

THE DAILY ASTORIAN is the biggest and best paper on the Columbia River

# The Daily Morning Astorian.

THE ASTORIAN has the largest circulation of any paper on the Columbia River

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

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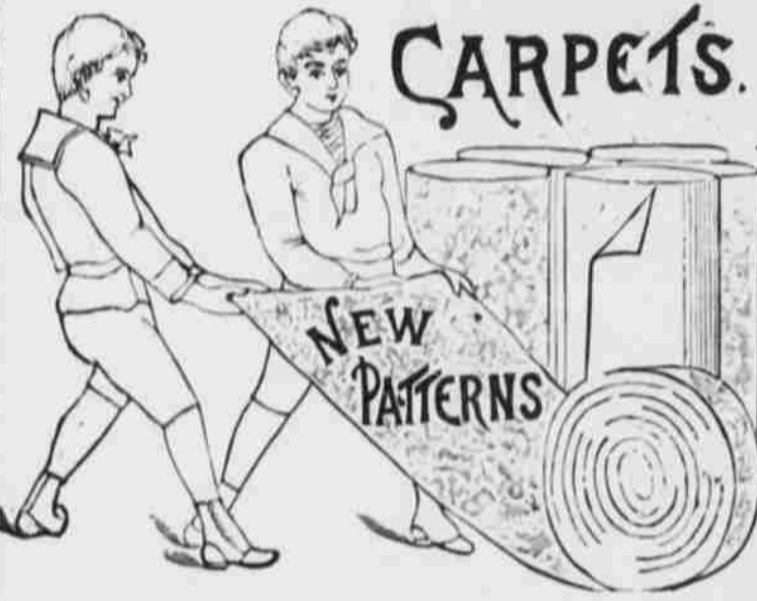
ASTORIA, OREGON: SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 3, 1897.

NO. 152.

## WILLIAM GADSBY

...The Housefurnisher...

Gadsby Block - PORTLAND, OREGON  
Washington and First Streets



Smith's Axminster, per yard	81 25
Moquettes, per yard	1 10
Velvets, best quality, per yard	1 10
Leicester Body Brussels, per yard	1 03
Rigelow Body Brussels, per yard	1 25
Hobury Brussels, per yard	80
Alex. Smith & Sons' Best Tapestry, per yard	75
Fallsdale Tapestry, per yard	65
Tapestry Brussels, medium, per yard	55
Tapestry Brussels, last for years	50
Rajah Heavy Ingrains, all wool, per yard	75
Extra Super Ingrains, all wool, per yard	75
Park Mills Ingrains, all wool, per yard	65
Ingrain Carpet, full size, good and desirable patterns, from	50
Ingrain Carpet, half wool per yard	5
Cotton Chain Ingrain, per yard	25
Linnoleum, per yard, from	40
Oil Cloth, per yard, from	25

### SPECIALS FOR THIS WEEK

Lawn Benches, 4 feet long, painted red, each	82 50
Cabrier Seat Arm Rockers, each	2 50
Large Boston Rockers, suitable for outdoors or porch	2 00
Folding Camp Stools, canvas top, each	25
Baby Carriages, full size, good and desirable patterns, from	5 00
Refrigerators, family size	9 00
Cook Stoves, No. 7, suitable for light housekeeping	5 50

Everything in stock to furnish a mansion or cottage throughout Open evenings during the summer till 8 p. m.

## FIREWORKS!



Bombs, Firecrackers, Torpedoes, Flags, Festoon Papers, Lanterns, Balloons, Etc.

EVERYTHING FOR THE FOURTH

The Largest Stock in the City. Wholesale and Retail. Country Orders Solicited

## GRIFFIN & REED

### UNION MEAT COMPANY

Shield Brand Hams, Bacon, Strictly Pure Lard  
ALL KINDS OF CANNED MEATS  
Guaranteed the Best in the Market

ORNER FOURTH AND OLIVAN STREETS - PORTLAND, OREGON

## Cut! Cut! Cut!

We have postponed the auction sale until late in the season, and have cut the prices

ON ALL GOODS IN THE STORE

So as to make them lower than any place in Astoria. Space too small to mention prices.

Come in and see the Goods and Prices

Everything marked in plain figures. Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Shoes, Etc.

FRIEDMAN'S, 600 COMMERCIAL ST.

## RECIPROCITY AND RETALIATION

The Two Features of the Tariff Bill Considered Yesterday.

### BOTH CLAUSES WERE PASSED

Allison, Teller, Mills, Vest and White Have Lively Debate—The Stamp Tax—Presidential Nominations.

