

SAVE TIME Expense and worry How? An "Ad" In THE ASTORIAN'S "Want Column."

EXCLUSIVE TELEGRAPHIC PRESS REPORT.

VOL. XLV.

ASTORIA, OREGON, WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 4, 1896.

NO. 265

School Shoes...

More styles to select from, and more wear than you get from shoes bought elsewhere.

DON'T FORGET...

A pocket knife goes with every pair.

COLUMBIA SHOE CO. 523 Commercial St. Best Plates on Your Rubbers FREE OF CHARGE.

Do You Want

A BABY BUGGY?

If so, we are prepared to give you special prices on what we have left.

A new stock of French and Crepe Tissue Paper; also all kinds of material for making Paper Flowers.

Flag day will soon be here. You may need a flag. We have all kinds and sizes.

GRIFFIN & REED.

Did You Ever

SEE OUR NEW

HEATING STOVES?

Built on Entirely New Principals.

OUR AIR-TIGHT HEATERS ARE A SUCCESS

You Are Invited to Inspect Them

FOARD & STOKES COMPANY.

HARDWARE,

GRANITE WARE, ROPE, STOVES, IRON PIPE, TERRA COTTA PIPES, BAR IRON, STEEL, CANNERY SUPPLIES, LOGGERS' TOOLS

PLUMBING TIN WORK JOB WORK

AT PRICES THAT DEFY COMPETITION

Call and Be Convinced

SOL OPPENHEIMER Trustee for the late M. C. CROSBY

TIME CARD

OF THE

Astoria & Columbia River RAILROAD.

TRAINS LEAVE DAILY

Seaside for Astoria at 7.30 a. m. and 2 p. m. Astoria for Flavel at 9 a. m. and 4 p. m. Astoria for Seaside 10.30 a. m. and 4 p. m. Flavel for Astoria at 9.40 a. m. and 2.58 p. m.

Clarkson & McIrvin Boom Company

LONG FIR PILING Promptly Furnished

216 and 217 Chamber of Commerce Portland, Oregon

Astoria Asphalt and Roofing Co.

LEAVE ORDERS AT 513 COMMERCIAL STREET

All Work Guaranteed

Roof Painting and Repairing Leaky Roofs.

N. JENSEN and R. O. HANSEN

Allcock's Porous Plaster

BEAR IN MIND—Not one of the host of counterfeits and imitations is as good as the genuine.

Second Edition, 5 A. M.

A REPUBLICAN LANDSLIDE

The Apostle of Sound Money and Protection Receives Overwhelming Majorities All Over the Country.

SURE OF THREE HUNDRED ELECTORAL VOTES

Free Silver League Went Down in Crushing Defeat—Maryland, Virginia, Kentucky, as Well as Nebraska, Go Against the Popocratic Candidate—Only a Question of Counting the Majority.

The "cause" of free silver was so overwhelmingly overthrown by the people yesterday that its future reappearance in American politics is almost impossible. It was predicted that the greatest political battle in the history of the world would be one of surprises. It really was a surprise—Republican managers themselves are surprised—when such states as Tennessee, Virginia, Maryland, Kentucky, go Republican, an expression of surprise is not unnatural. The fact that Chicago is the center from which reports are sent out to this coast makes returns slower than in former elections, when all roads of information led from New York. Still, the magnitude of McKinley's majority at this hour is plainly apparent. That he will have not less than 300 votes in the electoral college is not a matter about which there can be the slightest doubt. His popular majority will be enormous. The returns from Pacific coast states are yet so incomplete and scattering that it is impossible to say how any one of these states but Oregon has gone. The last returns, however, at the time this edition of the Astorian is put to press, indicate that not only Oregon—which is positively safe by a good majority—but Washington and California as well will be counted in the column for sound money, protection, reciprocity and prosperity. Such a complete repudiation of any one-time popular political doctrine has perhaps not been witnessed in the history of any country on earth. Following are the complete returns received through the Associated Press by the Astorian up to 5:30 a. m.

THE EARLY SUMMARY. Washington, November 3.—At 11 o'clock sufficient returns had been received at Republican headquarters to show that McKinley had received 234 electoral votes and Bryan 69 votes, while 94 were in doubt, some through a question as to what the returns indicated, and others from a lack of definite returns. The states for McKinley are: Connecticut, 6; Delaware, 3; Illinois, 24; Indiana, 15; Iowa, 13; Kentucky, 12; Maine, 6; Maryland, 5; Massachusetts, 15; Michigan, 14; Minnesota, 5; Nebraska, 8; New Hampshire, 4; New Jersey, 10; New York, 36; North Dakota, 2; Ohio, 23; Pennsylvania, 12; Rhode Island, 4; South Dakota, 4; Tennessee, 12; Vermont, 4; West Virginia, 6; and Wisconsin, 12. For Bryan—Alabama, 11; Arkansas, 8; Colorado, 4; Florida, 4; Georgia, 12; Idaho, 3; Louisiana, 8; Mississippi, 9; and South Carolina, 8. In doubt, or returns indefinite—California, 9; Kansas, 10; Missouri, 17; Montana, 3; Nevada, 3; North Carolina, 11; Oregon, 4; Texas, 15; Utah, 3; Virginia, 12; Washington, 4; and Wyoming, 2.

ILLINOIS. Chicago, November 3.—Mark Hanna wires the Associated Press as follows: "My opinion is that McKinley is elected by a majority that will settle the issues of this campaign and guarantee to the civilized world that the United States can be depended upon to maintain her honor and integrity." Chicago, November 3.—At 8 o'clock Vice-Chairman Payne, of the Republican national committee, made the following announcement, which he also wired to Mr. Hanna: "We have Chicago by about 60,000; returns from Iowa, Indiana, Kentucky, Minnesota, indicate that those states are safe for McKinley." Chicago, November 3.—Chicago, with one precinct missing, gives McKinley a majority of 64,000. Returns received by the Associated Press up to midnight indicate the probable election of McKinley and Hobart, although the returns are so meagre from a number of doubtful states that this conclusion can only be reached by an estimate based upon gains and losses. The best estimates obtainable indicate that Maine and Vermont have given majorities somewhat reduced from the special elections; that New Hampshire gives about 20,000; Massachusetts 120,000; and Rhode Island and Connecticut proportional majorities, all for McKinley; New York is estimated at 250,000 and Pennsylvania is likely to reach the

same figure, if not greater. Maryland has been carried for the Republican candidate by a majority exceeding 20,000 and Delaware is confidently claimed, but apparently in doubt, though the plurality is likely to exceed 1,000. Returns from West Virginia are not sufficient to justify the claim of either party. Ohio has given a very large Republican plurality and Kentucky is apparently assured to McKinley, although later returns may not justify this claim. Tennessee seems to have been carried for Bryan, notwithstanding the confident assertions to the contrary of Republican majorities, and the same is probably true of North Carolina, Indiana and Michigan, as well as Minnesota, indicate heavy Republican gains and a strong probability that they have gone for McKinley. Illinois will give McKinley over 100,000 plurality; Nebraska and North and South Dakota are very close and still in doubt. Wyoming seems to have gone for McKinley. Returns from the Pacific coast states are too meagre to justify any claim respecting them. The states of Virginia, South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Louisiana, Arkansas, Colorado, Nevada, Montana, and Idaho may be safely placed in the Bryan column. Returns from Kansas and Texas are scattering and indicate nothing, although heavy Republican gains are reported from Dallas and Galveston. At 12:30 later returns seem to indicate that West Virginia, Michigan and Kentucky can be added to the Republican column.

OREGON. Portland, November 3.—Chairman Hirsch says McKinley has carried Oregon by five thousand plurality. This city complete gives McKinley 10,171; Bryan, 5,420. Twenty precincts in this city and 53 precincts outside of the city give McKinley 10,300; Bryan, 7,981. If this ratio is maintained McKinley will have at least 8,000 majority in the state. One hundred and sixty-two precincts out of 728 in Oregon, including Portland, give McKinley 19,656; Bryan, 15,144. This is about one-half of the vote of the state. One hundred and eighty-four precincts in the state outside the city of Portland, give McKinley 18,254; Bryan, 18,154. Portland, Nov. 4.—At 2 a. m. 59,020 votes have been counted in the entire state, and McKinley has a majority of 4825. Returns from all but five small precincts in Multnomah county give McKinley 11,537; Bryan, 6210. In the state outside of Multnomah county 213 precincts give McKinley 20,228; Bryan, 20,501. It is estimated McKinley's majority in the state will be close to 4000.

precincts give McKinley 1969; Bryan, 1581.

