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biggest and best paper  
on the Columbia River

# The Daily Astorian.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

VOL. XLVII.

ASTORIA, OREGON, THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 28, 1897.

NO. 71.

## School Books

## School Supplies

We have the best and cheapest line of Pen and Pencil  
Tablets in the city.

## GRIFFIN & REED

THE MOST COMPLETE  
LINE OF

### Air-Tight Heaters...

IN ASTORIA...

MANUFACTURED

AND FOR SALE AT

E. R. Hawes' Store

Sole Agents for Knox and Wauburton Hats

## BUFFUM & PENDLETON

## Hatters and Furnishers

94 Third Street, PORTLAND, OR.

...The Only Exclusive Men's Furnishers...

## Our Royal Cream Flour

NONE BETTER

## FOARD & STOKES CO.

Sole Agents

ASTORIA OREGON

PUPILS RECEIVED IN THE PRIMARY, GRAMMAR AND ACADEMIC GRADES	<b>J. M.</b> THE SISTERS OF THE Convent of the ...Holy Names ASTORIA, OREGON. HAVE OPENED THEIR BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL. For rates, etc., address the Superioress	INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC, PAINTING AND VOICE CULTURE FORM A SPECIAL DEPARTMENT
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## Mount Angel College

MOUNT ANGEL, Marion County, OREGON

This is just the place for your boys. Delightful location, large buildings and grounds, good meals, plenty of healthy exercise, excellent teachers and careful training—this is what they all say of MOUNT ANGEL COLLEGE. Send for Catalogue and special terms.

P. F. PLACIDUS, Director.

## OREGON STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

Monmouth, Oregon

### A TRAINING SCHOOL FOR TEACHERS

Regular Normal Course of three years. Senior year wholly professional. Training department of nine grades with 300 children. Instruction and training in Gymnastics (Swedish system), and Vocal Music for public schools. The Normal diploma is recognized by law as a STATE LIFE CERTIFICATE to teach. Light expense. Tuition, books, board and lodging (approximately \$15.00 per year. Academic grades accepted from high schools. Catalogues cheerfully sent on application. Address

P. L. CAMPBELL, President, or  
W. A. WANN, Secretary Faculty.

## UNION MEAT COMPANY

Shield Brand Hams, Bacon, Strictly Pure Lard

ALL KINDS OF CANNED MEATS

Guaranteed the Best in the Market

CORNER FOURTH AND GLISAN STREETS - PORTLAND, OREGON

## Men's Underwear

### EX-TREASURER WARD TESTIFIES

He Claims to Be the Victim of a Dishonest Partner.

HOWELL THE REAL OFFICIAL

Ward Only a Clerk in the Store and Having  
Nothing to Do With Handling  
County Money.

Pursuant to adjournment, the trial of R. L. Ward, ex-county treasurer, was continued in the circuit court yesterday at 9:30 a. m., before a large and interested audience. Under the previous rulings of the court the energies of the counsel for the state were chiefly directed to the object of proving not merely specific acts of conversion of county funds by the ex-treasurer, but also his knowledge of the entire transactions of his office from the beginning of his first term in 1894. The defense, on the contrary, strenuously denied either his participation in the conversion of county funds to the use of the firm of Howell & Ward, or his knowledge that such funds had been so converted until just prior to the discovery of their misappropriation by Ward's bondsmen. The defendant's counsel appear to rest their entire case upon the proposition that every dollar of shortage in the treasury's accounts, excepting the sum of \$500 which was used by Mr. Ward personally in the discharge of a firm obligation due the late banking house of I. W. Case, was converted by Mr. Ward's partner, W. G. Howell, without the consent or knowledge of the ex-treasurer. As to the \$500 paid I. W. Case, there was no evidence introduced on the ground that that amount was surreptitiously taken by Mr. Ward, and that it was in consideration of his release and payment to Ward of the remainder of a deposit of county funds, amounting to about \$200.

The first witness called was W. G. Howell, who was examined by Mr. Cleaton as follows: I believe you are one of the bondsmen of Mr. R. L. Ward, who was formerly county treasurer of Clatsop county? I believe so, yes, sir.

