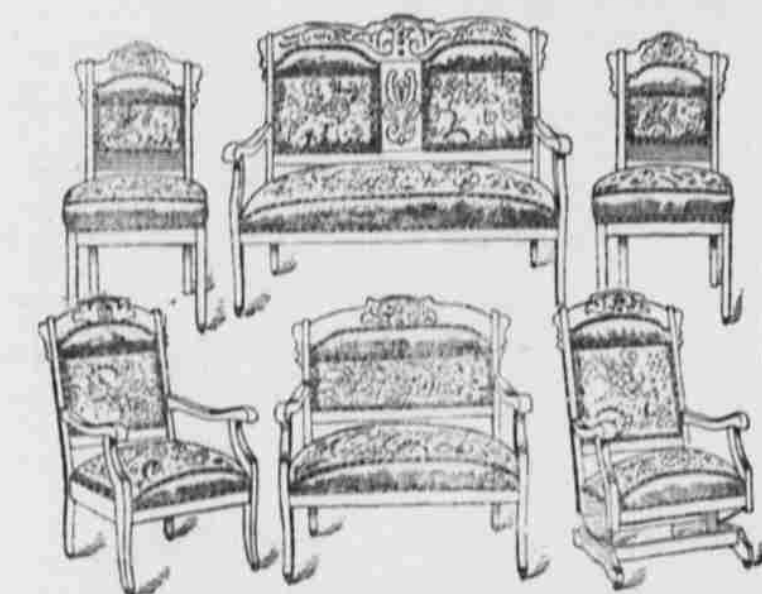
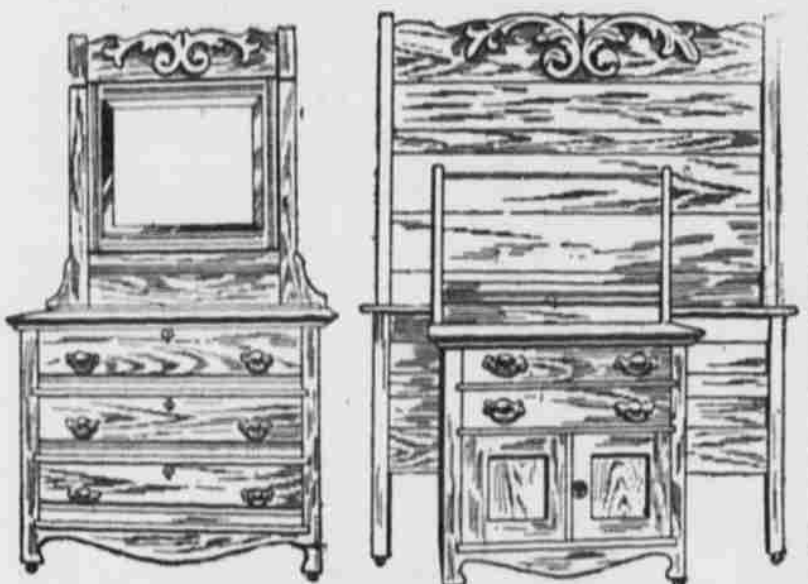


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FRIEDMAN'S, 600 COMMERCIAL ST.

BUTTERINE MUST BE CRUSHED OUT

The Dictum of the National Dairy Union in Chicago.

WILL BE DONE BY POLITICS

Compact Will Control One Million Voters, and a Fighting Capital of One Dollar a Head.

Chicago, June 19.—A special to the Times-Herald from Port Atkinson, Wis., says:

"Butterine must be legislated out of use" is the dictum of the National Dairy Union. The successful fight of the new anti-butterine law in Illinois has inspired the dairymen of the West to crush the butter substitute industry. They are going into politics to do it. Right now the creamery proprietors, the butter-dealers, and the dairy farmers of the big butter producing states—Wisconsin, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska, Kansas, Michigan and the Dakotas are being drawn into a compact fighting organization of not less than 500,000, and maybe more than 1,000,000 voters and vote-controlling. They are being pledged in writing to work unceasingly for legislation to prevent the coloring of butter substitutes and to fight the men in high places who are unfriendly to the interests of the dairymen.

If necessary a fighting capital of \$1,000,000 can be raised, it is believed, before the managers of these dairy states vote again.

These funds will be used to drive the butterine manufacturers from their strongholds, and if the industry finds the loopholes in state legislation, will move on Washington.