CALIFORNIA. San Francisco, November 3.—The polls in this state closed at 5 o'clock with more ballots in the boxes than ever before in the history of the state. At 3 o'clock Chairman Alfred, of the Democratic state committee, said the Democrats would carry California by 25,000. Chairman McLaughlin, of the Republican committee, would make no prediction, but expressed the opinion that the Republicans had good show to win. At 9:45 Chairman Alfred, of the Democratic state committee, makes the following statement: "I see no reason from the few returns received so far in California to alter my former prediction that Bryan will carry the state by 25,000." At Republican headquarters Chairman McLaughlin gave the following: "I am not willing to make a definite statement as to figures, as the returns are meagre; I am confident, however, that McKinley will carry the state." One hundred and thirty-seven precincts in California give McKinley 5682; Bryan, 5667. The same precincts gave Harrison a majority of 445.

NEBRASKA. Omaha, Nov. 3.—Twelve out of 76 precincts in the city of Omaha give McKinley 1953; Bryan 1193; same in 1904 gave the Republican ticket 1554; Democrat-Populist 1179. At 9:30 the indications are that the vote of the state of Nebraska on the presidential ticket will be very close. Seventy-three precincts outside of Omaha and Lincoln are making big gains over the vote of 1894. The gains about offset one another, however. In the larger towns of the state McKinley leads Bryan and in the smaller villages Bryan slightly leads. On the theory that Bryan will carry the farmer vote, the present situation favors him, since no returns of importance have yet been received. Those rural districts which have reported, however, do not bear out the idea that farmers are voting for Bryan. Ten rural precincts have reported a showing of about the same ratio which is obtained in small towns. This means that McKinley will carry Nebraska by a small vote, though the silver men do not concede this.

THE ENGLISH VIEW. London, November 3.—The interest in the presidential election in the United States is the greatest ever seen in this city in a similar event. The newspapers are publishing many columns on the event and the result is discussed all over the city. The features of business on the stock exchange today was the buoyancy of American securities in response to the New York market.

COLORADO. Denver, November 3.—8 p. m.—The polls in Colorado closed at 7 o'clock and no returns are in as yet. The vote is reported to be about the same as two years ago, 190,000. There is no question of the election of the Bryan electors by over 100,000. 11:30 p. m.—The result on the election of state officers is still in doubt. Bryan's plurality will reach 110,000 in the state and Congressman Sharfroot, silver Republican, and Bell, Populist, are re-elected by 50,000 to 60,000 majority each. Returns from half the precincts in the city indicate that Bailey, Populist, silver, for governor, will have a small plurality in the city, but advices from the state show that in many places, Adams, Democrat-silver-Republican, had run far ahead. No definite figures can be given on the legislature, but the re-election of Senator Teller is assured in any event, all parties, except the McKinley Republicans, having endorsed him.

NEW YORK. New York, November 3.—Based on returns from one-fourth of the election districts above the Harlem river, together with nearly complete returns from New York and King's county, which includes New York City and Brooklyn, the plurality of McKinley over Bryan in the state is estimated at 295,000. McKinley's plurality over Bryan in New York City is 16,539.

KENTUCKY. Louisville, November 4.—Returns from the state received up to 1 o'clock indicate that Kentucky will give McKinley a majority of from 10,000 to 12,000. Reports are claiming it by 15,000, while Chairman Smedley, of the Democratic committee, says all the returns show Democratic gains. All returns from Eastern and Central Kentucky are favorable to the Republicans. The Democrats have probably carried but three congressional districts. Breakinridge's election is probable. At Republican headquarters 588 precincts have been heard from and show a Republican gain of 6073 over Bradley's vote in 1895. The counties to hear from are largely Republican.

NEW YORK. New York, November 3.—The New York Herald says McKinley will carry Kentucky by 15,000, with a Republican majority in the house, and that Breakinridge is elected. Lexington, November 3.—Later returns from the state indicate that McKinley will carry Kentucky by a much greater majority than Bradley carried it in 1895 for governor. The state will probably give McKinley 25,000 or 30,000. The result is a great surprise to the free silver leaders and the size of the result is a surprise to the sound money men.

KANSAS. Topeka, November 3.—At midnight there are no returns whatever from the state, and it is impossible to make a (Continued on Third Page.)

CLATSOP COUNTY TO THE FRONT

Handsome Majority for McKinley and Sound Money.

NOT A DEMOCRATIC PRECINCT

In the County or City—Loyal to the Backbone—Populism, Free Silver and Repudiation Buried. McKinley is elected. Oregon rolls up a large majority. Astoria and Clatsop county are in the procession.

It ever there was any question as to the maintenance of the right, the honor of the nation, the principles of good government, and the support of the supreme authority of the United States, it has now been settled beyond dispute by the most overwhelming popular vote ever cast for a candidate for the chief executive office of this country. The defeat of Bryan and his cohorts is greater than the defeat of Horace Greeley in 1872. The people have arisen in their might and with one voice declared these United States should still be the banner nation of the world.

Perhaps there had never been a more overwhelming defeat of any presidential candidate until Horace Greeley in 1872 received but 2,834,979 against U. S. Grant's 3,597,070 popular votes, and 67 against Grant's 236 electoral votes. In 1888 Harrison's electoral vote was 233, Cleveland's, 168. Utah's small majority for Bryan is a distinctive Republican victory, while the unexpected Republican majorities in a number of the Southern states only goes to show that Mason and Dixon's line as well as party lines has been obliterated in the present campaign. Illinois has vindicated her honor, and for all time placed its head upon the head of the serpent of anarchy and revolution. Wisconsin and Minnesota have shown by their tremendous majorities for McKinley their unswerving allegiance to the Union.

Clatsop county has out-Heroded Herod, in the face of tremendous opposition and continuous urging on by disreputable free silver organs of the always unwholesome element among the working men, she has vindicated herself and largely assisted in the triumph of Oregon. The Clatsop county Republican committee has done noble work and deserves the highest commendation from all.

In the city of Astoria, contrary to expectations, every precinct rolled up a majority for McKinley. In the stronghold of Populism centering between 15th and 16th streets on Commercial, and hard by the Second Ward polling place, a most decided and satisfactory victory was gained. Throughout the city last night there was the greatest enthusiasm. Populists, Democrats, free silverites, and Republicans, all gathered at McKinley Club headquarters to hear the news and listen to the campaign songs of the glad club. At Engle Co. No. 7's house the returns were flashed upon the screen by a powerful lantern and at Madison's cigar store on Commercial street another lantern exhibited the returns and cartoons. In front of both places large crowds remained until early this morning. Not an unfortunate incident marred the day in Astoria, which was perfect, so far as the weather was concerned, as was shown by the very large vote polled. The election went off quietly and peaceably, showing that in Clatsop county, at least, the inherent love of law and good order prevailed.

The following are the figures for the city and county so far as received up to 2 o'clock this morning.

ASTORIA. First Precinct—McKinley, 84; Bryan 68; total, 152; majority for McKinley, 16. Second Precinct—McKinley, 159; Bryan 113; total, 272; majority 37 for McKinley. Third Precinct—McKinley, 168; Bryan 100; total, 268; majority, 68 for McKinley. Fourth Precinct—McKinley 200; Bryan 150; total 350; plurality, 150 for McKinley. Fifth Precinct—McKinley 274; Bryan 198; total 472; plurality 76 for McKinley. Sixth Precinct—McKinley 180; Bryan 66; total 246; plurality 114. Seventh Precinct—McKinley 117; Bryan 84; total 201; plurality 33 for McKinley. Total vote cast in the city, 2120, with a plurality of 494 for McKinley. A number of scattering votes included in the totals have not been tabulated. In the county, so far as heard from, the following precincts returned pluralities for McKinley: (Continued on Third Page.)

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report. Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE