



**Children's
Wagons,
Baby
Carriages,
Base Ball
Goods,
Fishing
Tackle,
Garden Tools**

**Croquet
Sets**

Our Handy Wagon...
Combines all the features of the child's plain wagon and a velocipede, and, all things considered, costs the consumer less than either. So desirable, convenient and satisfactory has it proven, that, as a ready "seller," it has no equal. We take a special pride, too, in delivering the same promptly and in faultless condition to the trade.

**GRIFFIN & REED
CITY BOOK STORE**

**Something New
and Fresh...**

ALSO THE FINEST ANCHOVIS
AND
AI NORWEGIAN STOCKFISH
AT
FOARD & STOKES COMPANY'S

A DIRECT IMPORTATION OF SCOTCH, HOLLAND, NORWEGIAN AND GERMAN MARINIRTE AND VOLL HERRINGS IN BARRELS AND KEGS

HARDWARE, GRANITE WARE, ROPE, STOVES, IRON PIPE, TERRAZO COTTA PIPES, BAR IRON, STEEL, CANNERY SUPPLIES, LOGGERS' TOOLS.

**PLUMBING
TIN WORK
JOB WORK**

AT PRICES THAT DEFY COMPETITION

SOL OPPENHEIMER
Trustee for the late M. C. CROSBY

Call and Be Convinced

Oregon State Normal School
MONMOUTH, OREGON.
A Training School for Teachers. Senior Year Wholly Professional.

Twenty weeks of Psychology and General and Special Methods; twenty weeks of Teaching and Training Department.
Training school of nine grades with two hundred children.
Regular Normal Course of Three Year.
The Normal Diploma is recognized by law as a State Life Certificate to teach.
Light Expenses: Board at Normal Dining Hall \$1.50 per week. Furnished rooms with light and fire, 75c to \$1.00 per week. Board and Lodging in private families \$2.50 to \$3.50 per week.
TUITION: Sub-Normal, \$5.00 per term of ten weeks; Normal, \$6.25 per term of ten weeks.
Grades from reputable schools accepted.
Catalogue cheerfully furnished on application.
Address P. L. CAMPBELL, Pres., or W. A. WANN, Sec. of Faculty.

THE SUCCESSOR OF THE OREGON TRADING CO. WILL INaugurate AN Wednesday Sept. 30, at 2 p. m. SALE and continue until \$6,500 is raised from the stock. Sale positively without reserve. 600 COMMERCIAL ST. S. FRIEDMAN, Auctioneer

**TIME CARD
OF THE
Astoria & Columbia River
RAILROAD.**

Beginning on Monday, Sept. 14th, trains on the A. and C. R. R. R. will run as follows:
Leave Seaside at 7:30 a. m. daily.
Leave Seaside at 3 p. m. daily except Sunday.
Leave Astoria at 4 p. m. Sunday.
Leave Seaside at 9 a. m. daily.
Leave Astoria at 4:45 p. m. daily except Sunday.
Leave Astoria at 5:30 p. m. Sunday. C. F. LESTER, Supt.

**Oregon Industrial Exposition
PORTLAND, OREGON
SEPT. 19 TO OCT. 17**

The great resources of the Pacific Northwest, Agriculture, Horticulture, Fisheries, Mines, Manufactures, Machinery, Transportation, Trade and Commerce will be represented more completely than ever before.

**Grand Band Concert Every Afternoon and Evening
SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS EVERY NIGHT
Lowest Rates Ever Made on All Transportation Lines
ADMISSION, 25c; CHILDREN, 10c**
For exhibit space, apply to Geo. L. Baker, Superintendent, at the building
E. C. MASTEN, Secretary.

**CHEAP MONEY
IN SWEDEN**

THE "CALAMITY COIN" PANIC

Ruinous Result of the Effort to Make the People Accept It.

Did For Sweden What "Free Silver" Will Do for the United States—Royal Decrees Cannot Turn the Tide of Natural Law.

The following account of an instructive experiment in the Swedish government in the eighteenth century is abstracted from Hemiaudet, one of the oldest and best known Swedish newspapers printed in the United States. It was written by Dr. John A. Elander, whose attainments as a historian have given him a wide reputation. The special interest of the article, however, grows out of the parallel between what did occur in Sweden and what would occur in the United States should we adopt the unlimited coinage of silver at the notorious ratio of 16 to 1:

"In the era of the Karolins, in the beginning of the eighteenth century, the wars of Charles XII had wasted the population of Sweden, impoverished the country, and destroyed the industries. The financial question, therefore, assumed unwonted importance under the existing circumstances of the nation.

"At that date the circulating medium consisted of silver and copper. The largest coin was the rixdaler (in Swedish, riksdaler). The rixdaler was a coin about the size of the original American silver dollar of 416 grains, but its value, until about 1718, was two thalers silver or three thalers copper. After 1718 it was worth three silver thalers or nine copper thalers (68 marks). About 1776 it was valued at six thalers silver or eighteen thalers copper (12 marks). In consequence of successive alterations in the quantity of copper with which it was alloyed in the course of 150 years the value of the silver thaler had fallen to a third or fourth of what it was in 1624.

