotel Dorrance, Providence, R. I. He says: "For several years I have been almost a constant sufferer from diarrhoea, the frequent attacks completely prostrating me and rendering me unfit for my duties at this hotel. About two years ago a traveling salesman kindly gave me a small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Much to my surprise and delight its effects were immediate. Whenever I felt symptoms of the disease I would fortify myself against the attack with a few doses of this valuable remedy. The result has been very satisfactory and almost complete relief from the affliction." For sale by Charles Rogers, druggist.

There isn't half as much sense crying over spilt milk as over sour milk this weather.

ROBBED THE GRAVE.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver of Philadelphia was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and side, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters' and to my great joy and surprise the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents per bottle at Estes-Conn Drug Co.

One never realizes what a changeable world this is until we meet someone we once thought constituted the universe and find that there isn't even one heart throbbing over the encounter.

Pears'
Its least virtue is that it lasts so.

Soap is for comfort; the clean are comfortable.

It is always the man who is the most conceited who generally waxes truly eloquent regarding this characteristic in others.

REMARKABLE RESCUE.

Mrs. Michael Curran, Plainsfield, Ill., makes the statement, that she caught cold which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefited from the first dose. She continued its use and after taking six bottles found herself sound and well; now does her own housework, and is as well as she ever was. Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at Estes-Conn Drug Co. Large bottles 50 cents and \$1.

It is strange but true that the weakest characters are the most lovable.

"During the hot weather last summer I had a severe attack of cholera morbus, necessitating my leaving my business," says Mr. C. A. Hart, of Hart Bros., Cincinnati, Ohio. "After taking two or three doses of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy I was completely relieved and in a few hours was able to resume my work in the store. I sincerely recommend it to any one afflicted with stomach or bowel trouble." For sale by Charles Rogers, druggist.

It would seem that the punctual people in this world waste a lot of time waiting for those who are not punctual.

Moki Tea positively cures sick headache, indigestion and constipation. A delightful herb drink. Removes all eruptions of the skin, producing a perfect complexion, or money refunded. 25 and 50 cents. For sale by Estes-Conn Drug Co.

A real man can never describe the way that a woman is dressed so that another woman can get any idea of her toilet.

Our baby has been continually troubled with colic and cholera infantum since his birth, and all that we could do for him did not seem to give more than temporary relief until we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Since giving that remedy he has not been troubled. We want to give you this testimonial as an evidence of our gratitude, not that you need it to advertise your meritorious remedy.—G. M. Law, Keokuk, Iowa. For sale by Charles Rogers, druggist.

How many people are interested heteren when they are doing the talking, but are not such good ones when you are doing it.

That the blood should perform its vital functions, it is absolutely necessary it should not only be pure but rich in life-giving elements. These results are effected by the use of that well-known standard blood purifier, Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

When the war is over will the foot-ball man regain his pedestal, or will the soldier ladders step into the place of honor in the affections of the winter girl?

Acker's English remedy will stop a cough at any time, and will cure the worst cold in twelve hours, or money refunded. 25 cents and 50 cents. For sale by Estes-Conn Drug Co.

The woman in a white gown is a joy in a dear summer's day, but words fail to describe what she is when you see her on a rainy one without an umbrella.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Bait Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chills, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Estes-Conn Drug Co.

The woman who has rebuffed herself to not feeling just a bit uncomfortable when she is alone after dark has made great strides toward that newness that our mothers knew nothing about.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Hart.

A fussy woman in a railroad train is pretty bad, but a fussy man can discount her all to pieces.

Luxurious hair, of uniform color, is a beautiful head-covering for either sex, and may be secured by using Hall's Vegetable Sulfur Hair Renewer.

A Beautiful Present

In order to further introduce ELASTIC STARCH (Flat Iron Brand), the manufacturers, J. C. Hubinger Bros. Co. of Keokuk, Iowa, have decided to GIVE AWAY a beautiful present with each package of starch sold. These presents are in the form of

Beautiful Pastel Pictures

They are 13x10 inches in size, and are entitled as follows:

There are many of us who feel that life would be much more joyous if we could retire behind a screen when we eat water-melon, asparagus or corn.

THE PROOF

of the pudding is in the eating, and the proof of liquor

IS IN SAMPLING

That's an argument that's conclusive—a demonstration. Ours will stand the test.

HUGHES & CO.

1873 1897

LUBRICATING OILS

A SPECIALTY

SELL

SHIP CHANDLERY

HARDWARE

IRON AND STEEL

COAL

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

FLOUR AND MILL FEED

PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISHES

LOGGING SUPPLIES

FAIRBANK'S SCALES

DOORS AND WINDOWS

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

WAGONS AND VEHICLES

ASTORIA....

Special Attention Paid to Supplying Ship

Phone No. 45 Astoria, Oregon

J. B. WYATT,

Hardware,

Ship Chandlery,

Groceries,

Provisions,

PAINTS AND OILS.

Special Attention Paid to Supplying Ship

Queen of the Regatta

The Managing Committee of the Regatta and Carnival desire to inform the public that arrangements have been made with the following business houses in Astoria to act as polling places for the selection of "Queen of Carnival," to-wit:

Foard & Stokes Co., Groceries, Hardware, etc.
William Madison, Tobacco and Cigars, (two stores.)
Herman Wise, Clothing and Hatter.
C. H. Cooper, Dry Goods and Clothing.
Peterson & Brown, Shoe Store.
Engene Hamblet, (The Spa), Confectionery.
Griffin & Reed, Stationery and Notions.
S. Danziger, Clothing and Furnishing.
M. S. Copeland, (Bee Hive), Dry Goods.
Estes-Conn Drug Co., Drugs, etc.
Albert Dunbar, Dry Goods and Notions.

The above merchants have kindly allowed the Committee a liberal per centage on all sales made at their respective places of business from July 25th to August 10th, inclusive, provided that the purchasers request the privilege of voting at the time of making purchases.

To each purchaser, so requesting, there will be furnished a blank ballot, of which the following is a copy:

ASTORIA ANNUAL REGATTA

1898

VOTES FOR M

★ FOR QUEEN ★

Each purchaser at this store is entitled to vote at the rate of ONE vote for each 10 cent purchase; and should observe that the number representing the votes cast is properly written upon the blank to be deposited.

Votes may also be purchased from the business houses mentioned at the rate of five cents per vote. The form of ballot to be used in such a case to be as follows,

ASTORIA ANNUAL REGATTA

1898

VOTES FOR M

★ FOR QUEEN ★

Each person is entitled to ONE vote, by paying to this store 5 cents therefor, and should observe that the number representing the votes cast is properly written upon the blank to be deposited.

The person of whom a purchase is made, or votes are bought, will insist upon the blank ballot, the figures representing the number of votes, and the purchaser will write thereon the name of the lady, married or single, for whom it is desired to vote.

The ballot, when completed, must then be deposited in the tin ballot box by the voter, in the presence of the proprietor or employee of the store.

After careful consideration the Committee have decided to open the ballot boxes from time to time and announce the result of the voting.

Attest: W. L. ROBB, Secretary.

WM. G. GOSSLIN, President.