PATRIOTISM

Every pound of good tea you buy, you contribute 10 cents for Uncle Sam's Boys in Blue.

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A GOOD TIME TO BUY TEA

TERRIBLE SCENES OF HORROR

(Continued from first page.)

ried eight guns, five machine guns and five torpedo tubes. Her officers and men number 376.

CAMARA AT SUEZ.

Suez, July 6.—The Spanish fleet has arrived here. Camara has been notified that he must leave this port within 24 hours, and that he will not be allowed to coal here.

THREE TORPEDO DESTROYERS.

Port Said, July 6.—The Spanish torpedo-boat destroyers Audaz, Osada, and Prosperina have finished coaling and sailed today. Previous to their sailing it was announced that they would proceed to Messina, Sicily.

ALPHONSO XIII. TAKEN.

Key West, July 6.—It is reported here that the Spanish warship Alphonso XIII. made an attempt to run the blockade of Havana harbor, and was promptly captured by a United States cruiser.

TO SAVE CERVERA'S FLEET.

Washington, July 6.—Secretary Long is quite hopeful that several of the Spanish ships of the Cervera squadron can be saved, in part at least, and possibly as a whole.

The contract with the Merritt Wrecking company is by the day and may be cancelled at any time if the government finds the salvage is not progressing satisfactorily. Two large wrecking vessels left Norfolk today to begin work upon the Colon, Vizcaya and Oquendo.

HOBSON WILL BE FREE.

Washington, July 6.—The war departments posts the following from General Shafter:

"Adjutant General, Washington: Camp near Santiago, July 5.—I am just in receipt of a letter from General Toral agreeing to exchange Hobson and his men. I expect to make the exchange in the morning. Yesterday Toral refused my proposition for an exchange."

HOBSON AND MEN SEEN.

Headquarters of General Kent's Division, July 5, by the Associated Press dispatch boat Dauntless, via Kingston, Jamaica, July 6.—(Copyrighted 1898 by the Associated Press.)—General Kent, whose division faces the hospital and barracks of Santiago de Cuba, has been notified by the enemy that Naval Constructor Hobson and his companions of the Merrimac are confined in a building over which two white flags are flying. During the diplomatic conference yesterday Hobson and his fellow prisoners could be seen through the flashes from Kent's headquarters looking out of the windows.

PRESIDENT ISSUES PROCLAMATION

Washington, July 6.—President McKinley tonight issued a proclamation to the people of the United States asking them on the next assembling for divine worship to offer thanksgiving to Almighty God who has watched over our cause and brought nearer success of right and the attainment of a just and honorable peace.

PRISONERS MUTINY.

Washington, July 6.—A special dispatch to the Star, dated off Santiago, July 6, says:

"After the destruction of the Spanish fleet 440 men from the Maria Teresa were placed as prisoners on the quarterd. For some reason these men mutinied. The officers and crew of the Harvard were prepared, and the mutineers were fired upon. Six Spaniards were killed outright and twelve wounded.

LONDON CRITICISMS.

[Associated Press Dispatch.]

New York, July 6.—A Tribune special from London says:

War and naval experts are enabled to express their opinions respecting the Santiago operations with a clear knowledge of the facts. They are critical, but this does not imply unfriendliness to America, but merely an intense interest in the war.

One of the highest British army officers considers that Shafter's advance on Santiago was imprudent, when his force was numerically inferior to the requirements of the capture of the town by storm. He believes that Shafter was in a critical position after Friday's battle and was only delivered by Cervera's folly in pushing out of the harbor and allowing Sampson to win a victory on the easiest terms. This high official considers that the American campaign was not well planned and that the serious loss of life was unnecessary.

Other officers, while crediting the American army with splendid dash and valor, are disposed to criticise what they consider grave indiscretions in the war department at Washington in publishing Shafter's urgent call for reinforcements and in pronouncing a conflict in which the American troops gained and held advanced positions a "drawn battle."

Naval experts have nothing to say in criticism of Sampson's fleet and marvel at the facility with which Cervera's powerful vessels were driven ashore and destroyed.