"When that sanguine, obstinate autocrat, Mr. Gortz, was made minister of finance, there was still a considerable stock of money in the kingdom. But owing to lack of confidence it was hoarded and little money was in circulation. Mr. Gortz was a political adventurer, ignorant of financial laws, and he devised a scheme to induce the wealthy citizens of Sweden to purchase government bonds secured by mortgage upon the real estate of the entire nation, but placed upon it without the knowledge or consent of the individual owners. A royal decree compelled all trustees of trust funds for church, for schools, and for the poor to exchange their money and their securities for these bonds, whose value necessarily declined in proportion, and the flood of cheap money rose to a higher and yet higher level.

"Mr. Gortz, like our own Mr. Bryan, conceived the idea the Sweden could, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation, establish its own financial system upon an independent basis. He proposed to remit all copper coin upon which he could lay his hands, and give to the new coins an arbitrary and false ratio in comparison with silver. The copper thaler, he said, was the 'money of the poor,' the 'debtor's dollar.' The value of the copper bullion which it contained, he thought, would rise in the market and the production of copper would be stimulated and increased.

"It was further claimed that with the depreciation of the copper coin of the country prices would rise, the farmer would receive more money in exchange for farm products and industries would revive, so there would be a demand for labor, and the number of unemployed would be greatly reduced.

"Charles XII was too experienced a man of the world and too wise a monarch to be deceived by these representations, and it was with the greatest hesitation he signed the decree presented to him by his minister of finance. He would not allow this cheap money to be stamped with his effigy, nor would he permit it to bear the national escutcheon.

"The new coin soon received the derogatory title of 'calamity coin,' on account of the financial ruin which it wrought. A piece of copper worth half a cent was stamped 1 daler 8. M. (8 M stands for silver mynt or silver money.) The various mistakes were popularly known by the name of the engraved devices by which they were distinguished—the 'Crown,' 'Publia Fide,' 'Jupiter,' 'Wisdom Armed,' 'Rough and Ready,' 'Saturn,' 'Phoebus,' 'Mars,' to which were added in the reign of Ulrika Elinora 'Mercury' and 'Hope.'

"Not even Mr. Gortz imagined that it would be possible to float an 'unlimited' number of depreciated copper thalers. It was decided to limit the number of 2,000,000, but once on the downward road no place was found for a halt short of the bottom of the precipice. By 1717 there were 12,000,000 of these thalers in circulation. At the death of Charles XII, in 1718, 40,000,000 had been minted,

IN DRENCHING SHOWERS OF RAIN

SEWALL ACCEPTS

LUMBER DEALERS IN FORCE

Wrote His Formal Letter and Makes His Bow.

Bath, Me., October 6.—The Hon. Arthur Sewall, Democratic candidate for vice president, tonight made public his letter of acceptance. It is in part as follows:

"I have the honor to accept in writing, as I have already verbally done, the nomination tendered by you on behalf of the Democrats, the candidacy for vice president of the United States, and in doing so, I am glad to express my satisfaction that the platform of our party, which has commanded my life-long allegiance, is honest and fully declaratory of all the principles and of the absorbing financial issue, upon which, as you say, I took my stand when the hours of triumph seemed remote, and when the arrogant money changers throughout the country boasted that the conquest of the American masses was completed.

"These principles have been of late in abeyance, but only because those whom we trusted to maintain them have failed to do so. These principles can never die. We have rescued our party from those who under the influence of the money power controlled and debased it. Our mission now is to rescue from this same power, and its foreign alliance, our own beloved country. This is the first and highest duty imposed by our party's platform—upon the performance of this duty all other reforms must wait.

"The free and unlimited coinage of silver is the sole remedy with which to check the wrongs of today, to undo the ruin of the past and for our inspection give the justice of our cause and those cherished principles of Jefferson and Jackson which shall be our guide on our return to power."

OREGON TO BUILD WAR VESSELS

OUT-GENERATED

AUSTRALIAN BALLOTT

Will Be Engaged in Their Construction
—The Boats Will Be 146 Feet Long and 14 Feet Beam—Work to Commence in Three Months.

Special to the Astorian.
Washington, October 6.—Wolf & Zwickler, of Portland, Or., were today awarded the contract for building the two 2 1/2 knot torpedo boats for the government.

Portland, Or., October 6.—The awarding of the contract for the construction of the two 2 1/2-knot torpedo boats to Wolf & Zwickler, of this city, today, will give employment to about 200 skilled mechanics. Work will not begin on the boats for about three months, as nearly all the material must be ordered from the east.

The boats will be 146 feet long and only 14 feet beam. The plates used in their construction are of three-sixteenths rolled steel. The deck is convexe like that of a whaleback.

The two boilers, which will also be built in Portland, are of the special type known as the "Thorny Craft tabular." They are tested to 500 pounds per square inch and carry a working pressure of 250 pounds.

Republicans in Nebraska Get the Best of the Free Silverites.

Omaha, October 6.—A Bee special from Lincoln says:
Pursuant to a call for a free silver Republican mass convention, issued by A. L. Rose yesterday, several hundred Republicans got into line this morning and held a convention under the call without the presence or support of Rose. The convention came off in the Republican county headquarters. After the meeting from four to five hundred Republicans visited the Lincoln Hotel and ratified the entire national and state Republican tickets. They did likewise at the Capital and Lindell, before disbanding.

The gold standard Republicans thus stole Rose's thunder and nominated the regular ticket as heretofore filed with the secretary of state, while Rose, with a handful of chosen silver disciples, met somewhere and held a stancher mass meeting, nominating for governor, Robert Armstrong, of York, a farmer.

The gold standard convention hustled itself around, and filed its certificate of nominations of the regular ticket at 12 o'clock noon. One hour later the Rose committee appeared at the office of Secretary Pixler with the foregoing ticket of nominations and were informed that it could not be legally filed for the reason that a certificate had already been filed by the convention held under his call. It is rumored that Rose will fight in the courts, and perhaps by the mandamus route, to compel the secretary of state to file the free silver certificate of nominations.

TRAIN WRECKED

HILL IN DOUBT

HE IS MAKING SPEECHES

Head End Collision on the Southern Pacific Causes Three Deaths.

Special to the Astorian.
Roseburg, Or., October 6.—Two engines collided on the Southern Pacific near here today. John McConigle, of Portland, fireman, and A. N. Toy, brakeman, of Salem, were instantly killed. Fireman George Happersmet, aged 27, died tonight. He leaves a wife and two small children.

New York, October 6.—Elliott Danforth, chairman of the Democratic state committee, has returned to town after having an interview with Senator Hill, at Albany. He assured callers at headquarters that the senator would give his adhesion to both the national and state Democratic ticket. Danforth left it to be questioned, however, if Hill will accept the Chicago platform.

Indianapolis, October 6.—The reception accorded W. J. Bryan on his arrival in Indianapolis today was nearly as great as any he has received during his entire trip. He made five speeches here, two in the afternoon and three tonight.

THE ADVANCE IN WHEAT.
Takes a Cent Jump at the Opening Yesterday.

Chicago, October 6.—The strength displayed by wheat at the opening was a surprise to most of the traders.

December, which closed yesterday at 67 1/2, opened at 68 5/8, an advance of a full cent, and in the course of the first forty-five minutes trading had steadily advanced into 69 1/4. The strength apparently came from the London and Berlin cables which both showed an advance. Liverpool was quoted firm but unchanged in price for spot, and bid higher for futures. That about balances yesterday's decline in futures there.

This certainly was no sufficient incentive for the initial advance, but private telegrams covering a later time of day at Liverpool, quoted another 1/2 advance in futures, or 14 rise altogether. Then the reason for the strength began to be understood. But it was only in the course of an hour after the opening that the commission houses which had been the best buyers during that time, commenced to show dispatches they had from the seaboard and other points that the rise to 69 1/2 for December appeared to have any justification. Some of these were enough to set the most confirmed bear traders thinking.

"Foreigners were heavy buyers. They want actual wheat. We just filed a buying order for a continental house for 100,000 bushels October and 100,000 bushels November delivery."

The advance, however, was not without selling. A 2c advance even in these days of rapid and large fluctuations was very tempting, and it was taken advantage of with a vengeance and prices gradually sold off to 69 1/4. December closed at 69.

A HARROWING SIGHT.
Mother and Three Children Burned, Clamped in Each Others' Arms.

Summit, Benton Co., Or., October 6.—The house of Thomas Savage, two miles from here, burned Sunday, and his wife and three children perished in the flames. Yesterday morning Bert James discovered the house burned, and a search of the ruins revealed the awful sight.

The body of Mrs. Savage was found near where the foot of the bed had been, with her legs and arms burned off. At her side lay an infant child

BIG GOLD SHIPMENT.
New York, October 6.—J. & W. Seligman will receive, through their San Francisco correspondent, the Anglo-California bank, about \$2,500,000 in gold from Australia, due to arrive in San Francisco October 22.

THE MARKETS.
Liverpool, October 6.—Wheat, spot, firm; No. 2 red spring, 6s 2d; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 6s 2d; No. 1 California, 6s 2d.
Portland, October 6.—Wheat—Walla Walla, 5 5/8; Valley, 6 1/8.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.
Dr. I. D. Driver, one of the presidential electors of the state of Oregon, will deliver an address on the political situation at McKinley hall this evening.

The Hon. S. H. Piles, of Seattle, one of the foremost stump-speakers of Washington, will deliver an address in this city on the 14th inst.

The Hon. T. J. Cleiton will address the people of Chadwell on the evening of the 9th.

The circuit court was engaged all day yesterday and all night up to 11 o'clock on the case of Leifer vs. Olive. At that hour the judge charged the jury and they retired to the jury room with instructions to render a sealed verdict.

HIGHEST OF ALL IN LEAVENING POWER.—LATEST U. S. GOV'T REPORT.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE