

Hustler's Astoria

Twentieth St. and McKee Ave.

Good Reason
Why Lots
...Are Selling...

Situated on the south side of Astoria's hills. Twenty degrees warmer and vegetation 30 days in advance of the North side. Magnificent sites for residences, overlooking river and bay, sunny and sheltered. Easy and natural grades; little or no grading needed.

ASTORIA INVESTMENT CO.

482 Bond Street.

NO-TO-BAC GUARANTEED CURE
TOBACCO HABIT

For information and free literature write to
H. W. COHN, 211 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Sent free without cost. Weekly, \$2.00 a year. \$10.00 for six months. Address, 211 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

MANHOOD RESTORED

For information and free literature write to
H. W. COHN, 211 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Sent free without cost. Weekly, \$2.00 a year. \$10.00 for six months. Address, 211 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

H. A. SMITH,
DENTIST.
Rooms 1 and 2, Pythian Building, over C. H. Cooper's store.

DR. O. B. ESTER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Special attention to diseases of women and surgery.
Office over Danziger's store, Astoria. Telephone No. 12.

JAY TUTTLE, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR.
Office, rooms 7 and 8, Pythian Building. Hours, 10 to 12 and 2 to 4. Residence, 429 Cedar street.

JOHN T. LIGHTER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office, upstairs, Astorian Building.

H. T. CROSBY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
488 Commercial street.

J. Q. A. BOWLEY,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW.
Office on Bond street, Astoria, Or.

J. N. DOLPH, Richard Nixon.
DOLPH, NIXON & DOLPH,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Portland, Oregon, R. 2, 28 and 27, Hamilton Building. All legal and collection business promptly attended to. Claims against the government a specialty.

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

TEMPLE LODGE NO. 7, A. F. & M.—Regular communications held on the first and third Tuesday evening of each month.
G. W. LOUNDBERRY, W. M.
E. C. HOLDEN, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

W. C. CASSELL,
DEALER IN REAL ESTATE.
Notary Public.
518 Bond Street.

BLOOD POISON
A SPECIALTY

Have just been erected at Indio station, that will be rented to applicants at reasonable rates. They are furnished with modern conveniences, supplied with pure artesian water and so situated as to give occupants all the advantages to be derived from a more or less protracted residence in this delightful climate.

(From the San Francisco Argonaut.)
"In the heart of the great desert of the Colorado—which the Southern Pacific traverses—there is an oasis called Indio. In our opinion, it is the sanitarium of the earth. We believe, from personal investigation, that for certain individuals, there is no spot on this planet so favorable."
G. T. Stewart, M. D., writes: "The purity of the air, and the eternal sunshine, fill one with wonder and delight. Nature has accomplished so much that there remains but little for man to do. As to its possibilities as a health resort—here is the most perfect sunshine, with a temperature always pleasant, a perfectly dry soil, for rain is an unknown factor; pure oxygen, dense atmosphere and pure water. What more can be desired? It is the place, above all others, for lung troubles, and a paradise for rheumatism. Considering the number of sufferers who have been cured, I have no hesitancy in recommending this genial oasis as the haven of the afflicted."

J. B. WYATT,
Phone No. 68 Astoria, Oregon

Hardware,
Ship Chandlery,
Groceries,
Provisions,
PAINTS and OILS.

Special Attention Paid to Supplying Ships.

INDIO
Is 612 miles from
SAN FRANCISCO
and 130 miles from
LOS ANGELES

Fare from Los Angeles \$3.00

For further information inquire of any Southern Pacific Company agent, or address
E. P. ROGERS,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., S. P. Co.
J. B. KIRKLAND,
S. P. Co. Dist. Pass. Agt.
Cor. First and Alder sts., Portland, Or.

MARINE MATTERS.

DATE	HIGH WATER.		LOW WATER.	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Saturday	2:30.0	7:00.0	1:00.0	4:30.0
Sunday	2:30.0	7:00.0	1:00.0	4:30.0
Monday	2:30.0	7:00.0	1:00.0	4:30.0
Tuesday	2:30.0	7:00.0	1:00.0	4:30.0
Wednesday	2:30.0	7:00.0	1:00.0	4:30.0
Thursday	2:30.0	7:00.0	1:00.0	4:30.0
Friday	2:30.0	7:00.0	1:00.0	4:30.0

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
Office United States Light House Inspector, Twelfth District, San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 26, 1896.—Humboldt Bay—California.—Owing to the destruction of about 500 feet of the South Jetty, Humboldt Bay, California, a second-class buoy, painted red, has been placed in 22 feet of water about 1000 feet N. W. by W. W. from the end of the trestle work as it now stands. Humboldt Old Tower bears N. E.
This buoy must be kept on the starboard hand by vessels entering Humboldt Bay.
By order of the light house board,
FRANK CURTIS,
Commander U. S. N., Inspector.