Washington, July 2.—Reciprocity and retaliation were the two phases of the tariff bill to occupy the attention of the senate today in the exhibition of all other subjects. Both provisions were agreed to, although the debate on the reciprocity clause was protracted to 4 o'clock. Shortly before adjournment Allison endeavored to secure an agreement on the time for the final vote, but Teller would not consent to a fixing time until all the proposed amendments had been submitted to the senate. As Allison was not prepared to submit the amendments, he withdrew his request and the time for the final vote was left open, though there is still hope that it will be reached tomorrow.

The retaliatory clause provides that whenever any country bestows an export bounty on any article, there shall be levied, in addition to the duties provided by the act, an additional duty equal to the amount of the bounty. The clause was agreed to, 32 to 13, two democratic senators from Louisiana—Caffery and McHenry—voting with the republicans in the affirmative.

The reciprocity clause empowers the president, with the advice and consent of the senate, to make reciprocity treaties giving 20 per cent reduction in duties on the designated articles, or placing the articles on the free list. The amendment brought out much opposition—Mills, Teller and White saying that it evaded the constitutional right of the house of representatives to participate in measures affecting revenue, while Senators Morgan, Gray and Chandler defended its legality and propriety. It was agreed to 28 to 12, two democrats, Gray and Morgan, voting with the republicans in the affirmative.

### STAMP TAX.

Washington, July 2.—Senator Lodge today prepared the draft of an amendment to the tariff bill providing for a stamp tax on stocks and bonds, in accordance with the action of the republican senatorial caucus of last night, and submitted it to the finance committee. As prepared the amendment provides for a tax of five cents a share of 100, or fraction, of the face value of the capital stock, or of bonds, on their issuance, and of two cents for each 100 or fraction of each transfer of stock or bonds. United States and state bonds are excepted, as are individual bonds to secure mortgages, and also the stock and bonds of mutual benefit building associations. The amendment has been submitted to the republican members of the judiciary committee and approved by them as to form.

### NOMINATIONS.

Washington, July 2.—(Special to the Astorian.)—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: William Woodville Rockhill, district of Columbia, to be minister and consul general to Greece, Roumania and Serbia; Arthur S. Hardy, of New Hampshire, minister resident and consul general of the United States in Persia; Abram E. Smith, Illinois, consul of the United States at Victoria, B. C.; F. D. Heutis, to be collector of customs of the district of Puget Sound, and ex-Governor W. J. McConnell, of Idaho, to be Indian inspector.

### APPOINTMENTS.

Washington, July 2.—The president has appointed William Ryan and Thomas Davis, of Idaho, and George A. Jack, of Washington, as members of the board to mark the land grants along the Northern Pacific railway in the Cour d'Alene district of Idaho and Ross Giffin, of Missouri, as special agent to make allotments of lands to the Indians.

### TRADE AND CROPS.

Dun & Company Promise Tremendous Crops.

New York, July 2.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade will say tomorrow:

Midsummer vacations have commenced in many of the works with the decrease of orders, as usual at this season. This customary vacation is called a strike, where agreements regarding the wages for the coming year have not been reached and the extensive strike of the amalgamated iron workers, announced July 1, is of this nature, but the strike of the coal miners in Illinois and other central western states is not, and may prove costly.

Large hopes are built on the prospective demand after the tariff bill has passed, but the pressure in the market of large importing stocks may defer it. The general belief is that the removal of uncertainty will in any case increase business. Since much of the future depends on

the crops, the brightening prospects are of the highest importance. The estimates by persons usually most pessimistic, now far exceed any made a month ago, one promising 500,000,000 bushels of wheat.

### PROSPECTS BRIGHT.

New York, July 2.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say: Better weather favorably affected the sale of reasonable goods, particularly clothing, hats and shoes. Orders for prompt shipment are fewer, but the movement of goods for fall delivery has begun. The most encouraging feature is continued, and, in some instances, increased—the confidence of the merchants and manufacturers that the autumn will bring a large volume of business at higher prices.

The least favorable features of the week is found in the disappointment at the lack of demand and the reaction in quotations for some varieties of iron and steel. The threatened strike of 20,000 iron and glass workers and soft coal miners is, except in the latter instance, due in part to the season of the year.

### TROUBLE IN CHILL.

Working Classes Protest Against Government Inaction.

New York, July 2.—A special to the Herald from Valparaiso, Chili, says: If the government does not soon take steps to better the condition of the working classes throughout Chili, there will be a dark, despairing outlook in store for them. The Herald here says the closure of the engineering establishments will cause others to follow and leave more than 1,000 workmen's families exposed to hunger. It adds that this may cause the paralyzation of several nitrate establishments in Tarapaca province, throwing 3,800 men in the streets and causing the stoppage of all the building work throughout Chili. Workingmen are preparing to hold a monster meeting next Sunday to protest against the delay of congress in discussing the reforms customs tariff law, which has been submitted to that body. The workingmen will also protest against the idle political discussion in congress on the resolution of the government railway directors to order five locomotives from the United States after having promised to protect the national industries.

### ADMIRAL MILLER.

To Be Assigned to the Pacific Coast Squadron.

New York, July 2.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says: Rear Admiral J. N. Miller will be the commander-in-chief of the Pacific squadron. All doubts on this point were removed when a cablegram was received at the department from that officer announcing that he would leave in the Brooklyn at once for New York. The department, learning through Special Ambassador Reid that Miss Miller is ill with typhoid fever in London, cabled to Rear Admiral Miller authorizing him to delay his return. In his message to the department the officer said that his daughter's condition has improved so far that he feels justified in returning with the Brooklyn. Upon his arrival orders will be issued by the department to Rear Admiral Miller directing him to proceed at once to the West coast and assume command of the Pacific squadron.

### SHOT A STENOGRAPHER.

Chicago, July 2.—While Charles Nelson, 223 Graves place, a stenographer, sat on a bench in Washington park last night with his companion in a bicycle ride, Miss Margaret Staples, 157 Michigan avenue, an unknown assassin fired three shots at him from the cover of a lilac bush. One bullet entered Nelson's body near the heart, another pierced his neck, and the third wounded him in the fleshy part of the leg. Nelson was taken to the hospital. Physicians pronounced the wounds fatal. After firing the three shots the assassin ran away and was soon lost to the crowd that gathered. The cause of the act is unknown.

### ROCKEFELLER'S MISSIONARY GIFT.

New York, July 2.—It is authoritatively stated that John D. Rockefeller will be held in his offer of \$250,000 to the American Baptist Home Mission Society and the American Baptist Missionary Union. The sum of \$250,000, upon the raising of which by the two societies by July 1 his gift was conditioned, has been secured, and there will be a comfortable margin.

### AMELIE RIVES IMPROVING.

Richmond, Va., July 2.—The Princess Troublesky (Amelie Rives) has entirely recovered from the nervous attack which prostrated her some time ago. She has recently returned to her home, Castle Hill, Va., and is now hard at work on a new novel, which she hopes will surpass anything she has ever attempted.

### LOGAN MONUMENT CEREMONIES.

Chicago, July 2.—At the request of Senators Cullom and Mason, Secretary Alger has decided to send 2,000 regular troops to Chicago to take part on July 22 in the ceremonies at the unveiling of the Logan monument.

### THE YELLOW FLAG.

San Francisco, July 2.—The Pacific Mail steamer, *Acapulco*, arrived this morning from Panama flying the yellow flag, four deaths having occurred on board from fever.

## CURRENCY REFORM COMMISSION

President Strongly Inclined to Send Special Message to Congress.

### SILVER MEN DON'T WANT IT

Will Oppose the Matter Until December—Question will not be Decided Until McKinley's Return.

Washington, July 2.—The question whether the president will send a special message to congress recommending the creation of a currency commission will be definitely settled next week. The president is strongly inclined at this time to send a special currency message to congress, regarding himself as in a considerable measure pledged to this course. Some of the president's influential advisers on financial questions are opposed to the message, as being impolitic at this time, owing to the hostility to the commission on the part of congress and a final determination, as stated, will not be reached till Mr. McKinley's return from Canton.

The chief difficulty which presented itself to those who favored the commission for the investigation of the currency system has been the opposition it would encounter in congress. While the bill for the creation of the commission could be easily passed in the house, where factions opposition would be unavailing against the operation of the cloture order that would bring it to a vote, such opposition in the senate might be almost interminable.

Several silver senators have openly avowed their unalterable hostility to the creation of the commission, and Senator Teller has declared that he would remain here until December to defeat it. Secretary Gage will be at work for some time on a comprehensive currency reform scheme, and some suggestion has been made as to the wisdom of not having any further agitation of the question but of permitting Mr. Gage to frame the measure.

The matter was under discussion at the cabinet meeting today, but not in a manner to lead to a definite conclusion of policy. It is probable that Mr. Hanna, who is chairman of the executive committee of the Indianapolis convention, and perhaps other members of the committee, will come to Washington after the president's return from Canton to discuss the situation with the president and Mr. Gage.

### BYNUM IN THE FIELD.

New York, July 2.—William D. Bynum, chairman of the gold democratic committee, hopes to be able to take the field when the campaign opens in the Middle Western states. It was in those states that the gold standard democracy was founded and made its best showing in the campaign of 1896, and Mr. Bynum says that a vigorous effort will be made to strengthen the party in all those states, and especially in Kentucky, Iowa and Ohio.

### SUICIDE ON GUAYAMAS.

A Disappointed Lover Blows His Brains Out With a Revolver.

Guayamas, Sonora, July 2.—A sensational double suicide has occurred here. Spoor Clodomiro Maytorena, a widely known and popular young man, had been engaged for some time to Senorita Ampora Ynigo, the daughter of an equally aristocratic family. Another suitor found more favor in the eyes of her stepmother than did young Maytorena, and the latter was notified to cease paying his visits. This led to clandestine meetings, and when a mutual friend attempted to interfere a personal encounter resulted. For this the young man was about to be arrested when he took two pistols, one in each hand, pressed each to his temple, and fired two bullets, both entering the brain. When the shocking news was conveyed to the young lady she took poison and is reported to have since died.

### LARGE LAND CLAIMANTS.

San Franciscans Laying This to Valuable Property in Mexico.

San Diego, July 2.—Three San Franciscans claim a direct title by deed to a tract of land containing two millions of acres in the best part of Lower California. They are William McCord, J. M. Porter and C. R. Dray, all wealthy men. The land, however, is at present claimed by the Mexican Land and Townsite Co. The deed of the San Francisco claimants will be taken to the City of Mexico by McCord, who will endeavor to obtain its formal recognition.

### STRUCK ON A ROCK.

The Yacht *Llewellyn* Sunk in Long Is. and Sound.

New York, July 2.—On the yacht *Llewellyn*, as she steamed up the sound on her way to Oyster Bay last night, were Alfred Carr, her owner, and a party of friends. In the party were many women more or less known in society. The vessel had rounded David's Island and

was sweeping along at the rate of 20 miles an hour, when she smashed into a rock that stove a hole three feet wide in the port side of the yacht. In a few seconds the vessel began to sink. The women, who had been thrown to the deck by the shock, got to their feet and ran up and down hysterically screaming. Mr. Istin, quietly smoking in his steam launch half a mile away, had seen the collision and in a flash was bearing down upon the boat at full speed. From every direction came other launches owned by members of the New York and Longhmont yacht clubs. The government tug *Hamilton* was in the race, too, but Mr. Istin with his party was ahead, and kept there until he reached the side of the sinking *Llewellyn* and rescued the passengers and crew. The *Llewellyn* is one of the largest steamer yachts on the sound and her value is estimated at \$80,000.

### ACCIDENT IN 'FRISCO HARBOR.

Steamer *Resolute* Runs Into a Scow and Kills the Captain.

San Francisco, July 2.—At 7 o'clock this morning the steamer *Resolute*, carrying sugar for the California refinery, ran into a scow schooner which was at anchor. A customs inspector on duty on the steamer was killed and another badly wounded. The steamer struck the schooner's bow and the bowsprit drove through the pilot house. In the pilot house Captain Correll was at the wheel and James A. Plunkett stood beside him. The bowsprit struck Plunkett and drove him through the wall into the engine room, killing him instantly. Captain Correll was thrown to the deck and severely injured.

### THREW EGGS AT THEM.

Reformers in Montana Treated Harshly by the People.

Missoula, Mont., July 2.—Prof. S. C. Reitz, proprietor of the Garden City Commercial College, and Associate Professor Rouse, were severely dealt with by a mob. Reitz and others have during the past six months figured conspicuously in the reform movement with the ministerial association, causing the arrest of variety people and resulting in variety theater closing. The night before the state law prohibiting gambling went into effect, a large number of people remained until the death of King Faro. Among them were Reitz and Rouse, who feared the officers would not enforce the law. They found a temporary refuge in the Florence Hotel, when a mob saw and attacked them. Being evicted by the proprietor, the mob chased them a block through the city and threw eggs at them. They were then protected at the Rankin House until the chief of police came and the mob was dispersed. The professors were taken home by officers. None of the men were masked. Numerous arrests will follow.

### CORNELL AGAIN WINNER.

Poughkeepsis, July 2.—Cornell won the second great race by twelve lengths, Columbia second. Pennsylvania dropped out at the third mile. The contest, which had been heralded as promising a close and exciting finish, and which each college coach declared would be a record-breaking contest, turned out to be the merest sort of a procession and an apology for a race. The water conditions were not favorable for fast time. The Pennsylvania's boat was head full of water at the end of the second mile and she was forced to retire from the contest.