W. D. Heard, of this city, former governor of Wisconsin, and president of the National Dairy Union, is giving the movement all the benefit of his organizing ability. Chas. Y. Knight, of Chicago, secretary of the National Dairy Union, and manager of the anti-butterine fight in the Illinois legislature, is secretary and treasurer of the new movement. The National Dairy Union has nearly 40,000 creameries in the North Mississippi valley and around these the union is building up its fighting organization. Each creamery has an average 100 patrons, or 40,000 in all. The price paid by the creameries to the farmers for their milk is regulated by the price of butter. As a distinction of competition with butterine raises the price of milk, it is expected the 400,000 farmers will rally against the butterine. The farmers who work up their milk into butter in their own dairies outnumber those who sell to creameries. They are expected to take an interest in this movement. The same view is held of the farmers who ship milk to the cities, their product being influenced always by the price it brings at the creameries. Then there are the creamery operators and their employees and the men who handle butter in the big cities, the commission men—all these are interested in one way or another in boosting butter and killing butterine. This indicates why the active spirits of the National Dairy Union are figuring on a political army of 1,000,000 men or more. The creameries are doing the organizing. Every such institution through the butter-producing states of the West is being supplied with enrollment blanks destined by their farmer patrons. These pledge themselves as indicated to work for anti-butterine legislation and to fight "the men in high places who are unfriendly to the dairymen."

The signers also authorize the creamery manager to deduct 32 cents a month from their bills as a contribution to the campaign fund. This fund will in a short time, it is thought, amount to \$1,000,000.

SPAIN'S NAVY.

She is Working Day and Night to Increase it.

New York, June 19.—A dispatch from Havana to the Journal says:

A Madrid dispatch says since Jan. 1 last \$8,000,000 has been paid into the government by Spanish parents redeeming their sons from military service in Cuba and the Philippines. The money, it is announced, has been turned over to the navy department to meet the expenses of increasing the navy. In Havana it was reported yesterday that orders had been given to transform 20 vessels of the Trans-Atlantic line into armed cruisers for service in West India waters, owing to the strained relations existing with the United States a double force of employees are working day and night and new

torpedoes are being laid to all the Cuban entrances of ports of importance. Froig Banes word comes that a government vessel was sunk at the entrance to the harbor during the last bombardment, by a shell from Roloff's rebels and batteries upon the shore, thus closing the port altogether to future navigation.

In a petition to Weyler, Spanish troops of the Guinness garrison have asked permission to give half their daily rations to starving Cuban women and children.

BARNEY BARNATO.

Doctor Wilson's Account of His Suicide.

New York, June 19.—A dispatch to the World from London says: When the steamship Scot arrived at Southampton your correspondent obtained the following account of the suicide of Barney Barnato from Dr. Wilson: "The morning he sprang from the deck Barnato told me he would certainly make away with himself. No extra precautions were taken. Sol Joel, his nephew, who was with him when he jumped overboard, was watchful, but Barnato made a sudden spring. It was like a flash and he was overboard. Joel caught his trousers, but failing to hold him, shouted to Fourth Officer Clifford, 'I can't swim; you try to save him.' Clifford, taking off his coat and hat, said: 'Well, here goes; I'll try,' and jumped overboard. He dived himself of all his clothing, save his socks in the water, but when he was 60 yards from Barnato he seized a life buoy, utterly exhausted. Eventually Clifford was rescued by a life boat commanded by the third officer, who then proceeded to recover Barnato's body. For three hours restoratives were applied and artificial respiration was resorted to, but I believe death by drowning had taken place previously."

PUT ON THE FREE LIST.

Floor Matting, Jute, Burlaps and Cotton Bagging.

Washington, June 19.—The consideration of the tariff bill was rendered noteworthy in the senate today by the defeat of the Finance Committee on four important paragraphs in the tax, hemp and jute schedules of the tariff bill. These were the paragraphs relating to door matting, plain jute fabrics, burlaps and cotton bagging. Democrats were enabled to carry their points against these paragraphs by the assistance of the silver Republicans and populists and by the help of Messrs. Carter and Hansborough, straight Republicans, in the paragraphs relating to matting. It was the first vote during the consideration of the bill in which any Republican has broken away from the party, and naturally caused some comment. The effect was to place the above articles on the free list.

The senate completed the tax and jute schedule and after passing the bill for the public building in Butte, Montana, to cost \$200,000, adjourned until Monday, not being disposed to proceed with the wool schedule.

THE PEACE TREATY.

Constantinople, June 19.—The draft of the treaty of peace between Greece and Turkey is likely to be submitted to the powers next week. The amount of indemnity required of Greece, it is believed, will be 5,000,000 Turkish pounds, the largest amount Greece could pay. It has also been generally conceded for some time past that the Turkish government has given up the idea of retaining Thessaly, and it is understood that changes on the frontier line will be slight.

JAMES GAYLOR DEAD.

New York, June 19.—James Gaylor, assistant postmaster of New York since 1880, died suddenly at his home last evening, aged 70. Mr. Gaylor devised the "registered package envelope," still in use, which had the means of saving millions of dollars to the public.

SANGER WINS.