A three-master schooner is reported outside.
The Columbian leaves this morning for a trip to Puget sound.
The American ship James Nesmith is loading lumber at Kalama.
The Oriental liner Mount Lebanon is due from China, Japan and Honolulu.

Two square-riggers, the Dowan Hill and one supposed to be the Cabal, from Royal Roads, are outside.
The tender Manzanita is at the buoy station having her boilers cleaned. She will leave in a few days for the southern coast of the state.
Captain Burns returned yesterday morning and will leave today for Ocean Park to superintend the work of floating the stranded Glenora.

The British bark Java cleared yesterday for Queenstown or Falmouth with 16,500 barrels of flour, valued at \$63,000. She will sail in a few days.
The steamer Arcata arrived yesterday from San Francisco and way points with 1600 cases of salmon and about 1000 tons of coal. She left up at midnight.

The steamer Augusta cleared yesterday for Seattle with 120 cases of tin cans. The weather was too severe to permit her sailing yesterday. She will bring a cargo of coal on her return trip.
The British bark Melwen, Captain John Williams, arrived today, weather permitting. She carries 20,000 bushels of wheat, valued at \$27,500, and is bound for the United Kingdom.

Section 468 of the Revised Statutes of the United States prohibits any seaman in the merchant service from wearing any sheathknife on shipboard. The officers of the United States revenue marine service are vigilant in calling the attention of collectors of customs and prosecuting officers to this law, and in reporting violations of the same. The law is as follows: Section 468—No seaman in the merchant service shall wear any sheathknife on shipboard. It has been the duty of the master of any vessel registered, enrolled or licensed under the laws of the United States, and of the person entering into contract for the employment of a seaman on any such vessel, to inform every person offering himself of the provisions of this section, and to require his compliance therewith, under penalty of \$50 for each omission, to be used for and recovered in the name of the United States, under the direction of the secretary of the treasury, one-half for the benefit of the informer and the other half for the benefit of the fund for the relief of sick and disabled seamen. An old saying on board ships is that a sailor without a knife is like a dressmaker without a thimble. We doubt very much if the law will be enforced on the deep water ships, as a sailor needs a sheathknife almost constantly in his daily work. Oftentimes he has work to do that requires him to carry a sheathknife between his teeth, as he is unable to use both hands on account of the nature of the work to be performed. To open a clasp knife at such a time and under such circumstances would be almost impossible.—American Shipbuilder.

THE IDEAL PANACEA.
James L. Francis, Alderman, Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an Ideal Panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, to the exclusion of physician's prescriptions or other preparations."
Rev. John Burgess, Keokuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a minister of the Methodist Episcopal church for 30 years or more, and have never found anything so beneficial or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this Ideal Cough Remedy now. Trial bottles free at Chas. Rogers' Drug Store.

What a fuss the Brynante press made over the noisy Yale students, and what a silence it maintains over the Kentucky egg-throaters.
TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take laxative Broom Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. For sale by Chas. Rogers, Druggist.

ROYAL Baking Powder
has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

What a fuss the Brynante press made over the noisy Yale students, and what a silence it maintains over the Kentucky egg-throaters.
TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take laxative Broom Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. For sale by Chas. Rogers, Druggist.

CASTORIA.
There's more clothing destroyed by poor soap than by actual wear. "Hoe Cake" contains no free alkali, and will not injure the finest lace. Try it and notice the difference in quality. Ross, Higgins & Co.

CASTORIA.
There's more clothing destroyed by poor soap than by actual wear. "Hoe Cake" contains no free alkali, and will not injure the finest lace. Try it and notice the difference in quality. Ross, Higgins & Co.

CASTORIA.
There's more clothing destroyed by poor soap than by actual wear. "Hoe Cake" contains no free alkali, and will not injure the finest lace. Try it and notice the difference in quality. Ross, Higgins & Co.

CASTORIA.
There's more clothing destroyed by poor soap than by actual wear. "Hoe Cake" contains no free alkali, and will not injure the finest lace. Try it and notice the difference in quality. Ross, Higgins & Co.

HOFFER'S WAGE ROLL

SALEM TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION ANALYZES IT.

Seven Printers at Wages Worse Than Those Paid in Free Silver China.