### ANOTHER REDUCTION IN COPPER.

New York, July 2.—The latest episode in the war between the sugar refining interests and Arbutuckle Iron is another reduction of half a cent in the price of copper by the Woolson Spice Company. The war between the companies was begun because the Arbutuckles were preparing to go into the sugar refining business. The Woolson Company is controlled by the sugar refining company's interests. The reduction brings the price to ten cents a pound. It is expected that the Arbutuckles will make a similar reduction.

### BEEF AND PORK.

Kansas City, July 2.—Kansas City packers broke all records during the first half of 1897. This is the record for the six months ending June 30:  
Hogs killed, 1,888,000.  
Cattle killed, 475,000.  
These figures indicate an increased slaughter of 35,000 hogs, 43,000 cattle, and 18,000 sheep over the first half of 1896.

### COLLISION IN NEW YORK HARBOR.

New York, July 2.—The three-decker barge *Andrew Church*, carrying over 500 persons, ran into the steam yacht *Golden Rod*, of the Hudson Yacht Club, anchored off West 19th street. Considerable damage was done to the barge. The bow of the yacht was smashed. A party followed and many received injuries, but none were serious.

### NEW WHEAT IN 'FRISCO.

San Francisco, July 2.—The first consignment of new wheat has arrived from Southern California, and the ships tied up are preparing for the coming season. At this time last year the tonnage in port did not exceed 34,000, while at the present time 120,000 will not cover the tonnage that is lying here waiting charters.

## NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH

Thirty Men Scalded in Boiler Room of the Monitor *Puritan*.

### ONE OF THE BOILERS BURSTED

Flooding the Room with Steam and Hot Water—A Miracle that All the Men Were Not Killed.

New York, July 2.—Thirty men narrowly escaped death in the boiler-room of the monitor *Puritan*. That they were not scalded to death is due to the presence of mind of one of the crew. The *Puritan* is moored at the foot of the main street of the Brooklyn navy yard, and has been undergoing repairs to her boilers. The repairs had been completed and the men were only putting on the finishing touches at the time of the explosion. Orders had been given to start the fire under the boilers and get up steam, so that both engines and boilers could be given a thorough test, as the vessel had been ordered to sea for target practice.

Engineers were in the engine-room giving instructions to firemen. There was suddenly a slight hissing sound of escaping steam in the room, but the men continued to work. Then a sharp report and a flood of hot water and steam from one of the boilers started them to their feet. In an instant the room was filled with steam that was so dense the men could hardly see. When the burst of steam came from the boiler August Wilson, the boiler-maker in charge, ordered the men to get out of the room. Wilson was the last to get out, and while he was trying to find the entrance to the engine room Chief Engineer Cowie, of the *Puritan*, who heard the report of the explosion, rushed into the room. Cowie made several attempts to get to the valves, but was held back by Wilson. When the steam had nearly exhausted the valves were closed, but not until Cowie had been burned about the head and neck. The injured were attended by the ship's surgeon. The cause of the accident was the blowing out of the crown sheet in one of the boilers. It was a miracle, the officers say, that none of the men were killed or greater damage done to the vessel. As it is, the monitor will have to remain at the yard for some time, so the boilers can be put in trim.

### A HARD RAP.

Kentucky Building and Loan Association Goes to the Wall.

Louisville, Ky., July 2.—Within 72 hours four building and loan associations, whose estimated assets and liabilities foot up over a million and a quarter dollars, have gone to the wall in this city, finding it impossible to conduct business under the recent decision of the court of appeals in regard to the local rate of interest.

The Kentucky Building and Loan Association went under this morning, with assets and liabilities of \$212,000 each, from the same cause.

### A FATHER ABDUCTS HIS SON.

Oakland, Cal., July 2.—William G. Forgy, otherwise known as Dr. De Forest, rests under the charge of having abducted his own child. He left here on Thursday last with the child, a boy, which had for over a year been in the possession of its mother, and all efforts to find him have so far been unsuccessful. His wife, who is suing for a divorce, let him take the child to his mother's house in San Francisco on his promise to return the next day.

### THE DOCTORS TO MEET.

New York, July 2.—Several New York physicians are arranging to go to Moscow to attend the twelfth international congress of medicine to be held there from August 10 to 25 inclusive. Word has been received here that the car has decided that 2,000 free first-class tickets on the Russian railways be placed at the disposal of the members of this congress. The American delegation, it is expected, will not only be large, but will include some distinguished specialists.

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