The opinion expressed by journals like the Globe, that Sampson ought to have entered Santiago harbor several weeks ago and that there has been a lack of cooperation between the naval and military authorities is not shared by any expert who is familiar with the approaches to the inner bay. The handling of the American fleet is considered by skilled officers of the British navy as beyond the range of criticism. They do not admit, however, that the battle has much practical utility in its bearing on naval warfare. For example, there is much astonishment that the torpedo boat destroyers should have proved ineffective, even against a steam pleasure yacht, but the deduction is made that this proves nothing, since the Spaniards displayed no skill in using their vessels.

Members of parliament interested in naval matters assert that the comparative value of armored cruisers and battle ships is as much a mystery as ever, since Cervera's fleet, with English crews on board, might have sunk some of the most formidable of their opponents.

William Allen, one of the most practical naval experts in parliament, says he does not believe that Camara's fleet entering the Suez canal today will ever reach the Philippines and hopes that Sampson will promptly enter Santiago harbor.

In diplomatic circles there is a general feeling that the Madrid government will not make peace so long as there is ground for hope that Germany will interfere in the Philippines in some way. The presence of a German fleet at Manila out of all proportions to any requirements for the safety of commercial interests is considered by some of the best informed men here a convenient pretext for the continuance of the war by the Madrid government, in the desperate hope that some complication may arise.

One of the most mysterious factors in the situation is Aguinaldo, whose intrigues against his leading associates are reported in press dispatches. He is regarded as a Spanish insurgent of considerable capacity and courage, but as corrupt and unprincipled. Among diplomats he is described as an insurgent who was brought up not long ago by the Spanish government, but who was easily induced to act in conjunction with Dewey in the expectation of receiving a handsome reward. He is regarded as an untrustworthy and uncertain leader, unfit to be placed in control of the islands and as one who would readily make a coalition with Germany for the purpose of embarrassing the American forces in the islands.

RULING OF WAR DEPARTMENT.

How to Proceed to Get Discharged from the Army.

[Associated Press Dispatch.]

Washington, July 6.—Scores of applications for the discharge of enlisted men in the army have been received at the war department. They come from fathers and mothers, wives and friends, all of whom are bringing every possible element of influence to bear to have their requests granted.

Senators and representatives have urged the requests upon the department and the war officials have expended a lot of time and patience investigating the cases, in order that a clear understanding may be had by the public concerning the matter of discharges from the army. Assistant Secretary Meikeljohn has rendered a decision which will be the guide in the future for action by the department on applications for discharge from the service.

The secretary desires it understood that all applications must be made to the war department through the regular military channels. Satisfactory evidence that an enlisted man is under 18 years of age will entitle him to be discharged upon application, but enlisted men between the ages of 18 and 45 will be required to present perfectly satisfactory reasons for their discharges for which they may apply. The decision of Assistant Secretary Meikeljohn is embodied in the following, which will be published in orders to the army.

Under the act to provide for temporarily increasing the military establishment of the United States in time of war, approved April 22, 1898, the age limits for soldiers of the national forces are fixed at 18 and 45 years. Persons not less than 18 nor more than 45 years of age enlisting in the volunteer army and possessing the other qualifications mentioned in the act, are legally enlisted. Upon application to the secretary of war and satisfactory proof that any volunteer soldier is under the age of 18, he will be discharged. Minors over 18 years of age are not entitled to discharge, but meritorious cases will be considered. The applications for discharge must be made through military channels to the secretary of war. Attention is called to paragraphs 270 and 271 army regulations.

DESPERATE IN SANTIAGO.

Archbishop Advises Surrender of the City and the Useless Struggle

[Associated Press Dispatch.]

Kingston, Jamaica, July 6.—Thousands of people met the launches of the English and Austrian warships at the water side as they entered the harbor of Santiago and when the foreign residents learned that passengers would be taken off, the English and Austrian consulates were besieged by hundreds imploring a chance to leave. One Spanish merchant in a pitiable state of alarm, offered the British consul, Mr. Rameden, $15,000 in gold to designate him as a British Cuban with authority to be taken away.

Those brought to Jamaica came in the clothes they stood in, some even with absolutely no kind of baggage, who thought only of escaping with their lives. The noncombatants in the city were in a state of desperate panic. Miss Rameden, Consul Rameden's daughter, says the American shell flew around their house on Saturday and Sunday morning. Mr. Rameden could not leave Santiago and his wife would not.