Have you ever had any conversation with Mr. Ward in regard to his shortage with Clatsop county since that fact became known, or just prior to the time it became known to the public? Yes, sir.

Will you relate that conversation as near as you can remember? Yes, sir.

Tell any conversation and all conversations that you have had with Mr. Ward in regard to this matter.

Mr. Fulton—We object to this testimony for the reason that the state must first show that such statements were voluntary, and the burden is on them to show it.

The Court—The objection is sustained. Mr. Cleaton—Were the statements he made to you free and voluntary? Certainly, it was some time about the first of June, Ward came to me and wanted me to raise some money for the firm, and I asked him how much it was he wanted to raise. He said about \$5,000 or a little over, if I recollect right. He said that Howell told him that they were that much behind with the county. Of course I was thunderstruck and asked him how it occurred. He said he did not know, but it was so, as Howell had told him. I asked him why it occurred and how much it probably was. He said Howell kept the books and ran that part of the business altogether. I tried to borrow the amount for them on real estate, but could not do it. Eventually, I believe, it was done by Mrs. Radollet. About \$6,000 was raised.

Didn't he come to you first and want to borrow \$4,000. Yes, I believe he did.

And then a day or two afterwards, before the money had been obtained, he came to you and wanted to borrow \$6,000? Yes; that is right.

Just state what conversation you had with him then in regard to his first asking for \$4,000, and then coming and asking for \$6,000. He said at first \$4,000. Howell told him that. He afterwards said the amount had increased to \$7,500 or a little over. He said he did not know, but he supposed he was telling the truth about it now.

When did this conversation occur? It occurred in June.

Before the public knew of it generally? Yes, sir.

CROSS-EXAMINATION.  
Mr. Fulton—That was the June before the 3rd of July? Yes; a couple of weeks before that time.

Now, on the 3rd of July you had a further conversation, didn't you, on the same subject, well, what was that?

Mr. Cleaton—We object.  
The Court—The objection is sustained.

Mr. Fulton—We will save an exception and call the witness hereafter. That is all.

Mr. Cleaton—That is all.

Men's heavy fleeced underwear, now 65 cents each.  
Men's Vionna wool underwear, now 75 cents each.  
Men's extra heavy natural all wool underwear, now \$1.00 each.  
Men's heavy all wool sweaters, black or navy, \$1.25 each.

Men's double reinforced flannel white shirts, 50 cents each.  
Men's heavy Jersey knit overshirts, now 50 cents each.  
Men's cottonade or jean pants, now 50 cents pair.  
Men's all wool pants, extra heavy, now \$1.25 pair.

Men's all wool socks, 15 cents, 20 cents and 25 cents pair.  
Men's Fiedora hats, a great bargain, 75 cents.  
Men's soft felt hats, 50 cents.  
Men's copper riveted 9 oz denim overalls, 45 cents pair.

**Shanahan Bros.**  
THE ONLY STORE  
THAT SELLS CHEAP.

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### SPAIN'S PLAN OF CUBAN AUTONOMY

Outlined for Publication by the Colonial Minister.

"LOCAL INTERESTS" OF CUBA

Will Be Left to the Island to Legislate Upon  
Two Houses of Parliament—Ministers Responsible to It.

New York, October 27.—A dispatch to the Herald from Madrid says:

Senor Morey y Prendergast, the new colonial minister, has outlined for the Herald his plan for Cuban reform as follows:

The autonomy which the cabinet of Senor Sagasta purposes to bestow on the island of Cuba and Porto Rico in fulfillment of the manifesto of June 14, is a special autonomy founded on the aspirations adopted in the platform of the Antillan autonomists and not identical with the other colonial constitutions. It is clear that in its essential principles the future constitutions of Cuba and Porto Rico agree with those colonial constitutions that start from self government as the capital ideal of self legislation, responsible to the government, supremacy of the governor who either under that name or that of viceroy, shall represent the mother country, and who shall choose the ministers who shall be executive in that colony.