Denver, June 19.—The five-mile race between W. C. Sanger, of Milwaukee, and O. B. Hackenberry, the famous "Buttermilk Boy," resulted in an easy victory for Sanger. He took the lead from the start, and finished nearly one-sixth of a mile ahead of his opponent.

OGDEN GATEWAY OPEN TO ALL.

Chicago, June 19.—It has been definitely decided that hereafter the Ogden gateway will be open to all of the roads that have business there, and that the Union Pacific will have no advantages and no disadvantages as compared with its competitors at that point.

THE INDIANS WIN.

Portland, Or., June 19.—The Chemawa Indian school baseball team today outplayed the Multnomah Athletic Club team at every point, and won the game by a score of 3 to 2. Only five innings were played, owing to the rain.

AMICABLY SETTLED.

Paris, June 19.—At a cabinet meeting today the minister of foreign affairs announced the resumption of diplomatic relations with Venezuela, and an apology to that republic for the incident which led to the rupture.

MINISTER TO SPAIN.

Washington, June 19.—The senate has confirmed the nomination of Stewart I. Woodford, minister to Spain.

THE CELEBRATION IN NEW YORK

Exercises Commenced at 10 O'clock Yesterday.

SPECIAL SERVICES TODAY

Entertainment Will Continue Four Days—Banquets, Farades and Receptions—Many Noted Guests.

New York, June 19.—The celebration of Queen Victoria's jubilee in and about New York will be begun this morning by the United British Societies at Ambrose Park, South Brooklyn, and for four days many societies, organizations and associations will hold exercises fitting the grand anniversary. At 10 o'clock this morning at Ambrose Park there will be a parade of all the societies interested. Besides the officers of the societies and many who will take conspicuous parts in the events of the day, there will be in line the Sons of St. George, New York Calverton Club, New York Scottish Society, New York Scottish Celtic Society and the order of Scottish Clans. The committee on arrangements, under the direction of honorary president of the queen's jubilee celebration Percy Sanderson, consul-general for Great Britain, has provided a program of races, etc., including a football game, jubilee races and tug of war, for which prizes will be distributed. In the evening the grounds will be illuminated. The money remaining after

city, and C. S. Beeman, of New England society.

The British-Americans of Summit, N. J., organized themselves into a society a week ago, under the name of British-American society of Summit and vicinity, for the purpose of celebrating the jubilee. A banquet, to be followed by speeches and music, will be given by the society at Hotel Bereswood on Tuesday evening.

A TEST CASE.

The Right of Railroad Companies to Bill Goods via Different Routes.

Garfield, Wash., June 19.—The new law passed by the last legislature requiring railroad companies to make the necessary connections for transfer at crossings of railroad business is to be tried here in a test case. Ex-State Grain Inspector P. Lawrence bought a carload of wheat for the Tacoma Elevator Co. He then billed it by two different routes, one via the O. R. & N. N. P. and the Great Northern, and the other by the O. R. & N. and the Great Northern. The agent refused to sign either billing, claiming the right to ship by any route so long as the grain is delivered in a reasonable time, and offers to forward the grain via Portland, making the route from there to Tacoma by water. Lawrence contends this is contrary to the statute, which requires that it be delivered within the state. Lawrence says he will fight to the end.

THE RUIZ CLAIM.

New York, June 19.—In regard to the report that Spain through Premier Canovas, has offered to settle the claim of Mrs. Ruiz, the widow of Dr. Ruiz, against the Spanish government by the payment of \$50,000 with the understanding that the United States will not press an official claim, Mrs. Ruiz last evening said:

"Never will I accept anything direct from the Spanish. I am in the hands of the United States government and all overtures from Spain must be made to it. Whatever the government advises me to



SPECIAL ENVOY WHITELAW REID.

Whitelaw Reid has accepted the appointment as special envoy to the queen's jubilee tendered him by President McKinley. The appointment does not require confirmation by the senate. Mr. Reid will take precedence of Ambassador Hay at the jubilee ceremonies.

paying expenses will form the nucleus of a fund to found a home for aged and indigent British Americans. Bishop Ellison Capers, of South Carolina, acting for Bishop Potter during the latter's absence in Europe, has applied a form of special application to be used in all of the Episcopal churches of the diocese tomorrow.

Special services will be held at Trinity church tomorrow afternoon, when the Rev. Dr. Parker Morgan will preach the sermon. Both morning and evening tomorrow special services will be held at the church of St. John the Evangelist, at 229 West 110th street, in honor of Victoria's accession coincident with the 40th anniversary of the English discovery of America by Cabot. The memorial window presented to the church through the St. George's Society and Sons of St. George will be unveiled at the morning service. On every ship where flies the British flag there will be special services tomorrow and banquets with special ceremonies, on Tuesday, when the celebration is being held in London.

The Canadian Society of New York will have a banquet and reception at the Windsor Hotel Monday evening for which most elaborate preparation has been made. Leading prominent members in sister societies and noted Canadians and Americans have been invited, among them the governor-general of Canada, the Earl of Aberdeen, Sir Oliver Mowat, the Hon. A. S. Ball, the Hon. F. W. Borden, Sir William Hingston, President Schurman, of Cornell University, the Hon. Arthur S. Hardy, prime minister of Ontario; Richard White of Montreal, Percy Sanderson, British consul, President Low of Columbia University; H. L. Burnett, president of the Ohio society; Charles Denton, president of the Southern society; William Maskey, president of St. George's so-

ciety, and I will do, but Spain must not try to deal with me."

Mrs. Ruiz did not know whether she would accept the \$50,000. She intimated that if the government was satisfied she would be.

THE INDIANS WERE GAY.

Julietta, Idaho, June 19.—The government payment of \$100,000 to the Nez Percés at Lapwai agency continued all the week. Most of the Indians cashed their checks for gold, placing the little on deposit. On Wednesday they were at the fort was especially bright when the Káimiah tribe were paid. These Indians are stalwart, and made a bright appearance in their brilliant costumes and paint.

BASEBALL SCORES.

Washington, June 19.—Washington 13, Louisville 7.
New York, June 19.—Brooklyn 1, Cincinnati 0.
Philadelphia, June 19.—Philadelphia 4, St. Louis 5.
Baltimore, June 19.—Baltimore 1, Pittsburgh 7.
Boston, June 19.—Boston 7, Chicago 1.
New York, June 19.—New York 8, Cleveland 4.

THE FOREST GROVE BANK.

Forest Grove, Or., June 19.—Today the assignees of the bank of Forest Grove made the following statement of the bank's condition: Assets, \$48,390.75, but of that amount \$5,373.15 is questionable collateral and discounts. Liabilities, including claims presented against the bank to this date, amount to \$41,017.60. There is no news of the missing banker, Anton Pfanner.

OVERCOME BY HEAT.

Kansas City, June 19.—Two heat prostrations were recorded here yesterday. Mrs. Elizabeth Johnson was unconscious for several hours, but will recover.

SENATOR PERKINS IS OPPOSED

Does Not Want Annexation of Hawaii Now.

WILL NOT CROSS HIS PEOPLE

Says He Would Prefer a Proposition to Purchase British Columbia, and Gives His Reasons for the Statement.

New York, June 19.—A dispatch to the World from Washington says:

Senator Perkins, republican, of California, is strongly disposed to join his democratic colleagues, Senator White, in opposition to the proposed annexation of Hawaii.

"I am familiar with the islands," said he, "and I am very doubtful as to the wisdom of this policy. There is one of some moment that I have not yet seen touched upon. Within the last year or two there have been a large number of merchant vessels built on the Clyde for the Hawaiian trade. They fly the Hawaiian flag, but are English vessels. Under the proposed treaty those ships would naturally become entitled to American registry, for they would come in with the islands. There is nothing in the treaty to prevent them from coming in nor to prevent the Englishmen from building more vessels in anticipation of annexation and claiming America registry for all of them. In that case they would probably soon take away all of our coast-wise trade and render idle for some years our American shipyards."

"There is another, and perhaps more important question involved. The annexation of Hawaii would, it seems to me, utterly ruin the beet sugar industry that is now beginning to assume considerable proportions in California and other parts of the West. With coolie labor the Hawaiians can produce sugar and refine it for two cents a pound. Beet sugar costs anywhere from three and a half to four cents a pound to produce, and we could not compete. Then, too, the planters of Hawaii have a trust as tyrannical and importunate as the sugar trust, and it would not be long before the two joined forces and had the whole country at their mercy."

"I shall not set up my personal views against those of the majority of the people, but I am far from being an enthusiastic annexationist. The idea that we need Hawaii as a coaling station is foolish, because ships going from San Francisco to Japan or China would have to go 500 miles out of their way to touch at Hawaii. It would be much more convenient to establish a coaling station at one of the Aleutian islands, which already belong to us, and are within about 75 miles of the path of ocean travel.

"I do not appreciate, either, the argument that we need Hawaii because of its strategic value. The islands are 2000 miles from San Francisco. England has at Esquimaux a fortress which she is every day rendering more and more impregnable, and which is much nearer to San Francisco. I would be much more favorably disposed towards a proposition to purchase British Columbia. It would be much more valuable to us than Hawaii."

WAS HE A DEFAULTER?

San Francisco, June 19.—The evening papers today publish sensational statements to the effect that Isaac Norton, cashier of the revenue office, who committed suicide Wednesday, was a defaulter to the extent of \$2,000.

Officials investigating into the affairs of the office decline to deny or affirm the statement.



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