The report was that the city would be bombarded yesterday at 10 in the morning. No one seems to know accurately the strength of the Spanish forces in the city and its environments, but 9000 appears a probable estimate of those fit for duty. Streams of wounded [illegible] flowing in day and night [illegible] the firing lines. Every fifth house in Santiago is an improvised hospital. The sailing of Admiral Cervera's fleet had a bad effect upon the soldiers. They were dismayed when they saw the warships no longer in the harbor and felt themselves abandoned to fate. They interpreted it to mean that Admiral Cervera and General Linares considered the city could not be held. The destruction of the fleet was not known when the Pallas left, but was rumored through the city. It is understood here that an officer of the Vizcaya, in civilian dress, who had been on shore duty, came on los Alerj, which is still at Port Royal. The captain of the Oquendo is supposed to have arrived on the Alerj in disguise.

The Archbishop of Santiago having addressed a communication to General Linares advising a surrender of the city and not having received a favorable response, called to Madrid on Monday morning before cable communication was interrupted. In his cablegram he said:

"The Spaniards having bravely fought and lost, should now, in the interests of humanity, cease the useless struggle."

General Vera del Rey, second in command to Linares, having been killed on Sunday and General Linares having been wounded, General Toral is chief in command in Santiago.

Senor Brary, the Mexican consul at Santiago, with sixteen other persons, has landed from the Austrian ship. When the warship landed from Santiago it was reported that 4,000 Spanish troops had arrived from the westward and also that the colonel in command was seriously wounded.

LANDING THE WOUNDED.

[Associated Press Dispatch.]

Key West, July 6.—The board of health has granted permission to land the wounded from the Illinois. A surgeon in charge of the wounded asserted, in the course of an interview, that most of those on board were injured in the first day's fight on Friday when the general engagement occurred. These men are the milder cases sent to Key West to make room for the large number being brought into camp from the field. Most of them will be ready for duty in a month or six weeks. There are only a few seriously wounded on board. The surgeon said all would be placed in hospitals here instead of being sent north. Several other transports are en route to Key West with wounded. There is much excitement in the city.

THEY GET COAL.

[Associated Press Dispatch.]

New York, July 6.—A dispatch from Port Said says:

The St. Augustine, with government permission, will tranship to the Spanish fleet, which entered the canal yesterday, 1,200 tons of coal when four miles from Suez. Before the squadron left here 1,000 troops with supplies and ammunition were transferred from the Buenos Ayres to the Isle de Luzon, thereby making the Buenos Ayres available for a cruiser.

The torpedo boat destroyers Audaz, Osada, and Prosperina finished coaling this afternoon and sailed for Mesina, Sicily.

IN SPAIN.

Preparing for Riots and Revolutions—Police and Military Redoubled.

[Associated Press Dispatch.]

New York, July 6.—A World dispatch from Madrid says:

The police and military squads around the palace, the ministers houses and public offices have been redoubled by special orders. Trouble is evidently apprehended. Financial circles and the newspapers show a disposition to provide the government with a plausable pretext for mooting the idea of peace.

The war is now costing Spain $28,000,000 a month, and this pace she cannot keep up for six months without suspending interest on her sinking fund and her debts. She has already ceased to pay the same in gold, obliging the bondholders to take pesetas at 85. The government is on the eve of issuing 100,000,000 of internal treasury bonds. Since April the Bank of Spain had advanced 40,000,000 on treasury bonds, guaranteed by the state's revenues and 75,000,000 on 2,000,000 of nominal 4 per cent stock issued expressly for that purpose. Before the war with the United States the imperial treasury had guaranteed 180,000,000 of Cuban bonds and Spanish customs bonds issued for the expenses of putting down the Cuban and Philippine insurrections. The Spanish revolutionary parties, republicans and Carlists, are in hourly expectation of an opportunity to make mischief out of the discontent with the Alfonso dynasty, whose counsellors are accused of having lost the colonies.

Another group of politicians headed by Canclejas and the Heraldo, the Imperial and the Liberal, "new men, new party, new policy," with a cabinet under Senor Polavieja.

Another group, headed by Robledo, advocate the military dictatorship of Weyler.

Unconsciously these intermediary parties play into the hands of the Carlists and republicans, because they weaken the monarchy with its two original parties, liberals and conservatives, whose only aim is to stave off surrender until the crushing force of national reverses and financial embarrassments provides the queen and liberals with a pretext to make peace.

SAFE ARRIVAL.

[Associated Press Dispatch.]