Starting from the above basis, the project of the Spanish government contains the first partition of those matters and concerns that belong to the colonial parliament and to the imperial parliament, that is to the national cortes. The partition is founded on a careful discrimination between what interests the islands themselves have in a local sense and what is of national importance. The project in operation will interpret the most generous manner the phrase, "local interests," since it will only grant to the colonies complete control of all that relates to education, charity, etc., but it also intrusts to representatives of the local government the right of drawing upon their customs tariff without any limitations beyond those mutually arranged.

With the metropolis to co-ordinate in their respective mercantile and commercial interests, the above functions will be performed by an insular chamber totally electoral in nature without restrictions as to subsequent to subdivisions into two similar chambers—that is, the house of representatives and the members of this parliament shall be elected by the same suffrage system as that which regulates the elections in the peninsula. The same legislative body shall represent Cuba in the imperial parliament. Only this assembly has been constituted. The governor-general as the representative of the central power shall choose the ministers who are to be the executive body responsible to the insular parliament thus completing the reorganization of the parliament as its government and endowing it with that degree of responsibility characteristic of every colony administered on the principles of self government. The ministers shall be responsible to the colonial parliament and every enactment of the governor-general, as representative of the executive power in all that touches the local government, shall be treated in the council. Of these ministerial functions reserved to the metropolis are: First, those that concern international relations; second, military and naval matters; third, organization of the law courts; fourth, those dispositions that under the name of patronage really regulate relations between church and state.

At the same time the new constitution shall grant to the Cuban people, the use of and the protection afforded by the civil and political rights sanctioned by the Spanish constitution in such manner as shall obtain in all its integrity in the colonies, while besides there shall be established such as in the United States, necessary business positions to prevent the colonial parliament from lessening, closing or to delimitate the rights of citizenship that are set forth in the national constitution.

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### GOVERNOR ROGERS TO THE PRESIDENT

Wants the Alaska Military Reservation Order Rescinded.

TACOMA CITIZENS PROTEST

All Business at the Mouth of the Yakow  
Will Be Stopped, Except by the  
Two Privileged Companies.

Tacoma, Wash., Oct. 27.—A special to the Ledger from Olympia, Wash., says:

Governor Rogers cut from the Tacoma Ledger an editorial on "Bayonets Behind a Monopoly" on the operations of P. B. Weare, in the proposed establishment of a military reservation in Alaska which would have the effect of barring out citizens of this state who might wish to engage in business there. He also clipped "a communication from the Oregonian from a United States army officer in which the injurious character of such an order was fully set forth. The governor inclosed these in a letter and accompanied it by the following communication to the president:

"Hon. William McKinley, President of the United States, Washington, D. C.:  
"Honored Sir—As governor of the state of Washington I have the honor to request that you will cause the complaint made in the accompanying clipping, taken from the Tacoma Ledger of October 27, 1897, to be investigated. It is a matter of common report and general opinion in this state that the allegations here made rest upon solid foundation.  
"May I ask you, my dear sir, that if these statements are found to be true, you will take such action as will prevent the carrying out of this injurious and unjust policy?  
"I am, my dear sir, yours sincerely,  
"J. R. ROGERS, Governor."

A meeting of the citizens of Tacoma was held today to enter a protest against the establishment of a military reservation at St. Michael's as the proposed limits will embrace the mouth of the Yakow and be practically prohibitory to the construction of boats and steamers there or any other business enterprise. The annexed telegram was sent to Secretary Alger. Copies were also telegraphed to Senator Wilson and to S. A. Perkins, private secretary of Senator Hanna:

"We ask for the reconsideration of your order setting apart a military reservation at St. Michael's, believing that should it stand, it must work to the detriment of thousands of our citizens and give a monopoly to two companies now located there."

PORTO RICO'S DEMAND.  
New York, October 27.—A dispatch to the Herald from San Juan, Porto Rico, says:

The autonomists in Porto Rico have issued a manifesto in which they demand of Spain the same radical reforms as those which have been promised to Cuba by the new liberal ministry.

DEPOSIT FOR THE SALE.  
New York, October 27.—In anticipation of the sale of the Union Pacific under foreclosure, a check for \$6,000,000 was deposited today for the reorganization committee with Special Master Cornish. The check represents ten per cent of the sum to be paid for the road.

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