From the Salem Statesman.
The following preamble and resolutions were adopted at the last meeting of Salem Typographical Union, No. 210, and will be issued in circular form for distribution to all of the labor organizations throughout Oregon:

"Whereas, The Salem Typographical Union, No. 210, is a labor organization, suited for the purpose of uplifting the intellectual, moral and pecuniary standard of the working classes, as law-abiding citizens, it is, therefore, the bounden duty of each and every member, and members as a whole, to further our interests by any legitimate action aiming to that end. Therefore, it is not only in harmony with good unionism, but it is our duty to resort to our rights of suffrage when all other efforts have failed to accomplish such purposes; and when an enemy to our cause and an antagonist to our principles seeks political preferment at the hands of the voters, we, as organized people with the right to vote, should exercise that right in accordance with the welfare of our obligations; and
"Whereas, We find such a man in E. Hofer, editor and proprietor of the Salem Capital Journal, and candidate for United States presidential elector on the Bryan-Democratic ticket, to be voted for on the third day of November this year. For years Mr. Hofer has been a menace to labor and to its union in this city, working his employees at starvation wages.

"He had been petitioned many times to grant this union some concessions, but without avail, until in the year 1891 his office was declared 'unfair,' and again in 1895, in the month of March, for the last time. A boycott was then ordered by the union, and the following notice printed in the Statesman of April 1 by the secretary:
"To Business Men: By order of Capital Typographical Union, No. 210, the following are the 'fair' printing offices in the city of Salem: State, E. M. Walte, R. E. Moore & Co., and the Statesman. All other offices are 'unfair.' W. B. Torrey, secretary."

"On the following day, April 2, the Capital Journal published the above notice at the head of a half column of abuse, denouncing labor unions and their methods. Editorially were several paragraphs devoted to members of this union, to-wit:
"The dastardly un-American method of dictating to business men whom they shall employ and whom they shall do business with is played out and ought to be smashed here in Salem, as it has been elsewhere. A few cigarette-smoking blatherers cannot dictate to the business men of this city who they may or may not order printing. 'Men who cannot run their own business have no right to dictate to others how they shall run theirs.' 'It remains to be seen whether a few labor agitators can hold up the town.'
"In the face of all this Mr. Hofer has and is now stamping the state declaring that he is the friend of the farming and laboring classes, while one week ago he discharged a typesetter with a family that he was paying \$4 a week and hired two in his stead, paying one \$2.50 per week and the other \$1.50. He said he did it to 'cut down expenses'—of \$1 per week. Three more typesetters he pays \$4 each per week, who have worked years at the business; another \$1 a week, and his pressman \$3 per week, making a total of \$21 per week for seven people—an average of \$3 per week, or a fair day's wages for one man. His foreman is a rat, and receives \$10 per week. And yet Mr. Hofer says he is the workman's friend. The sweat shops of New York cannot be worse. His employees are all poor people and depend upon their wages for their bread. One young woman keeps herself and aged mother upon \$4 per week, and a man and his wife subsist upon \$2.50 per week. These are truths of record; therefore, be it
"Resolved, That we denounce such damnable oppression of the poor laborers and refuse to support any man that is responsible for it. We, therefore, ask the laboring classes and unions to join us in the defeat of Mr. Hofer as presidential elector.
W. D. TORREY,
Secretary Typo. Union No. 210."

Attached to the above and forming a part of the circular is the following affidavit:
State of Oregon, County of Marion, ss.
I, O. D. Rennie, being first duly sworn, on oath say that the wages paid by the Salem Capital Journal to its employees, as set forth in the resolutions adopted by the Salem Typographical Union, No. 210, at its last session, are correct up to the 17th of October, 1896, the time when I severed my connection with that paper.
O. D. RENNIE.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of October, 1896, J. C. Booth, notary public for Oregon.
In connection with the above it might be well to inform the public that one of the Hofer's holds a lucrative position at present—that of state printing expert—notwithstanding the fact that their one-cent daily is always referring to the "pie-eaters" and "pap-suckers."

A hacking cough is not only annoying to others, but is dangerous to the person who has it. One Minute Cough Cure will quickly put an end to it. Chas. Rogers.

Cutting down the purchasing power of the dollar is the same thing as cutting down the wages of the laborer.

CASTORIA.
There's more clothing destroyed by poor soap than by actual wear. "Hoe Cake" contains no free alkali, and will not injure the finest lace. Try it and notice the difference in quality. Ross, Higgins & Co.

CASTORIA.
There's more clothing destroyed by poor soap than by actual wear. "Hoe Cake" contains no free alkali, and will not injure the finest lace. Try it and notice the difference in quality. Ross, Higgins & Co.