Washington, July 6.—A special to the World from Washington says:

The Cuban legation has been advised of the safe arrival in Cuba of the second expedition of Cuban volunteers from the United States under the command of General Emilio Nunez. The expedition left the coast of Florida June 25 and landed at Punta Caney on the 30th. On board of the transport besides the 350 Cuban volunteers, chiefly from Florida and New York, were two dynamite guns, 4,000 Springfield rifles and a large quantity of ammunition.

AT SUEZ.

[Associated Press Dispatch.]

New York, July 6.—A Tribune dispatch from Suez says:

Admiral Camara's squadron is expected here today (Wednesday).

GENERAL FRANK.

[Associated Press Dispatch.]

New York, July 6.—Brigadier General Frank, who has been stationed at Governor's island in command of the department of the east since General Merritt left for Manila, has gone to Chickamauga, where he will assume command of an army corps.

BURKE DEAD.

New York, July 6.—John J. Burke, the comedian, died last night in Bellevue hospital from injuries received while diving into the ocean at Sea Cliff last Friday. He had been diving from a raft and struck his head on a sharp stone. When he came to the surface he was unconscious and partially paralyzed.

Burke is well known throughout the South and West. He was a member of the Reilly & Woods organization and was also in the extravaganza of Major Henderson, Alladin, Jr., and Ali Baba.

HERZ DEAD.

London, July 6.—Dr. Cornelius Herz, of Panama canal fame, died at Bournemouth at 3 o'clock this morning.

LABOR AND ANNEXATION.

New York, July 6.—"Americanism and annexation and the dangers to labor from Hawaii and the Phillippines" was the subject of discussion at a meeting of the Social Reform Club last night. Edward King represented the side favorable to annexation, taking for his theme "Labor's interest in America's world mission."

NEED OUR BREAD.

London, July 6.—At the Anglo-American reception given by Sir Francis and Lady Cooke at Richmond, Admiral Close, of the British navy, addressed the guests on "The Necessity of an Anglo-American Alliance." "Because," he said, "we are dependent on America for our food supplies."

S. P. INCREASE.

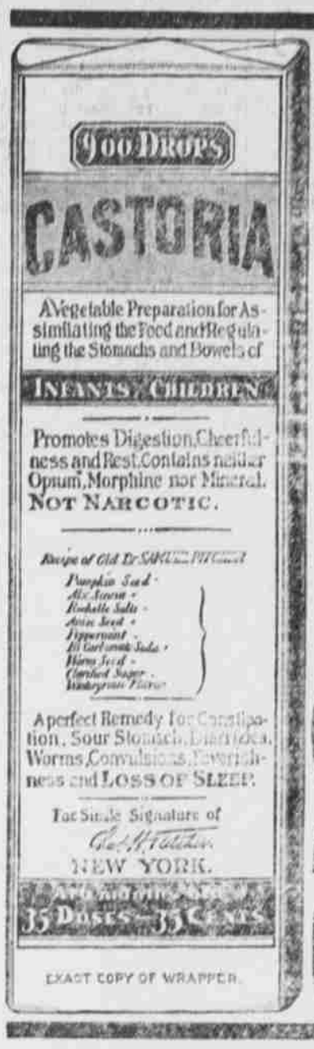
San Francisco, July 6.—The financial report of the Southern Pacific company for the last fiscal year shows an increase in profits of $4,000,000 over the business of the preceding year. This shows that the last twelve months were the most prosperous in the history of the corporation. The gain in earnings is largely attributable to the operation of the Pacific system. Increases in profits have been in nearly every road in the system, though in some few cases there has been a falling off in travel and consequent loss to the company.

CAPTAIN RUSSELL.

San Francisco, July 6.—Captain Edgar Russell, who for the past five years has been assistant professor of chemistry and electrical engineering at West Point, has arrived from Washington and reported to Major General Otis. He was recently made a captain of volunteers and was sent out here to take command of the signal corps company at Camp Merritt. This company will consist of 55 men, 17 of whom are yet to be enlisted.

PENNSYLVANIA RECRUITS.

Kansas City, July 6.—A body of 256 recruits for the Tenth Pennsylvania passed through here during the night en route to San Francisco, whence they will be forwarded to their regiment, which has sailed to the Philippines. All were completely equipped, except four guns, which they will receive at San Francisco.



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