CASTORIA.
There's more clothing destroyed by poor soap than by actual wear. "Hoe Cake" contains no free alkali, and will not injure the finest lace. Try it and notice the difference in quality. Ross, Higgins & Co.

CASTORIA.
There's more clothing destroyed by poor soap than by actual wear. "Hoe Cake" contains no free alkali, and will not injure the finest lace. Try it and notice the difference in quality. Ross, Higgins & Co.

CASTORIA.
There's more clothing destroyed by poor soap than by actual wear. "Hoe Cake" contains no free alkali, and will not injure the finest lace. Try it and notice the difference in quality. Ross, Higgins & Co.

CASTORIA.
There's more clothing destroyed by poor soap than by actual wear. "Hoe Cake" contains no free alkali, and will not injure the finest lace. Try it and notice the difference in quality. Ross, Higgins & Co.

Declaration of Principles

OF THE
REPUBLICAN PARTY.

The Republicans of the United States, assembled by their representatives in National Convention, appealing for the popular and historical justification of their claims to the matchless achievements of thirty years of Republican rule, earnestly and confidently address themselves to the awakened intelligence, experience and conscience of their countrymen in the following declaration of facts and principles:

For the first time since the Civil War the American people have witnessed the salutinous consequences of full and unreserved Democratic control of the Government. It has been a record of unparalleled incapacity, dishonor and disaster. In administrative management it has ruthlessly sacrificed indispensable revenue, entailed an unending deficit, eked out ordinary current expenses with borrowed money, piled up the public debt by \$283,000,000 in time of peace, forced an adverse balance of trade, to a perpetual menace hanging over the redemption fund, pawned American credit to alien syndicates and reversed all the measures and results of successful Republican rule. In the broad effect of its policy it has precipitated panic, blighted industry and trade with prolonged depression, closed factories, reduced work and wages, halted enterprise and crippled American production while stimulating foreign production for the American market. Every consideration of public safety and individual interest demands that the government shall be rescued from the hands of those who have shown themselves incapable of conducting it without disaster at home and dishonor abroad, and shall be restored to the party which for thirty years administered it with unequalled success and prosperity.

A Protective Tariff.
We renew and emphasize our allegiance to the policy of protection as the bulwark of American industrial independence and the foundation of American development and prosperity. This true American policy taxes foreign products and encourages home industry; it puts the burden of revenue on foreign goods, it secures the American market for the American producer; it upholds the American standard of wages for the American workman; it puts the factory by the side of the farm, and makes the American farmer less dependent on foreign demand and price; it diffuses general thrift and founds the strength of all on the strength of each. In its reasonable application it is just, fair, and impartial, equally opposed to foreign control and domestic monopoly, to sectional discrimination and individual favoritism.

We denounce the present Democratic tariff as sectional, injurious to the public credit and destructive to business enterprise. We demand such equitable tariff on foreign imports which come into competition with American products as will not only furnish adequate revenue for the necessary expenses of the government, but will protect American labor from degradation to the wage level of other lands. We are not pledged to any particular schedules. The question of rates is a practical question, to be governed by the conditions of the time and production; the ruling and uncompromising principle is the protection and development of American labor and industry. The country demands a right settlement and then it wants rest.

Reciprocity With Other Nations.
We believe the repeal of the reciprocity arrangements negotiated by the last Republican administration was a national calamity, and we demand their renewal and extension on such terms as will equalize our trade with other nations, remove the restrictions which now obstruct the sale of American products in the ports of other countries and secure the enlarged markets of our farms, forests and factories.

Protection and reciprocity are twin measures of Republican policy, and go hand in hand. Democratic rule has recklessly struck down both, and both must be re-established. Protection for what we produce, free admission for the necessities of life which we don't produce, reciprocal agreements of mutual interest which gain open markets for us. Protection builds up domestic industry and trade and secures our own market for ourselves. Reciprocity builds up foreign trade and finds an outlet for our surplus.

Protection to Sugar Producers.
We condemn the present administration for not keeping faith with the sugar producers of this country. The Republican party favors such protection as will lead to the production on American soil of all the sugar the American people use, and for which they pay other countries more than \$100,000,000 annually.

Wool and Woolsens.
To all our products—to those of the mine and the field, as well as to those of the shop and the factory—to hemp, wool, the product of the great industry of sheep husbandry, as well as to the finished woolsens of the mill—we promise the most ample protection.

Merchant Marine.
We favor restoring the early Ameri-

can policy of discriminating duties for the up-building of our merchant marine and the protection of our shipping in the foreign carrying trade, so that American ships—the product of American labor, employed in American shipyards, sailing under the Stars and Stripes, and manned, officered and owned by Americans—may regain the carrying of our foreign commerce.

The Financial Issue.
The Republican party is unreservedly for sound money. It caused the enactment of the law providing for the resumption of specie payments in 1875; since then every dollar has been as good as gold. We are unalterably opposed to every measure calculated to debase our currency or impair the credit of our country. We are, therefore, opposed to the free coinage of silver, except by international agreement with the leading commercial nations of the world, which we pledge ourselves to promote, and until such agreement can be obtained we believe the existing gold standard must be preserved. All our silver and paper currency now in circulation must be maintained at a parity with gold, and we favor all measures designed to maintain inviolable the obligations of the United States, and all our money, whether coin or paper, at the present standard, the standard of the most enlightened nations of the earth."

Immigration Laws.
For the protection of the equality of our American citizenship and of the wages of our workmen against the fatal competition of low-priced labor, we demand that the immigration laws be thoroughly enforced, and so extended as to exclude from entrance to the United States those who can neither read nor write.

Civil Service.
The Civil Service law was placed on the statute book by the Republican party, which has always sustained it, and we renew our repeated declarations that it shall be thoroughly and honestly enforced and extended whenever practicable.

Free Ballot.
We demand that every citizen of the United States shall be allowed to cast one free and unrestricted ballot, and that such ballot shall be counted and returned as cast.

Lynching Condemned.
We proclaim our unqualified condemnation of the uncivilized and barbarous practices, well known as lynching or killing of human beings, suspected or charged with crime, without process of law.

National Arbitration.
We favor the creation of a national board of arbitration to settle and adjust differences which may arise between employer and employed engaged in interstate commerce.

Free Homesteads.
We believe in an immediate return to the free homestead policy of the Republican party and urge the passage by congress of the satisfactory free homestead measure which has already passed the house and is now pending in the senate.

Admission of Territories.
We favor the admission of the remaining territories at the earliest practicable date, having due regard to the interests of the people of the territories and of the United States. All the federal officers appointed for the territories shall be selected from bona fide residents thereof, and the right of self-government shall be accorded as far as practicable.

Alaska Representation.
We believe the citizens of Alaska should have representation in the congress of the United States, to the end that needful legislation may be intelligently enacted.

Sumptuary Legislation.
We sympathize with all wise and legitimate efforts to lessen and prevent the evils of intemperance and promote morality.

Rights of Women.
The Republican party is mindful of the rights and interests of women. Protection of American industries includes equal opportunities, equal pay for equal work and protection to the home. We favor the admission of women to wider spheres of usefulness, and welcome their co-operation in rescuing the country from Democratic and Populist mismanagement and misrule. Such are the principles and policies of the Republican party. By these principles we will abide and these principles we will put into execution. We ask for them the considerate judgment of the American people.

Confident alike in the history of our great party and in the justice of our cause, we present our platform and our considerations, in the full assurance that the election will bring victory to the Republican party and prosperity to the people of the United States.

ENGLISH CAPITAL FOR AMERICAN INVESTMENTS.
Important to Americans seeking English Capital for new enterprises. A list containing the names and addresses of 20 successful promoters who have placed over \$100,000,000 Sterling in Foreign Investments within the last six years, and over \$15,000,000 for the seven months of 1896. Prices 25, or \$5, payable by postal order to the London and Universal Bureau of Investors, 20, Chancery Lane, E. C. Subscribers will be entitled, by arrangement with the directors to receive either personal or letters of introduction to any of these successful promoters. This list is first class in every respect, and every man or firm whose name appears therein may be depended upon. For placing the following it will be found invaluable—Bonds or Shares of Industries, Commercial and Financial concerns, Mortgage Loans, Sale of Land Patents or Mines.
Directors—
SIR EDWARD C. ROSS,
HON. WALTER C. PEPPER,
CAPT. ARTHUR STIFFE.
Copyright.

complete system of harbor and sea-coast defenses.

complete system of harbor and sea-coast defenses.

complete system of harbor and sea-coast defenses.

complete system of harbor and sea-coast defenses.

complete system of harbor and sea-coast defenses.

complete system of harbor and sea-coast defenses.

complete system of harbor and sea-coast defenses.

complete system of harbor and sea-coast defenses.

complete system of harbor and sea-coast defenses.

complete system of harbor and sea-coast defenses.

complete system of harbor and sea-coast defenses.

complete system of harbor and sea-coast defenses.

complete system of harbor and sea-coast defenses.

complete system of harbor and sea-coast defenses.